

# **Backend Path**

# **Learning Resources**

- Golang Tutorial: Go Full Course
- Golang Doc

# 1. Project Setup and Basic Structure

## 1.1 Project Initialization

- Set up a Go module with proper package structure
- Implement dependency management using Go modules
- Create a configuration system using environment variables
- Set up a logging framework (e.g., zerolog, zap, or slog)
- Implement graceful shutdown handling

### 1.2 Database Design and Setup

- Design database schema with proper relationships and indices
- Implement database migrations system

Table Name	Columns
users	id, username, email, password_hash, role, created_at, updated_at
transactions	id, from_user_id, to_user_id, amount, type, status, created_at
balances	user_id, amount, last_updated_at

Table Name	Columns
audit_logs	id, entity_type, entity_id, action, details, created_at

## 2. Core Implementation

#### 2.1 Domain Models and Interfaces

- Implement domain models using Go structs:
  - User struct with methods for validation
  - Transaction struct with state management
  - Balance struct with thread-safe operations
- Define interfaces for services and repositories
- Implement JSON marshaling/unmarshaling for all models

## 2.2 Concurrent Processing System

- Create a worker pool for processing transactions
- Implement a transaction queue using channels
- Use sync.RWMutex for thread-safe balance updates
- Implement atomic counters for transaction statistics
- Create a concurrent task processor for batch operations

#### 2.3 Core Services

#### • UserService:

- User registration with password hashing
- User authentication
- Role-based authorization

#### • TransactionService:

- Credit/debit operations
- o Transfer between accounts
- o Transaction rollback mechanism

#### • BalanceService:

- o Thread-safe balance updates
- Historical balance tracking
- Balance calculation optimization

## 3. API Implementation

### 3.1 HTTP Server Setup

- Implement a custom router with middleware support
- Set up CORS and security headers
- Implement rate limiting
- Add request logging and tracking

## 3.2 API Endpoints

#### • Authentication Endpoints:

- POST /api/v1/auth/register
- ∘ POST /api/v1/auth/login
- POST /api/v1/auth/refresh

#### • User Management Endpoints:

- o GET /api/v1/users
- GET /api/v1/users/{id}
- o PUT /api/v1/users/{id}
- o DELETE /api/v1/users/{id}

#### • Transaction Endpoints:

- POST /api/v1/transactions/credit
- POST /api/v1/transactions/debit
- POST /api/v1/transactions/transfer
- ∘ GET /api/v1/transactions/history
- o GET /api/v1/transactions/{id}

#### • Balance Endpoints:

- ∘ GET /api/v1/balances/current
- ∘ GET /api/v1/balances/historical
- ∘ GET /api/v1/balances/at-time

## 3.3 Middleware Implementation

- Authentication middleware
- Role-based authorization middleware
- Request validation middleware
- Error handling middleware
- Performance monitoring middleware

## 4. Deployment and DevOps

### 4.1 Docker Setup

- Create multi-stage Dockerfile
- Implement docker-compose with:
  - Application service
  - o Database service
  - Redis for caching
  - Monitoring services

## 4.2 Monitoring and Observability

- Implement Prometheus metrics
- Set up Grafana dashboards
- Add distributed tracing
- Implement structured logging

## 5. Extra Features

#### • Implement Event Sourcing:

- Store all state changes as events
- o Rebuild state from event stream
- Implement event replay functionality

#### • Add Caching Layer:

- Implement Redis caching
- Cache invalidation strategies
- Cache warm-up mechanisms

#### • Implement Advanced Features:

- Scheduled transactions
- Batch transaction processing
- o Transaction limits and rules
- Multi-currency support

#### High Availability Setup:

- Database replication
- Load balancing
- Circuit breaker implementation
- o Fallback mechanisms

# 6: Dockerize

- Dockerize your project after watching the tutorial.
- You need to create Dockerfile for your project.
- Your need to use docker-compose.