

DÉTECTION ET COMPTAGE DE MARCHES D'ESCALIER

Groupe 03

2024/2025



Membres du groupe



1

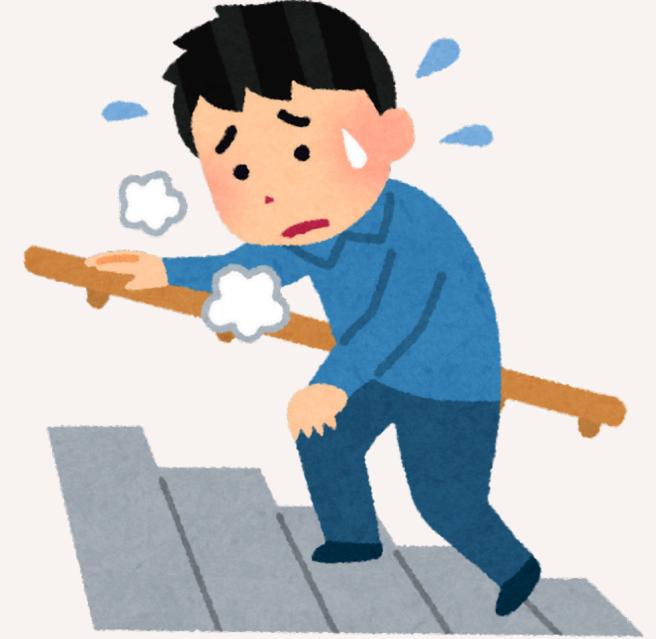
Amine AISSAOUI

2

Emmanuel Cattan

3

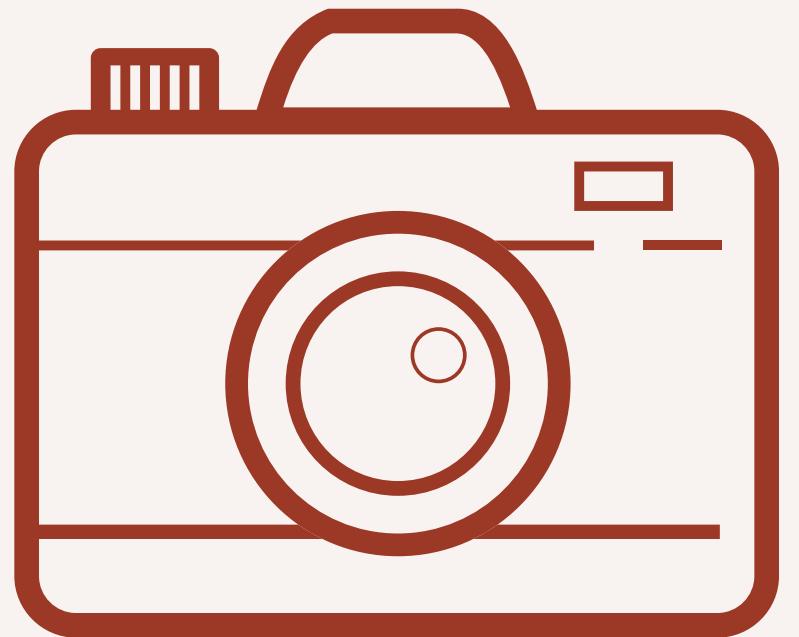
Abdelkader SOUAYAH



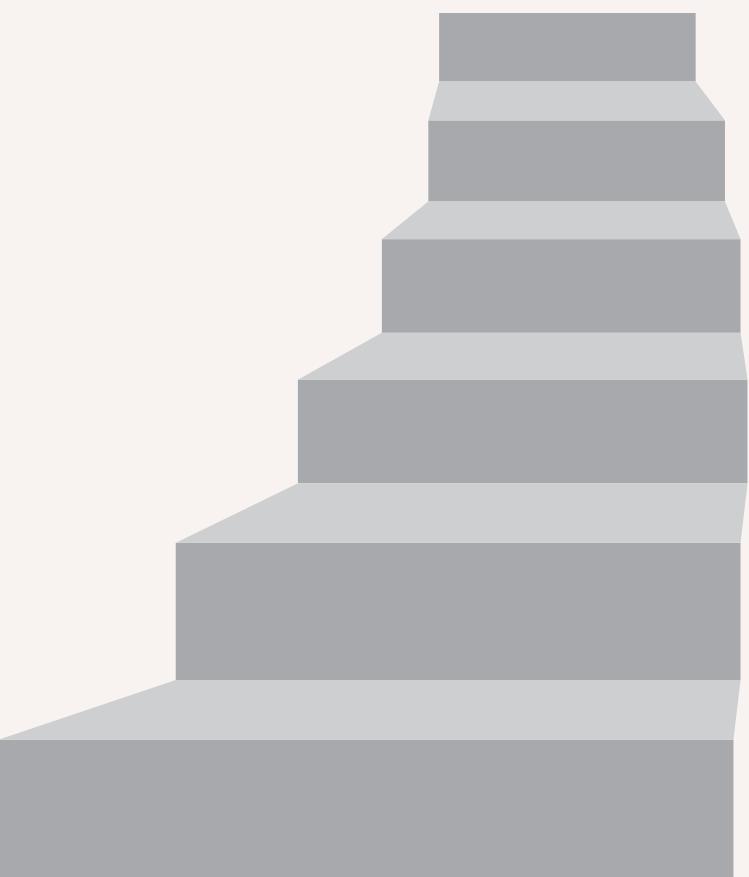
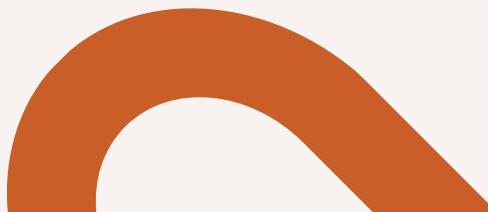
Contenu

