Acosta-Worksheet7

ACOSTA, MELBOURNE BSIT2A

2022-12-22

```
#1. Create a data frame for the table below
Student <- seq(1:10)
PreTest <- c(55,54,47,57,51,61,57,54,63,58)
PostTest \leftarrow c(61,60,56,63,56,63,59,56,62,61)
DF <- data.frame(Student,PreTest,PostTest)</pre>
DF
      Student PreTest PostTest
##
## 1
           1
                   55
## 2
           2
                   54
                            60
                   47
## 3
           3
                            56
## 4
                   57
                            63
## 5
           5
                  51
                            56
## 6
           6
                   61
                            63
           7
## 7
                  57
                            59
## 8
            8
                   54
                            56
## 9
            9
                   63
                            62
## 10
           10
                   58
                            61
#a. Compute the descriptive statistics using different packages (Hmisc and pastecs).
#Write the codes and its result.
library(Hmisc)
## Warning: package 'Hmisc' was built under R version 4.2.2
## Loading required package: lattice
## Loading required package: survival
## Loading required package: Formula
## Loading required package: ggplot2
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.2.2
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'Hmisc'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
     format.pval, units
library(pastecs)
## Warning: package 'pastecs' was built under R version 4.2.2
describe(DF)
## DF
##
## 3 Variables 10 Observations
## -----
## Student
     n missing distinct Info Mean Gmd .05
                                                   .10
                               5.5 3.667 1.45
##
           0
                         1
      10
                  10
                                                   1.90
                  .75
                               .95
##
     . 25
           .50
                         .90
     3.25 5.50 7.75
##
                      9.10 9.55
##
## lowest : 1 2 3 4 5, highest: 6 7 8 9 10
         1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
## Value
## Frequency 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
## PreTest
      n missing distinct
                        Info
                               Mean
                                       Gmd
##
         0 8
                        0.988
                               55.7
                                     5.444
      10
## lowest : 47 51 54 55 57, highest: 55 57 58 61 63
##
          47 51 54 55 57 58 61 63
## Frequency 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 1
## Proportion 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1 0.1
## PostTest
##
      n missing distinct
                       Info Mean
                                       Gmd
##
      10 0 6
                        0.964 59.7
                                     3.311
## lowest : 56 59 60 61 62, highest: 59 60 61 62 63
##
## Value
         56 59 60 61 62 63
          3 1 1 2 1
## Frequency
## Proportion 0.3 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.2
```

```
stat.desc(DF)
##
                   Student
                               PreTest
                                           PostTest
               10.0000000 10.00000000 10.00000000
## nbr.val
## nbr.null
               0.0000000 0.00000000 0.00000000
## nbr.na
               0.0000000 0.00000000 0.00000000
                1.0000000 47.00000000 56.00000000
## min
## max
              10.0000000 63.00000000 63.00000000
## range
               9.0000000 16.00000000
                                        7.00000000
              55.0000000 557.00000000 597.00000000
## sum
## median
              5.5000000 56.00000000 60.50000000
## mean
                5.5000000 55.70000000 59.70000000
## SE.mean
                0.9574271 1.46855938 0.89504811
## CI.mean.0.95 2.1658506
                           3.32211213
                                        2.02473948
## var
                9.1666667 21.56666667 8.01111111
## std.dev
                3.0276504 4.64399254 2.83039063
## coef.var
                0.5504819 0.08337509 0.04741023
#2. The Department of Agriculture was studying the effects of several levels of a
#fertilizer on the growth of a plant. For some analyses, it might be useful to convert
#the fertilizer levels to an ordered factor.
Department of Agriculture \leftarrow c(10,10,10,20,20,50,10,
                            20,10,50,20,50,20,10)
#a. Write the codes and describe the result.
In Ord <- sort(DepartmentofAgriculture, decreasing = FALSE)</pre>
In_Ord
## [1] 10 10 10 10 10 10 20 20 20 20 20 50 50 50
#3. Abdul Hassan, president of Floor Coverings Unlimited, has asked you to study
#the exercise levels undertaken by 10 subjects were "l", "n", "n", "i", "l",
