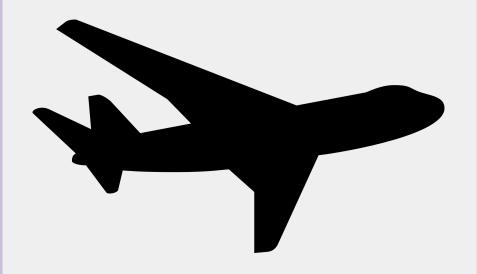
Flight Insights from AviationStack Data

ETL Pipeline
Development
with
AviationStack
API





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Project Goals

- Design a Python-based ETL pipeline that automates flight data collection and is adaptable for both personal and business travel insights.
- Design interactive a dashboards for exploring flight data across time, location, and airline
- Showcase pipeline's utility through practical analytical use cases

README

Project Overview

This is a Python-based ETL pipeline that extracts real-time and historical flight data from the AviationStack API (Paid Plan), stores it in a SQL database, and visualizes key travel insights in Streamlit dashboard. The system is designed to support both personal travel planning and business-level operational insights through analysis of flight delays, airline performance, and airport activity.

Tools Used

Python SQL Streamlit AviationStack API

Key Features

- Query Flights by Date(s) and Airport(s) Supports querying by date/date range, departure, and/or arrival airports, and airlines.
- Historical Data Collection

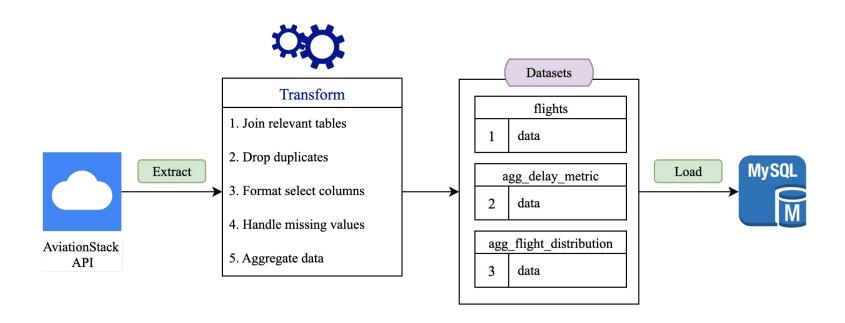
Note: AviationStack only provides access to historical flight data from the past 3 months. For long-term insights, the pipeline must run periodically (e.g., daily or weekly) to build a historical dataset.

- Visual Insights with Streamlit Dashboards
 - > View flight delays and on-time performance
 - > Explore trends by airline, airport, and time

Want a Deeper Dive?

Check out my Github repo

Schematic of ETL Pipeline



Customizable Parameters

Data Retrieval

Parameters	Definition	
access_key	AviationStack API Key	
start_date	Start date in 'YYYY-MM-DD' format	
end_date	End date in 'YYYY-MM-DD' format	
dep_code_list	IATA code(s) of departure airport (e.g., SFO) (optional)	
arr_code_list	IATA code(s) of arrival airport (o <i>ptional</i>)	
airline_code_list	List of airline IATA codes (optional)	

While dep_iata_code and arr_iata_code are optional parameters, at least one of them must be provided to successfully retrieve data.

MySQL Database Connection

Parameters	Definition	
username	MySQL username	
database_password	Database password	
hostname	Hostname or IP address	
port	Port number	
database_name	Name of database to store the data	

Optional Parameters

Parameters	Definition	
create_database	Set to True (<i>default</i>) to create a new database or False to use an existing one	
if_exists	Choose "append" to add new data to existing table, or "replace" to overwrite the table with new data.	
version_tag	Optional tag or suffix to distinguish tables	



USE CASE 1: Delta Airline Monthly Performance

- 1. Objective
- 2. Dashboard Overview
- 3. June Report Results
- Conclusions and Recommendations

Objective

Provide data-driven insights into Delta's flight performance using an interactive dashboard and recommend strategies to improve its performance.

Approach

♦ Data Sources: Historical flight performance data including delay metrics, airports, routes, airlines, and time-of-day patterns. For this section, I will focus on Delta flights departing from 12 of U.S. busiest airports for the month of June (size of data: 194,237). United Airlines and American Airlines will be included as benchmark performance comparison.