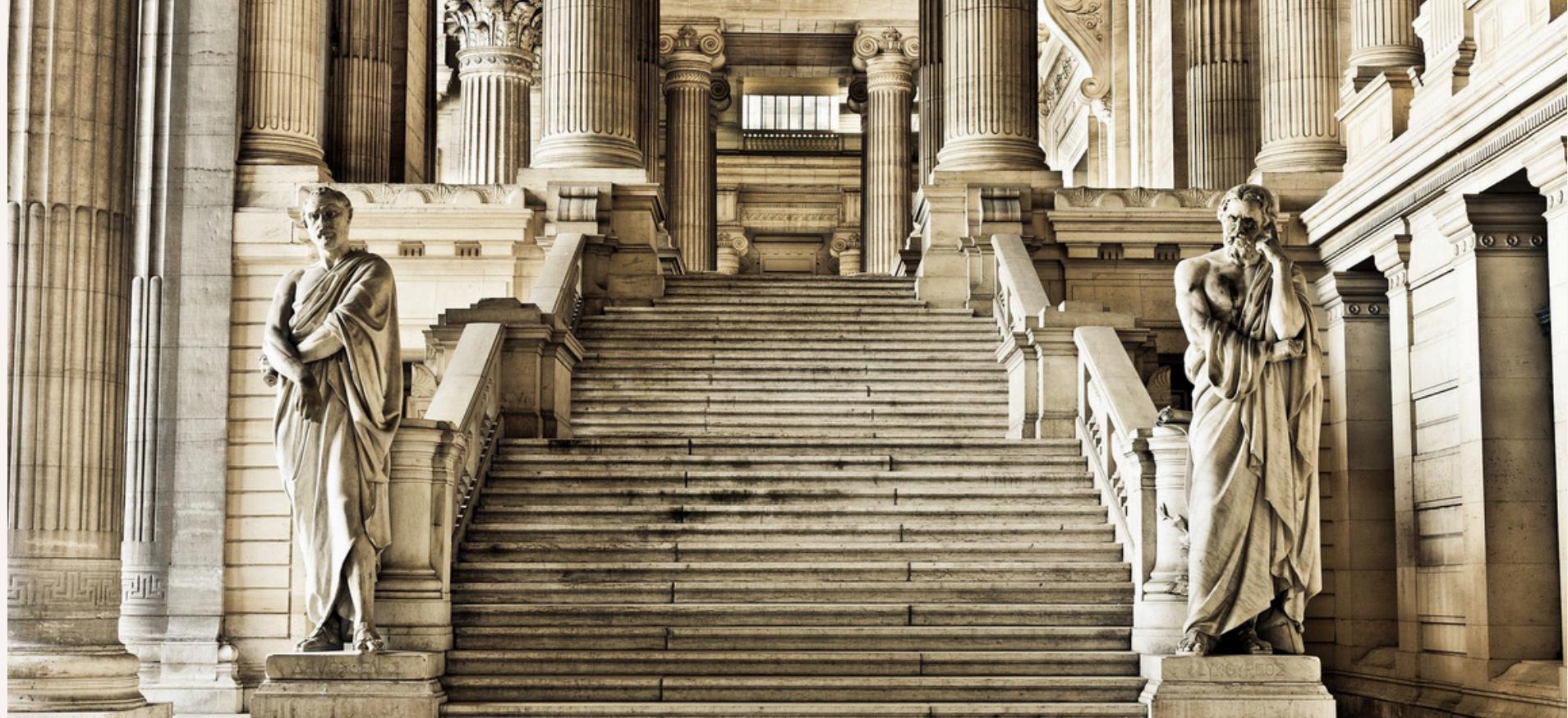
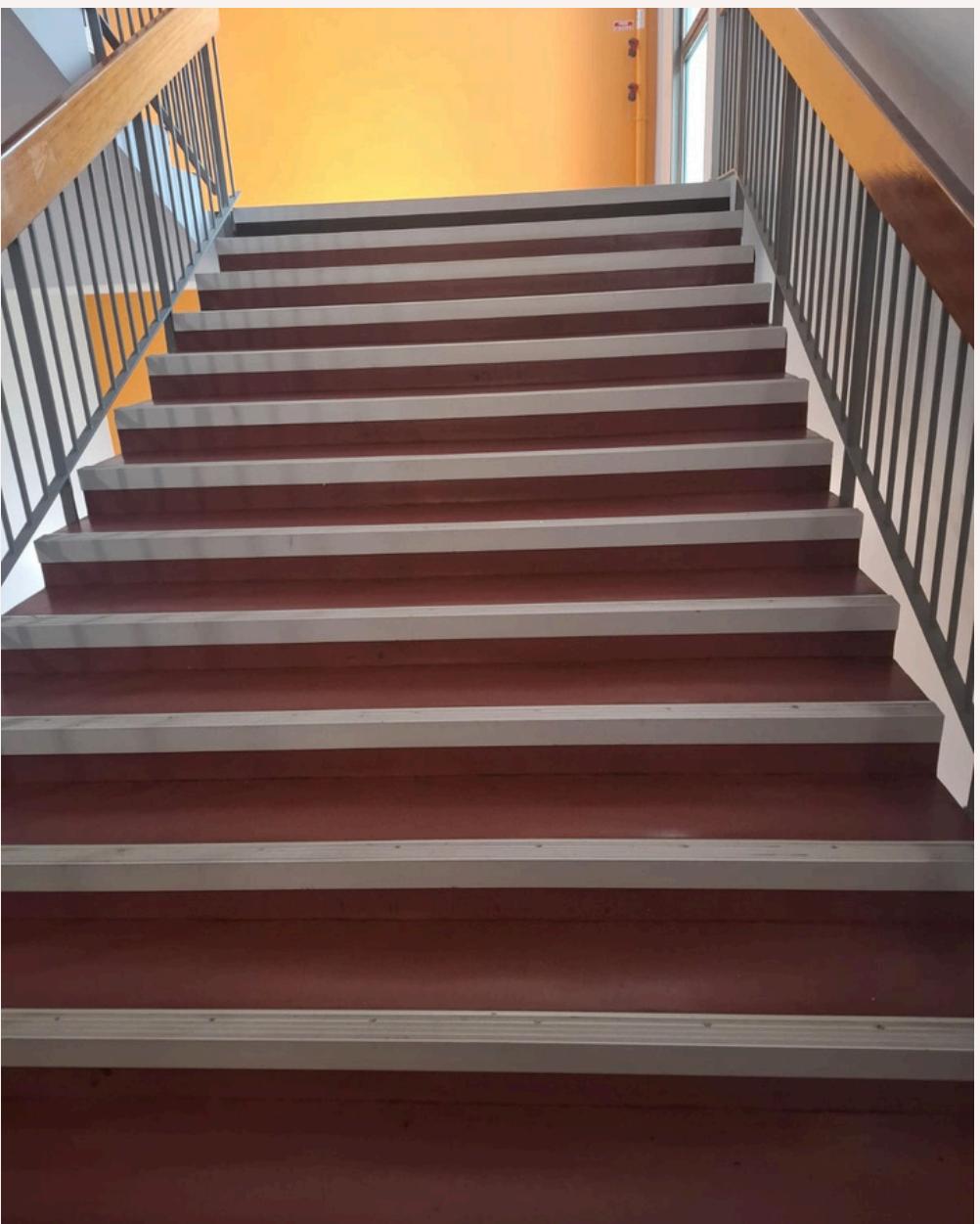


- Acquisition de l'image** 01
- Prétraitement** 02
- Détection de contours** 03
- Extraction de caractéristiques** 04
- Résultats** 05

