

Problem 1.2 - Uncertainty Analysis (Case A)

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Get[ "UCAnalysis.m", Path -> {NotebookDirectory[]} ]
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$$\frac{\ell_v}{c_p} \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\Delta m}{\rho V}\right] \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} \ell_v & 2.260 \times 10^3 \pm 0.005 \times 10^3 & \text{Uniform}\mathcal{D} \\ c_p & 4.19 \pm 0.005 & \text{Uniform}\mathcal{D} \\ \Delta m & -500 \times 10^{-6} \pm 0.5 \times 10^{-6} & \text{Uniform}\mathcal{D} \\ \rho & 998 \pm 0.5 & \text{Uniform}\mathcal{D} \\ V & 200 \times 10^{-6} \pm 0.5 \times 10^{-6} & \text{Uniform}\mathcal{D} \end{pmatrix}$$

Evaluated Functional Relationship

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ⓈAnalysisEnvironment
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$$y = \frac{\operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{x_3}{x_4 x_5}\right] x_1}{x_2}$$

Variable		Uncertainty Interval	Distribution	$ \partial f/\partial x_i $
x_1	ℓ_v	$(2.260 \pm 0.005) \times 10^3$	Uniform	5.98604×10^{-4}
x_2	c_p	$(4.190 \pm 0.005) \times 10^0$	Uniform	3.22875×10^{-1}
x_3	Δm	$(-5.000 \pm 0.005) \times 10^{-4}$	Uniform	2.70909×10^3
x_4	ρ	$(9.980 \pm 0.005) \times 10^2$	Uniform	1.35726×10^{-3}
x_5	V	$(2.000 \pm 0.005) \times 10^{-4}$	Uniform	6.77272×10^3

y	-1.35284614422463		
y_{\min}	-1.36291174114087	$= y - 0.0100656$	
y_{\max}	-1.34285918927409	$= y + 0.00998695$	
ε_{\max}	0.0100269311192552	$= -0.741 \%$	
$y \pm \varepsilon_{\max}$	$(-1.35 \pm 0.01) \times 10^0$	$= -1.35(1)$	
u_c	0.00290557817012747	$= -0.215 \%$	
$y \pm u_c$	$(-1.353 \pm 0.003) \times 10^0$	$= -1.353(3)$	

Absolute Maximum Uncertainty

$$\varepsilon_{\max} = \sum_{i=1}^n |\partial_{x_i} f[\mathbf{x}]| \varepsilon_i; \quad f[\mathbf{x}] \pm \varepsilon_{\max} \quad // \quad \textcircled{U} \text{UCE}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &-1.35284614422463 \pm 0.0100269 \\ &\in [-1.36287; -1.34282] \\ &\simeq (-1.35 \pm 0.01) \times 10^0 = -1.35(1) \end{aligned}$$

Combined Standard Uncertainty

$$u_c = \left(\sum_{i=1}^n (\partial_{x_i} f[\mathbf{x}])^2 u_i^2 \right)^{1/2}; \quad f[\mathbf{x}] \pm u_c \quad // \quad \textcircled{U} \text{CA}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &-1.35284614422463 \pm 0.00290558 \\ &\in [-1.355752; -1.349941] \\ &\simeq (-1.353 \pm 0.003) \times 10^0 = -1.353(3) \end{aligned}$$

Monte Carlo Simulation

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Block[{ { data, trials = 106 },
  data = f @@ Table[RandomReal[fDist[i], {trials}], {i, 1, n}];
  Mean[data] ± StandardDeviation[data] ] // ϕUCA
```

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-1.35284843192771 ± 0.00290781
∈ [-1.355756; -1.349941]
≈ (-1.353 ± 0.003) × 100 = -1.353(3)
```