#"l", "n", "n", "i", "l" ; n=none, l=light, i=intense
Subjects <- c("l", "n", "n", "i", "l", "l", "n", "n", "i", "l")
#a. What is the best way to represent this in R?
#DATAFRAME
out <- data.frame(Subjects)</pre>
out
##
     Subjects
## 1
            1
## 2
            n
## 3
            n
## 4
            i
## 5
## 6
            ٦
## 7
## 8
            n
## 9
            i
## 10
            1
```

```
#4. Sample of 30 tax accountants from all the states and territories of Australia and
#their individual state of origin is specified by a character vector of state mnemonics
state <- c("tas", "sa", "qld", "nsw", "nsw", "nt", "wa", "wa", "qld",
           "vic", "nsw", "vic", "qld", "qld", "sa", "tas", "sa", "nt",
           "wa", "vic", "qld", "nsw", "nsw", "wa", "sa", "act", "nsw",
           "vic", "vic", "act")
state
## [1] "tas" "sa" "qld" "nsw" "nsw" "nt" "wa" "wa" "qld" "vic" "nsw" "vic"
## [13] "qld" "qld" "sa" "tas" "sa" "nt" "wa" "vic" "qld" "nsw" "nsw" "wa"
## [25] "sa" "act" "nsw" "vic" "vic" "act"
#a. Apply the factor function and factor level. Describe the results.
hello <- function(state)</pre>
 hello
#5. From #4 - continuation:
#. Suppose we have the incomes of the same tax accountants in another vector (in
incomes \leftarrow c(60, 49, 40, 61, 64, 60, 59, 54,
             62, 69, 70, 42, 56, 61, 61, 61, 58, 51, 48,
             65, 49, 49, 41, 48, 52, 46, 59, 46, 58, 43)
#a. Calculate the sample mean income for each state we can now use the special
#function tapply():
Calc <- tapply(state, incomes, mean)</pre>
## Warning in mean.default(X[[i]], ...): argument is not numeric or logical:
## returning NA
## Warning in mean.default(X[[i]], ...): argument is not numeric or logical:
## returning NA
## Warning in mean.default(X[[i]], ...): argument is not numeric or logical:
## returning NA
## Warning in mean.default(X[[i]], ...): argument is not numeric or logical:
## returning NA
## Warning in mean.default(X[[i]], ...): argument is not numeric or logical:
## returning NA
## Warning in mean.default(X[[i]], ...): argument is not numeric or logical:
## returning NA
## Warning in mean.default(X[[i]], ...): argument is not numeric or logical:
## returning NA
## Warning in mean.default(X[[i]], ...): argument is not numeric or logical:
## returning NA
```

```
## Warning in mean.default(X[[i]], ...): argument is not numeric or logical:
## returning NA
## Warning in mean.default(X[[i]], ...): argument is not numeric or logical:
## returning NA
## Warning in mean.default(X[[i]], ...): argument is not numeric or logical:
## returning NA
## Warning in mean.default(X[[i]], ...): argument is not numeric or logical:
## returning NA
## Warning in mean.default(X[[i]], ...): argument is not numeric or logical:
## returning NA
## Warning in mean.default(X[[i]], ...): argument is not numeric or logical:
## returning NA
## Warning in mean.default(X[[i]], ...): argument is not numeric or logical:
## returning NA
## Warning in mean.default(X[[i]], ...): argument is not numeric or logical:
## returning NA
## Warning in mean.default(X[[i]], ...): argument is not numeric or logical:
## returning NA
## Warning in mean.default(X[[i]], ...): argument is not numeric or logical:
## returning NA
## Warning in mean.default(X[[i]], ...): argument is not numeric or logical:
## returning NA
## Warning in mean.default(X[[i]], ...): argument is not numeric or logical:
## returning NA
Calc
## 40 41 42 43 46 48 49 51 52 54 56 58 59 60 61 62 64 65 69 70
#b. Copy the results and interpret.
# 40 41 42 43 46 48 49 51 52 54 56 58 59 60 61 62 64 65 69 70
#6. Calculate the standard errors of the state income means (refer again to number 3)
Calc_ST.n <- length(Calc)</pre>
Calc_1.sd <- sd(Calc)</pre>
Calc_Final.se <- Calc_1.sd/sqrt(Calc_ST.n)</pre>
Calc_Final.se
```

```
#a. What is the standard error? Write the codes.
#b. Interpret the result.
#the result is not available because some variables are character type so it won't able to get the stan
#7. Use the titanic dataset.
data("Titanic")
head<- data.frame(Titanic)</pre>
#a. subset the titatic dataset of those who survived and not survived. Show the
#codes and its result.
head_subset <- subset(head, select = "Survived")</pre>
head_subset
      Survived
##
## 1
            No
## 2
            No
## 3
            No
## 4
            No
## 5
            No
## 6
            No
## 7
            No
## 8
            No
## 9
            No
## 10
            No
## 11
            No
## 12
            No
## 13
            No
## 14
            No
## 15
            No
## 16
            No
## 17
           Yes
## 18
           Yes
## 19
           Yes
## 20
           Yes
## 21
           Yes
## 22
           Yes
## 23
           Yes
## 24
           Yes
## 25
           Yes
## 26
           Yes
## 27
           Yes
## 28
           Yes
## 29
           Yes
## 30
           Yes
```