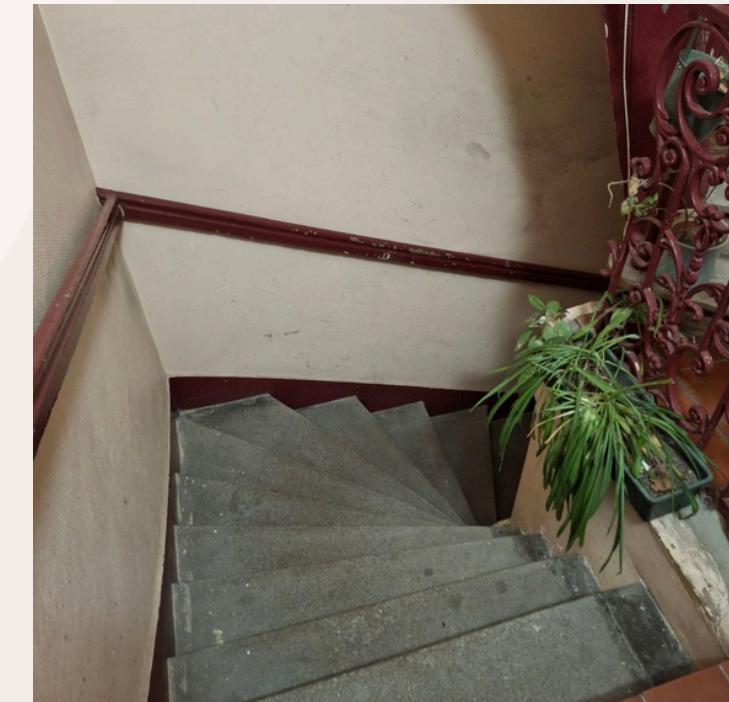


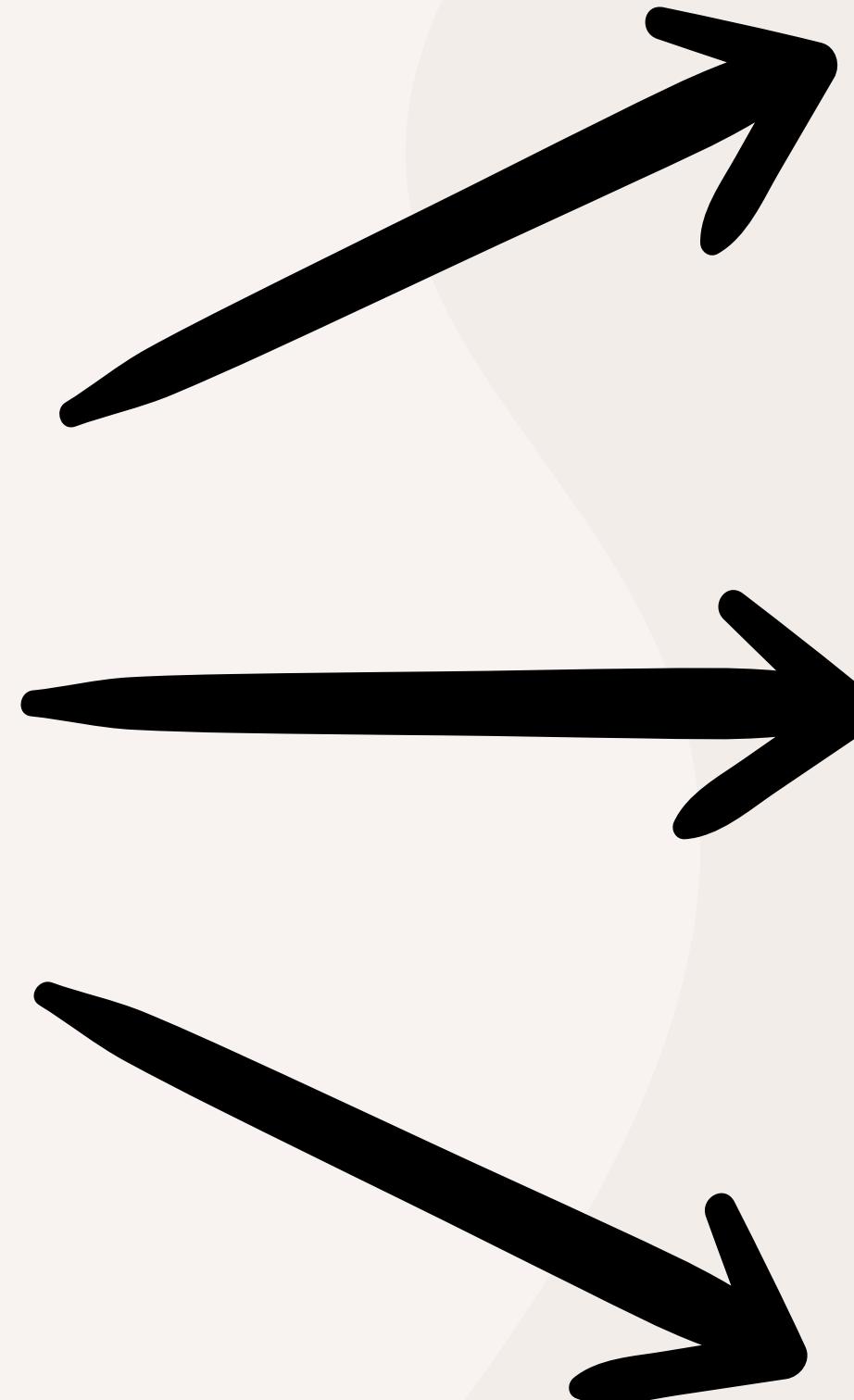
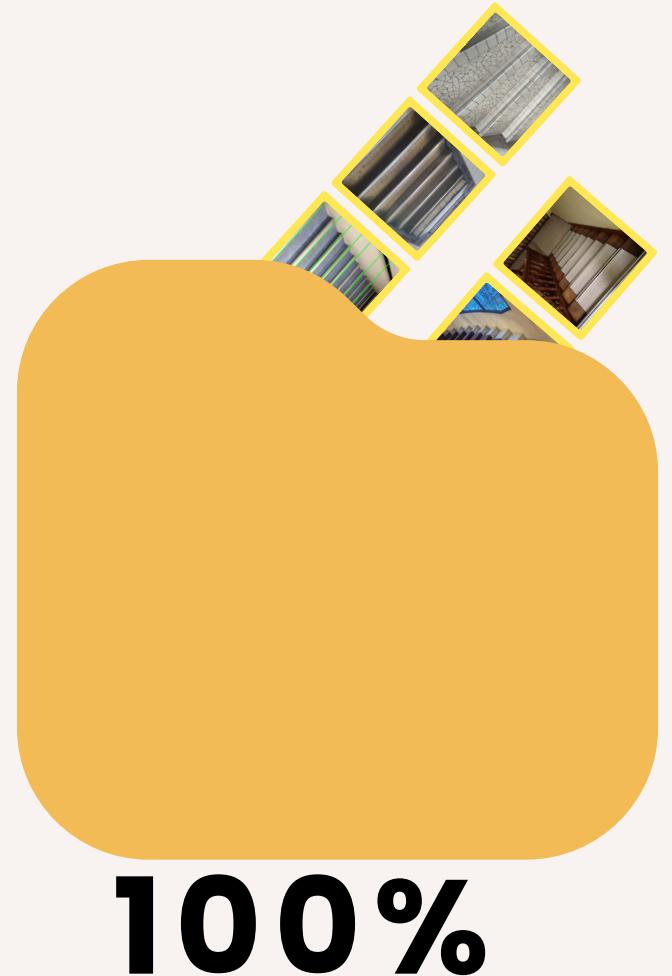
Acquisition des images