Pipeline Parameters:

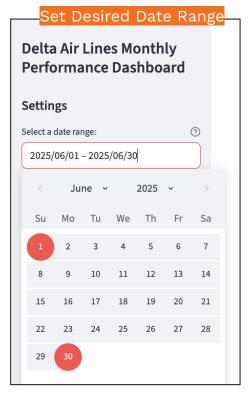
- dep_iata_code = ['ATL', 'DFW', 'DEN', 'ORD', 'LAX', 'CLT', 'MCO', 'LAS',
 'MIA', 'PHX', "JFK", "SFO"]
- start_date = "2025-06-01"
- end_date = "2025-06-30"
- airline_code_list = ["DL", "UA", "AA"]

❖ Analysis:

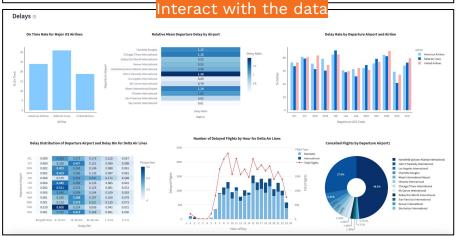
- 1. Departure punctuality (% on-time)
- 2. Delay trends
- 3. Cancellations
- 4. Flight volume patterns

Dashboard Preview

1 of 2

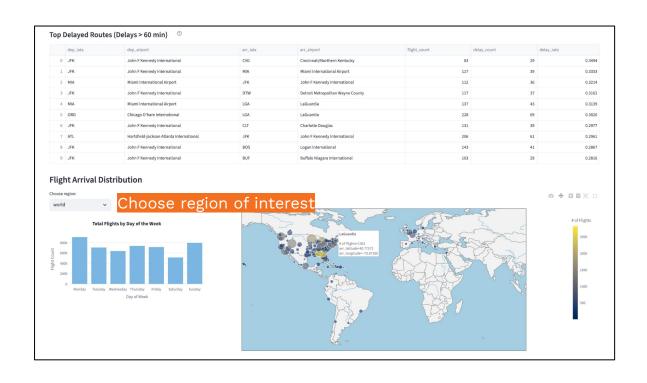






Dashboard Preview

2 of 2



Delta's Key Metrics Dropped on Week 3

Overview of Key Metrics

Drop in Week 3 performance likely due to Juneteenth holiday, and spike in cancellation flights Week 4 is likely due to Atlanta storms.

	Total Flights	Cancelled Flights	On Time Rate
Week 1 (6/2 - 6/8)	12691	110	38.49%
Week 2	12736	61	27.25%
(6/9 - 6/15)	▲ 0.35%	▼ 44.55%	▼ 29.20%
Week 3	9518	134	23.13%
(6/16 - 6/22)	▼ 25.27%	▲ 119.67%	▼ 15.12%
Week 4	12660	469	30.20% ▲ 30.57%
(6/23 - 6/29)	▲ 33.01%	▲ 250.0%	

Table 1. Summary of Key Metrics: Key metrics for evaluating Delta's June 2025 performance include total flights, cancellations, and on-time rates.

Severe storms in Atlanta were Likely the Primary Driver of Delta's Spike in Flight Cancellations During Week 4

Week 4 flight cancellations from Atlanta **exceeded** the total Atlanta-related cancellations from all prior weeks combined.

June 23 - June 29



Delta Has Better Relative Performance but Experiences More Delays at JFK

Delta experiences the highest departure delays from John F Kennedy Airport.



Figure 1. Relative Mean Departure Delay by Airport: The relative mean departure delay is calculated as the mean delay at each airport divided by the overall mean delay across all airports. A value greater than 1 indicates that the airport experiences above-average delays, while a value less than 1 indicates below-average delays.

On Time: < 15 min departure time

Compared to American and United, Delta has the fewest delays at 8 of the 12 busiest U.S. airports.

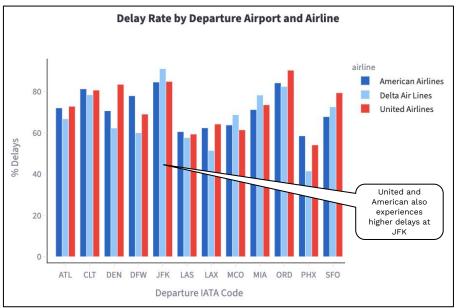


Figure 2. Delay Rate by Airport and Airline: Percent delay is calculated as the number of flights with departure delays of over 15 minutes divided by the total flights departing from that airport.

Flight Delays Occur More Often Past 2:00 PM

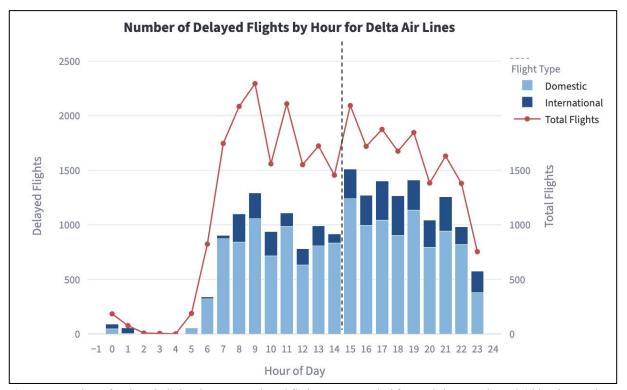
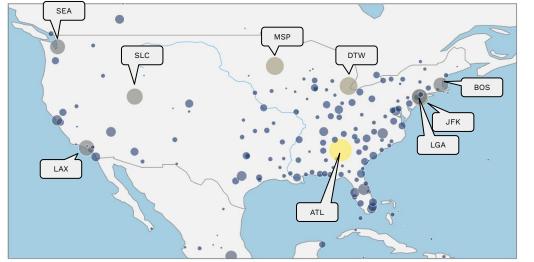


Figure 3. Number of Delayed Flights by Hour: Delayed flights were totaled for each hour and overlaid by the total flight count for comparison.

Majority of Delta's Domestic Flights from Busier Airports Fly to Eastern Regions

Flight Arrival Distribution





of Flights

2500

2000

1500

1000

500

Departure Airports

East Coast hubs: JFK, MIA, CLT, ATL, MCO West Coast hubs: LAX, SFO, PHX, LAS Central hubs: ORD, DEN, DFW

Figure 4. Flight Arrival Distribution: Size and color of the circles represent the total flight volumes for the month of June 2025 at each arrival location from the 12 selected U.S. airports.

Delta May Need to Focus Efforts on Reducing NY Delays



NOTE

To avoid over-inflating delay proportions, I filtered out destinations with very few flights. As a result, many international routes were excluded unless they had both high flight volume and prevalent delays. This filtering may explain why domestic flights are predominantly listed in the table.

Rank	Departure Airport	Arrival Airport
1	JFK	CVG
2	JFK	MIA
3	MIA	JFK
4	JFK	DTW
5	MIA	LGA
6	ORD	LGA
7	JFK	CLT
8	ATL	JFK
9	JFK	BOS
10	JFK	BUF

Every route in the top 10 for delays involved flights to or from New York.

Table 2. Top 10 Delayed Routes (Delays >60 min): Top delayed routes are defined as those with delay times exceeding 60 minutes. The proportion of flights delayed on each route, delay rate, is used to rank routes with the highest delays. To reduce bias from routes with very few flights, only routes with a flight count above the overall median (82.0) are included.

Conclusions

- ♦ Based on the weekly flight performance data for Delta, Week 1 showed the strongest on-time rates and average cancellations. Subsequent weeks experienced higher disruptions, likely influenced by external factors such as severe weather on the East Coast and holiday travel peaks.
- Among the most delayed routes, flights to and from New York were more frequently delayed.
- * Targeting New York airports, especially JFK, for operational improvements could allow Delta to outperform competitors in managing delays at this critical hub.
- ❖ To do that Delta can:
 - Add schedule buffers to prevent delays from cascading.
 - Standby crews & planes during stormy periods in key hubs like NYC and Atlanta.
 - Utilize weather analytics to plan ahead
 - Improve coordination between JFK, LGA, and EWR to reduce air New York traffic congestions.



USE CASE 2: LAX Flights Analysis

- Problem Statement/ Objective
- 2. Approach
- 3. Key Learning/Results
- 4. Conclusion

Problem Statement and Objective

Problem Statement:

- Flight delays disrupt travel plans, cause missed connections, and create uncertainty for travelers.
- Travelers often lack accessible data to anticipate and avoid high-delay risk routes, airlines, or travel times.

Objective:

Help travelers plan smarter trips by highlighting delay-prone routes, days, and airlines, while also recommending frequently traveled destinations based on flight volume, along with strategies to avoid or minimize delays.

