


Practicum Case	
COMP6579 COMP6579001 Big Data Processing	
Computer Science	E201-COMP6579-DD01-09
<i>Valid on Even Semester Year 2019/2020</i>	Revision 00

Learning Outcomes

- LO3 – demonstrate big data analytics and visualizations

Topic

- Session 09 – Classification

Subtopics

- Data Exploration using Spark
- Handling Missing Value in Spark
- Classification using Spark

Soal*Case***Bluejek Hospital**

Bluejek Hospital is a hospital located in Jakarta which is known for its psychology. As more and more people coming every day to **Bluejek Hospital**, the hospital found out that most people who come consulted about depression. As a way to improve their performance, they intended to create a **predictive model** that will **classify whether a person is likely to be depressed or not depressed**.

You will be given **Classification_Train.csv** and **Classification_Test.csv** and here is the description of the columns:

Column Name	Description
Name	The person's name.
Gender	The person's gender (Male, Female).
Height	The person's height in cm.
Education Level	The person's level of education (Low, Intermediate, High).
Eye Color	The person's eye color (Blue, Black, Brown, Gray).
Married	Whether the person is married or not (No, Yes).
Salary Income	The person's income per year.
Depressed	Whether the person is depressed or not (No, Yes).

Figure 1. Classification_Train.csv and Classification_Test.csv

Below are the steps you are required to do to generate the model:

1. Load Data

Given the file "**Classification_Train.csv**" and "**Classification_Test.csv**", you are asked to load the data using **SparkSession**.

2. Select Features

After you load the data, you need to **select important features** that will be used for training. Pick **three important features**.

3. Data Preprocessing

In this step, please remove any **missing values** in the data.

4. **Transform Data**

In this step, transform the raw data so that it is suitable for training. For example, **recode** the 'Married' column value to be either 0 or 1.

5. **Normalization**

After data preprocessing, you are required to **normalize** the data. Use the **StandardScaler** package to normalize the data.

6. **Generate Model**

Next, you are required to **generate** a **model** from the data. Use the **LogisticRegression** package to generate the model with '10' as the max iteration.

7. **Model Testing and Evaluation**

After the model is generated, you can **test** the model to predict whether the person chance of depression. Use **BinaryClassificationEvaluator** package to print the accuracy of your model. Get the **model** with **minimum accuracy 85% or higher**.

Please ask your teaching assistant if there are any related questions.