98 images





60%

A green rounded square.

Entrainement

20%

A blue rounded square.

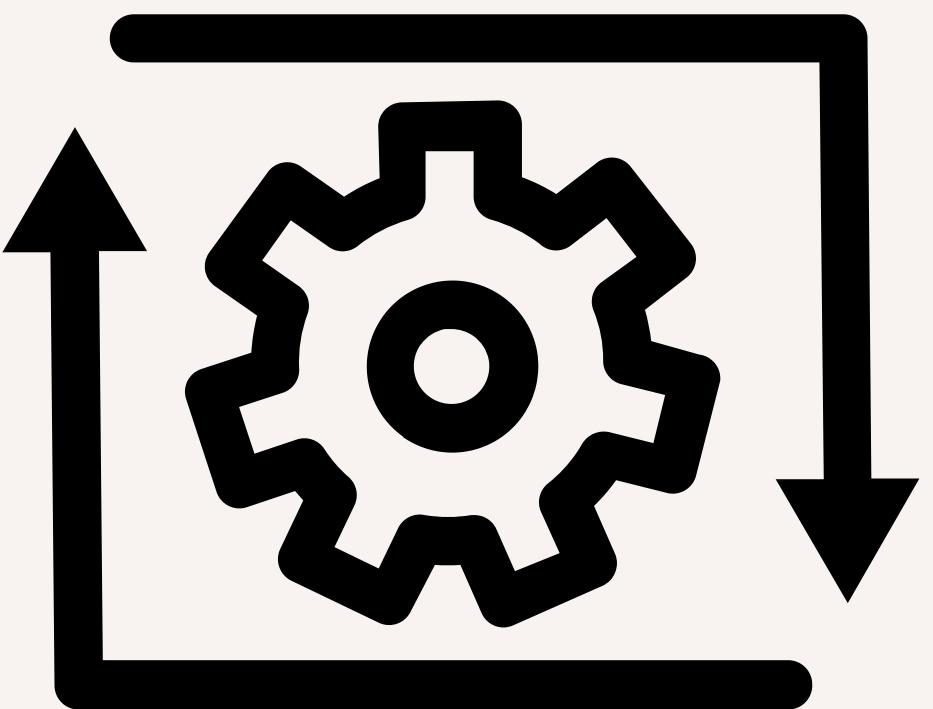
Validation

20%

An orange rounded square.

Test

Pré-traitement



Redimensionner l'image



Réduction de bruit



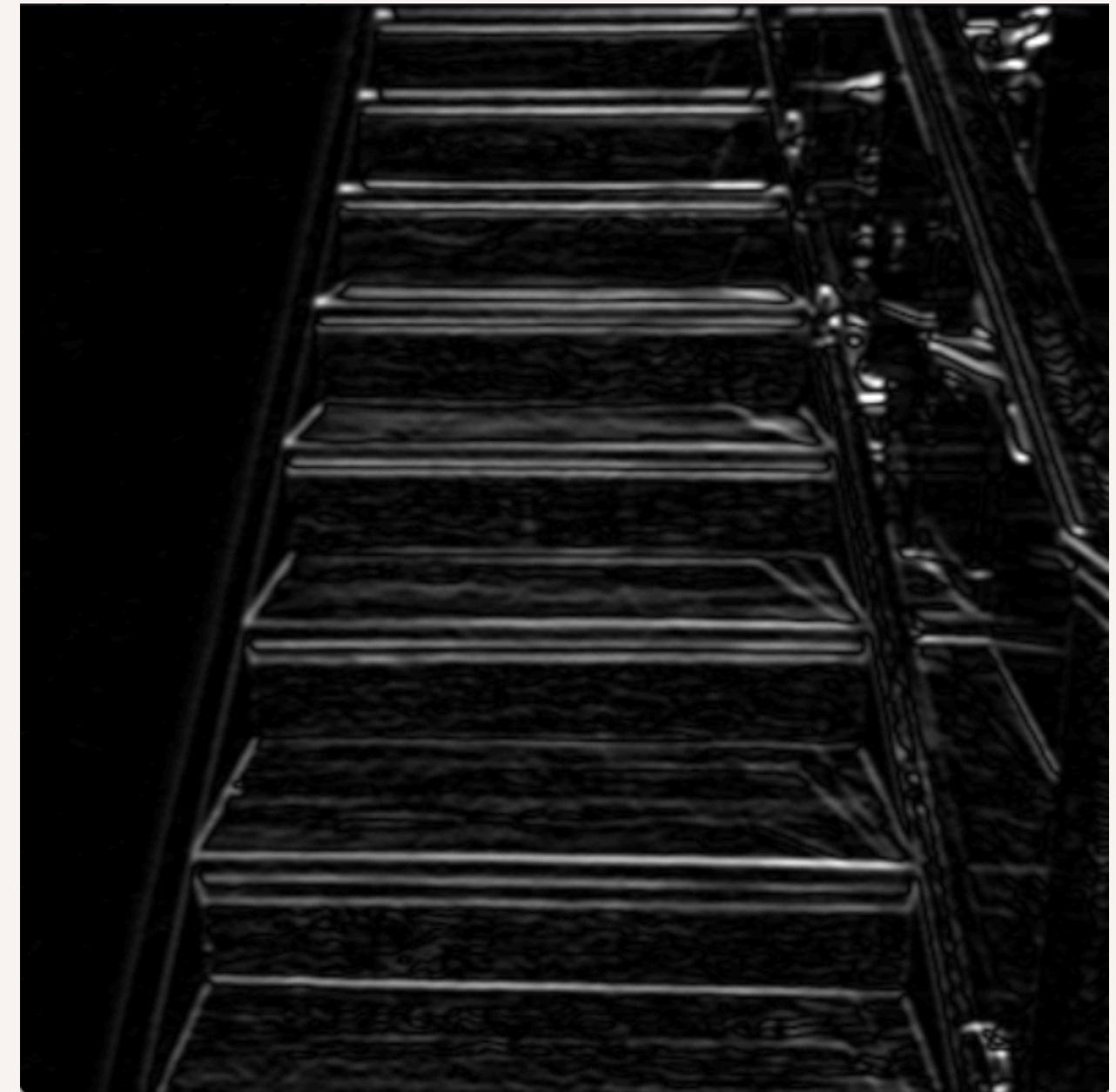
**RGB à niveaux de gris
Filtre gaussien**



