ANYTHING YOU WANT

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40 lessons for a new kind of entrepreneur

DEREK SIVERS



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Dedicated entirely to Seth Godin.

This book only exists because he asked.

TEN YEARS OF EXPERIENCE IN ONE HOUR

From 1998 to 2008, I had this wild experience of starting a little hobby, accidentally growing it into a big business, and then selling it for \$22 million. So now people want to hear my thoughts.

People ask me about that experience, so I tell stories about how it went for me. Many of them are about all the things I did wrong. I made some horrible mistakes.

People ask my advice on how to approach situations in their lives or businesses, so I explain how I approach things. But my approach is just one way, and I could argue against it as well.

I'm not really suggesting that anyone should be like me. I'm pretty unusual, so what works for me might not work for others. But enough people thought that my stories and the philosophies I developed from this experience were worth sharing, so here we are.

This is most of what I learned in ten years, compacted into something you can read in an hour.

I hope you find these ideas useful for your own life or business. I also hope you disagree with some of them. Then I hope you email me to tell me about your different point of view, because that's my favorite part of all.

(I'm a student, not a guru.)

WHAT'S YOUR COMPASS?

Most people don't know why they're doing what they're doing. They imitate others, go with the flow, and follow paths without making their own.

They spend decades in pursuit of something that someone convinced them they should want, without realizing that it won't make them happy.

Don't be on your deathbed someday, having squandered your one chance at life, full of regret because you pursued little distractions instead of big dreams.

You need to know your personal philosophy of what makes you happy and what's worth doing.

In the following stories, you'll notice some common themes. These are my philosophies from the ten years I spent starting and growing a small business.

- Business is not about money. It's about making dreams come true for others and for yourself.
- Making a company is a great way to improve the world while improving yourself.
- When you make a company, you make a utopia. It's where you design your perfect world.
- Never do anything just for the money.
- Don't pursue business just for your own gain.
 Only answer the calls for help.
- Success comes from persistently improving and inventing, not from persistently promoting what's not working.

- Your business plan is moot. You don't know what people really want until you start doing it.
- Starting with no money is an advantage. You don't need money to start helping people.
- You can't please everyone, so proudly exclude people.
- Make yourself unnecessary to the running of your business.
- The real point of doing anything is to be happy, so do only what makes you happy.

What do these statements mean? What's the context? How are you supposed to apply them to your own situation?

Well... I don't love talking about myself, but for the lessons to make sense, I have to tell you my tale.

JUST SELLING MY CD

This story begins in 1997. I was a professional musician, age 27. I was making a full-time living just playing music — playing lots of gigs around the U.S. and Europe, producing people's records, playing on people's records, and running a little recording studio. I was even the musician and MC for a circus.

My bank account was always low, but never empty. I made enough money to buy a house in Woodstock, New York. I was living a musician's dream.

I made a CD of my music, and sold 1500 copies at my concerts. I wanted to sell it online, but there were no businesses that would sell independent music online. Not one. I called up the big online record stores and they all told me the same thing: The only way I could get my CD into their online stores was through a major distributor.

Music distribution was an awful racket. Getting a distribution deal was as hard as getting a record deal. Distributors were notorious for taking thousands of CDs, and paying you a year later, if ever. Record labels with deep pockets would buy expensive promotional placement, and the rest of us would just sit in the bin. If you didn't sell well in the first few months, you were kicked out of the system.

It's not that distributors were evil. It was just an awful system, and I wanted nothing to do with it.

So when the big online record stores told me they couldn't sell my CD directly, I thought, "Ah, screw it. I'll just set up my own online store. How hard could it be?"

But it was hard! In 1997, PayPal didn't exist, so I had to get a credit card merchant account, which cost \$1000 in setup fees and took three months of paperwork. The bank even had to send an inspector out to my location to make sure I was a valid business. Then I had to figure out how to build a shopping cart. I didn't know any programming, but I copied some examples from a programming book, with lots of trial and error.

Finally, though, I had a "buy now" button on my website! In 1997 this was a big deal.

When I told my musician friends about my "buy now" button, one friend asked, "Could you sell my CD, too?"

I thought about it for a minute and said, "Sure. No problem." I just did it as a favor. It took me a couple hours to get him added into my system. I made a separate page for his CD on my band's website.

Then two other friends asked if I could sell their CDs. Then I started getting calls from strangers saying, "My friend Dave said you could sell my CD?" The calls and emails kept coming. I said yes to all.

Two popular online music leaders announced it to their mailing lists. (Bryan Baker from Gajoob, and David Hooper. Thanks, guys!) Fifty more musicians signed up.

This was meant to be just a favor I was doing for a few friends. Hmmm...

MAKE A DREAM COME TRUE

Selling my friends' CDs was starting to take up a lot of my time. I realized I had accidentally started a business. But I didn't want to start a business! I was already living my dream life as a full-time musician. I didn't want anything to distract me from that.

So, I thought that by taking an unrealistically utopian approach, I could keep the business from growing too much. Instead of trying to make it big, I was going to make it small. It was the opposite of ambition, so I had to think in a way that was the opposite of ambitious.

I wrote down my utopian dream-come-true distribution deal from my musician's point of view. **In a perfect world**, my distributor would...

- 1. Pay me every week.
- 2. Show me the full name and address of everyone who bought my CD. (Because those are my fans, not the distributor's.)
- 3. Never kick me out for not selling enough. (Even if I sell only one CD every five years, it'll be there for someone to buy.)
- 4. Never allow paid placement. (Because it's not fair to those who can't afford it.)

That's it! That was my mission. I liked it. It was a worthy hobby. I named it CD Baby, and put my friends' CDs there.

Those four points were like a mission statement. I wrote them on the site, talked about them at every conference, and made sure everyone I worked with knew them. The key point is that I wasn't trying to make a big business. I was just daydreaming about how one little thing would look in a perfect world.

When you make a business, you get to make a little universe where you control all the laws. **This is your utopia**.

When you make it a dream come true for yourself, it'll be a dream come true for someone else, too.

A BUSINESS MODEL WITH ONLY TWO NUMBERS

Like most people, I had no idea what to charge.

So I went to the local record store in Woodstock, where they had some local musicians' CDs on the counter. I asked the woman at the store, "How does it work if I sell my CD here?"

She said, "You set the selling price at whatever you want. We keep a flat \$4 cut. And we pay you every week."

So I went home and wrote, on my new cdbaby.com website, "You set the selling price at whatever you want. We keep a flat \$4 cut. And we pay you every week."

I figured if it worked for her, it was fine for me.

Because it was taking me about forty-five minutes of work to add a new album to the site, I also had to charge \$25 per album as compensation for my time. (Shows you how much I thought my time was worth in those days.) A few days later, I realized that \$35 feels about the same as \$25, so I bumped it up to \$35 per album, which left me room to give discounts and still make a profit.

And that's it! Six years and \$10 million later, those same two numbers were the sole source of income for the company: a \$35 setup fee and a \$4 cut per CD sold.

A business plan should never take more than a few hours of work. Hopefully no more than a few minutes. The best plans start simple. A quick glance and common sense should tell you if the numbers will work. The rest are details.

THIS AIN'T NO REVOLUTION

Five years after I started CD Baby, when it was a big success, the media said I had revolutionized the music business.

But "revolution" is a term that people use only when you're successful. Before that, you're just a quirky person who does things differently.

People think revolution needs to involve loud provocations, fists in the air, and bloodshed.

But if you think true love looks like Romeo and Juliet, you'll overlook a great relationship that grows slowly.

If you think your life's purpose needs to hit you like a lightning bolt, you'll overlook the little day-to-day things that fascinate you.

If you think revolution needs to feel like war, you'll overlook the importance of simply serving people better.

When you're on to something great, it won't feel like revolution. It'll feel like uncommon sense.

IF IT'S NOT A HIT, SWITCH

For the first time in my life, I had made something that people really wanted.

Before that, I had spent twelve years trying to promote my various projects. Trying every marketing approach. Networking, pitching, pushing. It always felt like an uphill battle, trying to open locked or slamming doors. I made progress, but only with massive effort.

But now... Wow! It was like I had written a hit song. A songwriter can write a hundred songs; then suddenly one of them really resonates with people and becomes a hit. Who knows why? It's not that it's necessarily better. But through some random circumstance or magic combination of ingredients, people love it.

Once you've got a hit, suddenly all the locked doors open wide. People love the hit so much that it seems to promote itself. Instead of trying to create demand, you're managing the huge demand.

So what's the lesson learned here?

We've all heard about the importance of persistence. But I had misunderstood.

Success comes from persistently improving and inventing, not from persistently doing what's not working.

We all have lots of ideas, creations, and projects. When you present one to the world, and it's not a hit, don't keep pushing it as-is. Instead, get back to improving and inventing.

Present each new idea or improvement to the world. If multiple people are saying, "Wow! Yes! I need this! I'd be happy to pay you to do this!" then you should probably do it. But **if the response is anything less, don't pursue it**.

Don't waste years fighting uphill battles against locked doors. Improve or invent until you get that huge response.

NO YES. EITHER HELL YEAH! OR NO.

Use this rule if you're often over-committed or too scattered.

If you're not saying "HELL YEAH!" about something, say no.

When deciding whether to do something, if you feel anything less than "Wow! That would be amazing! Absolutely! Hell yeah!" — then say no.

When you say no to most things, you leave room in your life to really throw yourself completely into that rare thing that makes you say "HELL YEAH!"

Every event you get invited to. Every request to start a new project. If you're not saying "HELL YEAH!" about it, say no.

We're all busy. We've all taken on too much. Saying yes to less is the way out.

JUST LIKE THAT, MY PLAN COMPLETELY CHANGED

When I first started CD Baby, I thought it was just a credit card processing service.

It was supposed to be a website that musicians would use to say, "Go here to buy my CD." Just click to buy, charge your card, and then go back to the musician's website. Kind of like PayPal, but this was two years before PayPal was invented

The day I launched cdbaby.com, my second customer was a guy in the Netherlands. A week later he emailed to ask, "Any new releases?"

New releases? I didn't understand. I asked why he wanted to know which new people are using my service to charge credit cards.

He replied, "Oh, sorry. I thought it was a store."

A store? Oh! Interesting.... He thinks I'm a store! I hadn't thought of that. Maybe if I set it up like a store, I'd actually be doing my friends a bigger favor, by getting total strangers to buy their music, too.

And just like that, my plan completely changed.

Five years later, Apple asked us to be a digital distributor. I hadn't thought of that. But I said OK.

And just like that, my plan completely changed again.

Any time you think you know what your new business will be doing, remember: **No plan survives first contact with the customer**.

THE ADVANTAGE OF NO FUNDING

Having no funding was a huge advantage for me.

A year after I started CD Baby, the dot-com boom happened. Anyone with a little hot air and a vague plan was given millions of dollars by investors. It was ridiculous.

Most business owners I knew would tell you about their businesses by talking about their second round of funding, their fancy encrypted replicated load-balancing database server, their twenty-person development team, their nice midtown office with a pool table, and their weekly promotion parties. When you asked what the business actually did, they couldn't explain it clearly.

Then they would talk about LOI, ROI, NDAs, IPOs, and all kinds of things that also had nothing to do with actually helping people.

I'm so glad I didn't have investors. I didn't have to please anybody but my customers and myself. No effort spent on anything but my customers.

I'd get weekly calls from investment firms, wanting to invest in CD Baby. My immediate answer was always "No thanks."

They'd say, "Don't you want to expand?"

I'd say, "No. I want my business to be smaller, not bigger."

That always ended the conversation.

By not having any money to waste, you never waste money.

Since I couldn't afford a programmer, I went to the bookstore and got a \$25 book on PHP and MySQL programming. Then I sat down and learned it, with no programming experience. Necessity is a great teacher.

Even years later, the desks were just planks of wood on cinderblocks from the hardware store. I made the office computers myself from parts. My well-funded friends would spend \$100,000 to buy something that I made myself for \$1000. They did it saying "we need the very best," but it didn't improve anything for the customers.

Never forget that absolutely everything you do is for your customers. Make every decision — even decisions about whether to expand the business, raise money, or promote someone — according to what's best for your customers.

If you're ever unsure what to prioritize, just ask your customers the open-ended question, "How can I best help you now?" Then focus on satisfying those requests.

None of your customers will ask you to turn your attention to expanding. They want you to keep your attention focused on them.

It's counterintuitive, but the way to grow your business is to **focus entirely on your existing customers**. Just thrill them, and they'll tell everyone.

START NOW. NO FUNDING NEEDED.

Watch out when anyone (including you) says they want to do something big, but can't until they raise money.

It usually means they're more in love with the idea of being big big than with actually doing something useful. For an idea to get big big, it has to be useful. And being useful doesn't need funding.

If you want to be useful, you can always start now, with only 1% of what you have in your grand vision. It'll be a humble prototype version of your grand vision, but you'll be in the game. You'll be ahead of the rest, because you actually started, while others are waiting for the finish line to magically appear at the starting line.

For example, let's say you have a vision of making an international chain of enlightened modern schools. You picture it as a huge, world-changing organization, with hundreds of employees, dozens of offices, and expensive technology. But instead of waiting for that, you start by teaching somebody something this week. Find someone who will pay to learn something, meet him anywhere, and begin. It will be nothing but you, a student, and a notebook, but you'll be in business, and you can grow it from there.

If you want to make a movie recommendation service, start by telling friends to call you for movie recommendations. When you find a movie your friends like, they buy you a drink. Keep track of what you recommended and how your friends liked it, and improve from there.

Want to start a new airline? Next time you're at the airport when a flight is cancelled, offer to everyone at the gate that

you'll lease a small plane to fly to their destination if they will split the costs. This is how Richard Branson started Virgin Airlines.

Starting small puts 100% of your energy on actually solving real problems for real people. It gives you a stronger foundation to grow from. It eliminates the friction of big infrastructure and gets right to the point. And it will let you change your plan in an instant, as you're working closely with those first customers telling you what they really need.

Since I had already built a website for my own CD, the first version of cdbaby.com took me only a few days to make, and it did almost nothing. It was a list of a few CDs, each with a [BUY NOW] button. Clicking that would put the CD in your cart and ask for your info. When you entered your info, the site would email it to me.

That's it. For the first year, that's all the site did, and that's all it needed to become profitable.

I spent only \$500 to start CD Baby. The first month, I earned back \$300. But the second month I made \$700, and it was profitable every month after.

So no, your idea doesn't need funding to start. You also don't need an MBA, a particular big client, a certain person's endorsement, a lucky break, or any other common excuse not to start.

THE CO-OP BUSINESS MODEL: SHARE WHATEVER YOU'VE GOT

The only business I've ever done is the co-op / sharing model. It goes like this:

- 1. You have something that people want. It might be something you own, something you've learned how to do, or access to resources, space, or people.
- 2. Find a way to share it with everyone who needs it. Not necessarily for profit, but just because it's what you'd do for friends, and it's the right thing to do.
- 3. If it takes some effort for you to share it, charge a little something for your effort, to ensure that this giving can continue.

My examples:

Copyright forms: In 1994, the U.S. Copyright office still didn't have their copyright forms online. To copyright your song, you had to mail a letter to Washington DC, to ask them to mail you the blank forms. So I scanned the forms and put them on my website for free. For the next two years, my site was the only place to get those forms online.

Trademark instructions: In 1995, I learned how to trademark my band name. It took many hours of work to figure out the legalese, but I did it. I wrote out the step-by-step instructions and put them on my band's website for free. For years it was the go-to resource for musicians who wanted to trademark their name.

UPC barcodes: In 1996, I had a little record label, so I got a UPC barcode account, which let me put unique UPC barcodes on my CDs. I had to pay \$750 to the Universal Code Council to get a company account, but that meant I was allowed to create 100,000 products under my account. Musician friends asked how, so I showed them how, but also said they could use one of mine. At first, I did this for free, as a favor, until friends started sending strangers my way. Because it took some work to generate the number, create their barcode, and keep records, I charged \$20. Over the next 12 years, that made me about \$2 million.

CD Baby: In 1997, sharing my credit card merchant account led to CD Baby. Over the next 12 years, that made me about \$20 million.

Web hosting: By 1999, I had learned a lot about hosting websites. Linux, Apache, PHP, SQL, FTP, DNS, SMTP, etc. I had done it for my own sites, and bought my own servers. So when friends would complain about their existing webhosting company, I'd host them on my servers instead. At first, I did this for free, as a favor, until it was filling up my server. Because each server cost me \$300/month, I charged \$20 per month. Over the next 9 years, that made me about \$5 million.

None of these things looked like a business venture, at first. All of them were **just sharing something I already had**.

People often ask me if I have any suggestions for what kind of business they should get into. I tell them the only thing I know how to recommend:

Start by sharing whatever you've got.

IDEAS ARE JUST A MULTIPLIER OF EXECUTION

It's so funny when I hear people being so protective of ideas. People who want me to sign an NDA to tell me the simplest idea.

To me, ideas are worth nothing unless executed. They are just a multiplier. Execution is worth millions.

Explanation:

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AWFUL IDEA = -1
WEAK IDEA = 1
SO-SO IDEA = 5
GOOD IDEA = 10
GREAT IDEA = 15
BRILLIANT IDEA = 20
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NO EXECUTION = \$1

WEAK EXECUTION = \$1000

SO-SO EXECUTION = \$10,000

GOOD EXECUTION = \$100,000

GREAT EXECUTION = \$1,000,000

BRILLIANT EXECUTION = \$10,000,000

To make a business, you need to multiply the two.

The most brilliant idea, with no execution, is worth \$20.

The most brilliant idea takes great execution to be worth \$20,000,000.

That's why I don't want to hear people's ideas.

I'm not interested until I see their execution.

FORMALITIES PLAY ON FEAR. BRAVELY REFUSE.

A year after starting CD Baby, when it was going pretty well, I got a call from a friend who was setting up his own similar web-based business.

He said, "Do you have any advice about how to do our 'Terms & Conditions' and 'Privacy Policy' on the website? Which lawyer did you use for that?"

I said, "Huh? I don't have any of that legalese stuff. I've never hired a lawyer."

Shocked, he said, "That's crazy! What if some kid buys a CD from you, then kills himself? What if you get sued over that?"

I said, "Then no stupid footnote legalese would protect me anyway, so I'll worry about it if it happens."

Do you passionately love the "Terms & Conditions" and "Privacy Policy" pages on other websites? Have you even read them? If not, then why would you go putting that garbage on your website?

After CD Baby grew to fifty employees, all the business-to-business service companies started pitching me on how I needed an official employee review plan, sensitivity training, "Terms and Conditions" postings, and all this corporate crap.

I got such joy out of saying no to all of it.

Never forget that there are thousands of businesses, like "Jim's Fish Bait Shop" in a shack on a beach somewhere, that are doing just fine without corporate formalities.

