

Step 1 - Climate Analysis and Exploration

Precipitation Analysis

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
        from matplotlib import style
        style.use('fivethirtyeight')
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import numpy as np
        import datetime as dt
```

```
In [2]: import sqlalchemy
        from sqlalchemy.ext.automap import automap_base
        from sqlalchemy.orm import Session
        from sqlalchemy import create_engine, func # create engine to hawaii.sqlite
        engine = create_engine("sqlite:///hawaii.sqlite")
```

```
In [3]: session = Session(bind=engine)
```

```
In [4]: Base = automap_base()
        Base.prepare(engine, reflect=True)
        Base.classes.keys()
```

```
Out[4]: ['measurement', 'station']
```

```
In [5]: Measurement = Base.classes.measurement
        Station = Base.classes.station
```

```
In [6]: conn = engine.connect()
        measurement_data = pd.read_sql("SELECT * FROM measurement", conn)
        station_data = pd.read_sql("SELECT * FROM station", conn)
```

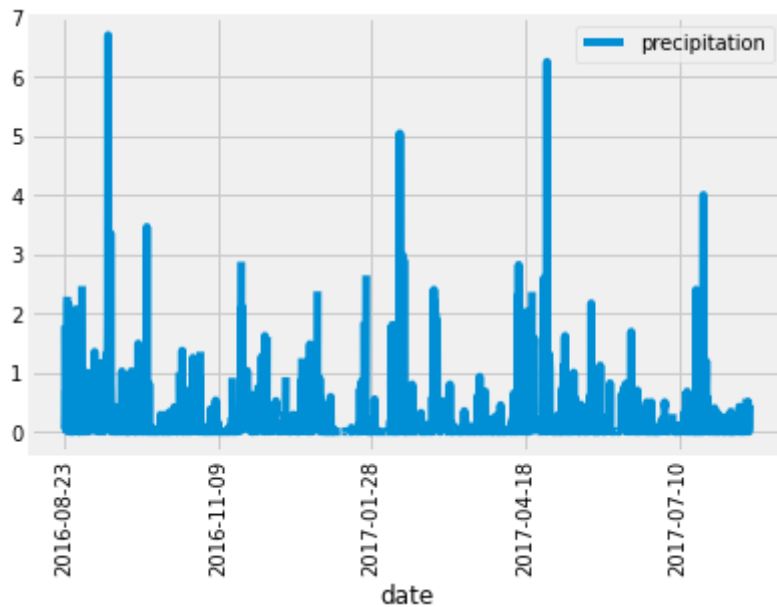
```
In [7]: # most recent date
        measurement_data['date'].max()
```

```
Out[7]: '2017-08-23'
```

```
In [8]: prev_year = dt.date(2017, 8, 23) - dt.timedelta(days=365)
```

```
In [9]: # Perform a query to retrieve the data and precipitation scores
        results = session.query(Measurement.date, Measurement.prcp).filter(Measurement.date >= prev_year)
        # Save the query results as a Pandas DataFrame and set the index to the date column
        df = pd.DataFrame(results, columns=['date', 'precipitation'])
        # Sort the dataframe by date
        df.sort_values('date').plot(x='date', y='precipitation', rot=90)
```

Out[9]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='date'>



In [10]: `df.describe()`

Out[10]:

	precipitation
count	2021.000000
mean	0.177279
std	0.461190
min	0.000000
25%	0.000000
50%	0.020000
75%	0.130000
max	6.700000

Station Analysis

In [11]:

```
# total number of stations
print(f' The total number of stations is {session.query(Station.id).count()}')
```

The total number of stations is 9

In [12]:

```
# Design a query to find the most active stations (i.e. which stations have the
# List the stations and observation counts in descending order.
station_count = session.query(Measurement.station, func.count(Measurement.station_count))
```

Out[12]:

```
(('USC00519281', 2772),
 ('USC00519397', 2724),
 ('USC00513117', 2709),
```

```
( 'USC00519523', 2669),
( 'USC00516128', 2612),
( 'USC00514830', 2202),
( 'USC00511918', 1979),
( 'USC00517948', 1372),
( 'USC00518838', 511)]
```

In [13]:

