

# Country GDP Vs. Country Mortality Rates

By: Jeff Willer, Melissa Halik, Iggy Sto Domingo

# Background

- What is Gross Domestic Product (GDP)?
  - Used to gauge the health of the economy in countries
  - Represents the total dollar value of all of the goods and services produced in a certain time period.
- What is the Mortality Rate?
  - $$\frac{\text{Deaths occurring during a given time period}}{\text{Size of the population among which the deaths occurred}} \times 10^n$$

# Variables Used

- The variables that were used throughout our regression analysis:
  - Mortality/Death Rate
  - Country's GDP, per capita
  - Population
  - Literacy Rates
  - Climate

# Purpose & Hypothesis

- Main goals:
  - See whether or not there is a correlation between a country's GDP and the country's mortality rate.
- Hypothesis:
  - $H_0: B_1 = 0$
  - $H_1: B_1 \neq 0$

# Raw Data (from kaggle.com)

	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T		
1	Region	Population	Area (sq. mi.)	Pop. Density (per sq. mi.)	Coastline (coast/area ratio)	Net migration	Infant mortality (per 1000 births)	GDP (\$ per capita)	Literacy (%)	Phones (per 1000)	Arable (%)	Crops (%)	Other (%)	Climate	Birthrate	Deathrate	Agriculture	Industry	Service		
2	ASIA (EX. NEAR EAST)	31056997	647500	48		0	23.06	163.07	700	36	3.2	12.13	0.22	87.65	1	46.6	20.34	0.38	0.24	0.38	
3	EASTERN EUROPE	3581655	28748	124.6		1.26	-4.93	21.52	4500	86.5	71.2	21.09	4.42	74.49	3	15.11	5.22	0.232	0.188	0.579	
4	NORTHERN AFRICA	32930091	2381740	13.8		0.04	-0.39	31	6000	70	78.1	3.22	0.25	96.53	1	17.14	4.61	0.101	0.6	0.298	
5	OCEANIA	57794	199	290.4		58.29	-20.71	9.27	8000	97	259.5	10	15	75	2	22.46	3.27	0	0	0	
6	WESTERN EUROPE	71201	468	152.1		0	6.6	4.05	19000	100	497.2	2.22	0	97.78	3	8.71	6.25	0	0	0	
7	SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA	12127071	1246700	9.7		0.13	0	191.19	1900	42	7.8	2.41	0.24	97.35	0	45.11	24.2	0.096	0.658	0.246	
8	LATIN AMER. & CARIB	13477	102	132.1		59.8	10.76	21.03	8600	95	460	0	0	100	2	14.17	5.34	0.04	0.18	0.78	
9	LATIN AMER. & CARIB	69108	443	156		34.54	-6.15	19.46	11000	89	549.9	18.18	4.55	77.27	2	16.93	5.37	0.038	0.22	0.743	
10	LATIN AMER. & CARIB	39921833	2766890	14.4		0.18	0.61	15.18	11200	97.1	220.4	12.31	0.48	87.21	3	16.73	7.55	0.095	0.358	0.547	
11	C.W. OF IND. STATES	2976372	29800	99.9		0	-6.47	23.28	3500	98.6	195.7	17.55	2.3	80.15	4	12.07	8.23	0.239	0.343	0.418	
12	LATIN AMER. & CARIB	71891	193	372.5		35.49	0	5.89	28000	97	516.1	10.53	0	89.47	2	11.03	6.68	0.004	0.333	0.663	
13	OCEANIA	20264082	7686850	2.6		0.34	3.98	4.69	29000	100	565.5	6.55	0.04	93.41	1	12.14	7.51	0.038	0.262	0.7	
14	WESTERN EUROPE	8192880	83870	97.7		0	2	4.66	30000	98	452.2	16.91	0.86	82.23	3	8.74	9.76	0.018	0.304	0.678	
15	C.W. OF IND. STATES	7961619	86600	91.9		0	-4.9	81.74	3400	97	137.1	19.63	2.71	77.66	1	20.74	9.75	0.141	0.457	0.402	
16	LATIN AMER. & CARIB	303770	13940	21.8		25.41	-2.2	25.21	16700	95.6	460.6	0.8	0.4	98.8	2	17.57	9.05	0.03	0.07	0.9	
17	NEAR EAST	698585	665	1050.5		24.21	1.05	17.27	16900	89.1	281.3	2.82	5.63	91.55	1	17.8	4.14	0.005	0.387	0.608	
18	ASIA (EX. NEAR EAST)	147365352	144000	1023.4		0.4	-0.71	62.6	1900	43.1	7.3	62.11	3.07	34.82	2	29.8	8.27	0.199	0.198	0.603	
19	LATIN AMER. & CARIB	279912	431	649.5		22.51	-0.31	12.5	15700	97.4	481.9	37.21	2.33	60.46	2	12.71	8.67	0.06	0.16	0.78	
20	C.W. OF IND. STATES	10293011	207600	49.6		0	2.54	13.37	6100	99.6	319.1	29.55	0.6	69.85	4	11.16	14.02	0.093	0.316	0.591	
21	WESTERN EUROPE	10379067	30528	340		0.22	1.23	4.68	29100	98	462.6	23.28	0.4	76.32	3	10.38	10.27	0.01	0.24	0.749	
22	LATIN AMER. & CARIB	287730	22966	12.5		1.68	0	25.69	4900	94.1	115.7	2.85	1.71	95.44	2	28.84	5.72	0.142	0.152	0.612	
23	SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA	7862944	112620	69.8		0.11	0	85	1100	40.9	9.7	18.08	2.4	79.52	2	38.85	12.22	0.316	0.138	0.546	
24	NORTHERN AMERICA	65773	53	1241		194.34	2.49	8.53	36000	98	851.4	20	0	80	2	11.4	7.74	0.01	0.1	0.89	
25	ASIA (EX. NEAR EAST)	2279723	47000	48.5		0	0	100.44	1300	42.2	14.3	3.09	0.43	96.48	2	33.65	12.7	0.258	0.379	0.363	
26	LATIN AMER. & CARIB	8989046	1098580	8.2		0	-1.32	53.11	2400	87.2	71.9	2.67	0.19	97.14	1.5	23.3	7.53	0.128	0.352	0.52	
27	EASTERN EUROPE	4498976	51129	88		0.04	0.31	21.05	6100	0	215.4	13.6	2.96	83.44	4	8.77	8.27	0.142	0.308	0.55	
28	SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA	1639833	600370	2.7		0	0	54.58	9000	79.8	80.5	0.65	0.01	99.34	1	23.08	29.5	0.024	0.469	0.507	
29	LATIN AMER. & CARIB	188078227	8511965	22.1		0.09	-0.03	29.61	7600	86.4	225.3	6.96	0.9	92.15	2	16.56	6.17	0.084	0.4	0.516	
30	LATIN AMER. & CARIB	23098	153	151		52.29	10.01	18.05	16000	97.8	506.5	20	6.67	73.33	2	14.89	4.42	0.018	0.062	0.92	
31	ASIA (EX. NEAR EAST)	379444	5770	65.8		2.79	3.59	12.61	18600	93.9	237.2	0.57	0.76	98.67	2	18.79	3.45	0.036	0.561	0.403	
32	EASTERN EUROPE	7385367	110910	66.6		0.32	-4.58	20.55	7600	98.6	336.3	40.02	1.92	58.06	3	9.65	14.27	0.093	0.304	0.603	
33	SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA	13902972	274200	50.7		0	0	97.57	1100	26.6	7	14.43	0.19	85.38	2	45.62	15.6	0.322	0.196	0.482	
34	ASIA (EX. NEAR EAST)	47382633	678500	69.8		0.28	-1.8	67.24	1800	85.3	10.1	15.19	0.97	83.84	2	17.91	9.83	0.564	0.082	0.353	
35	Regression	GDP v Deathrate																			

# Multiple Regression Analysis

Look at p-value, if positive and  $< \alpha$ , then it is significant.  $\alpha = 0.05$

Rsquare suggests that a linear relationship is present.