As your business grows, never let the leeches sucker you into all that stuff they pretend you need.

They'll play on your fears, saying that you need this stuff to protect yourself against lawsuits. They'll scare you with horrible worst-case scenarios. But those are just sales tactics. You don't need any of it.

THE STRENGTH OF MANY LITTLE CUSTOMERS

Many small entrepreneurs think, "If we could just land Apple, Google, or the government as a client, we'd be all set!"

Software companies often do this. They hope to make some technology that a huge company will want to build into every product, or install at every employee's desk.

But this approach has many problems:

- You have to custom-tailor your product to please very few specific people.
- Those people may change their mind or leave the company.
- Who are you really working for? Are you selfemployed or is this client your boss?
- If you do land the big client, they practically own you.
- By trying so hard to please the big client, you lose touch with what the rest of the world wants.

Instead, imagine if you designed your business to have **no** big clients, just lots of little clients.

- You don't need to change what you do to please one client — only the majority (or yourself).
- If one client needs to leave, it's OK. You can sincerely wish them well.

- Because no one client can demand you do what they say, you are your own boss. Just keep clients happy in general.
- You hear hundreds of people's opinions, and stay in touch with what the majority of people want.

So much of the music business is actually the star business — people hoping to catch the coattails of a huge megastar. But I wanted nothing to do with that, for these same reasons.

When you build your business on serving thousands of customers, not dozens, you don't have to worry about any one customer leaving or making special demands. If most of your customers love what you do, but one doesn't, you can just say goodbye and wish him the best, with no hard feelings.

PROUDLY EXCLUDE PEOPLE

You know you can't please everyone, right?

But notice that most businesses are trying to be everything to everybody. And they wonder why they can't get people's attention!

You need to confidently exclude people, and proudly say what you're not. By doing so, you will win the hearts of the people you want.

When CD Baby got popular, I'd get calls from record labels wanting to feature their newest, hottest acts on our site.

I'd say, "Nope. They're not allowed here."

The record label guys would say, "Huh? What do you mean not allowed? You're a record store! We're a record label."

I'd say, "You can sell anywhere else. This is a place for independents only: musicians who chose not to sign their rights over to a corporation. To make sure these musicians get the maximum exposure they deserve, no major-label acts are allowed."

It's a big world. You can loudly leave out 99% of it.

Have the confidence to know that when your target 1% hears you excluding the other 99%, the people in that 1% will come to you because **you've shown how much you value them**.

WHY NO ADVERTISING?

I got a call from an advertising salesman, saying he'd like to run banner ads at the top and bottom of cdbaby.com.

I said, "No way. Out of the question. That would be like putting a coke machine in a monastery. I'm not doing this to make money."

He asked, "But you're a business. What do you mean you're not trying to make money?"

I said, "I'm just trying to help musicians. CD Baby has to charge money to sustain itself, but the money's not the point. I don't do anything for the money."

This goes back to the utopian perfect-world ideal of why we're doing what we're doing in the first place.

In a perfect world, would your website be covered with advertising?

When you ask your customers what would improve your service, has anyone said, "Please fill your website with more advertising"?

Nope. So don't do it.

IF ONLY ONE PERCENT OF THOSE PEOPLE...

A musician had manufactured 10,000 copies of his CD, in anticipation of 10,000 orders that were sure to come through that week.

He had bought a quarter-page advertisement in the back of a magazine with a circulation of one million people.

He kept saying, "If only one percent of the people reading this magazine buy my CD, that'll be 10,000 copies! And that's only one percent!"

He bought 10,000 padded mailers and mailing labels. He converted his garage into a big mailing center.

He kept saying, "Maybe we can get like 10 percent! That's 100,000! But *worst* case scenario — if only 1 percent — that's still 10,000!"

The magazine issue came out, and... nothing. He bought an issue. There was his ad. But the orders were not coming in! Was something wrong? No. He tested it. Everything was working.

Over the next few weeks he received **four** orders. Yes, total CDs sold: 4.

He forgot there was a number lower than one percent.

I think of this every time I hear business plans that say, "With over ten billion iPhones sold, our app is sure to..."

THIS IS JUST ONE OF MANY OPTIONS

I used to take voice lessons from a great teacher named Warren Senders. For each lesson, I'd bring in a song I was trying to improve. First, I'd sing it for him as written. Then he'd say, "OK — now do it up an octave."

"Uh... up an octave? But I can't sing that high!"

"I don't care! Do it anyway! Go! 1.. 2.. 3.. 4.."

I'd sing the whole song again, in squeaking falsetto, like a choking mouse.

Then he'd say, "OK — now do it down an octave."

"Down an octave? But I don't think I can!"

"Doesn't matter! Go! 1.. 2.. 3.. 4.."

I sounded like a garbage disposal or lawn mower, but he made me sing the whole song that way.

Then he'd make me sing it twice as fast. Then twice as slow. Then like Bob Dylan. Then like Tom Waits. Then he'd tell me to sing it like it's 4 a.m. and a friend woke me up. Then he'd give me many other scenarios.

After all of this, he'd say, "Now how did that song go again?"

It was proof that what I thought was "the" way the song went was really just one of an infinite number of options.

Years later, I took an entrepreneurship class. We analyzed a business plan for a mail-order pantyhose company. Like all business plans, **it proposed only one plan**.

After reading the whole thing, I felt like saying things my old voice teacher would have said:

"OK — make a plan that only requires \$1000. Go!"

"Now make a plan for ten times as many customers. Go!"

"Now do it without a website. Go!"

"Now make all your initial assumptions wrong, and have it work anyway. Go!"

"Now show how you would franchise it. Go!"

You can't pretend there's only one way to do it. Your first idea is just one of many options. **No business goes as planned**, so make ten radically different plans. Realizing the initial choice you made was just one of many brings all kinds of weathered wisdom and insight into your business.

Same thing with your current path in life:

Now you're living in New York City, obsessed with success. Go!

Now you're a free spirit, backpacking around Thailand. Go!

Now you're a confident extrovert and everyone loves you. Go!

Now you're married and your kids are your life. Go!

Now you spend a few years in relative seclusion, reading and walking. Go!

YOU DON'T NEED A PLAN OR A VISION

Do you have a big visionary master plan for how the world will work in twenty years? Do you have massive ambitions to revolutionize your industry?

Don't feel bad if you don't. I never did.

A year and a half after starting CD Baby, it was just me and John, my first employee, running it out of my house.

One night, I decided I should think more about the longterm future of this thing. I sat with my diary for a few hours of introspection. Afterwards, I wrote John an email that went like this:

"I think there's a chance that this thing might be huge one day, so we better start preparing for that now. I mean some day, we might have a *thousand* artists. We might need a third employee! We'd need three computers, and need to figure out how to network them together. We might even need to start moving CDs into the garage, since eventually they might fill up the living room. Yes, I know it sounds grandiose, but I think things are headed that way."

Years later, after I had 100,000 artists and 85 employees, John would often get a good laugh out of this letter I sent him in 1999.

Journalists would ask, "What's your long-term goal?"

I'd say, "I don't have one. I surpassed my goals long ago. I'm just trying to help musicians with whatever they need today."

So please don't think you need a huge vision. Just **stay focused on helping people today**.

HOW DO YOU GRADE YOURSELF?

We all grade ourselves by different measures:

For some people, it's as simple as how much money they make. When their net worth is going up, they know they're doing well.

For others, it's how much money they give.

For some people, it's how many people's lives they can influence for the better.

For others, it's how deeply they can influence just a few people's lives.

For me, it's how many useful things I create, whether songs, companies, articles, websites, or anything else. If I create something that's not useful to others, it doesn't count. But I'm also not interested in doing something useful unless it needs my creative input.

How do you grade yourself?

It's important to know in advance, to make sure you're staying focused on **what's honestly important to you**, instead of doing what others think you should.

I MISS THE MOB

I was in Las Vegas for a conference, taking a taxi from the airport to the hotel.

I asked the driver, "How long have you lived here?"

He said, "27 years."

"Wow! A lot has changed since then, huh?"

"Yeah. I miss the mob."

"Huh? Really? What do you mean?"

"When the mafia ran this town, it was fun. There were only two numbers that mattered: how much is coming in, and how much is going out. As long as more in than out, everyone's happy. But then the whole town was bought up by these damn corporations full of MBA weasels micro-managing, trying to maximize the profit from every square foot of floor space. Now the place that used to put ketchup on my hot dog tells me it'll be an extra 25 cents for ketchup! It sucked all the fun out of this town! Yeah... I miss the mob."

(Sure we could bring up other issues with the mob, but let's just leave it as a metaphor and a lesson.)

I told this story a lot at CD Baby. MBA types would ask me, "What's your growth rate? What's your retained earnings rate as a percentage of gross? What are your projections?"

I'd just say, "I have no idea. I don't even know what some of that means. I started this as a hobby to help my friends, and that's the only reason it exists. There's money in the bank and I'm doing fine, so no worries."

They'd tell me if I analyzed it better I could maximize profitability.

Then I'd tell them about the taxi driver in Vegas.

Never forget why you're really doing what you're doing.

Are you helping people?

Are they happy?

Are you happy?

Are you profitable?

Isn't that enough?

YOU CAN AFFORD TO BE GENEROUS

Your business is secure. Even if it's not, you have to feel that it is. Money is coming your way. You are doing well. You are one of the lucky ones. Most are not so fortunate. You can afford to be generous. All great service comes from this feeling of generosity and abundance.

