

```
In [10]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
from sklearn.manifold import TSNE
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
```

Data Preparation

```
In [16]: crypto_df = pd.read_csv('crypto_data.csv')
crypto_df.head(3)
```

```
Out[16]:
```

	Unnamed: 0	CoinName	Algorithm	IsTrading	ProofType	TotalCoinsMined	TotalCoinSupply
0	42	42 Coin	Scrypt	True	PoW/PoS	4.199995e+01	42
1	365	365Coin	X11	True	PoW/PoS	NaN	2300000000
2	404	404Coin	Scrypt	True	PoW/PoS	1.055185e+09	532000000

```
In [17]: # Filter for Traded Crypto only and drop column
crypto_df = crypto_df[crypto_df['IsTrading'] == True]
crypto_df = crypto_df.drop(columns = 'IsTrading')
```

```
In [18]: # Remove rows with at least one null value
crypto_df = crypto_df.dropna()
# Filter for cryptocurrencies that have been mined
crypto_df = crypto_df[crypto_df["TotalCoinsMined"] > 0]
```

```
In [19]: # Since the coin names do not contribute to the analysis of the data, delete the
crypto_df.drop(columns='CoinName', axis=1, inplace=True)
crypto_df.drop(columns='Unnamed: 0', axis=1, inplace=True)
crypto_df
```

```
Out[19]:
```

	Algorithm	ProofType	TotalCoinsMined	TotalCoinSupply
0	Scrypt	PoW/PoS	4.199995e+01	42
2	Scrypt	PoW/PoS	1.055185e+09	532000000
5	X13	PoW/PoS	2.927942e+10	314159265359
7	SHA-256	PoW	1.792718e+07	21000000
8	Ethash	PoW	1.076842e+08	0
...
1238	SHA-256	DPoS	2.000000e+09	2000000000
1242	Scrypt	PoW/PoS	1.493105e+07	250000000
1245	CryptoNight	PoW	9.802226e+08	1400222610

	Algorithm	ProofType	TotalCoinsMined	TotalCoinSupply
1246	Equihash	PoW	7.296538e+06	21000000
1247	Scrypt	PoS	1.283270e+05	1000000

532 rows × 4 columns

In [22]:

```
# Convert remaining features of test values to numerical data (algorithm and proof type)
X = pd.get_dummies(crypto_df, columns=['Algorithm', 'ProofType'])
X
```

Out[22]:

	TotalCoinsMined	TotalCoinSupply	Algorithm_1GB AES Pattern Search	Algorithm_536	Algorithm_Argon2d	Algorithm_Scrypt
0	4.199995e+01	42	0	0	0	0
2	1.055185e+09	532000000	0	0	0	0
5	2.927942e+10	314159265359	0	0	0	0
7	1.792718e+07	21000000	0	0	0	0
8	1.076842e+08	0	0	0	0	0
...
1238	2.000000e+09	2000000000	0	0	0	0
1242	1.493105e+07	250000000	0	0	0	0
1245	9.802226e+08	1400222610	0	0	0	0
1246	7.296538e+06	21000000	0	0	0	0
1247	1.283270e+05	1000000	0	0	0	0

532 rows × 98 columns

In [23]:

```
# The dataframe has increased by 94 columns
# Standardize the dataset
scaler = StandardScaler()
crypto_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X)
crypto_scaled
```

Out[23]:

```
array([[ -0.11710817, -0.1528703 , -0.0433963 , ..., -0.0433963 ,
        -0.0433963 , -0.0433963 ],
       [ -0.09396955, -0.145009 , -0.0433963 , ..., -0.0433963 ,
        -0.0433963 , -0.0433963 ],
       [  0.52494561,  4.48942416, -0.0433963 , ..., -0.0433963 ,
        -0.0433963 , -0.0433963 ],
       ...,
       [ -0.09561336, -0.13217937, -0.0433963 , ..., -0.0433963 ,
        -0.0433963 , -0.0433963 ],
       [ -0.11694817, -0.15255998, -0.0433963 , ..., -0.0433963 ,
        -0.0433963 , -0.0433963 ],
       [ -0.11710536, -0.15285552, -0.0433963 , ..., -0.0433963 ,
        -0.0433963 , -0.0433963 ]])
```

Dimensionality Reduction

PCA

```
In [26]: # preserve 90% of the explained variance in dimensionality reduction
pca = PCA(n_components=.90)
crypto_pca = pca.fit_transform(crypto_scaled)
df_crypto_pca = pd.DataFrame(data=crypto_pca)
df_crypto_pca.head()
# the number of features went from 98 to 74 principal components
```

```
Out[26]:
```