#8. The data sets are about the breast cancer Wisconsin. The samples arrive periodically as Dr. Wolberg #chronological grouping of the data. You can create this dataset in Microsoft Excel.

31

32

Yes

Yes

```
#a. describe what is the dataset all about.
#The dataset is all about Breast Cancer.
#b. Import the data from MS Excel. Copy the codes.
library("readxl")
## Warning: package 'readxl' was built under R version 4.2.2
DATA <- read_excel("B:\\Git\\Worksheets\\Acsota_Workesheet7\\Breast_Cancer.xlsx")
DATA
## # A tibble: 49 x 11
##
          ID CL. thickne~1 Cell ~2 Cell ~3 Marg.~4 Epith~5 Bare.~6 Bl. C~7 Norma~8
##
                     <dbl>
                             <dbl>
                                    <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
                                                                    <dbl>
## 1 1000025
                                                        2 1
                         5
                                1
                                        1
                                                1
                                                                        3
                                                                                1
## 2 1002945
                                                        7 10
                         5
                                 4
                                         4
                                                5
                                                                        3
                                                                                2
                                                        2 2
## 3 1015425
                         3
                                1
                                        1
                                               1
                                                                        3
                                                                                1
## 4 1016277
                         6
                                8
                                       8
                                               1
                                                        3 4
                                                                        3
                                                                                7
## 5 1017023
                                               3
                         4
                               1
                                       1
                                                        2 1
                                                                        3
                                                                                1
## 6 1017122
                        8
                              10
                                       10
                                              8
                                                       7 10
                                                                        9
                                                                                7
## 7 1018099
                       1
                               1
                                       1
                                               1
                                                       2 10
                                                                       3
                                                                                1
                         2
                                                        2 1
                                                                        3
## 8 1018561
                                        2
                                               1
                                                                                1
                                1
## 9 1033078
                         2
                                 1
                                        1
                                                1
                                                        2 1
                                                                        1
                                                                                1
## 10 1033078
                         4
                                 2
                                         1
                                                1
                                                        2 1
                                                                                1
## # ... with 39 more rows, 2 more variables: Mitoses <dbl>, Class <chr>, and
## # abbreviated variable names 1: 'CL. thickness', 2: 'Cell size',
      3: 'Cell Shape', 4: 'Marg. Adhesion', 5: 'Epith. C.size',
## # 6: 'Bare. Nuclei', 7: 'Bl. Cromatin', 8: 'Normal nucleoli'
#c. Compute the descriptive statistics using different packages. Find the values of:
#c.1 Standard error of the mean for clump thickness.
Clump <- length(DATA$`CL. thickness`)</pre>
Clump_A <- sd(DATA$`CL. thickness`)</pre>
Clump_B <- Clump_A/sqrt(DATA$`CL. thickness`)</pre>
Clump B
## [1] 1.2812754 1.2812754 1.6541194 1.1696391 1.4325095 1.0129371 2.8650189
## [8] 2.0258743 2.0258743 1.4325095 2.8650189 2.0258743 1.2812754 2.8650189
## [15] 1.0129371 1.0828754 1.4325095 1.4325095 0.9059985 1.1696391 1.0828754
## [22] 0.9059985 1.6541194 1.0129371 2.8650189 1.2812754 1.6541194 1.2812754
## [29] 2.0258743 2.8650189 1.6541194 2.0258743 0.9059985 2.0258743 1.6541194
## [36] 2.0258743 0.9059985 1.1696391 1.2812754 2.0258743 1.1696391 0.9059985
## [43] 1.1696391 1.2812754 0.9059985 2.8650189 1.6541194 2.8650189 1.4325095
#c.2 Coefficient of variability for Marginal Adhesion.
COV <- sd(DATA$`Marg. Adhesion`) / mean(DATA$`Marg. Adhesion`) * 100
COV
```