Think of all the examples of great service you've encountered: free refills of coffee, letting you use the toilets even if you're not a customer, extra milk and sugar if you need it, and an employee that spends a whole hour with you to answer all your questions.

Contrast those with all of the bad experiences you've had: not letting you use the toilets without making a purchase, charging an additional 25 cents for extra sauce, and salespeople who don't give you a minute of their time because you don't look like big money.

All bad service comes from a mindset of scarcity. They act like they'll go out of business if they don't fiercely guard their bottom line. The short-term thinking of desperate survival blocks the long-term thinking of smart strategy.

If you really feel secure and abundant — that you have plenty to share — then this feeling of generosity will flow down into all of your interactions with customers. Give refunds. Give them attention. Take a little loss. You can afford it.

Of course it's also just smart business. Losing 25 cents on extra sauce can mean winning the loyalty of a customer who will spend \$1000 with you over the next ten years, and tell twenty friends that you're awesome.

CARE ABOUT YOUR CUSTOMERS MORE THAN ABOUT YOURSELF

At a conference in Los Angeles, someone in the audience asked me, "What if every musician just set up their own store on their own website? Since that'd be the death of CD Baby, how do you plan to stop that?"

I said, "Honestly, I don't care about CD Baby. I only care about the musicians. If some day, musicians don't need CD Baby anymore, that's great! I'll just shut it down and get back to making music."

He was shocked. He had never heard a business owner say he didn't care about the survival of his company.

To me, it was just common sense. Of course you should care about your customers more than you care about yourself! Isn't that rule #1 of providing a good service? It's all about them, not you.

But even well-meaning companies accidentally get trapped in survival mode. A business is started to solve a problem. But if the problem was truly solved, that business would no longer be needed! So the business keeps the problem around so that they can keep solving it for a fee. Anyone who's in business to sell you a cure is not motivated to focus on prevention.

It's kind of like the grand fables where the hero needs to be prepared to die to save the day. Your company should be willing to die for your customers.

That's the Tao of business: Care about your customers more than about yourself, and you'll do well.

LIKE YOU DON'T NEED THE MONEY

Banks love to lend money to those who don't need it.

Record labels love to sign musicians who don't need their help.

People fall in love with people who won't give them the time of day.

It's a strange law of human behavior. It's pretty universal.

If you set up your business like you don't need the money, people are happier to pay you.

When someone's doing something for the money, people can sense it, **like a desperate lover. It's a turn-off**.

When someone's doing something for love, being generous instead of stingy, trusting instead of fearful, it triggers this law: We want to give to those who give.

It's another Tao of business: Set up your business like you don't need the money, and it'll likely come your way.

CUSTOMER SERVICE IS EVERYTHING

I was honestly surprised that CD Baby was such a runaway success. But I was even more surprised to find out why.

Whenever I was out at events, I'd listen as musicians would tell other musicians why they chose CD Baby. Was it the pricing? The features? Nope. The top reason, by far, was this: "They pick up the phone! They reply to my emails! You can talk to a real person!"

Who could have guessed? Despite all your efforts put into features, pricing, design, partnerships, and more, **people** will choose one company over another just because they like the customer service.

So I structured my company to match this priority. Out of my 85 employees, 28 were full-time customer service.

Customer service is not an expense to be minimized. It's a core profit center, like sales. It's where you should put your best people.

Hire the sweetest, most empathetic people, and make sure they have all the time and resources they need to make your customers very happy. If they get so busy that their interactions are getting succinct, it's time to hire another. It's worth it.

It's much harder to get a new customer than it is to get more business from an existing customer. Companies focus so much on getting new customers, but keeping existing customers thrilled is a better investment.

EVERY INTERACTION IS YOUR MOMENT TO SHINE

Probably only 1% of your potential customers ever bother to contact you. So when they do, it's your time to shine.

Three minutes spent talking with them is going to shape their impression of your company more than your name, price, design, or features all combined. This is your shining moment to be the best you can be — to blow them away with how cool it was to contact you.

If your customer service is taught to be efficient, it sends the message, "I don't really want to talk with you. Let's make this quick." Do the opposite. **Take a few inefficient minutes to get to know anyone who contacts you**.

When a musician would call to sell their music, we'd take a few minutes up-front to get to know them. Like, "What's your name? Hi Reza. Got a website? Is that you on the home page? Cool. Is that a real Les Paul? Sweet! Here, let me listen to a bit of the music. Nice, I like what you're doing. Very syncopated. Great groove. Anyway... what would you like to know?" Musicians find it very hard to get anyone to listen to their music. So when someone takes even a couple minutes to listen to it, it's so touching that they remember it for life.

Imagine what you'd do if your favorite rock star called. You'd drop everything, and give them all the time in the world. So that's how you should treat everyone that contacts your company. Why not? You don't have time? Make time. It's how everyone deserves to be treated. It makes life better. It makes work more fun. And it's the right thing to do.

LOSE EVERY FIGHT

Customer service often starts when someone has a problem, and is upset. When you feel attacked, it's hard not to fight back, especially when you know they're wrong.

But the best thing to do is to lose the fight. Let them know that they were right, and the company was wrong. Tell them you're prepared to do whatever it takes to make them happy again.

If you catch yourself about to say or write something that's even the slightest bit aggressive, stop and replace it with something humble and generous.

Doing this every day is actually very peaceful. **Acting like** an angel makes you both feel better. It feels like daily empathy practice.

You know that scene in the movies, where someone is saying something nasty or secret, but then realizes a microphone is on? Then they immediately straighten up, correct themselves, and say the publicly-acceptable thing instead? Well, your microphone is on. There is no private communication in customer service. Anything you say is likely to be shared online for the world to see. So you must always be the best version of yourself.

CD Baby had some huge evangelists: people who loudly and constantly told everyone to use our company. When I looked back through their contact history, I saw that the first time they contacted us, they were loudly upset. Loud people are loud people, whether complaining or praising. So when you get some loud complaint, use that opportunity to make them so happy that they become a loud evangelist.

DON'T PUNISH EVERYONE FOR ONE PERSON'S MISTAKE

The little diner near me has these big warning signs posted everywhere:

WE RESERVE THE RIGHT TO REFUSE
SERVICE TO ANYONE FOR ANY REASON
ALL ORDERS ARE FINAL!
ABSOLUTELY NO REFUNDS!
NO SHOES, NO SHIRT, NO SERVICE
NO CELLPHONES. NO PHOTOS. NO VIDEOS.
NO LOITERING!
RESTROOM FOR CUSTOMERS ONLY!
ALL VIOLATORS WILL BE PROSECUTED TO
THE FULLEST EXTENT OF THE LAW

Poor business owner needs a hug. Every time someone upsets him, he punishes all his future customers forever.

When I was six, I attended a strict little school in Abingdon, England. Early in the year, someone spilled grape juice, so they banished grape juice for the rest of the year. Later, someone spilled orange juice, so orange juice was banished for the rest of the year. Eventually we were allowed nothing but water.

Many years ago, one guy tried to light his shoes on fire on a plane. Now for all future time, millions of people a day have to queue up to take their shoes off at the airport, because of that one dumb moment. As a business owner, when you get screwed-over by someone, it's tempting to make a big grand policy you think will prevent you from ever getting screwed-over again.

One employee can't focus, and spends his time surfing the web. Instead of just firing or reassigning that person to more challenging work, the company installs an expensive content-approving firewall so that nobody can go to unapproved sites ever again.

It's important to resist that simplistic, angry, reactionary urge to punish everyone, and step back to look at the big picture.

In the moment, you're angry, and focusing only on that one awful person who did you wrong. Your thinking is clouded. You start thinking everyone is awful, and the world is against you. This is the worst time to make a new policy.

When one customer wrongs you, remember the thousands that did not.

You're lucky to own your own business. Life is good.

You can't prevent bad things from happening. Learn to shrug.

Resist the urge to punish everyone for one person's mistake.

A REAL PERSON, A LOT LIKE YOU

My friend Sara has run a small online business out of her living room for twelve years. It's her whole life. She takes it very very personally.

Last week, one of her clients sent her a 10-page-long scathing email, chopping her down, calling her a scam artist and other vicious personal insults, saying she was going to sue Sara for everything she's worth as retribution for her mis-handled account.

Devastated, Sara turned off her computer and cried. She shut off the phones and closed up shop for the day. She spent the whole weekend in bed wondering if she should just give up. Thinking maybe every insult in this client's letter was true, and she's actually no good at what she does, even after twelve years.

On Sunday, she spent about five hours — most of the day — carefully addressing every point in this 10-page email. Then she went through the client's website, learning everything about her, and offered all kinds of advice, suggestions, and connections. She refunded the client's money, plus an additional \$50, with gushing deep apologies for ever having upset someone she was honestly trying to help.

The next day, she called the client to try to talk through this with her.

The client cheerfully took her call and said, "Oh don't worry about it! I wasn't actually that upset. I was just in a bad mood, and didn't think anyone would read my email anyway."

My friend Valerie was doing online dating. She was half-hearted about it. She wanted a magic perfect man to sweep her off her feet through divine serendipity.

We were at her computer, when I asked her how it's going. She logged into her account and showed me her inbox. There were eight new messages from men, each one well-written, saying what they liked about her profile, how they have a mutual interest in hiking, or also speak German, asking her if she's also been to Berlin, or has hiked in New Zealand.

I felt for those guys. Each one pouring out his heart, projecting his hopes onto Valerie, hoping she'll reply with equal enthusiasm, hoping she might be the one that will finally see and appreciate him.

She said, "Ugh. Losers. I get like ten of these a day," and clicked [delete] on all of them, without replying.

When we yell at our car or coffee machine, it's fine because they're just mechanical appliances. So when we yell at a website or company, using our computer or phone, we forget it's not an appliance but a person that's affected.

It's dehumanizing to have thousands of people passing through our computer screens, so we say things we'd never say if those people were sitting next to us.

It's too overwhelming to remember that at the end of every computer is a real person, a lot like you, whose birthday was last week, who has three best friends but nobody to spoon at night, and is personally affected by what you say.

Even if you remember it right now, will you remember it next time you're overwhelmed, or perhaps never forget it again?

YOU SHOULD FEEL PAIN WHEN UNCLEAR

Email blasts are the best training for being clear.

At CD Baby, I had about 2 million customers.

When writing an email to everyone, if I wasn't perfectly clear, I'd get 20,000 confused replies, which would take my staff all week to reply to, costing me at least \$5000 plus lost morale.

Even if I was very clear but took more than a few sentences to explain something, I'd get thousands of replies from people who never read past the first few sentences.

Writing that email to customers — carefully eliminating every unnecessary word, and reshaping every sentence to make sure it could not be misunderstood — would take me all day.

One unclear sentence? Immediate \$5000 penalty. Ouch.

Unfortunately, people writing websites don't get this kind of feedback. Instead, **if they're not clear, they just get silence**. Lots of hits but no action.

I see new websites trying to look impressive, filled with hundreds of puffy unnecessary sentences.

I feel bad that the people behind those sites haven't felt the pain of trying to email that text to thousands of people, to directly see how misunderstood or ignored it is.

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL EMAIL I EVER WROTE

When you make a business, you're making a little world where you control the laws. It doesn't matter how things are done everywhere else. In your little world, you can make it like it should be.

When I first built CD Baby in 1998, every order resulted in an automated email that let the customer know when the CD was actually shipped. At first this note was just the normal "Your order has shipped today. Please let us know if it doesn't arrive. Thank you for your business."

After a few months, that felt really incongruent with my mission to make people smile. I knew could do better. So I took twenty minutes and wrote this goofy little thing:

Your CD has been gently taken from our CD Baby shelves with sterilized contamination-free gloves and placed onto a satin pillow.

A team of 50 employees inspected your CD and polished it to make sure it was in the best possible condition before mailing.

Our packing specialist from Japan lit a candle and a hush fell over the crowd as he put your CD into the finest gold-lined box that money can buy.

We all had a wonderful celebration afterwards and the whole party marched down the street to the post office where the entire town of Portland waved "Bon Voyage!" to your package, on its way to you, in our private CD Baby jet on this day, Friday, June 6th. I hope you had a wonderful time shopping at CD Baby. We sure did. Your picture is on our wall as "Customer of the Year." We're all exhausted but can't wait for you to come back to CDBABY.COM!!

That one silly email, sent out with every order, has been so loved that if you search the web for "private CD Baby jet," you'll get thousands of results. Each one is somebody who got the email and loved it enough to post it on his website and tell all his friends.

That one goofy email created thousands of new customers.

When you're thinking of how to make your business bigger, it's tempting to try to think all the big thoughts and come up with world-changing massive-action plans.

But please know that it's often the tiny details that really thrill people enough to make them tell all their friends about you.

LITTLE THINGS MAKE ALL THE DIFFERENCE

If you find even the smallest way to make people smile, **they'll remember you more for that smile** than for all your other fancy business-model stuff.

Here are some things that made a huge difference on the CD Baby website:

Because we shipped FedEx at 5 p.m. each day, customers would often call and ask, "What time is it there? Do I still have time to get it sent today?" So I added two little lines of programming code that counted how many hours and minutes remained until 5 p.m. and then showed the result by the shipping options. "You have 5 hours, 18 minutes until our next FedEx shipment." Customers loved this!

We answered our phone within two rings, always — 7 a.m. to 10 p.m., seven days a week. Phones were everywhere, so even if the customer service rep was busy, someone in the warehouse could pick up. All anyone had to do was say "CD Baby!" Customers loved this! Someone actually picking up the phone at a company is so rare that musicians would often tell me later at conferences that it was the main reason they decided to go with CD Baby — they could always talk to a real person immediately. All employees knew that as long as we weren't completely swamped, they should take a minute and get to know the caller a bit. Ask about her music. Ask how it's going. Yes, it would lead to twenty-minute conversations sometimes, but those people became lifelong fans.

Every outgoing email has a "From:" name, right? Why not use that to make people smile, too? With one line of code, I made it so that every outgoing email customized the

"From:" field to be "CD Baby loves firstname." So if the customer's name was Susan, every email she got from us would say it was from "CD Baby loves Susan." Customers loved this!

Sometimes, after we had done the forty-five minutes of work to add a new album to the store, the musician would change his mind and ask us to do it over again with a different album cover or different audio clips. I wanted to say yes but let him know that this was really hard to do, so I made a policy that made us both smile: "We'll do anything for a pizza." If you needed a big special favor, we'd give you the number of our local pizza delivery place. If you bought us a pizza, we'd do any favor you wanted. When we'd tell people about this on the phone, they'd often laugh, not believing we were serious. But we'd get a pizza every few weeks. I'd often hear from musicians later that this was the moment they fell in love with us.

At the end of each order, the last page of the website would ask, "Where did you hear of this artist? We'll pass them any message you write here." Customers would often take the time to write things like, "Heard your song on WBEZ radio last night. Searched the web. Found it here. I'd love to have you play at our school!" The musicians absolutely loved getting this information, and it always led to the customer and musician getting in touch directly. This is something that big stores like Amazon would never do.

Also at the end of each order, there was a box that would ask, "Any special requests?" One time, someone said, "I'd love some cinnamon gum." Since one of the guys in the warehouse was going to the store anyway, he picked up some cinnamon gum and included it in the package.

One time, someone said, "If you could include a small, rubber squid, I would appreciate it. If this is unobtainable,

a real squid would do." Just by chance, a customer from Korea had sent us a packaged filet of squid. So the shipping guys included it in the box with the other customer's CDs.

Even if you want to be big someday, remember that you never need to act like a big boring company.

Over ten years, it seemed like every time someone raved about how much he loved CD Baby, it was because of one of these little fun human touches.

DELEGATE OR DIE: THE SELF-EMPLOYED TRAP

Most self-employed people get caught in the delegation trap.

You're so busy, doing everything yourself. You know you need help, but to find and train someone would take more time than you have! So you keep working harder, until you break.

Here's my little tale of how I broke into the delegation mindset.

In 2001, CD Baby was three years old. I had eight employees but I was still doing everything else myself. Working 7am to 10pm, seven days a week, everything still went through me.

Every five minutes, my employees had a question for me:

- "Derek, some guy wants to change the album art after it's already live on the site. What do I tell him?"
- "Derek, can we accept wire transfer as a form of payment?"
- "Derek, someone placed two orders today, and wants to know if we can ship them together as one, but refund him the shipping cost savings?"

It was hard to get anything done while answering questions all day.

I felt like I might as well just show up to work and sit on a chair in the hallway, just answering employees' questions, full-time.

I hit my breaking point. I stopped going to the office and shut off my phone. Then I realized I was running from my problems instead of solving them. I had to fix this, or I'd be ruined.

After a long night of thinking and writing, I got myself into the delegation mindset.

I had to make myself unnecessary to the running of my company.

The next day, as soon as I walked in the door, someone asked, "Derek, someone whose CDs we received yesterday has now changed his mind and wants his CDs shipped back. We've already done the work, but he's asking if we can refund his set-up fee since he was never live on the site."

This time, instead of just answering the question, I called everyone together for a minute.

I repeated the situation and the question for everyone.

I answered the question, but more importantly, I explained the thought process and philosophy behind my answer.

"Yes refund his money in full. We'll take a little loss. It's important to always do whatever would make the customer happiest, as long as it's not outrageous. A little gesture like this goes a long way to him telling his friends we're a great company. Everyone always remember that helping musicians is our first goal, and profit is second. You have my full permission to use that guideline to make these decisions yourself in the future. Do what makes them happiest. Make sure everyone who deals with us leaves with a smile."

I make sure everyone understood the answer.

I asked one person to start a manual, and write down the answer to this one situation, and write down the philosophy behind it.

Then everyone went back to work.

Ten minutes later, new question. Same process:

- 1. Gather everybody around.
- 2. Answer the question, and explain the philosophy.
- 3. Make sure everyone understands the thought process.
- 4. Ask one person to write it in the manual.
- 5. Let everybody know they can decide this without me next time.

After two months of this, there were no more questions.

Then I showed someone how to do the last of the stuff that was still my job. As part of learning it, they had to document it in the manual, and show it to someone else, too. (Learn by teaching.)

Now I was totally un-necessary.

I started working at home — not going into the office at all.

I had even taught them my thought process and philosophy about hiring new people. So our two newest employees were entirely found, interviewed, hired, and trained by other employees. They used that manual to make sure every new employee understood the philosophy and history of CD Baby, and knew how to make decisions for themselves.

I'd call in once a week to make sure everything was OK.

It was. They didn't even have any questions for me.

Because my team was running the business, I was free to actually improve the business!

I moved to California, just to make it clear that the running of things was up to them.

I was still working 12-hour days, but now I was spending all my time on improvements, optimizations and innovations. To me, this was the fun stuff. This was play, not work.

While I was away, my company grew from \$1M to \$20M in four years — from 8 to 85 employees.

There's a big difference between being self-employed and being a business owner.

Being self-employed feels like freedom until you realize that if you take time off, your business crumbles.

To be a true business owner, make sure you could leave for a year, and when you came back, your business would be doing better than when you left.

(If you're interested in this stuff, read a book called "E-Myth Revisited" by Michael Gerber.)

IT'S OK TO BE CASUAL

My hiring policy was ridiculous.

Because I was too busy to bother, I'd just ask my current employees if they had any friends who needed work.

Someone always did, so I'd say, "Tell them to start tomorrow morning. Ten dollars an hour. Show them what to do." And that was that.

The thought was that it's almost impossible to tell what someone's going to be like on the job until he's actually on the job for a few weeks. So I'd hire lightly and fire lightly. Luckily we didn't need to fire that often.

But maybe the fact that the new hires were friends of friends helped with the trust part.

To be fair, this was a mail-order CD store, so most of my employees were in the warehouse. But I also took this same casual approach when I needed an important high-tech systems administrator.

"Anyone have a friend who's good with Linux? Yeah? Is he cool? OK, tell him to start tomorrow."

The first time I did that I found Ryan. The second time, I found Jason. Both guys were amazing and important at CD Baby for many years.

Don't try to impress an invisible jury of MBA professors. It's OK to be casual.

Naïve Quitting

My first real job was as the librarian at Warner/Chappell Music

I loved it. I was 20 years old, just graduated college, just moved to New York City. I took it really seriously and learned a lot.

After 2½ years, though, I decided to quit to be a full-time musician. (Partially because I was too happy there! I was scared that if I didn't force myself to quit, I'd never leave. Too comfortable.)

Since I had never quit a job before, and didn't know how, I did what seemed to be the respectful and considerate thing to do: I found and trained my replacement.

(It wasn't my boss's fault I wanted to quit, so why should I make it his problem? If I want to quit, it's my problem.)

I called on my old friend Nikki, who I knew would be perfect, and offered her my job at my current salary.

She came with me to the office for a week while I trained her in every aspect of the job.

Once she had it mastered, I went into my boss's office on a Friday afternoon and said, "I need to quit now, but I've already trained my replacement. She's great. She'll take over for me starting Monday."

My boss just looked a little stunned, then said, "Uh. Well. OK. We'll miss you. Tell her to see HR about the paperwork." And that was that.

Ten years later, I'm running my own company, and for the first time, an employee tells me he needs to quit.

I said, "Drag. Well. OK. I wish you the best! Who's your replacement?"

He looked confused.

I said, "Have you found and trained a replacement yet?"

He looked a little stunned, then said, "No.... I think that's your job."

Now I was stunned. I asked a few friends, and found out he was right. People can just quit a job without finding and training their replacement. I had no idea. All these years, I just assumed what I did was normal.

There's a benefit to being naïve to the norms of the world — **deciding from scratch what seems like the right thing to do**, instead of just doing what others do.

DON'T ADD YOUR TWO CENTS

"My two cents" is American slang for adding a small opinion or suggestion.

An employee says to the boss, "I've been working for the past two weeks on this new design. What do you think?"

The boss says, "Good job. Maybe just change the blue to gold, change the word 'giant' to 'huge', and get rid of the border. Other than that, it's great!"

Now, because the boss said so, the employee will have to make those changes.

But there's a big downside: The employee no longer feels full ownership of their project. (Then you wonder why they're not motivated!)

Imagine this instead:

The employee says, "I've been working for the past two weeks on this new design. What do you think?"

The boss says, "It's perfect. Great work!"

This slight change made a huge difference in the psychology of motivation. Now that person can feel full ownership of this project, which is more likely to lead to more involvement and commitment for future projects.

The boss's opinion is not necessarily better than anyone else's. But **once you become the boss, your opinion is dangerous** because it's not just one person's opinion anymore — it's a command! So adding your two cents can really hurt morale.

A business should not focus on the boss, so this restraint is healthy. You shouldn't give your opinion on everything just because you can.

Obviously, if there's more than "two cents" worth of stuff that needs to change, then this rule does not apply. But if your contribution is small and just an opinion, let it go. Let the other person feel full ownership of the idea, instead.

PREPARE TO DOUBLE

CD Baby doubled in size every year for the first six years. Both customers and profit, almost exactly 100 percent growth each year.

Because the business needed a warehouse for the CDs, I always had to buy more shelving. Each time I did, I'd buy twice as much as I had before. It always filled up fast, even when it got warehouse-sized. When I had filled a 5000-square-foot warehouse, I rented 10,000 square feet. When I filled up 10,000 square feet, I rented 20,000 square feet. Even that filled up fast.

But no matter what business you're in, it's good to prepare for what would happen if business doubled.

Have 10 clients now? How would it look if you had 20 at once? Serving 80 customers for lunch each day? What would happen if 160 showed up?

"More of the same" is never the answer. You have to do things in a new way to handle twice as much business. Processes have to be streamlined.

Never be the typical tragic small business that gets **frazzled** and **freaked out when business is doing well**. It sends a repulsive "I can't handle this!" message to everyone.

Instead, if your internal processes are always designed to handle twice your existing load, it sends an attractive "come on in, we've got plenty of room" message to everyone.

IT'S ABOUT BEING, NOT HAVING

Since I was 14, I was determined to be a great singer. But my pitch was bad, my tone was bad, and everyone said I was just not a singer.

For 11 years, I took voice lessons, and practiced at least an hour a day. I was always the lead singer of my band, doing a few shows a week, getting as much real-world experience as possible. The whole time, people kept telling me I was just not a singer — that I should give it up and find a real singer.

When I was 25, I recorded my first album. My mentor heard it and said, "Derek, you're just not a singer. You really need to stop trying. Admit you're a songwriter, and find a real singer." But I was unfazed. I knew I just had more work to do.

At 28, I started noticing that my voice was getting good! I recorded a few new songs, and for the first time, I really liked the vocals!

At 29, I had done it. After 15 years of practice, and about a thousand live shows, I was finally a very good singer, at least by my own standards. (Someone who heard me for the first time then said, "Singing is a gift you're either born with or you're not. You're lucky. You were born with it!")

Point is: It's not that I wanted to get it done and **have** good vocals. It's that I wanted to **be** a great singer.

Same with being a producer: I wanted to record my album myself, to learn recording-studio engineering and production, because I thought that would be a really rewarding and empowering thing to know how to do —

like building your own house.

Friends and mentors said that was ridiculous, that I should just hire a great engineer, producer, and studio. Doing everything myself might take years, whereas I could have it all done in a few weeks if I just hired someone good.

I took the few years to learn it myself, and it was one of the most rewarding experiences of my life. For the next few years, I did all the production and engineering on a few friends' albums, too. Now it's something I know how to do, and it feels great.

Same with being a programmer: When I started CD Baby, I knew only some basic HTML, no programming. But as the site grew, basic HTML wouldn't do it anymore. My tech friends told me I had to make a server-side database-driven automated system.

Since I couldn't afford to hire a programmer, that meant I had to learn it myself. I went to the bookstore and got a book on PHP and MySQL programming. It was the slow road, but I loved it! Like being in the recording studio, it was wonderful to learn how to make the technology do what I wanted and not be a mystery. And it was nice to be self-sufficient.

As the company grew, everyone was surprised that I still did all the programming myself. But for an online business, outsourcing the programming would be like a band outsourcing the songwriting!

This wasn't just my business — this was my creation! This wasn't like mowing lawns — this was like writing songs!

In the last few years, my employees were mad that new features were not being added as fast as they wanted, because I insisted on doing all the programming myself. They said we were losing millions of dollars in business because we didn't have certain features.

But that was OK with me. I loved the process. I was happy.

When you want to learn how to do something yourself, most people won't understand. They'll assume the only reason we do anything is to get it done, and doing it yourself is not the most efficient way.

But that's forgetting about the joy of learning and doing.

Yes, it may take longer. Yes, it may be inefficient. Yes, it may even cost you millions of dollars in lost opportunities because your business is growing slower because you're insisting on doing something yourself.

But the whole point of doing anything is because it makes you happy! That's it!

You might get bigger faster and make millions if you outsourced everything to the experts. But what's the point of getting bigger and making millions? To be happy, right?

In the end, it's about what you want to be, not what you want to have.

To have something (a finished recording, a business, or millions of dollars) is the means, not the end.

To be something (a good singer, a skilled entrepreneur, or just plain happy) is the real point.

When you sign up to run a marathon, you don't want a taxi to take you to the finish line.

THE DAY STEVE JOBS DISSED ME IN A KEYNOTE

In May 2003, Apple invited me to their headquarters to discuss getting CD Baby's catalog into the iTunes Music Store.

iTunes had just launched two weeks before, with only some music from the major labels. Many of us in the music biz were not sure this idea was going to work. Especially those who had seen companies like eMusic do this exact same model for years without big success.

I flew to Cupertino thinking I'd be meeting with one of their marketing or tech people. When I arrived, I found out that about a hundred people from small record labels and distributors had also been invited.

We all went into a little presentation room, not knowing what to expect.

Then out comes Steve Jobs. Whoa! Rock star.

He was in full persuasive presentation mode. Trying to convince all of us to give Apple our entire catalog of music. Talking about iTunes success so far, and all the reasons we should work with Apple.

He made a point of saying, "We want the iTunes Music Store to have every piece of music ever recorded. Even if it's discontinued or not selling much, we want it all."

This was huge, because until 2003, independent musicians were always denied access to the big outlets. For Apple to sell all music, not just music from artists who had signed their rights away to a corporation, this was amazing!