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0	-0.335099	1.032189	-0.590713	0.001397	8.903525e-15	3.715567e-12	-1.716189e-14	-0.007129
1	-0.318434	1.032331	-0.591126	0.001386	8.797456e-15	3.685202e-12	-1.704862e-14	-0.007739
2	2.305468	1.656383	-0.683617	0.004731	1.292867e-14	1.259214e-11	-2.400344e-14	-0.054781
3	-0.145184	-1.320593	0.192813	-0.001229	-2.452485e-15	-3.268574e-12	4.249357e-15	-0.002071
4	-0.151768	-2.036192	0.396182	-0.001705	-1.119309e-14	-4.534708e-12	1.170787e-14	0.027735

5 rows x 74 columns

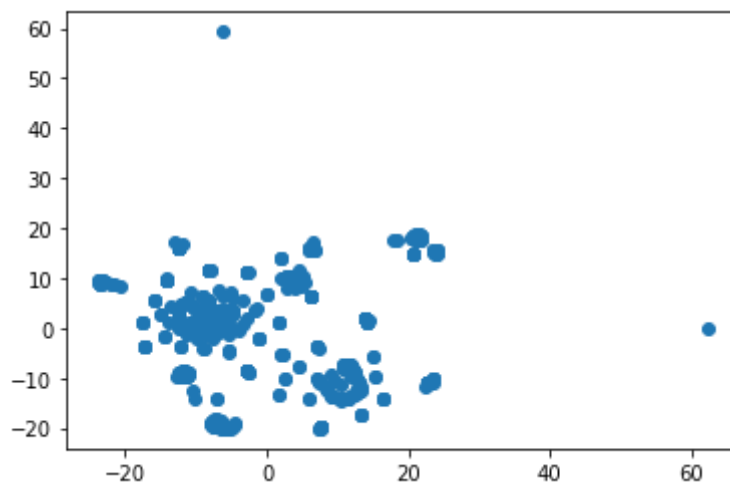
t-SNE

```
In [27]: tsne = TSNE(learning_rate=35)
```

```
In [29]: tsne_features = tsne.fit_transform(df_crypto_pca)
tsne_features
```

```
Out[29]: array([[ 10.864767 , -7.303208 ],
 [  9.183322 , -13.722738 ],
 [ 22.407055 , -11.618703 ],
 ...,
 [-23.372099 ,  9.55432  ],
 [-12.482249 , 16.182966 ],
 [  3.4227908,  9.705258  ]], dtype=float32)
```

```
In [35]: # TSNE reduces the data to have to principal components
# Create a scatterplot
x = tsne_features[:,0]
y = tsne_features[:,1]
plt.scatter(x, y)
plt.show()
# seem to be two general clusters between (-20,0) and (0, 20) but not very clear
```



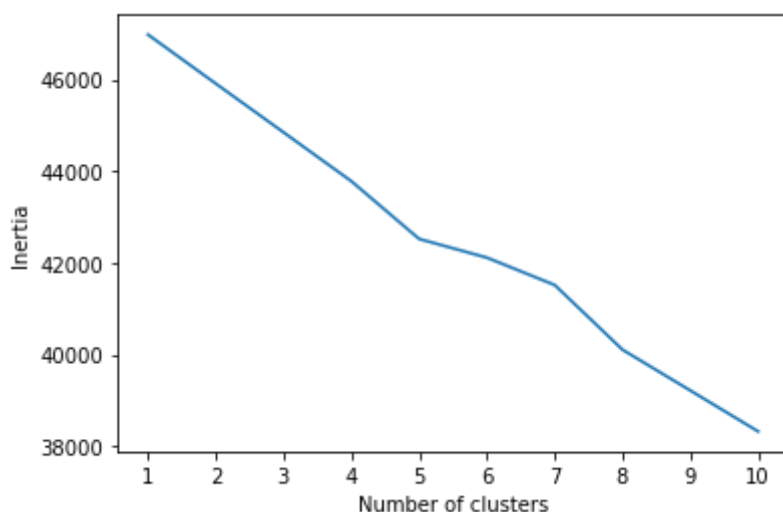
Cluster Analysis with k-Means

In [38]:

```
# Finding the best value for k
inertia = []
k = list(range(1, 11))

# Calculate the inertia for the range of k values from 1-10
for i in k:
    km = KMeans(n_clusters=i, random_state=0)
    km.fit(df_crypto_pca)
    inertia.append(km.inertia_)

# Creating the Elbow Curve
elbow_data = {"k": k, "inertia": inertia}
df_elbow = pd.DataFrame(elbow_data)
plt.plot(df_elbow['k'], df_elbow['inertia'])
plt.xticks(range(1, 11))
plt.xlabel('Number of clusters')
plt.ylabel('Inertia')
plt.show()
# no clear elbow
```



Recommendation: Based on my findings, I cannot confidently state that the cryptocurrencies can be clustered together.

In []: