Nanyang Technological University College of Computing and Data Science (CCDS)



Third Laboratory Session: Generation of Normalized Database Schema

Lab TCCA - GROUP 4

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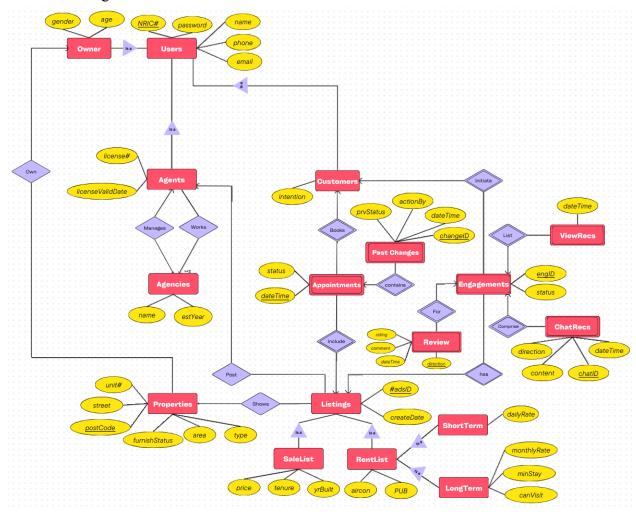
Course Name:

SC2207: Introduction to Databases

Date of Submission:

26th September 2024

A. ER Diagram



Please refer to this link for a better image quality:

https://www.canva.com/design/DAGPNSU-g7s/WTSe -uO 2epfIFID6H17w/edit

Assumption:

- 1. One listing has exactly one property
- 2. One listing has exactly one Agent
- 3. One agency must have exactly one Agent as manager
- 4. One agent can have multiple listing
- 5. Property unit number includes floor
- 6. Owner is a user, required to have email and password.

B. Normalized Relations

1. Users (NRIC, password, name, phoneNo, email)

Keys: (NRIC), (phoneNo) Primary Key: (NRIC)

FDs:

a. NRIC - name, phoneNo, email, password

b. phoneNo→NRIC

No violation.

The relation is in 3NF.

2. Owners (NRIC, gender, age)

Keys: (NRIC)

Primary Key: (NRIC)

FDs:

a. $NRIC \rightarrow gender, age$

No violation.

The relation is in 3NF.

3. Agents (NRIC, licenseNo, licenseValidDate, agencyName)

Keys: (NRIC), (licenseNo) Primary Key: (NRIC)

FDs:

a. NRIC → licenseNo

b. licenseNo → NRIC, licenseValidDate, agencyName

No violation.

The relation is in 3NF.

4. Customers (NRIC, intention)

Keys: (NRIC)

Primary Key: (NRIC)

FDs:

a. NRIC→intention

No violation.

The relation is in 3NF.

5. Agencies (name, est Year, managerNRIC)

Keys: (name)

Primary key: (name)

FDs:

a. name→estYear, managerNRIC

No violation.

The relation is in 3NF.

6. Properties (unitNo, street, postCode, furnishStatus, area, type, NRICNo)

Keys: (unitNo, street, postCode)

Primary key: (unitNo, street, postCode)

FDs:

- a. unitNo, street, postCode → furnishStatus, area, type, NRICNo
- b. street, postCode \rightarrow area

The FD unitNo, street, postCode → furnishStatus, area, type, NRICNo violates 3NF.

Performing 3NF decomposition:

Split RHS of FDs:

- a. unitNo, street, postCode → furnishStatus
- b. unitNo, street, postCode \rightarrow area
- c. unitNo, street, postCode \rightarrow type
- d. unitNo, street, postCode \rightarrow NRICNo
- e. street, postCode \rightarrow area

Remove redundant FDs.

We notice that the FD (b) is redundant since there exists (e). Thus, we can remove the FD (b).

The new FDs are:

- a. unitNo, street, postCode → furnishStatus
- b. unitNo, street, postCode \rightarrow type
- c. unitNo, street, postCode \rightarrow NRICNo

d. street, postCode \rightarrow area

There is no redundant attributes from any LHS of FDs. Thus, FDs cannot be reduced further.

Therefore, we obtain the minimal basis.

Now, we combine the FDs with the same LHS:

- a. unitNo, street, postCode → furnishStatus, type, NRICNo
- b. street, postCode \rightarrow area

Creating decomposed relations:

- a. R1(unitNo, street, postCode, furnishStatus, type, NRCNo)
- b. R2(street, postCode, area)

These are the final decomposed relations.

7. Listings (adsID, createDate, unitNo, street, postCode, agentNRIC)

Keys: (adsID)

Primary Key: (adsID)

FDs:

- a. adsID → createDate, unitNo, street, postCode, agentNRIC
- b. unitNo, street, postCode \rightarrow agentNRIC

The FD unitNo, street, postCode \rightarrow agentNRIC violates 3NF.

Performing 3NF decomposition:

Split RHS of FDs:

- a. $adsId \rightarrow createDate$
- b. $adsId \rightarrow unitNo$
- c. $adsId \rightarrow street$
- d. $adsId \rightarrow postCode$
- e. $adsId \rightarrow agentNRIC$
- f. unitNo, street, postCode \rightarrow agentNRIC

Remove redundant FDs:

We can remove FD (e), since without (e), {adsId}+= {createDate, unitNo, street, postCode, agentNRIC}, which means part (e) could be replenished. So, the new FDs will be

- a. $adsId \rightarrow createDate$
- b. $adsId \rightarrow unitNo$
- c. $adsId \rightarrow street$
- d. $adsId \rightarrow postCode$
- e. unitNo, street, postCode → agentNRIC

Remove redundant attribute in LHS of FDs:

If we remove either unitNo, street, or postCode in our new (e) Functional dependencies, we could not get two of them combined as an FD to determine agentNRIC. The rest from (a) to (d) are not redundant, since on LHS and RHS, there is only 1 element.

Minimal basis is found:

- a. $adsId \rightarrow createDate$
- b. $adsId \rightarrow unitNo$
- c. $adsId \rightarrow street$
- d. $adsId \rightarrow postCode$
- e. unitNo, street, postCode \rightarrow agentNRIC

Combining FDs with same LHS:

- a. adsID → createDate, unitNo, street, postCode
- b. unitNo, street, postCode \rightarrow agentNRIC

Creating decomposed relations:

- a. R1(adsID, createDate, unitNo, street, postCode)
- b. R2(unitNo, street, postCode, agentNRIC)

These are the final decomposed relations.

8. SaleList (adsId, price, tenure, yearBuilt)

Keys: (adsId)

Primary Key: (adsId)

FDs:

a. $adsId \rightarrow price$, tenure, yearBuilt

No violation.

The relation is in 3NF

9. RentList (adsId, aircon, pub)

Keys: (adsId)

Primary Key: (adsId)

FDs:

a. $adsId \rightarrow aircon$, pub

No Violation

The relation is in 3NF

10. ShortTerm (adsId, dailyRate)

Keys: (adsId)

Primary Key: (adsId)

FDs:

a. $adsId \rightarrow dailyRate$

No Violation.

The relation is in 3NF.

11. LongTerm (adsId, canVisit, minStay, monthlyRate)

Keys: (adsId)

Primary Keys: (adsId)

FDs:

a. adsId → canVisit, minStay, monthlyRate

No Violation.

The relation is in 3NF

12. Appointment (dateTime, NRIC, adsID, status)

Keys: (dateTime, NRIC, adsID)

Primary Key: (dateTime, NRIC, adsID)

FDs:

a. dateTime, NRIC, adsID \rightarrow status

No violation.

The relation is in 3NF.

13. PastChanges(NRIC, adsID, appointmentDateTime, changeID, dateTime, actionBy, prvStatus)

Keys: (NRIC, adsID, appointmentDateTime, dateTime), (changeID)

Primary Key: (changeID)

FDs:

- a. changeID → appointmentDateTime, NRIC, adsID, dateTime, actionBy, prvStatus
- b. appointmentDateTime, NRIC, adsID, dateTime → changeID

No violation.

The relation is in 3NF.