SOBEL



**contours
horizontaux**



Homographie

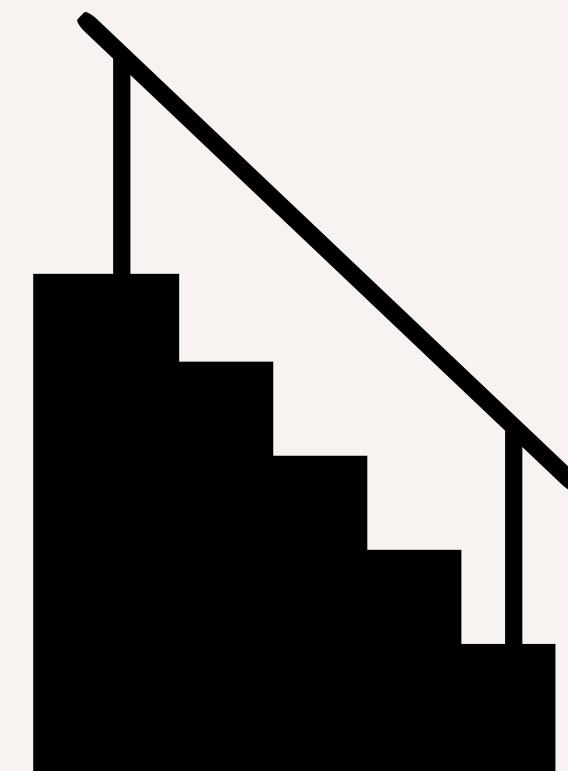
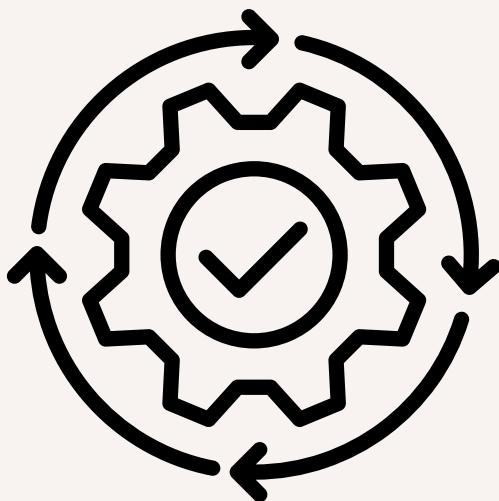
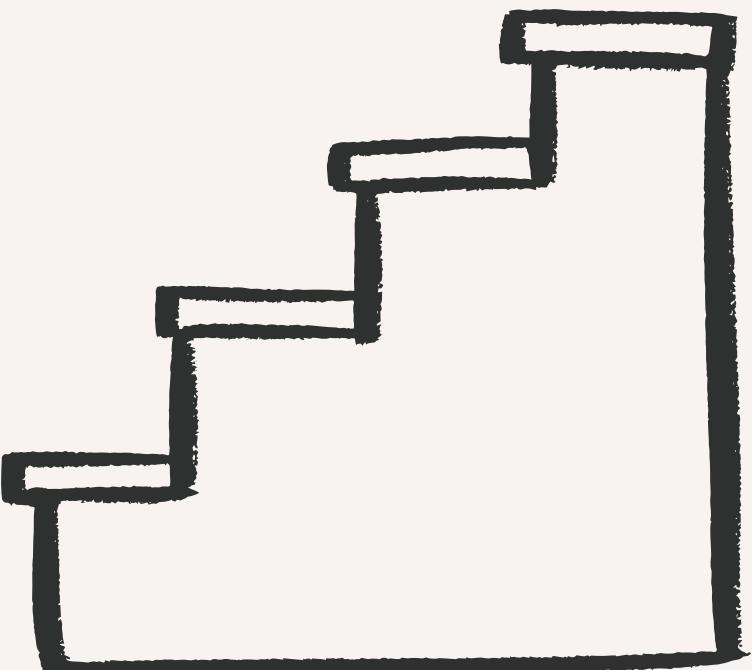
Image Originale



Après Homographie



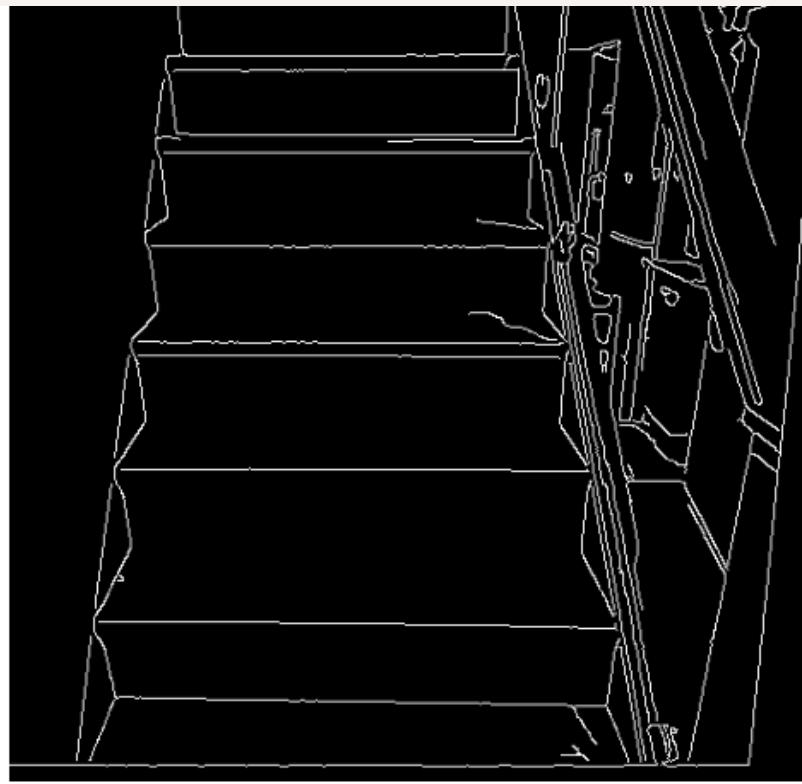
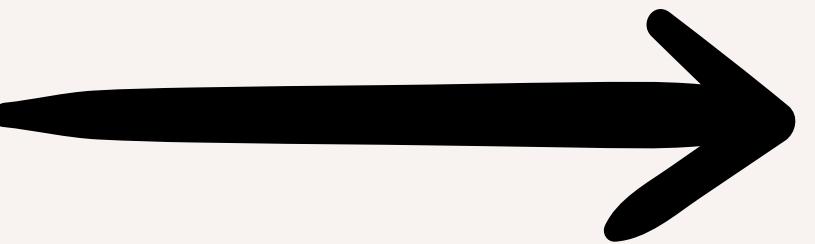
Détection de contours