[1] 97.67235

```
#c.3 Number of null values of Bare Nuclei.
Null_Values <- subset(DATA, `Bare. Nuclei` == "NA")</pre>
#c.4 Mean and standard deviation for Bland Chromatin
mean(DATA$`Bl. Cromatin`)
## [1] 3.836735
sd(DATA$`Bl. Cromatin`)
## [1] 2.085135
#c.5 Confidence interval of the mean for Uniformity of Cell Shape
\#Calculate\ the\ mean
Calc_Mean <- mean(DATA$`Cell Shape`)</pre>
Calc_Mean
## [1] 3.163265
#Calculate the standard error of the mean
SE_M <- length(DATA$`Cell Shape`)</pre>
SD_B <- sd(DATA$`Cell Shape`)</pre>
Ans_1 <- SD_B/sqrt(SE_M)</pre>
Ans_1
## [1] 0.4158294
#Find the t-score that corresponds to the confidence level
D = 0.05
numE = SE_M - 1
numF = qt(p = D/2, df = numE, lower.tail = F)
numF
## [1] 2.010635
#Constructing the confidence interval
numG <- numF * numE</pre>
#Lower
numH <- Calc_Mean - numG</pre>
#Upper
numI <- Calc_Mean + numG</pre>
c(numH, numI)
## [1] -93.34720 99.67373
```

```
attributes(DATA)
## $class
                  "tbl"
                             "data.frame"
## [1] "tbl_df"
## $row.names
## [1] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25
## [26] 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49
##
## $names
## [1] "ID"
                        "CL. thickness"
                                         "Cell size"
                                                          "Cell Shape"
## [5] "Marg. Adhesion" "Epith. C.size"
                                         "Bare. Nuclei"
                                                          "Bl. Cromatin"
## [9] "Normal nucleoli" "Mitoses"
                                         "Class"
#e. Find the percentage of respondents who are malignant. Interpret the results.
P_R <- subset(DATA, Class == "maligant")</pre>
P_R
## # A tibble: 17 x 11
##
          ID CL. thickne~1 Cell ~2 Cell ~3 Marg.~4 Epith~5 Bare.~6 Bl. C~7 Norma~8
                                   <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
                  <dbl>
                            <dbl>
                                                                 <dbl>
## 1 1041801
                                                      2 3
                        5
                               3
                                       3
                                             3
                                                                     4
## 2 1044572
                        8
                               7
                                       5
                                             10
                                                      7 9
                                                                            5
                                                                     5
## 3 1047630
                       7
                               4
                                      6
                                             4
                                                      6 1
                                                                     4
                                                                            3
                               7
## 4 1050670
                      10
                                      7
                                             6
                                                      4 10
                                                                     4
                                                                            1
## 5 1054590
                       7
                               3
                                     2
                                                     5 10
                                             10
                                                                     5
                                                                            4
                                            3
## 6 1054593
                      10
                               5
                                     5
                                                     6 7
                                                                    7
                                                                           10
                                     5
                                                     2 NA
                                                                    7
                                                                            3
## 7 1057013
                      8
                               4
                                             1
## 8 1065726
                      5
                               2
                                     3
                                             4
                                                     2 7
                                                                     3
                                                                            6
## 9 1072179
                               7
                                      7
                                             3
                                                                    7
                      10
                                                     8 5
                                                                            4
                      10
                             10
## 10 1080185
                                      10
                                            8
                                                                     8
                                                                            9
                                                     6 1
## 11 1084584
                      5
                              4
                                     4
                                             9
                                                     2 10
                                                                     5
                                                                            6
## 12 1091262
                      2
                                             3
                                                                    7
                              5
                                     3
                                                     6 7
                                                                            5
## 13 1099510
                      10
                              4
                                      3
                                             1
                                                     3 3
                                                                     6
                                                                            5
                                             2
## 14 1100524
                      6
                              10
                                      10
                                                                    7
                                                                            3
                                                     8 10
## 15 1102573
                      5
                              6
                                      5
                                            6
                                                     10 1
                                                                     3
                                                                            1
## 16 1103608
                       10
                              10
                                      10
                                              4
                                                     8 1
                                                                     8
                                                                           10
## 17 1105257
                        3
                               7
                                      7
                                              4
                                                      4 9
## # ... with 2 more variables: Mitoses <dbl>, Class <chr>, and abbreviated
## # variable names 1: 'CL. thickness', 2: 'Cell size', 3: 'Cell Shape',
      4: 'Marg. Adhesion', 5: 'Epith. C.size', 6: 'Bare. Nuclei',
     7: 'Bl. Cromatin', 8: 'Normal nucleoli'
#There 17 respondents who are malignant.
```

```
#Getting the percentage
17 / 49 * 100
```