Then they showed us the software we'd all have to use to send them each album. The software required us to put the audio CD into a Mac CD-Rom drive, type in all of the album info, song titles and bio, then click [encode] for it to rip, and [upload] when done.

I raised my hand and asked if it was required that we use their software. They said yes.

I asked again, saying we had over 100,000 albums, already ripped as lossless WAV files, with all of the info carefully entered by the artist themselves, ready to send to their servers with their exact specifications.

The Apple guys said, "Sorry, you need to use this software; there is no other way."

Ugh. That means we have to pull each one of those CDs off of the shelf again, stick it in a Mac, then cut-and-paste every song title into that Mac software. But so be it. If that's what Apple needs, OK. They said they'd be ready for us to start uploading in the next couple weeks.

I flew home that night, posted my meeting notes on my website, emailed all of my clients to announce the news, and went to sleep.

When I woke, I had furious emails and voicemails from my contact at Apple.

"What the hell are you doing? That meeting was confidential! Take those notes off your site immediately! Our legal department is furious!"

There was no mention of confidentiality at the meeting and no agreement to sign. But I removed my notes from my site immediately, to be nice. All was well, or so I thought. Apple emailed us the iTunes Music Store contract. We immediately signed it and returned it the same day. I started building the system to deliver everyone's music to iTunes.

I decided we'd have to charge \$40 for this service, to cover our bandwidth and payroll costs of pulling each CD out of the warehouse, entering all the info, digitizing, uploading, and putting it back in the warehouse.

5000 musicians signed up in advance, each paying \$40. That \$200,000 helped pay for the extra equipment and people needed to make this happen.

Within two weeks, we got contacted by Rhapsody, Yahoo Music, Napster, eMusic, and more — each saying they wanted our entire catalog. Yes! Awesome!

Maybe you can't appreciate this now, but the summer of 2003 was the biggest turning point that independent music has ever had. Until that point, almost no big business would sell independent music.

By iTunes saying they wanted everything, then their competitors needing to keep up, we were in! Since the summer of 2003, all musicians everywhere can sell all their music in almost every outlet online. Do you realize how amazing that is?

But there was one problem. **iTunes wasn't getting back to us**. Yahoo, Rhapsody, Napster and the rest were all up and running. But iTunes wasn't returning our signed contract. Was it because I posted my meeting notes? Had I pissed-off Steve Jobs?

Nobody at Apple would say anything. It had been months. My musicians were getting impatient and angry. I gave optimistic apologies, but I was starting to get worried, too.

A month later, Steve Jobs did a special worldwide simulcast keynote speech about iTunes. People had been criticizing iTunes for having less music than the competition. They had 400,000 songs while Rhapsody and Napster had over 2 million songs. (Over 500,000 of those were from CD Baby.)

Four minutes in, he said something that made my pounding heart sink to my burning stomach:

"This number could have easily been much higher, if we wanted to let in every song. But we realize that record companies do a great service. They edit! Did you know that if you and I record a song, for \$40 we can pay a few of the services to get it on their site, through some intermediaries? We can be on Rhapsody and all these other guys for \$40? Well we don't want to let that stuff on our site! So we've had to edit it. And these are 400,000 quality songs."

Whoa! Wow. Steve Jobs just dissed me hard! I'm the only one charging \$40. That was me he's referring to!

Shit. OK. That's that. Steve changed his mind. No independents on iTunes. You heard the man.

I hated the position this put me in. Ever since I started my company in 1998, I had been offering an excellent service. I could make promises and keep them, because I was in full control. Now, for the first time, I had promised something that was out of my control.

So it was time to do the right thing, no matter how much it hurt. I decided to refund everybody's \$40, with my deepest apologies. With 5000 musicians signed up, that meant I was **refunding \$200,000**. Ouch. Since we couldn't promise anything, I couldn't charge money in good conscience.

I removed all mention of iTunes from my site. I removed the \$40 cost. I changed the language to say we can't promise anything. I emailed everyone to let them know what had happened. I decided to make it a free service from that point on.

The very next day, we got our signed contract back from Apple, along with upload instructions. Unbelievable.

We asked, "Why now?", but got no answer.

Whatever. Fucking Apple.

We started encoding and uploading immediately. I quietly added iTunes back to the list of companies on our site. But I never again promised a customer that I could do something beyond my full control.

MY \$3.3M MISTAKE

Ever since I was a teenager, my dad would occasionally send me things to sign — things for the family business. I didn't understand the complexities of it, and didn't need to, so I'd just sign without question.

Four years before starting CD Baby, as I was recording my first album, I needed to borrow \$20,000 to buy studio equipment. My dad said, "Instead of lending you money, start a corporation. Then the family business can buy shares in your corporation."

So I did. Because my band was called Hit Me, I called the company Hit Media Inc.

My dad's company bought some shares, and that helped me finish my album, and continued to run my recording studio at a profit.

Four years later, I was living in Woodstock, New York, and started this little hobby called CD Baby.

The first time I got a check addressed to "CD Baby", I brought it down to the bank and told the bank teller, "I need to set this up as a new business, so let's open a new business account."

She said, "Oh you don't need to do that. You can just make it an alias on your Hit Media account." At that time, Hit Media was a recording studio and booking agency.

It seeemed a little strange since CD Baby was definitely a new business, but it saved 10 minutes and \$100, so I said OK.

Four years later, CD Baby was doing really well. A few million dollars in sales. Probably half a million dollars in net profits. I paid my dad back the \$20,000 I borrowed.

I called up my accountant in January to say, "OK. I got all the accounting books balanced. Should we file early this year?"

He said, "Oh, you don't need to file. CD Baby is just a line item on your dad's company's tax return."

I said, "Uh... what?"

"You didn't know that your dad's company owns 90% of CD Baby?"

"Uh... what?"

"You should talk to your dad."

Yes, it turns out that one of those pieces of paper I signed without question had sold 90% of the shares of Hit Media Inc to his company.

Then because the bank teller advised me to make CD Baby an alias of Hit Media, that meant my dad's company owned 90% of CD Baby as well.

Oh, what a sinking feeling. What I thought was my company all these years was not actually my company. I owned only 10%.

I couldn't be mad at my dad. He was doing me a favor back then, and thought I knew the deal. Nobody thought my little hobby was going to turn into a multi-million-dollar business. It was my fault for not reading what I signed. My fault for letting a bank teller's quick advice make that major decision for my business structure.

What made it even worse is that I couldn't just buy it back for the original \$20,000. The IRS won't allow that. The only way was to pay full market value, as determined by an outside valuation company.

In the end, I had to pay \$3.3 million dollars to buy back that 90%.

MAKE IT ANYTHING YOU WANT

After your business has been up and running a while, you'll hit an interesting crossroads.

Everyone assumes that as the owner of the company, you'll be the traditional CEO, having fancy lunches with other high-powered CEOs and doing all the big business deals.

But what if you don't like doing that? What if what you love the most is the solitude of the craft? Or talking to customers?

Never forget that you can make your role anything you want it to be.

Anything you hate to do, someone else loves. So find those people and let them do it.

For me, I loved sitting alone and programming, writing, planning, and inventing. Thinking of ideas and making them happen. This makes me happy, not business deals or management. So I found someone who liked doing business deals and put him in charge of all that.

If you do this, you'll encounter a lot of pushback and misunderstanding, but who cares? You can't just live someone else's expectation of a traditional business. You have to just do whatever you love the most, or you'll lose interest in the whole thing.

On a similar note, people also assume that you want to be big big — as big as can be. But do you, really?

Huge growth means lots of meetings, investors, bankers, media, and answering to others. It's quite far from the real core of the business.

Happiness is the real reason you're doing anything, right? Even if you say it's for the money, the money is just a means to happiness, right? But what if it's proven that after a certain point, money doesn't create any happiness at all, but only headaches? You may be much happier as a \$1 million business than a \$1 billion business.

Funny thing is, I didn't want CD Baby to grow at all. Even from the start, I didn't want this website hobby to take away from my career as a musician, but it did. I didn't want it to have more than a couple employees or outgrow my house, but it did. When I had twenty employees, I vowed to keep it that small, but customer demand kept growing, and I had to keep the customers happy. When I had fifty employees, I swore that was enough, and we needed to curb this growth, but the business kept growing.

When people would ask, "What are you doing to grow your company?" I'd say, "Nothing! I'm trying to get it to stop growing! I don't like this. It's too big."

They thought that was the weirdest thing. Doesn't every business want to be as big as possible?

No. Make sure you **know what makes you happy, and don't** forget it.

TRUST, BUT VERIFY

In 2005, CD Baby's main business was doing digital delivery of music to all the digital music retailers: iTunes, Amazon, Napster, Rhapsody, MSN, Yahoo!, and fifty more.

This role was life-or-death important to the company because it was the main reason most of our new clients signed up. And there were lots of competitors in this field, so it was crucial that we did everything well.

I built a system that did most of the work, but it still required someone to run the outputs, connect hard drives, and ship them to the retailers.

I hired a guy who seemed good. I sat side by side with him for a week, showing him the system, running it myself, and explaining how it all works. He got it.

The key point was that we had to get every album delivered to every company, every week, no matter what. He signed a contract with me that said, in huge letters, "EVERY ALBUM, TO EVERY COMPANY, EVERY WEEK, NO MATTER WHAT." We talked a lot about how absolutely crucial that was — that it was really his only job requirement because it was that important. He agreed.