Approach

♦ Data Sources: Historical flight performance data including delay metrics, airports, routes, airlines, and time-of-day patterns. For this project, I'm focusing specifically on flight patterns from LAX during Memorial Day week, 2025. (size of data: 21,534)

Pipeline Parameters:

- dep_iata_code = ["LAX"]
- start date = "2025-05-19"
- end_date = "2025-05-25"

❖ Analysis:

- 1. Spot the most delay-prone routes
- 2. Rank airlines by delay rates
- 3. Reveal delay trends by day and time
- 4. Highlight frequently traveled routes

Important Notes

- This dataset is used for illustrative purposes only. To draw stronger conclusions, we'd need flight data from multiple years around the same time.
- These trends are based on flights departing from LAX. Patterns may differ when considering other departure airports.
- This analysis focuses on a holiday week to assess airline and airport performance. Trends observed here may differ from those on typical travel days.

Hub-Connected Flights May Suggest Popular Destinations

LAX connects travelers to numerous international destinations.

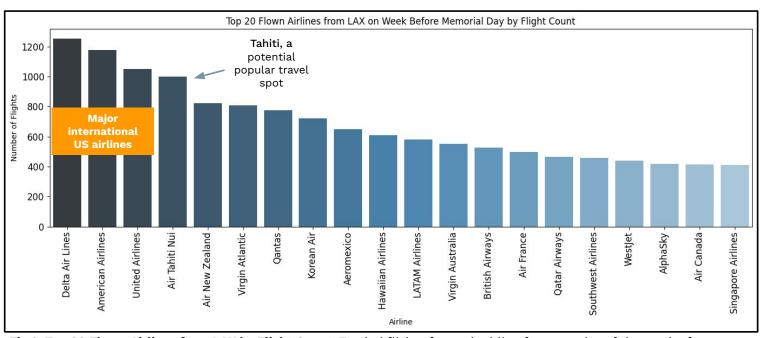


Fig 2. Top 20 Flown Airlines from LAX by Flight Count: Totaled flights for each airline for every day of the week of 2025-05-19 to 2025-05-25.

Airline Recommendations Based on Delays

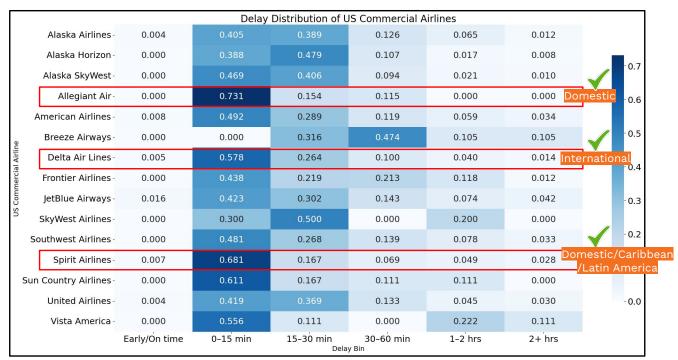


Fig 1. Delay Distribution of US Commercial Airlines: Proportion in the heatmap reflects the **normalized counts** across each delay bins per airline. Delays from **both** domestic and international routes were used to calculate the proportions.

Delta Airlines

Fewest delays among U.S. international carriers; most delays fall within 0–15 minutes. Tends to be more expensive.

Allegiant

Budget-friendly option for domestic flights with minimal delays.

Spirit Airlines

Affordable choice for domestic travels and international destinations like the Caribbean or Latin America.

Evening Flights Around 8:00PM Have Fewer Delays and Congestions

Peak travel times are associated with higher delays.

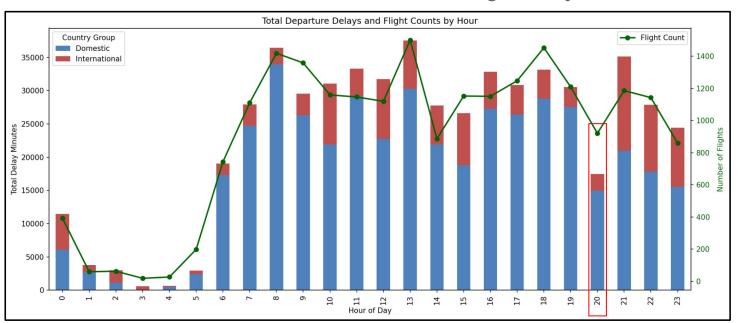


Fig 3. Total Departure Delays and Flight Counts by Hour: Departure flight delays are summed across both domestic and international flights to give the total delay in minutes. Flight counts are included to provide context, as lower delay times may be influenced by reduced flight activity during those hours, and vice versa.