14. Engagement (NRIC, adsID, engID, status)

Keys: (NRIC, adsID), (engID) Primary Key: (NRIC, adsID)

FDs:

a. $engID \rightarrow NRIC$, adsID, status

b. NRIC, adsID \rightarrow engID

No violation.

The relation is in 3NF.

15. ViewRecs (NRIC, adsID, engID, dateTime)

Keys: (NRIC, adsID, dateTime), (engID, dateTime)

Primary Key: (engID, dateTime)

FDs:

a. NRIC, adsID \rightarrow engID

b. $engID \rightarrow NRIC$, adsID

No violation, all attributes in the RHS are contained in a candidate key.

The relation is in 3NF.

16. ChatRecs (NRIC, adsID, engID, chatID, dateTime, content, direction)

Keys: (NRIC, adsID, chatID), (engID, chatID)

Primary Key: (engID, chatID)

FDs:

a. $chatID \rightarrow content$, direction, dateTime

b. NRIC, adsID \rightarrow engID

c. engID \rightarrow NRIC, adsID

FD [chatID → content, direction, dateTime] violates 3NF

Performing 3NF decomposition: Split RHS of FDs:

1. ChatID \rightarrow content

- 2. ChatID \rightarrow direction
- 3. ChatID \rightarrow dateTime
- 4. NRIC, adsID \rightarrow engID
- 5. engID \rightarrow NRIC
- 6. $engID \rightarrow adsID$

Remove redundant FDs:

No FDs are redundant.

Remove redundant attributes in LHS of FDs:

We only need to check for NRIC, adsID \rightarrow engID.

- 1. If we remove NRIC: $\{adsID\} + = \{adsID\}$, which cannot derive engID.
- 2. If we remove adsID: {NRIC}+ = {NRIC}, which also cannot derive engID. Therefore, there is no redundant LHS on the FD.

Minimal basis is found:

- 1. ChatID \rightarrow content
- 2. ChatID \rightarrow direction
- 3. ChatID \rightarrow dateTime
- 4. NRIC, adsID \rightarrow engID
- 5. engID \rightarrow NRIC
- 6. $engID \rightarrow adsID$

Combining FDs with same LHS:

- 1. $chatID \rightarrow dateTime$, content, direction
- 2. NRIC, adsID \rightarrow engID
- 3. engID \rightarrow NRIC, adsID

Create tables:

- 1. R1(chatID, dateTime, content, direction)
- 2. R2(engID, NRIC, adsID)
- 3. R3(engID, NRIC, adsID)
- 4. R4(engID, chatID) *This is for preserving the primary key.

Remove redundant relations:

- 1. R1(chatID, dateTime, content, direction)
- 2. R2(engID, NRIC, adsID)
- 3. R4(engID, chatID).

These are the final decomposed relations.

17. Review (NRIC, adsID, engID, direction, rating, comment, dateTime)

Keys: (NRIC, adsID, direction), (engID, direction)

Primary Key: (engID, direction)

FDs:

- a. NRIC, adsID, engID, direction \rightarrow rating, comment, dateTime
- b. NRIC, adsID \rightarrow engID
- c. $engID \rightarrow NRIC$, adsID

No Violation.

- a. [NRIC, adsID, engID, direction → rating, comment, dateTime]: LHS is a superkey.
- b. [NRIC, adsID \rightarrow engID]: every RHS attribute is in a key-attribute.
- c. [engID \rightarrow NRIC, adsID]: every RHS attribute is in a key-attribute.

The relation is in 3NF.

APPENDIX C: INDIVIDUAL CONTRIBUTION FORM

| Full Name | Individual Contribution to Lab 1 Submission | Percentage of Contribution | Signature |
|---------------------|---|----------------------------|--------------|
| Vannes Wijaya | Relation 1-4 | 16.6 | Vanwift |
| Wang Min-Jen | Relation 14-17 | 16.6 | WANG MIN JEV |
| Melisa Lee | Relation 5-6 | 16.6 | Melva |
| Denzel Elden Wijaya | Relation 7-11 | 16.6 | M |
| Dosi Veer | Relation 14-17 | 16.6 | DILY |
| Lionel Owen Wijaya | Relation 12-13 | 16.6 | 4 |