[1] 34.69388

#And there are total of 49 respondent.

#d. How many attributes?

```
#9. Export the data abalone to the Microsoft excel file. Copy the codes.
library("AppliedPredictiveModeling")
## Warning: package 'AppliedPredictiveModeling' was built under R version 4.2.2
data("abalone")
View(abalone)
head(abalone)
##
     Type LongestShell Diameter Height WholeWeight ShuckedWeight VisceraWeight
## 1
                 0.455
                          0.365 0.095
                                             0.5140
                                                           0.2245
                                                                         0.1010
## 2
                 0.350
                          0.265 0.090
                                                           0.0995
                                                                         0.0485
       М
                                             0.2255
## 3
       F
                 0.530
                          0.420 0.135
                                             0.6770
                                                           0.2565
                                                                         0.1415
                                                                         0.1140
## 4
       Μ
                 0.440
                          0.365 0.125
                                            0.5160
                                                           0.2155
## 5
                 0.330
                          0.255 0.080
                                            0.2050
                                                           0.0895
                                                                         0.0395
        Ι
## 6
                 0.425
                          0.300 0.095
                                            0.3515
                                                           0.1410
                                                                         0.0775
        Ι
##
     ShellWeight Rings
## 1
           0.150
                    15
## 2
           0.070
                     7
## 3
           0.210
                     9
## 4
           0.155
                    10
## 5
           0.055
                     7
## 6
           0.120
                     8
summary(abalone)
   Туре
              LongestShell
                                Diameter
                                                   Height
                                                                 WholeWeight
## F:1307
             Min.
                    :0.075
                             Min.
                                     :0.0550
                                                      :0.0000
                                                                Min.
                                                                       :0.0020
                                               Min.
                             1st Qu.:0.3500
                                                                1st Qu.:0.4415
## I:1342
             1st Qu.:0.450
                                               1st Qu.:0.1150
## M:1528
             Median :0.545
                             Median :0.4250
                                               Median :0.1400
                                                                Median :0.7995
##
             Mean
                    :0.524
                             Mean
                                     :0.4079
                                               Mean
                                                      :0.1395
                                                                Mean
                                                                       :0.8287
##
             3rd Qu.:0.615
                             3rd Qu.:0.4800
                                               3rd Qu.:0.1650
                                                                3rd Qu.:1.1530
##
             Max.
                    :0.815
                             Max.
                                    :0.6500
                                               Max.
                                                     :1.1300
                                                                Max.
                                                                       :2.8255
## ShuckedWeight
                     VisceraWeight
                                       ShellWeight
                                                            Rings
## Min.
           :0.0010
                     Min.
                            :0.0005
                                      Min.
                                              :0.0015
                                                               : 1.000
                                                        Min.
## 1st Qu.:0.1860
                                                        1st Qu.: 8.000
                     1st Qu.:0.0935
                                      1st Qu.:0.1300
## Median :0.3360
                     Median :0.1710
                                      Median :0.2340
                                                        Median : 9.000
## Mean
           :0.3594
                            :0.1806
                                      Mean
                                                        Mean
                     Mean
                                              :0.2388
                                                               : 9.934
## 3rd Qu.:0.5020
                     3rd Qu.:0.2530
                                      3rd Qu.:0.3290
                                                        3rd Qu.:11.000
## Max.
          :1.4880
                            :0.7600
                                                               :29.000
                     Max.
                                      Max.
                                              :1.0050
                                                        Max.
#Exporting the data abalone to the Microsoft excel file
library(xlsx)
## Warning: package 'xlsx' was built under R version 4.2.2
```

write.xlsx("abalone","B:\\Git\\Worksheets\\Acsota_Workesheet7\\abalone.xlsx")