```
# Which station id has the highest number of observations?
most_active_station = station_count[0][0]
print(f' The station with the highest number of observations is {most_active_sta
```

The station with the highest number of observations is USC00519281 with 2772 observations

In [14]:

```
# Using the most active station id, calculate the lowest, highest, and average t
print(f' The lowest, highest, and average temperature of station {most_active_st
```

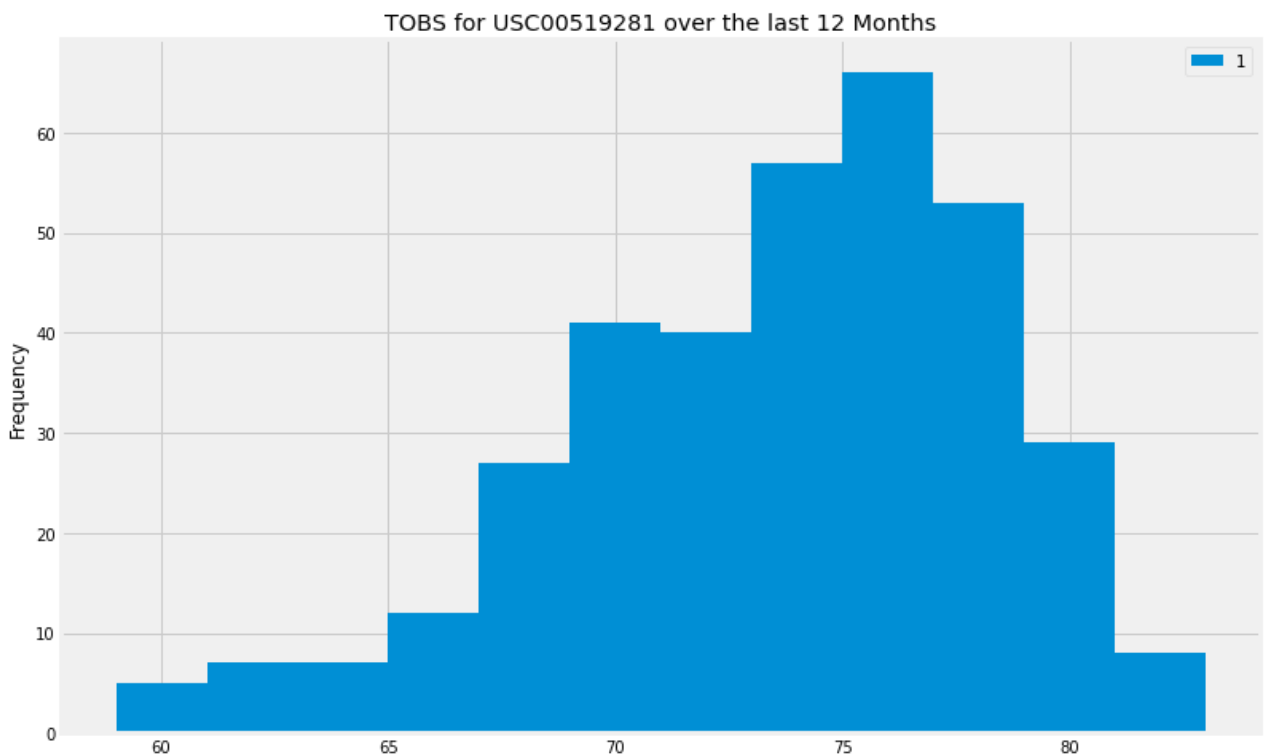
The lowest, highest, and average temperature of station USC00519281 is [(54.0, 85.0, 71.66378066378067)] respectively

In [15]:

```
# Design a query to retrieve the last 12 months of temperature observation data
# Filter by the station with the highest number of observations.
results = session.query(Measurement.station, Measurement.tobs).filter(Measuremen
# Plot the results as a histogram with bins=12.
df = pd.DataFrame(results)
df.plot.hist(by='0', bins=12, figsize=(12,8), title = f'TOBS for {most_active_st
```

Out[15]:

```
<AxesSubplot:title={'center': 'TOBS for USC00519281 over the last 12 Months'}, yla
abel='Frequency'>
```



In [16]:

```
session.close()
```

In []:

In []: