

Microsoft Original Content Recommendations

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- Student name: Austin Murray
- Student pace: full time
- Scheduled project review date/time:
- Instructor name: Yish
- Blog post URL:

Overview

Microsoft has created its own studio to make original movies. We are analyzing english movies from the last five years to give a recommendation to microsoft on what choices to make for runtime, genre, filming locations, and when to release the movie. These are important to give as this will give them the where when and what about to create a profitable movie based on what current movie goers want to see.

The Data

The data being used in this analysis is coming from: IMDB TMDb Rotten tomatoes

These are the biggest movie rating and information databases on the internet. We will be analyzing the last five years of english speaking movies with at least 100 votes and under 350 minutes of runtime. Variables we will be looking for are profit/genre, profit/month, rating/genre rating/runtime, numvotes/runtime.

Importing all the tools

```
In [2]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import json
from datetime import date
from datetime import datetime
from dateutil.relativedelta import relativedelta
import time
```

Dictionary for genre id's that will be used later

```
In [3]: genre_dict = {"genres":[{"id":28,"name":"Action"}, {"id":12,"name":"Adventure"}, {"id":35,"name":"Comedy"}, {"id":80,"name":"Crime"}, {"id":18,"name":"Drama"}, {"id":10751,"name":"Family"}, {"id":36,"name":"History"}, {"id":27,"name":"Horror"}, {"id":9648,"name":"Mystery"}, {"id":10749,"name":"Romance"}, {"id":10770,"name":"TV Movie"}, {"id":53,"name":"Thriller"}, {"id":37,"name":"Western"}]}
```

Changing the dictionary to one that is just the Id's and names so we can use it easier later

```
In [5]: genre_dict_2 = {}
for dict in range(0,len(genre_dict['genres'])):
    genre_dict_2[genre_dict['genres'][dict]['id']] = genre_dict['genres'][dict]['name']
```

Bringing in the data as Dataframes

```
In [6]: ratings_df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\murra\Documents\Flatiron_classwork\phase_1\ds_ratings.csv")
title_basics_df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\murra\Documents\Flatiron_classwork\phase_1\ds_title_basics.csv")
gross_income_df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\murra\Documents\Flatiron_classwork\phase_1\ds_gross_income.csv")
budgets_df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\murra\Documents\Flatiron_classwork\phase_1\ds_budgets.csv")
name_basics_df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\murra\Documents\Flatiron_classwork\phase_1\ds_name_basics.csv")
movie_info_df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\murra\Documents\Flatiron_classwork\phase_1\ds_movie_info.csv")
title_crew_df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\murra\Documents\Flatiron_classwork\phase_1\ds_title_crew.csv")
title_principals_df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\murra\Documents\Flatiron_classwork\phase_1\ds_title_principals.csv")
tmdb_movie_info_df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\murra\Documents\Flatiron_classwork\phase_1\ds_tmdb_movie_info.csv")
```

Combining the dataframes on columns that are the same

```
In [7]: ratings_basics = pd.merge(ratings_df, title_basics_df)
```

```
In [8]: basics_ratings_directors_df = pd.merge(ratings_basics, title_crew_df)
```

```
In [9]: movie_and_budget = pd.merge(budgets_df, tmdb_movie_info_df, left_on='movie_id', right_on='tmdb_id')
```

Deleting the dolar signs in the three columns of budget and revenue so we can make calculations with them later

```
In [10]: movie_and_budget[movie_and_budget.columns[3:6]] = movie_and_budget[movie_and_budget.columns[3:6]].str.replace('$', '')
```

Findind the profit by taking worldwide gross and subtracting produciton profit

```
In [11]: movie_and_budget['profit'] = movie_and_budget['worldwide_gross'] - movie_and_budget['production_costs']
```

Getting rid of any movie released before 2016 in the two release date columns

```
In [12]: movie_and_budget_last_5years = movie_and_budget[movie_and_budget['release_date_y']
          movie_and_budget['release_date_y'].str.contains('2017') |
          movie_and_budget['release_date_y'].str.contains('2018') |
          movie_and_budget['release_date_y'].str.contains('2019') |
          movie_and_budget['release_date_y'].str.contains('2020')]
```

```
In [13]: movie_and_budget_last_5years = movie_and_budget_last_5years[movie_and_budget_last_5years['release_date_x'].str.contains('2016') |
          movie_and_budget_last_5years['release_date_x'].str.contains('2017') |
          movie_and_budget_last_5years['release_date_x'].str.contains('2018') |
          movie_and_budget_last_5years['release_date_x'].str.contains('2019') |
          movie_and_budget_last_5years['release_date_x'].str.contains('2020')]
```

Dropping any duplicate movies

```
In [50]: movie_and_budget_last_5years = movie_and_budget_last_5years.drop_duplicates(subset=['release_date_x', 'release_date_y'])
```

Containing only english as original language as microsoft will be making a movie for the american market

```
In [51]: movie_and_budget_last_5years = movie_and_budget_last_5years[movie_and_budget_last_5years['original_language'] == 'en']
```

Changing the release_date_y column from string to date and pulling out the month into its own column

```
In [52]: movie_and_budget_last_5years['release_date_y'] = pd.to_datetime(movie_and_budget_last_5years['release_date_y'])
```

```
In [53]: movie_and_budget_last_5years['month'] = pd.to_datetime(movie_and_budget_last_5years['release_date_y']).dt.month
```

Splitting the genre_ids into their own columns for each one

```
In [44]: movie_and_budget_last_5years['genre_ids'] = movie_and_budget_last_5years['genre_ids'].str.split(',')
          movie_and_budget_last_5years = movie_and_budget_last_5years.explode('genre_ids')
```

```
In [46]: movie_and_budget_last_5years = movie_and_budget_last_5years.join(pd.DataFrame(movie_and_budget_last_5years['genre_ids'].str.split(',')
                                                                                          .explode().reset_index(drop=True)
                                                                                          .groupby('movie_id')
                                                                                          .agg(lambda x: x.unique())
                                                                                          .reset_index()
                                                                                          .rename(columns={'genre_ids': 'genre_ids'}))
                                     , on='movie_id', rsuffix='_split')
```

Changing the genre ids in their own columns to intergers instead of strings to match the dictionary we made at the beginning

```
In [47]: for y in range(0,7):
         movie_and_budget_last_5years['genre_'+str(y)] = pd.to_numeric(movie_and_budget
```

Mapping the dictionary from the beginning to give us the genres related to each number

```
In [55]: for y in range(0,7):
         movie_and_budget_last_5years['genre_'+str(y)] = movie_and_budget_last_5years[
```

Creating dataframes to graph and find the most profitable month to release a movie

```
In [76]: avg_profit = movie_and_budget_last_5years.groupby(['month']).mean().sort_values(b
median_profit = movie_and_budget_last_5years.groupby(['month']).median().sort_val
std_profit = movie_and_budget_last_5years.groupby(['month']).std().sort_values(by
```

giving each genre for a row its own row allowing us to get profit information for each genre

```
In [80]: split_by_genre = movie_and_budget_last_5years.melt(id_vars=['id_x', 'release_date',
        'domestic_gross', 'worldwide_gross', 'Unnamed: 0', 'genre_ids', 'id_y',
        'original_language', 'original_title', 'popularity', 'release_date_y',
        'title', 'vote_average', 'vote_count', 'profit', 'month'],
        var_name="gen_x",
        value_name="Genres")
```

```
In [68]: avg_profit_genre = split_by_genre.groupby(['Genres']).mean().sort_values(by=['pro
median_profit_genre = split_by_genre.groupby(['Genres']).median().sort_values(by=
std_profit_genre = split_by_genre.groupby(['Genres']).std().sort_values(by=['prof
```

Deleting any movie with less than 100 votes and before 2016

```
In [69]: ratings_basics.drop(ratings_basics[ratings_basics['numvotes'] < 100].index, inplace=True)
```

```
In [70]: ratings_basics.drop(ratings_basics[ratings_basics['start_year'] < 2016].index, inplace=True)
```

Breaking the genre column into its own columns

```
In [83]: genres = ratings_basics["genres"].str.split(",", expand = True)
```

```
In [85]: ratings_basics_genre = pd.concat([ratings_basics, genres], axis=1)
```

```
In [86]: ratings_basics_genre.rename(columns={0: "genre_0", 1: "genre_1", 2: "genre_2"}, inplace=True)
```

Creating a row for every genre in a row to create genre information

```
In [95]: ratings_basics_genre = ratings_basics_genre.melt(id_vars=['tconst', 'averagerating',
'original_title', 'start_year', 'runtime_minutes', 'genres'],
var_name="gen_x",
value_name="Genres_long")
```

```
In [96]: runtime_ratings = ratings_basics_genre.groupby(['runtime_minutes']).mean()
```

Getting rid of any movie with more than 350 minutes of runtime

```
In [97]: runtime_ratings.drop(runtime_ratings[runtime_ratings.index > 350].index, inplace=True)
```

```
In [90]: avg_rating_by_genre = ratings_basics_genre.groupby(['Genres_long']).mean().sort_values(
median_rating_by_genre = ratings_basics_genre.groupby(['Genres_long']).median().sort_values(
std_rating_by_genre = ratings_basics_genre.groupby(['Genres_long']).std().sort_values(

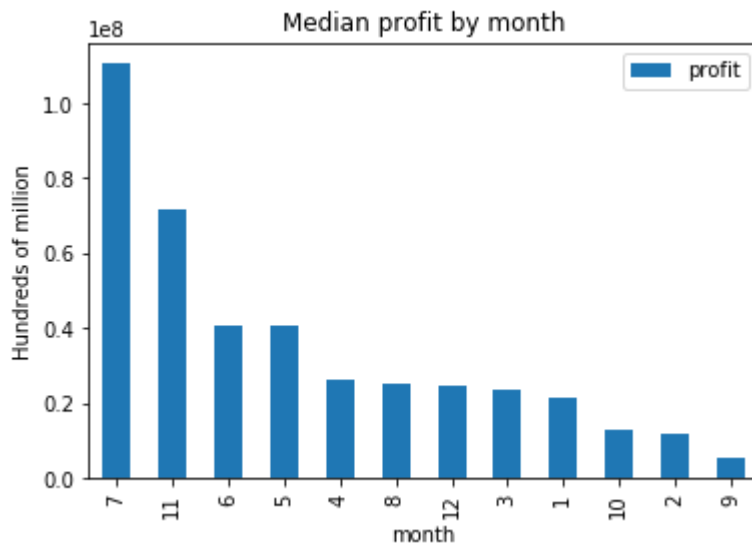
avg_numvotes_by_genre = ratings_basics_genre.groupby(['Genres_long']).mean().sort_values(
median_numvotes_by_genre = ratings_basics_genre.groupby(['Genres_long']).median().sort_values(
std_numvotes_by_genre = ratings_basics_genre.groupby(['Genres_long']).std().sort_values(
```

Creating graphs to see which month is the best to relase a movie based on profit

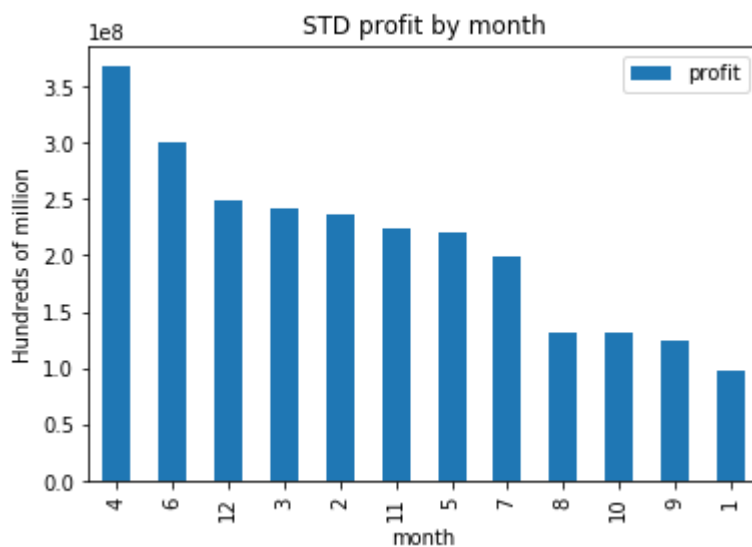
```
In [91]: avg_profit[['profit']].plot(kind='bar')
plt.title('Avg profit by month')
plt.ylabel('Hundreds of million');
```



```
In [92]: median_profit[['profit']].plot(kind='bar')
plt.title('Median profit by month')
plt.ylabel('Hundreds of million');
```

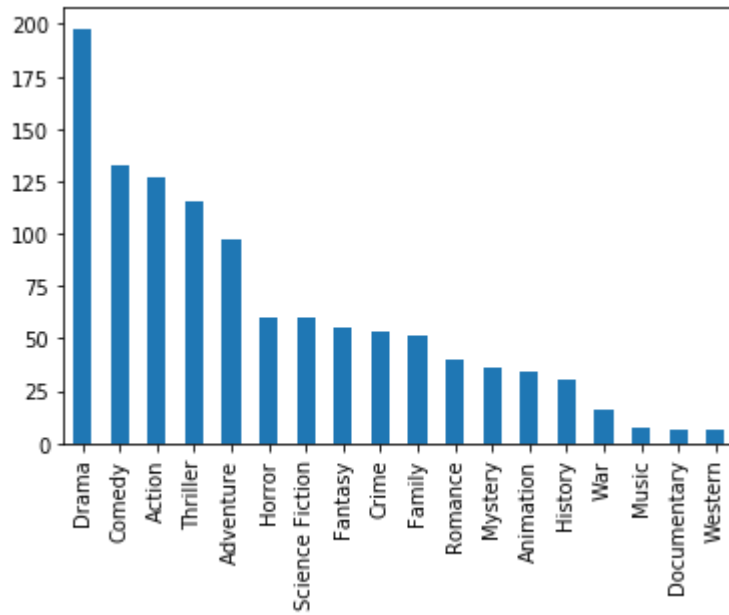


```
In [93]: std_profit[['profit']].plot(kind='bar')
plt.title('STD profit by month')
plt.ylabel('Hundreds of million');
```

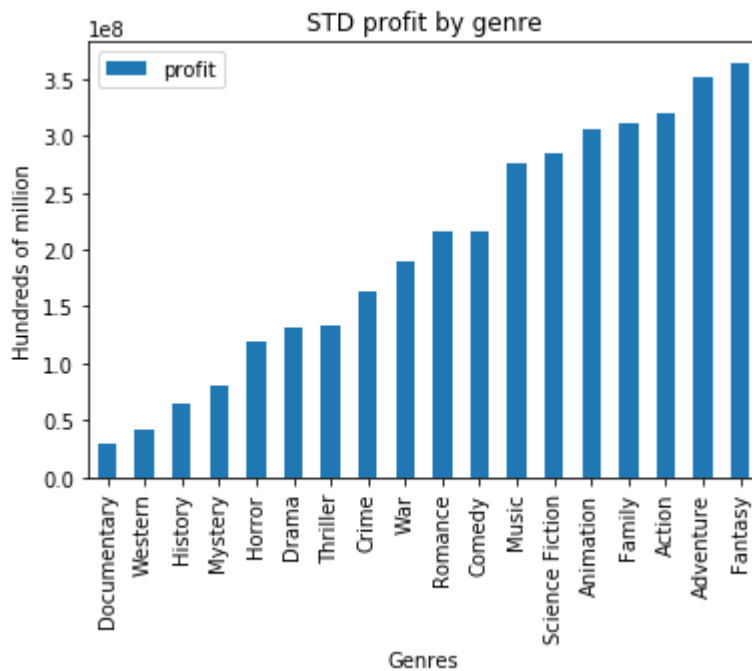


Creating graphs to see the genre that makes the most money and how many movies of each genre were made

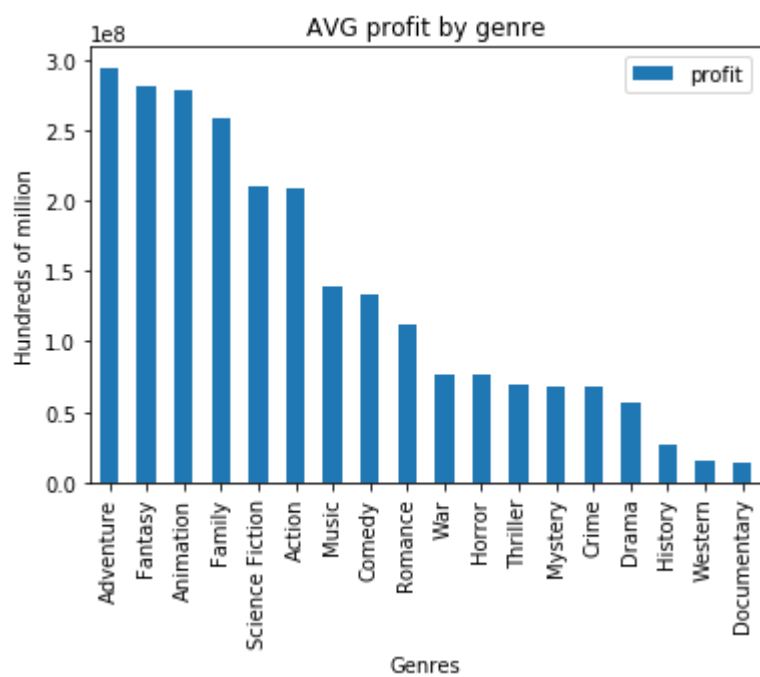
```
In [94]: movie_and_budget_last_5years[['genre_0', 'genre_1', 'genre_2', 'genre_3']].apply(pd
```



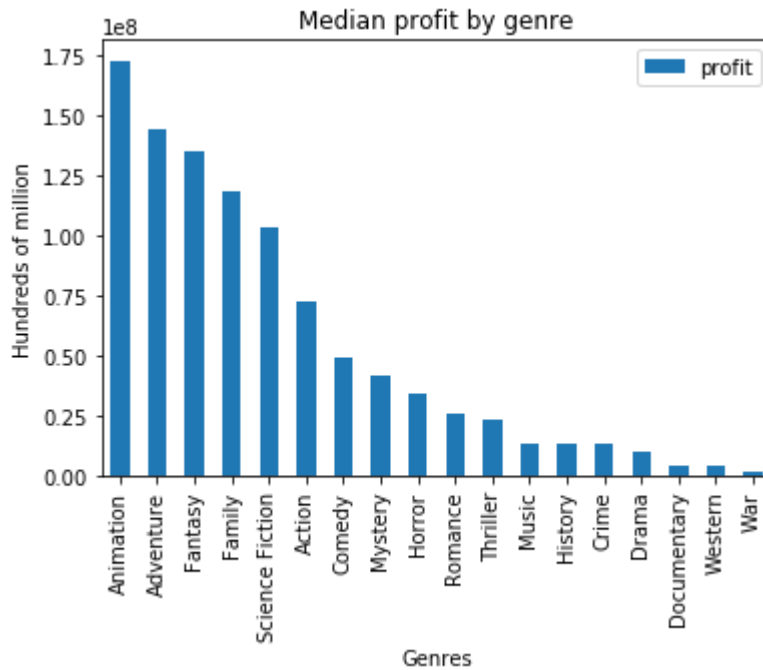
```
In [203]: std_profit_genre[['profit']].plot(kind='bar')
plt.title('STD profit by genre')
plt.ylabel('Hundreds of million');
```



```
In [196]: avg_profit_genre[['profit']].plot(kind='bar')  
plt.title('AVG profit by genre')  
plt.ylabel('Hundreds of million');
```

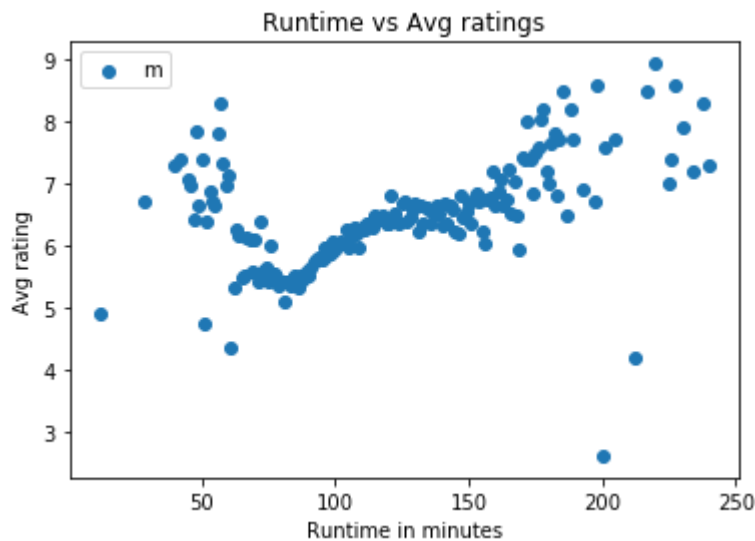



```
In [197]: median_profit_genre[['profit']].plot(kind='bar')
plt.title('Median profit by genre')
plt.ylabel('Hundreds of million');
```

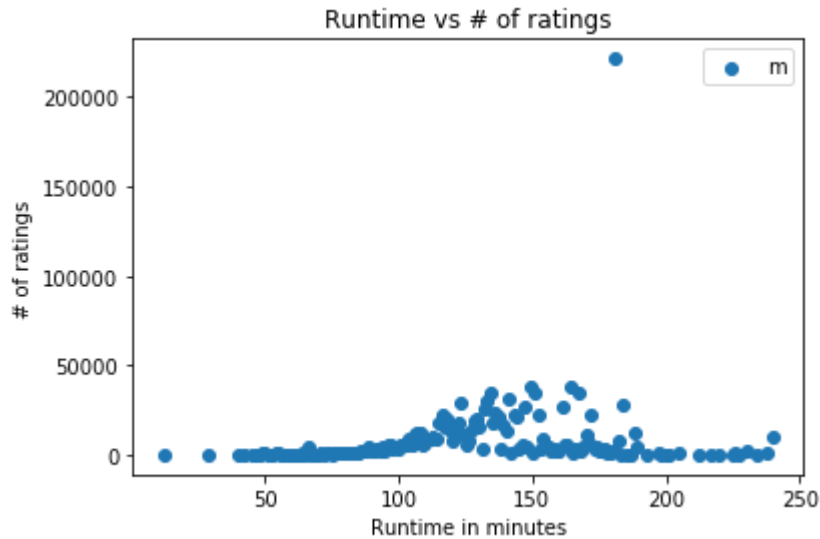


Graph of runtime against ratings

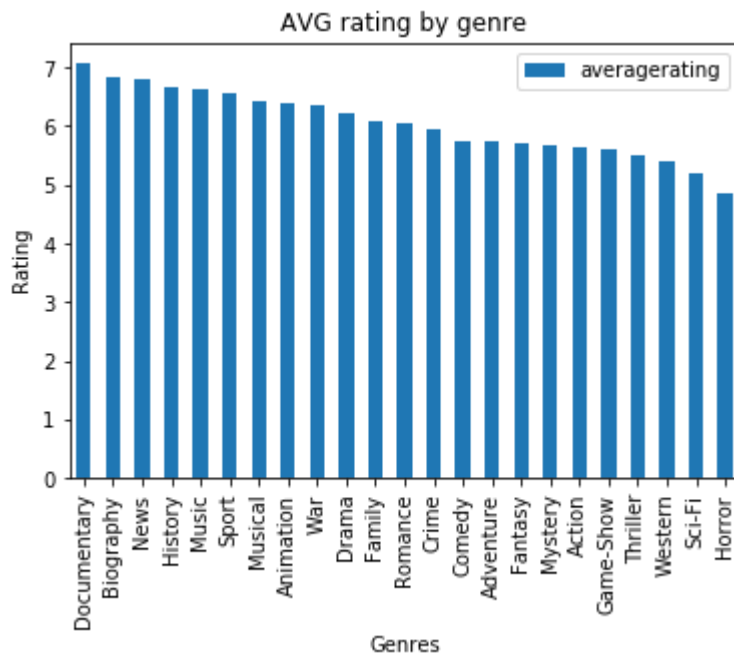
```
In [101]: plt.scatter(runtime_ratings.index, runtime_ratings['averagerating']);
plt.title('Runtime vs Avg ratings')
plt.xlabel('Runtime in minutes')
plt.ylabel('Avg rating')
plt.legend('movie');
```



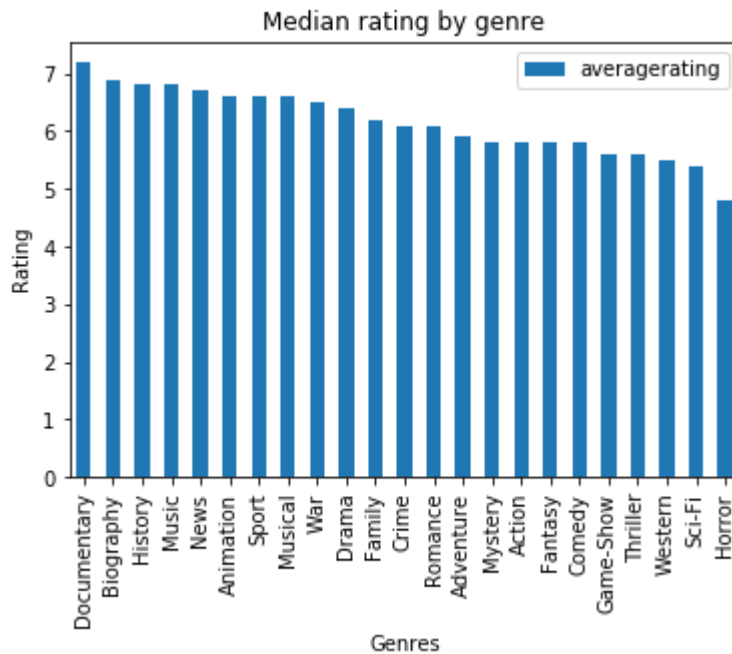
```
In [102]: plt.scatter(runtime_ratings.index, runtime_ratings['numvotes'])
plt.title('Runtime vs # of ratings')
plt.xlabel('Runtime in minutes')
plt.ylabel('# of ratings')
plt.legend('movie');
```



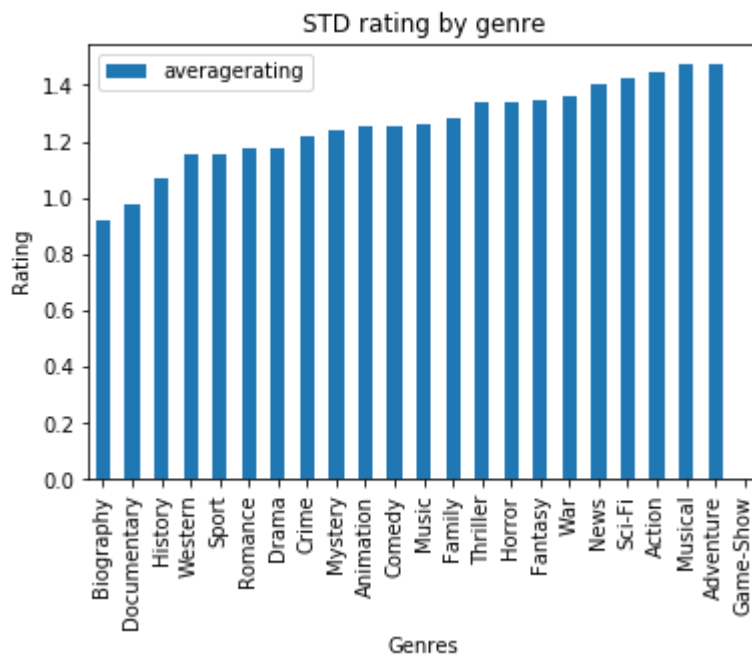
```
In [103]: avg_rating_by_genre[['averagerating']].plot(kind='bar')
plt.title('AVG rating by genre')
plt.ylabel(' Rating ')
plt.xlabel('Genres');
```



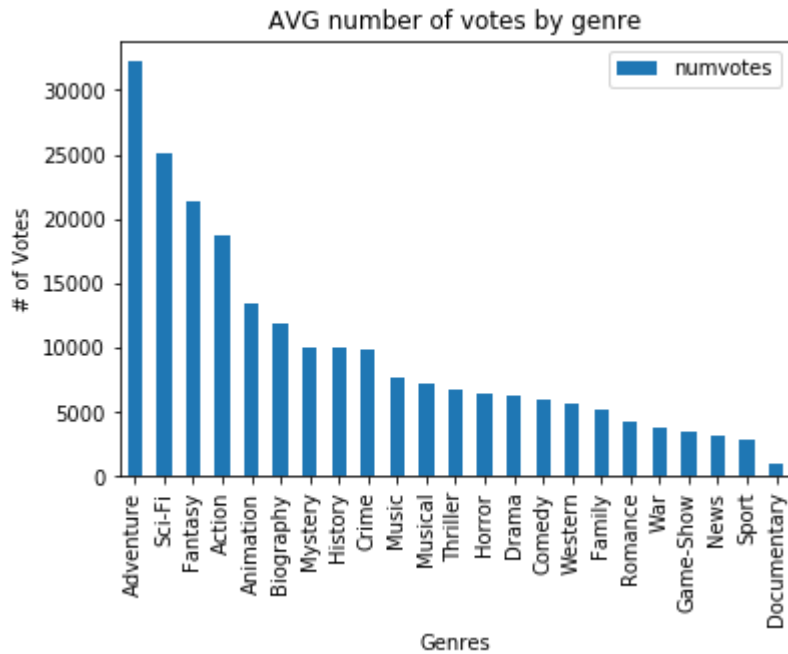
```
In [104]: median_rating_by_genre[['averagerating']].plot(kind='bar')
plt.title('Median rating by genre')
plt.ylabel(' Rating ')
plt.xlabel('Genres');
```