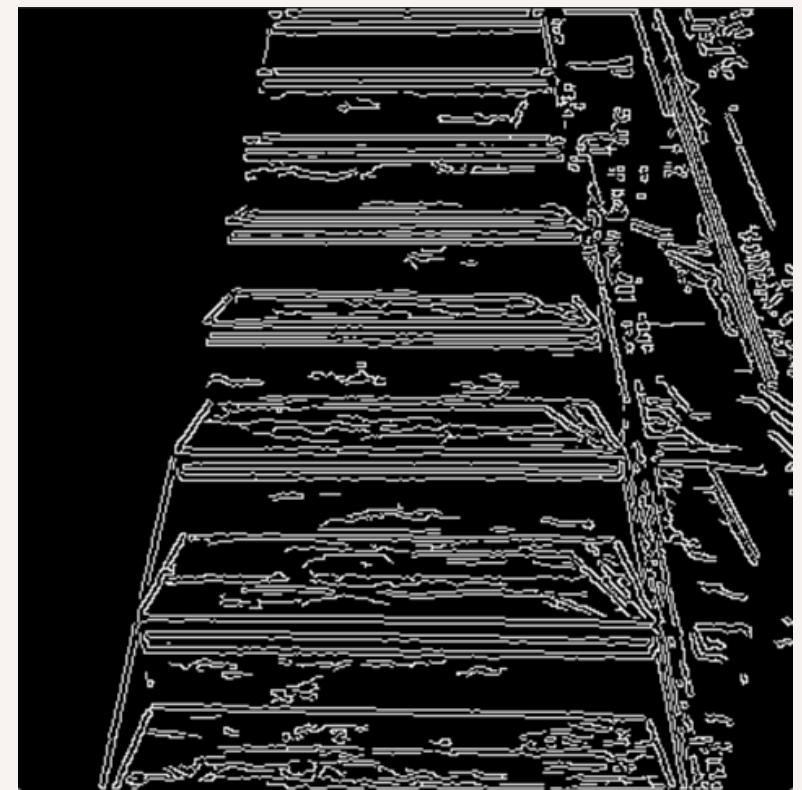
Canny edge detection



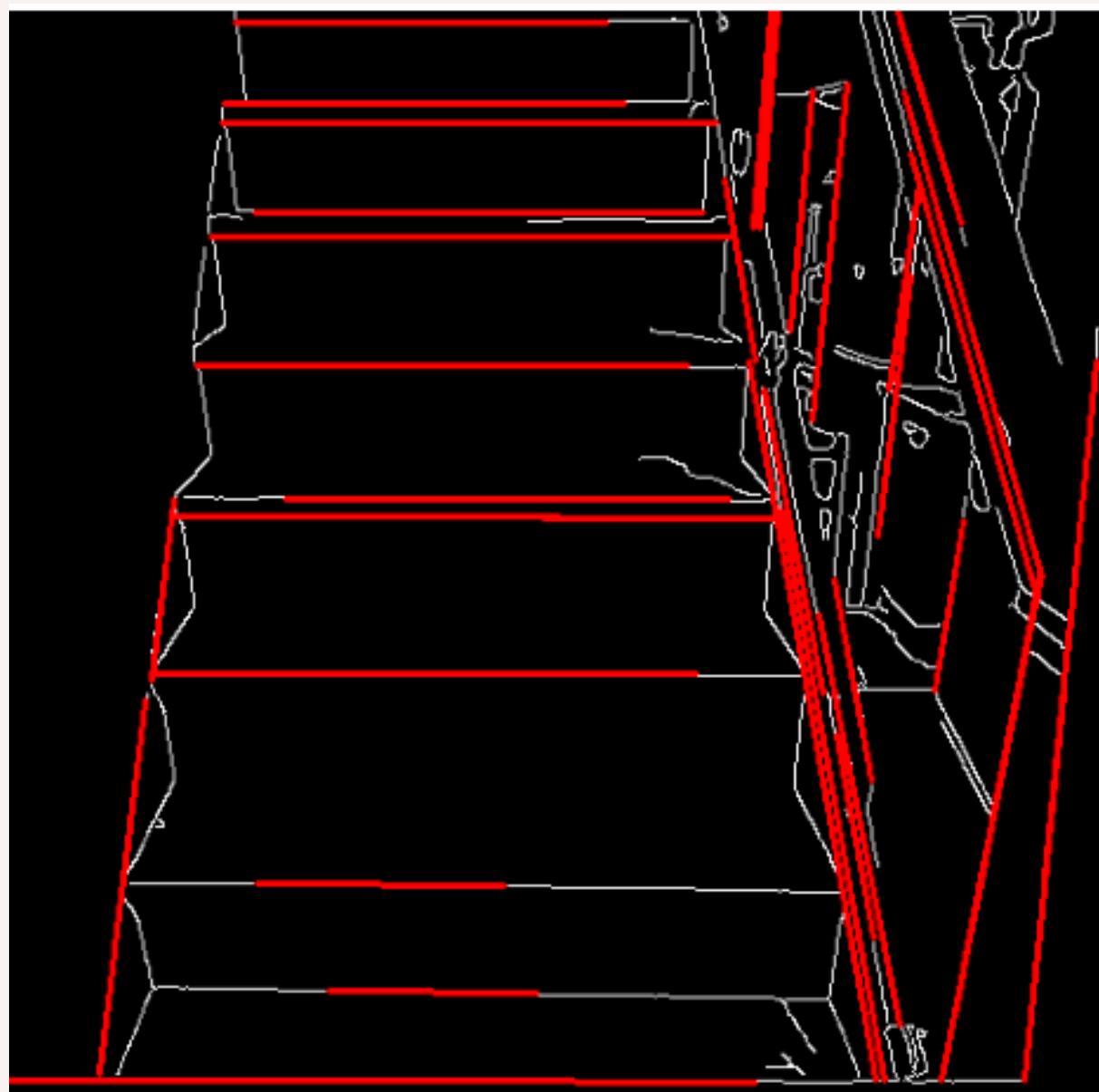
Gaussian blur



Sobel

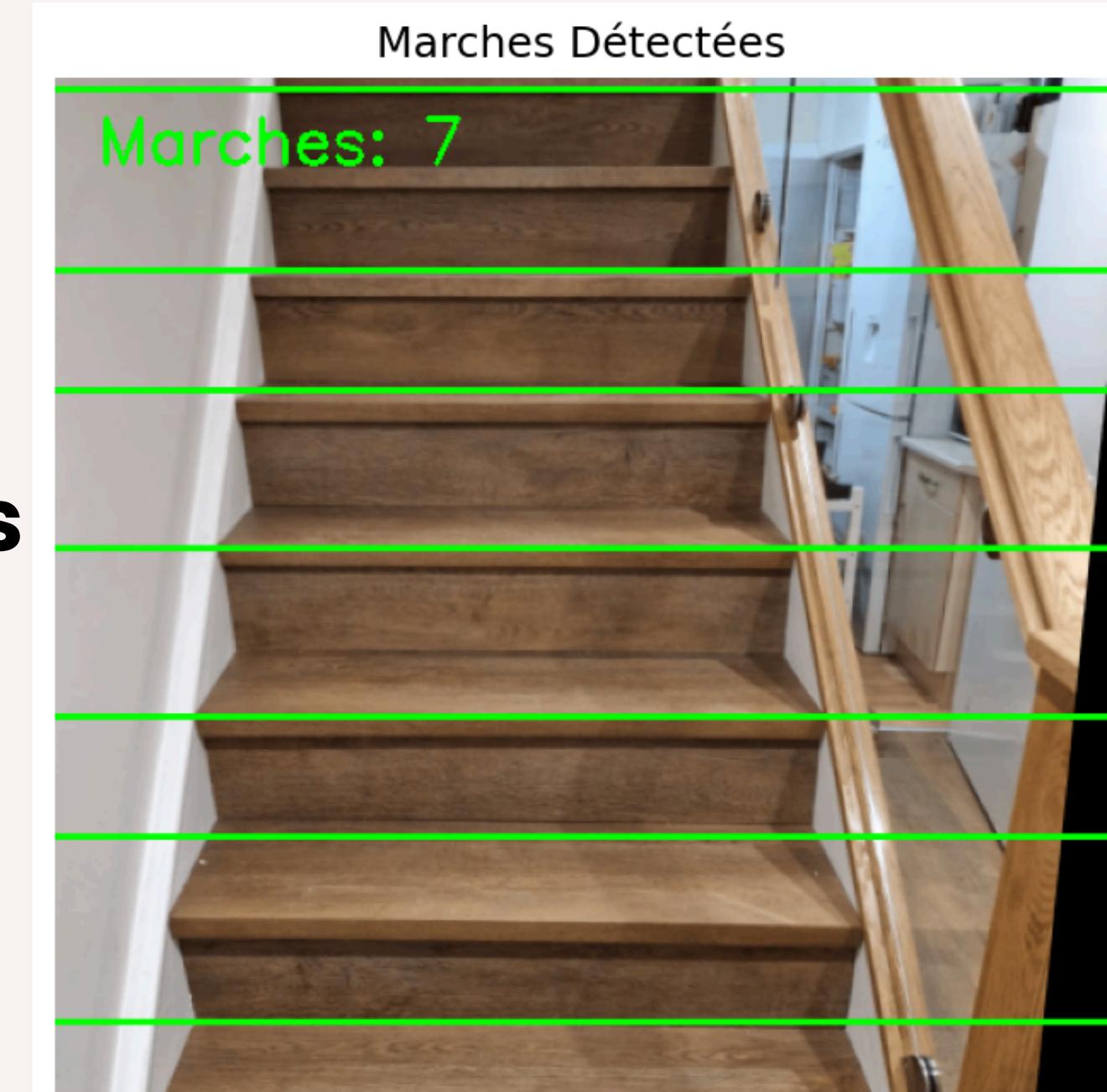


Hough Lines Transform

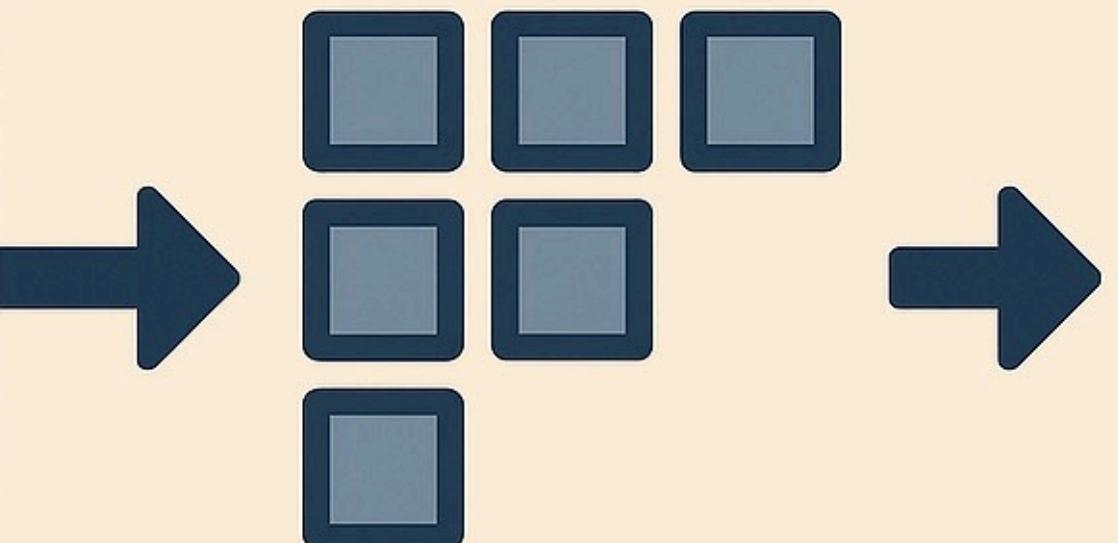


Lignes horizontales

Fusion des lignes proches



EXTRACTION DE CARACTÉRISTIQUES ET SÉLECTION DE MODÈLES