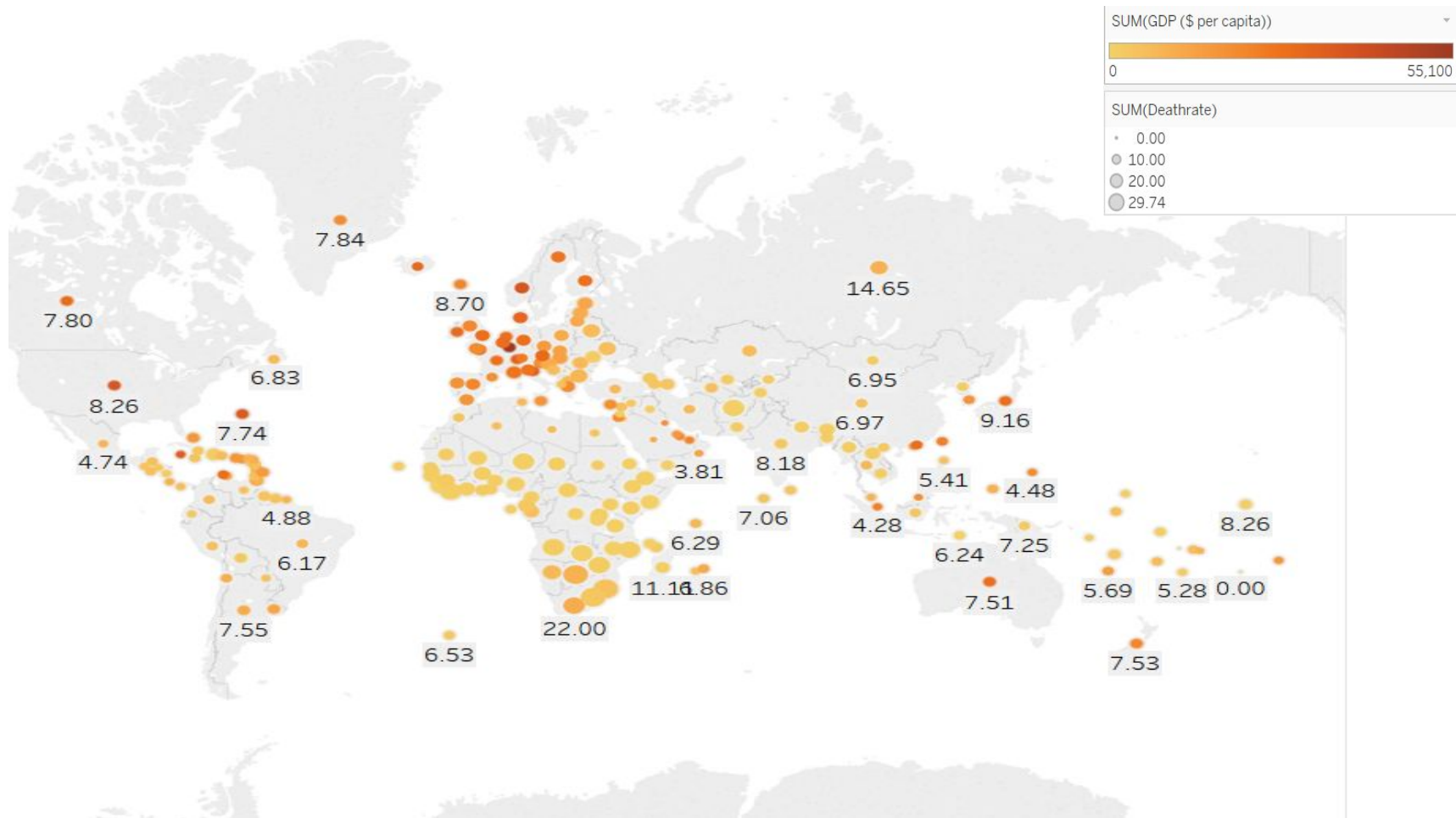
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
1	SUMMARY OUTPUT								
2									
3	Regression Statistics								
4	Multiple R	0.765762							
5	R Square	0.586391							
6	Adjusted R Square	0.559077							
7	Standard Error	3.38224							
8	Observations	227							
9									
10	ANOVA								
11		df	SS	MS	F	Significance F			
12	Regression	14	3438.286927	245.5919234	21.46867913	2.31E-33			
13	Residual	212	2425.183564	11.43954511					
14	Total	226	5863.470491						
15									
16		Coefficients	Standard Error	t Stat	P-value	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	Lower 95.0%	Upper 95.0%
17	Intercept	3.122069	2.792388594	1.118063889	0.264805066	-2.382335051	8.626472752	-2.382335051	8.626472752
18	Population	-5.2E-09	2.26169E-09	-2.298603335	0.022502042	-9.65703E-09	-7.40448E-10	-9.65703E-09	-7.40448E-10
19	Area (sq. mi.)	2.63E-07	1.50948E-07	1.741623282	0.083024858	-3.46568E-08	5.60447E-07	-3.46568E-08	5.60447E-07
20	Pop. Density (per sq. mi.)	7.4E-05	0.000148931	0.496989287	0.619711603	-0.000219558	0.000367592	-0.000219558	0.000367592
21	Coastline (coast/area ratio)	-0.001345	0.003567319	-0.37697124	0.70657204	-0.008376736	0.005687183	-0.008376736	0.005687183
22	Net migration	-0.085409	0.055514125	-1.538517402	0.125413354	-0.194839835	0.02402094	-0.194839835	0.02402094
23	Infant mortality (per 1000 births)	0.157845	0.01287187	12.26277795	1.76674E-26	0.132471638	0.183218137	0.132471638	0.183218137
24	GDP (\$ per capita)	0.000107	4.52317E-05	2.372925106	0.018541694	1.81699E-05	0.000196493	1.81699E-05	0.000196493
25	Literacy (%)	0.000604	0.008906612	0.067857638	0.945962917	-0.016952483	0.018161246	-0.016952483	0.018161246
26	Phones (per 1000)	0.00216	0.002052478	1.052299954	0.293859889	-0.001886057	0.006205703	-0.001886057	0.006205703