His first few weeks, I watched closely to make sure everything was going well. It was. So I turned my attention back to other things.

A few months later, I started hearing a lot of complaints from musicians, saying that their music hadn't been sent to these companies.

I logged into the system to see what was wrong. It turns out that we hadn't sent any music to Napster, Amazon, or some other companies in months. Months!

I called the guy in charge of it and asked what was going on. He said, "Yeah, I've been really backed up. It's been really busy."

I said, "What's rule number one? The sole mission of your job?"

He said, "I know. Every album to every company every week no matter what. But I've been swamped."

I flew up to Portland and let him go. I've never fired someone so fast, but this was extreme. Our company's reputation was permanently hurt. This job was so crucial to the company's survival that I decided to do it myself for a while. Not just do it, but build a system that wouldn't let mistakes go unnoticed again. So for the next six months, I lived at the warehouse in Portland, and my sole job was digital deliveries. It took fifteen-hour days to catch up on months of backlog, but eventually we had a smooth system again.

I learned a hard lesson in hindsight:

Trust, but verify.

Remember it when delegating. You have to do both.

DELEGATE, BUT DON'T ABDICATE

Delegation doesn't come naturally to any of us. But I was trying really hard to be good at it. I knew how important it was to get into the delegation mindset. I was trying to empower my employees — to let them know they could make decisions on their own, without me.

When they asked, "How should we organize all the rooms in the new office?" I said, "Any way you want to do it is fine."

When they asked, "Which health-care plan should we go with?" I said, "Whichever one you choose, I'll pay for."

When they asked, "Which profit-sharing plan should we go with?" I said, "Whatever you think is best."

A local magazine voted CD Baby "Best Place to Work" in the state of Oregon.

Six months later, my accountant called me and said, "Did you know that your employees set up a profit-sharing program?"

I said, "Yeah. Why?"

He said, "Did you know that they're giving all of the profits of the company back to themselves?"

Oops.

When I cancelled the profit-sharing program, I became a very unpopular guy. In our weekly company meetings, the general message from the employees was, "We need to get Derek out of here, so he stops telling us what to do. We don't need to answer to him! He needs to answer to us!" Then I realized that there's such a thing as over-delegation. I had empowered my employees so much that I gave them all the power. After a complete communication breakdown, it was 85 people (my employees) against one (me). I became the scapegoat for all of their dissatisfactions.

I thought of trying to repair relationships with each of the 85 employees, over hundreds of hours of talking. But if you've ever had a romance break up, you know that sometimes it's beyond repair.

So I considered firing everyone and hiring a whole new crew. I also considered shutting down the company entirely, since I wasn't enjoying this anymore. I even considered a Willy Wonka move, where I'd put five golden tickets into five CDs and then give the whole company to some lucky finder.

In the end, I did what was best for my clients and me: I retreated into solitude, staying at a friend's house in London, and focused entirely on programming some major new software features for CD Baby.

I never saw or spoke to my employees again. Never saw the office again.

I learned an important word: abdicate. To abdicate means to surrender or relinquish power or responsibility. This word is usually used when a king abdicates the throne or crown.

Lesson learned too late: Delegate, but don't abdicate.

HOW I KNEW I WAS DONE WITH MY COMPANY

I thought I would never sell my company. When National Public Radio did a story about me in 2004, I said I'd stick it out until the end, and I meant it.

In 2007 I did a ground-up rewrite of the website software from scratch. And man, it was beautiful code. The proudest achievement of my life at that time was that software. Wonderfully organized, extensible, and efficient: the culmination of everything I'd learned about programming in ten years.

After a successful relaunch and Christmas rush, I was looking at my plan for 2008 and beyond. All my plans needed a huge effort for little reward, but were required for future growth. I had broken it into about 20 projects, each taking 2 to 12 weeks.

But I wasn't excited about any of them.

I'd taken it far beyond my goals, and realized I had no big vision for it being much else.

The next week, I got calls from three companies, each asking if I'd be interested in selling. I said no, as usual, since I'd been giving the same answer for ten years.

But just to be open-minded, that weekend I opened my diary and started answering the question, "What if I sold?"

I had done this a few times in previous years, but the answer had always been, "No way! There's so much more I want to do! This is my baby. There's no way I could let go." This time it was different. I thought how nice it'd be to not have 85 employees and all that responsibility. I wrote about how nice it'd be to get outside a bit and feel free from all that. I got excited about all the cool new projects I could do instead.

I realized the bigger learning and growing challenge for me was letting go, not staying on.

Surprised by this, I asked Seth Godin's advice. All he said was, "If you care, sell."

I think his point was that my lack of enthusiastic vision was doing a disservice to my clients. It'd be better for everyone if I put the company in more motivated hands that could help them all grow.

I called a friend and asked him to grill me upside down about this big decision. "What other ways can you achieve the freedom you want, without selling?" After an hour of questions like this, we both came to the conclusion that I was really done.

As with any breakup, graduation, or move, you emotionally disconnect, and it all feels as if it were in the distant past.

I felt like I was already on the highway with a little box of stuff, moving cross-country, with my old home long gone, never to be seen again.

By the end of that day, I was no longer derek@cdbaby.com.

Unfortunately, like a divorce, the paperwork took another seven months. I let two companies bid, and ended up choosing the one with the lower bid, but that I felt understood my clients better.

But it was never about the money. The decision was done in that one introspective day of writing in my diary and talking with friends. I was completely unconflicted, and knew it was the right decision.

I went to bed that night (January 18, 2008) and slept longer than I had in months. Then I woke up full of detailed ideas for my next company, but that's a different story.

The reason I'm telling all this is because I've been asked the question a few times by other entrepreneurs, "How do you know when it's time to sell?".

My answer is, "You'll know", but I hope this detailed story helps illustrate that feeling.

WHY I GAVE MY COMPANY TO CHARITY

Two friends were at a party at a billionaire's extravagant estate. One said, "Wow! Look at this place! This guy has everything!" The other said, "Yes, but I have something he'll never have: enough."

When I decided to sell my company, I already had enough.

I live simply. I don't own a house, a car, or even a TV. The less I own, the happier I am. The lack of stuff gives me the priceless freedom to live anywhere anytime.

So I didn't need or even want the money from the sale of the company. I just wanted to make sure I had enough for a simple comfortable life. The rest should go to music education, since that's what made such a difference in my life.

I created a charitable trust called the Independent Musicians Charitable Remainder Unitrust. When I die, all of its assets will go to music education. But while I'm alive, it pays out 5% of its value per year to me.

A few months before the sale, I transferred the ownership of CD Baby and HostBaby, all the intellectual property like trademarks and software, into the trust.

It was irreversibly and irrevocably gone. It was no longer mine. It all belonged to the charitable trust.

Then, when Disc Makers bought it, they bought it not from me but from the trust, turning it into \$22 million cash to benefit music education. So instead of me selling the company — (getting taxed on the income, and giving what's left to charity) — that move of giving away the company to charity then having the charity sell it saved about \$5 million in taxes. (That means \$5 million more going to music education.)

Also, the move of giving it away into a trust now — instead of holding on to it until I die — means its investments get to grow and compound tax-free for life, which again means more goes to musicians in the end.

I'm only writing this because many people have asked why I gave it away, so I thought I'd write my long explanation once and for all.

It's not that I'm altruistic. I'm sacrificing nothing. I've just learned what makes me happy. And **doing it this way made me the happiest**.

I get the deeper happiness of knowing the lucky streak I've had in my life will benefit tons of people — not just me.

I get the pride of knowing I did something irreversibly smart before I could change my mind.

I get the safety of knowing I won't be the target of a frivolous lawsuit, since I have very little net worth.

I get the unburdened freedom of having it out of my hands so I can't do something stupid.

But most of all, I get the constant priceless reminder that I have enough.

WHY YOU NEED YOUR OWN COMPANY

We all need a place to play.

Kids need playgrounds and sandboxes. Musicians need an instrument. Mad scientists need a laboratory.

Those of us with business ideas? We need a company.

Not for the money, but because it's our place to experiment, create, and turn thoughts into reality. We need to pursue our intrinsic motivation.

We have so many interesting ideas and theories. We need to try them!

The happiest people are not lounging on beaches. They're engaged in interesting work!

Following curiosity is much more fun than being idle. Even if you never have to work a day in your life.

That's the best reason to have a company. **It's your playground, your instrument, your laboratory**. It's your place to play!

Get the ideas out of your head and into the world.

YOU MAKE YOUR PERFECT WORLD

I started CD Baby focused on the importance of making a dream-come-true perfect world for musicians.

Along the way I learned the importance of making my business a dream come true for myself, too.

Business is as creative as the fine arts. **You can be as unconventional, unique, and quirky as you want**. A business is a reflection of the creator.

Some people want to be billionaires with thousands of employees. Some people want to work alone.

Some want to be famous in Silicon Valley. Some want to be anonymous.

No matter which goal you choose, there will be lots of people telling you you're wrong.

Just pay close attention to what excites you and what drains you. Pay close attention to when you're being the real you and when you're trying to impress an invisible jury.

Even if what you're doing is slowing the growth of your business — if it makes you happy, that's OK. It's your choice to remain small.

You'll notice that as my company got bigger, my stories about it were less happy. That was my lesson learned. I'm happier with 5 employees than with 85, and happiest working alone.

Whatever you make, it's your creation, so make it your personal dream come true.

ABOUT THE AUTHOR

If you want to know more about me or my work, go to **sive.rs**. It's all there.

Any questions, go to **sive.rs/contact** to email me.

— Derek



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