EXTRACTION DE
CARACTÉRISTIQUES

SÉLECTION
DE MODÈLES

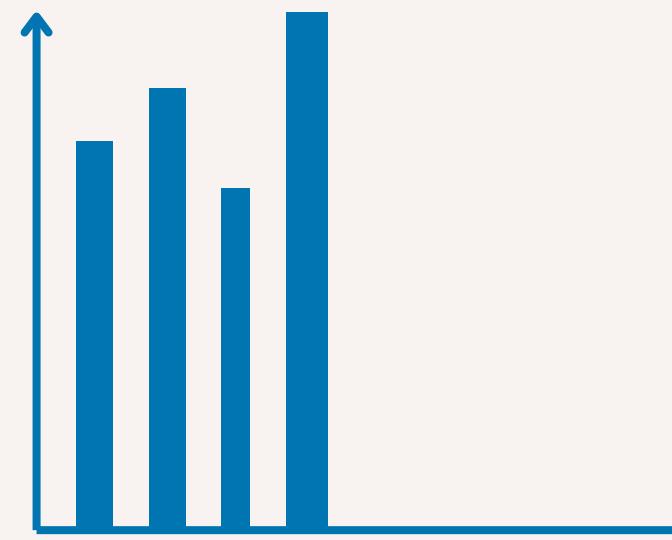
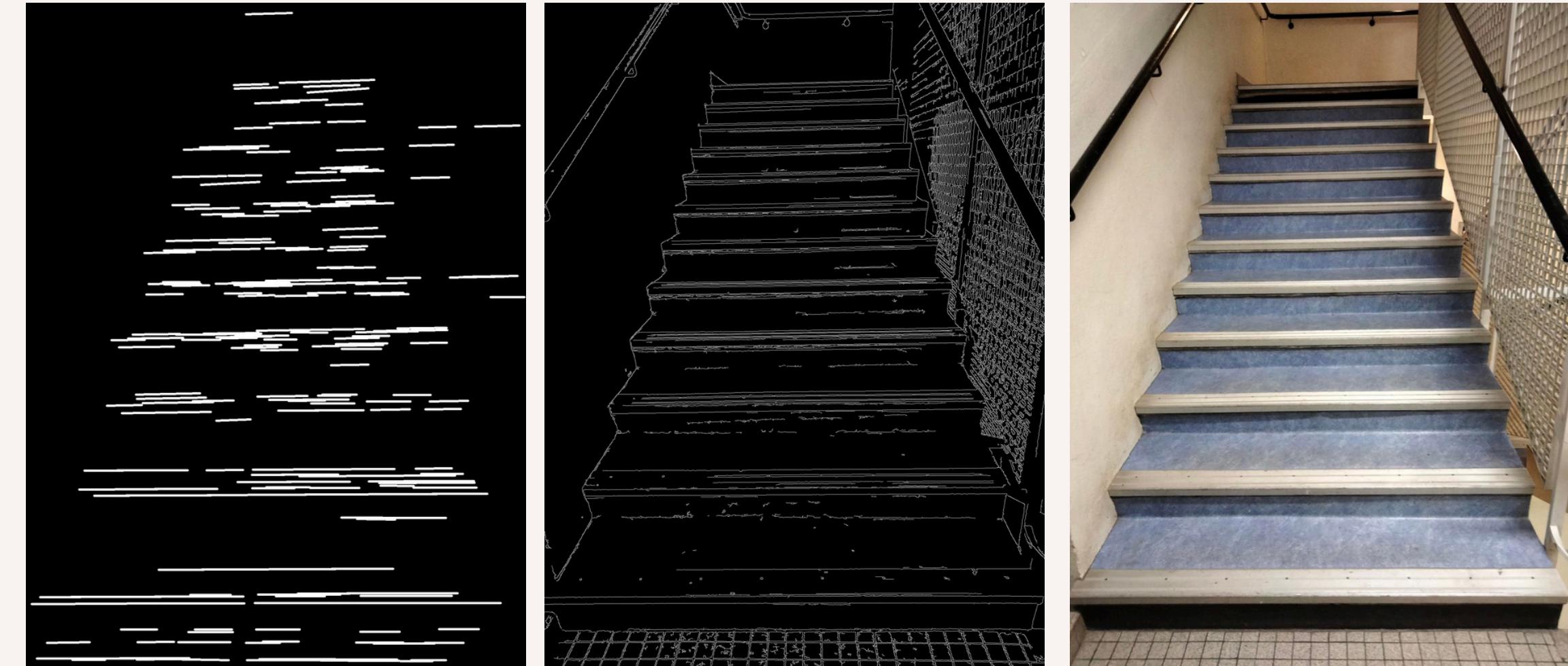


Extraction de caractéristiques

- le nombre de lignes horizontales

- leur position moyenne sur l'axe vertical

- l'écart-type de ces positions

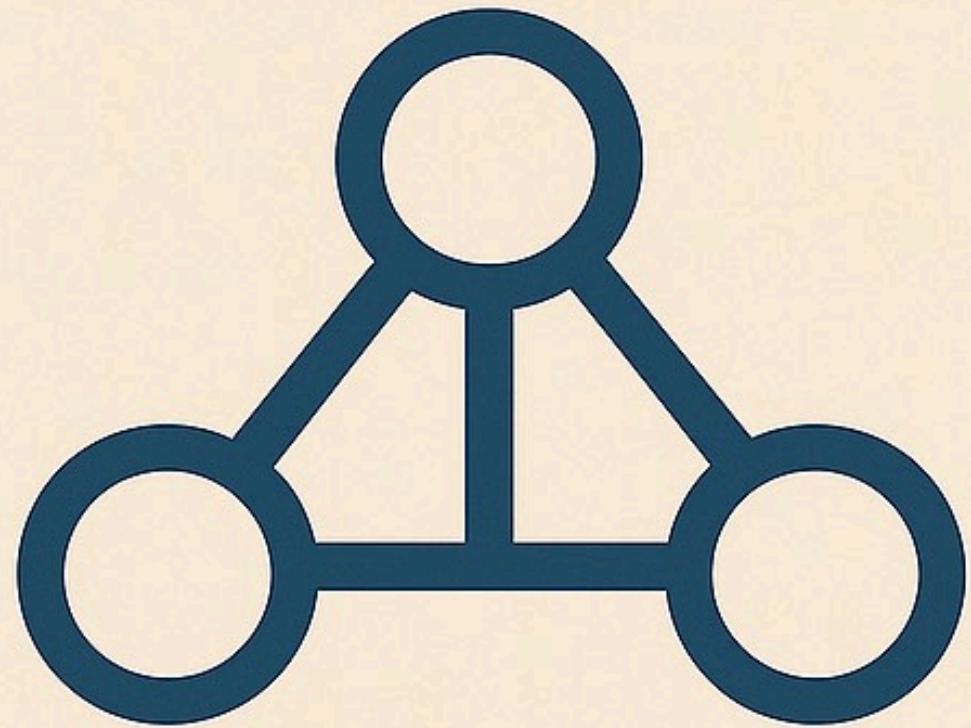


l'axe vertical

SÉLECTION DE MODÈLE



Leave
One Out



Random
Forest

MSE



Evaluation





Le programme fonctionne bien avec les images où les escaliers sont bien centrés et visibles.



Difficultés lorsque les escaliers présentent une forte倾inlaison ou par exemple un grand nombre de marches

MAE

findContours2 : 3.25

compute_average_stairs : 3.86

extractHistogramFeatures : 3.89