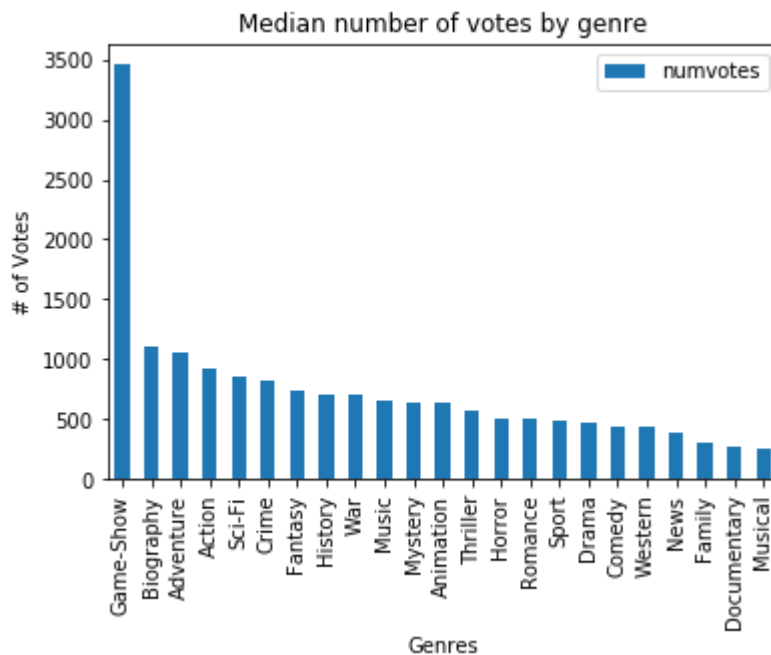
```
In [105]: std_rating_by_genre[['averagerating']].plot(kind='bar')
plt.title('STD rating by genre')
plt.ylabel(' Rating ')
plt.xlabel('Genres');
```



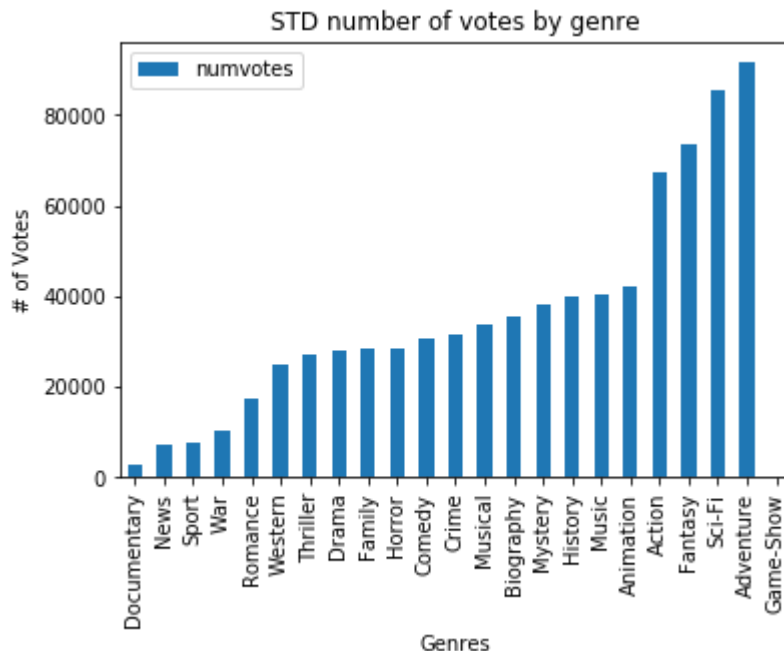
```
In [106]: avg_numvotes_by_genre[['numvotes']].plot(kind='bar')
plt.title('AVG number of votes by genre')
plt.ylabel('# of Votes')
plt.xlabel('Genres');
```



```
In [107]: median_numvotes_by_genre[['numvotes']].plot(kind='bar')
plt.title('Median number of votes by genre')
plt.ylabel('# of Votes')
plt.xlabel('Genres');
```



```
In [108]: std_numvotes_by_genre[['numvotes']].plot(kind='bar')
plt.title('STD number of votes by genre')
plt.ylabel('# of Votes')
plt.xlabel('Genres');
```



Getting data for July since it is the most profitable with a lower STD

```
In [109]: months = movie_and_budget_last_5years.groupby(['month'])
```

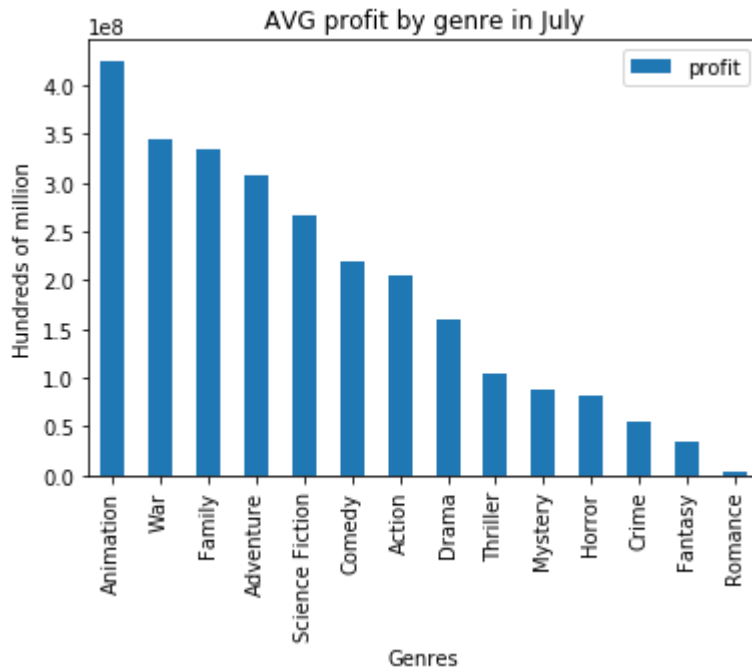
```
In [110]: July = months.get_group(7)
```

```
In [111]: July_genre_count = July[['genre_0', 'genre_1', 'genre_2', 'genre_3']].apply(pd.Series)
```