27	Arable (%)	0.043777	0.030819781	1.420428954	0.156951857	-0.016975167	0.104529785	-0.016975167	0.104529785
28	Crops (%)	-0.055015	0.040608812	-1.354748076	0.176939783	-0.135063492	0.025034071	-0.135063492	0.025034071
29	Other (%)	-0.002928	0.025448367	-0.115069243	0.908499152	-0.053092579	0.04723593	-0.053092579	0.04723593
30	Climate	0.642853	0.262207901	2.45169041	0.015027664	0.125983921	1.159721272	0.125983921	1.159721272
31	Birthrate	-0.115265	0.041860583	-2.753555669	0.006406928	-0.19778174	-0.032749152	-0.19778174	-0.032749152

# Multiple Regression Analysis

Test to see if there is a significant relationship between the dependent variable (Mortality Rate) to any of the independent variables (more specifically GDP).

Condition:

$P\text{-value} < \alpha$ , reject null hypothesis.





# Correlations

United States currently has an average GDP of \$37,800 and a mortality rate of 8.26 (per 1,000 people) as of 2017.

The highest mortality rate is 29.74 (per 1,000 people) with a GDP of \$4,900 in the african country of Swaziland

The lowest mortality rate is 2.41 (per 1,000 people) with a GDP of \$2,200 in Kuwait

22 countries have a GDP under \$1,000 and of those 22 countries 11 have mortality rates 15.00 (per 1,000 people) or more

Luxembourg has the highest GDP at 55,100 and a mortality rate of 8.41 (per 1,000 people)

# Results

Based on a linear regression model by conducting a significance test, there is sufficient evidence to suggest to reject the null hypothesis.

By rejecting the null hypothesis, we accept the alternative hypothesis that suggest that a linear relationship exists.

GDP, Population, Climate, and Birth Rate are all significant variables that most influence the Mortality Rates for countries.

# Recommendations

In order to decrease mortality rates, we recommend a country should boost their economy by producing more goods and services domestically.

Questions?