Monday, Tuesday, and Sunday Tend to Have Lower Delays

Over 40% of daily flights experience delays under 15 minutes.

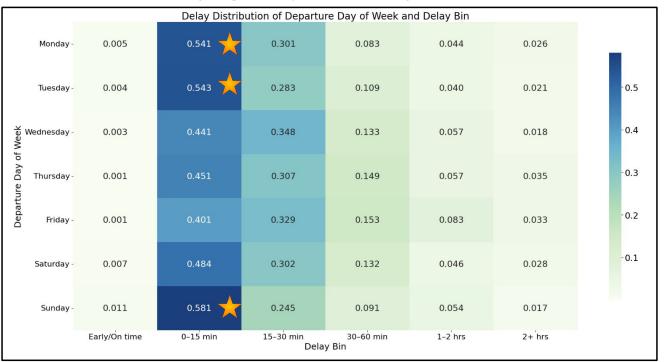
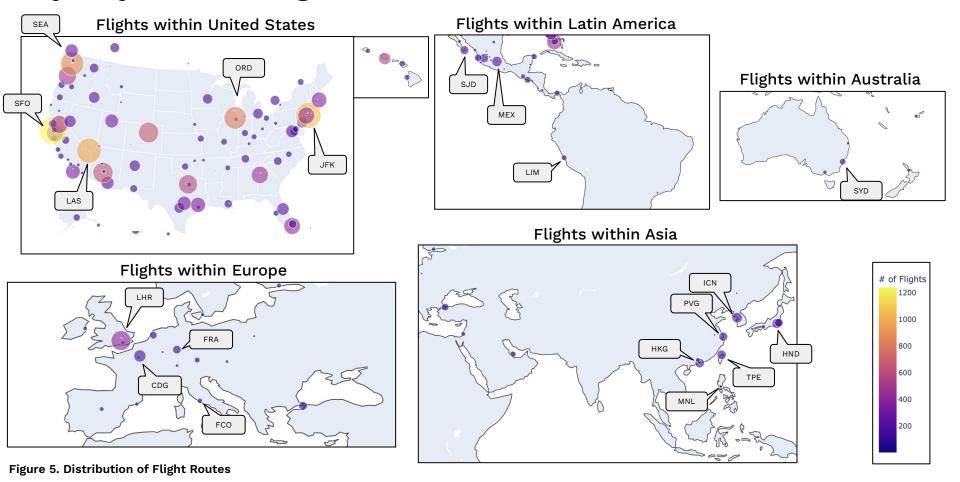
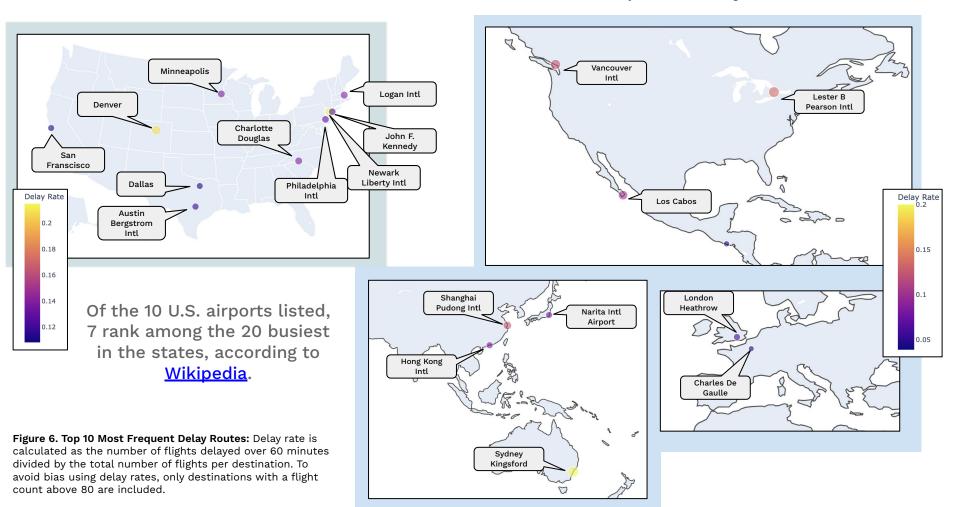


Fig 4. Delay Distribution of Departure Day of Week: Proportion in the heatmap reflects the **normalized counts** across each delay bins per day of week. Delays from **both** domestic and international routes were used to calculate the proportions.