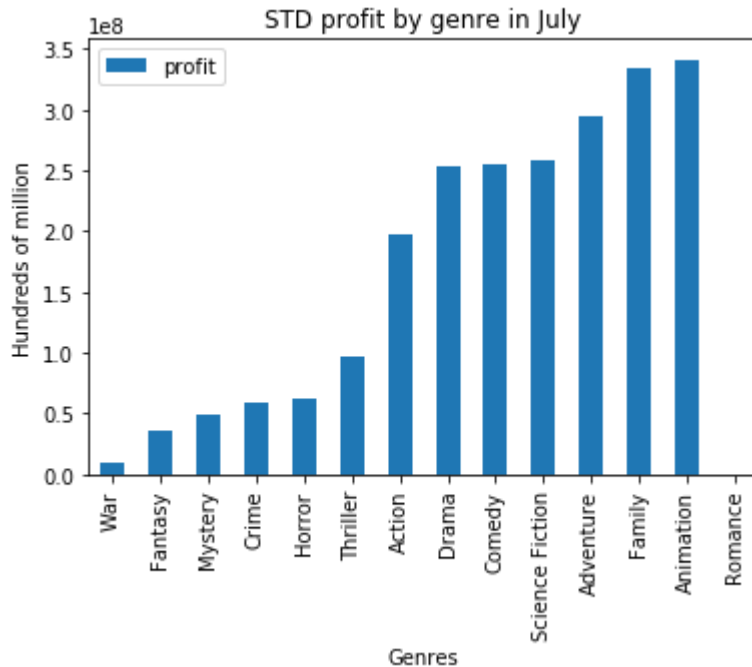
```
In [112]: July_split_by_genre = July.melt(id_vars=['id_x', 'release_date_x', 'movie', 'prod',
'domestic_gross', 'worldwide_gross', 'Unnamed: 0', 'genre_ids', 'id_y',
'original_language', 'original_title', 'popularity', 'release_date_y',
'title', 'vote_average', 'vote_count', 'profit', 'month'],
var_name="gen_x",
value_name="Genres")
```

```
In [113]: July_avg_profit_genre = July_split_by_genre.groupby(['Genres']).mean().sort_value
July_median_profit_genre = July_split_by_genre.groupby(['Genres']).median().sort_
July_std_profit_genre = July_split_by_genre.groupby(['Genres']).std().sort_values
```

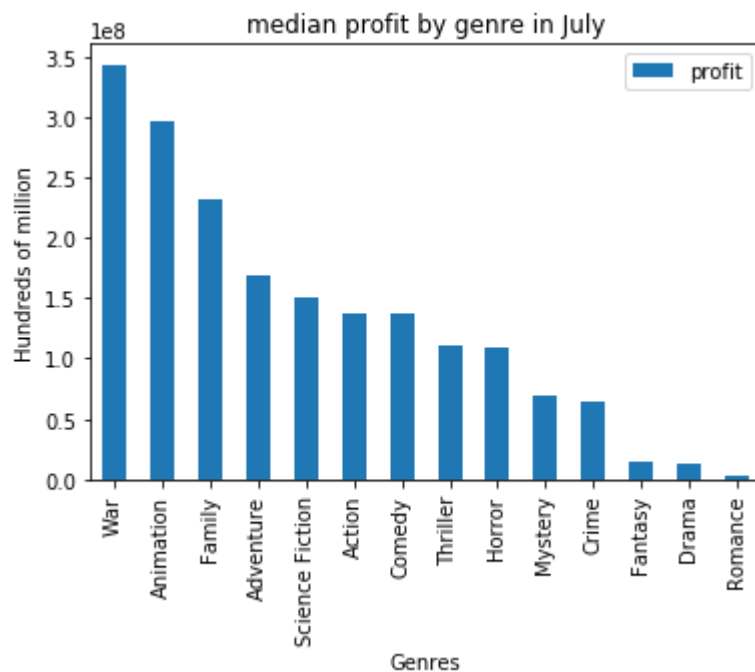
```
In [115]: July_avg_profit_genre[['profit']].plot(kind='bar')
plt.title('AVG profit by genre in July')
plt.ylabel('Hundreds of million');
```



```
In [116]: July_std_profit_genre[['profit']].plot(kind='bar')
plt.title('STD profit by genre in July')
plt.ylabel('Hundreds of million');
```



```
In [117]: July_median_profit_genre[['profit']].plot(kind='bar')  
plt.title('median profit by genre in July')  
plt.ylabel('Hundreds of million');
```



```
In [ ]:
```