Majority of LAX Flights Serve U.S. Cities



Ten Domestic and International Routes with the Most Frequent Delays (>60min)



Flight Distribution of U.S. Airlines on Most Delayed Routes

Which U.S. airline contributes the most to delays on the most delayed routes?



Figure 7. Proportion of Airline-Attributed Delays on High-Delay Routes: Proportions are calculated as the number of delayed flights (>60 min) per airline per city divided by the total number of delayed flights for that destination.

What proportion of any U.S airline to the top delayed destinations were delayed >60 min?



Figure 8. Proportion of Delayed Flights (>60 min) by Airline per Destination: Proportions are calculated as the number of flights delayed over 60 minutes for each airline and city, divided by the total number of flights (delayed and non-delayed) for that airline and city.

Airline X contributes XX% of all delayed flights to City Y.

XX% of Airline X flights to City Y were delayed

Airport	Top Delay Contributor	Highest Delay Rate	Airline With Most Impact on Delays	Tie-Breaker Rationale
BOS	jetBlue jetBlue			Delta Air Lines American Airlines
CLT		77	77	Frontier Airlines
DEN	UNITED	v	v	Sun Country Airlines
EWR	UNITED	spirit	UNITED	The majority of delayed flights to EWR (Newark) were from United Airlines. While Spirit shows a higher proportion of its flights being delayed to EWR, this is likely inflated due to the small number of flights it operates to that airport.
JFK	~	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
MSP				Sun Country Airlines has hub advantage, meaning there are high flight frequencies to/from MSP operated through Sun Country airlines.
PHL		F		Since Frontier only operated a small number of flights to PHL, its delay rate may be skewed upward.
PVG	UNITED	UNITED	UNITED	
SYD		v	, a	DELTA IS WINNER!! (AMONG THE BIG 3)
YYZ	UNITED		UNITED	Proportion of delays for both plots were high for United.

Table 1. Delay by Airline Summary: Summary of airlines with the most impact on delays for top delayed routes using Figure 7 and Figure 8. "Top Contributor" and "Highest Delay Rate" refers to the highest proportion observed for airports in Figure 7 and Figure 8, respectively.

Conclusion

- ❖ Memorial Day week was chosen for analysis due to higher travel volume, making it ideal for assessing airline reliability and optimal flight times.
- During this period, Delta stood out as most reliable among the major international airlines, making it a solid option for travelers prioritizing on-time performance for their international flights
- Delta can also be a great option for domestic flights, but it tends to be more expensive. Allegiant and Spirit both showed relatively low delay rates, making it a more budget-friendly option for domestic flights during this period.
- If you're considering a trip during Memorial Day week, this dataset points to a few U.S. destinations that were especially popular if flying from LAX:
 - Las Vegas for fun nightlife, food, and 24/7 energy
 - > San Francisco and Seattle for cool weather, laid-back vibes, nature, and a touch of tech culture
- As for international trips, the **United Kingdom** emerged as a popular destination from LAX during this time.
- When booking your flights for this period, the data suggests to avoid flights connecting to BOS, CLT, DEN, EWR, JFK, MSP, PHL, PVG, SYD, and YYZ and to book departure days for Monday, Tuesday, or Sunday for a lower chance of delay.

Project Challenges & Limitations

Project Challenge & Limitations

- Certain data from AviationStack API can be sparse. Pipeline fills in missing delay values via imputations. If data is sparse, too much data imputations may impact the analysis.
- AviationStack API limits historical data collection to only 3 months. For more extensive data, this will require running the pipeline periodically
- This pipeline requires a paid subscription to run

Next Steps

Next Steps

- Current analysis does not account for factors like weather, social, or political events, which may impact flight delay patterns
- As next steps, I can **integrate weather API** to provide additional insights on factors contributing to aviation delays
- Then to enable greater insights, I can work to automate the pipeline to collect year-round data for identifying seasonal trends.
- ❖ I can then build a **predictive model** to identify which routes are most likely to experience delays.

THANK YOU FOR TAKING THE TIME TO REVIEW MY PROJECT!