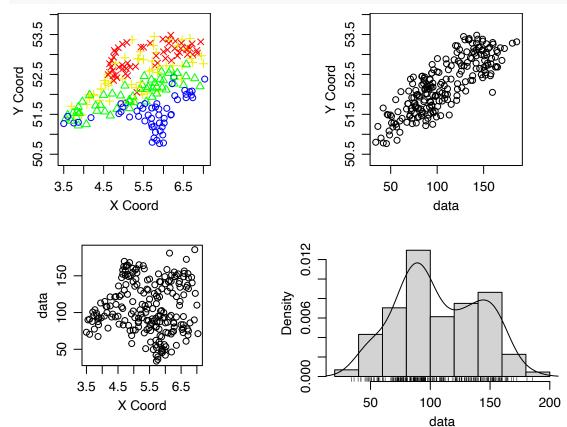
Question 1

```
ntl <- read_csv("netherlands.csv")
# Convert to geodata object
geo_ntl <- as.geodata(ntl, coords.col = 2:3, data.col = 4)</pre>
```

1a

Plot the precipitation of Netherlands in September 2019 by geodata

plot(geo_ntl)



Produce numerical summaries

```
a <- summary(ntl$precip)
at <- t(a)
kable(at)</pre>
```

Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.
33.9	80.85	100.15	106.5705	137.35	185.6

The top right plots the precipitation against latitude. It can be seen that higher latitude recorded higher precipitation. This reflects that northern Netherlands recorded higher precipitation than the southern.

The bottom left plots the precipitation against longitude. Rainfall volume seems to widely vary at right longitude, while at left-most longitude they center around 100. This can be due to the fact that there are fewer observations recorded there.

The top left plots the precipitation all over Netherlands, with blue, green, yellow and red respectively represent the lowest, second, third and highest quartile in the precipitation range. As mentioned, the southern region is covered in blue, while moving up to the north, it gradually changes to green, yellow and then red in the north of Netherlands. There is clearly spatial correlation. Regions of the same latitude seem to have similar or nearly similar precipitation, while precipitation of regions of the same longitude can vary (shown in the mixture of blue, green and yellows points in the same longitude)

From the numerical summary and density plot, precipitation ranges from nearly 34 to over 185, with mean = 100 and median = 106.

1b

Select 3 observed locations

```
# Random choose 3 locations
set.seed(1234)
obs_rows <- sample(1:nrow(ntl), size = 3)
# Separate training set and the 3 chosen locations for
# testing
tst <- ntl[obs_rows, ]</pre>
trn <- ntl[-obs_rows, ]</pre>
# Label test locations as A, B, C
tst$label <- c("A", "B", "C")
tst
## # A tibble: 3 x 5
##
     station name longitude latitude precip label
##
     <chr>>
                        <dbl>
                                 <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
                                  52.5 138. A
## 1 MARKEN
                         5.1
## 2 BRIELLE
                         4.15
                                  51.9
                                        108. B
## 3 OOST MAARLAND
                                          33.9 C
                         5.72
                                  50.8
```

1c

Calculate and plot the sample variogram of the data, first with assumption that mean is constant. Then we will test variogram with different adjustments of mean (transformation or linear/ quadratic trend)

```
# Convert training set to geodata
geo_trn <- as.geodata(trn, coords.col = 2:3, data.col = 4)

# Calculate the sample variogram with assumption that mean
# is constant
sample_vario_full <- variog(geo_trn, option = "bin")

## variog: computing omnidirectional variogram
# Test different adjustment of mean assumption
sample_vario_lmda2 <- variog(geo_trn, option = "bin", lambda = 2)

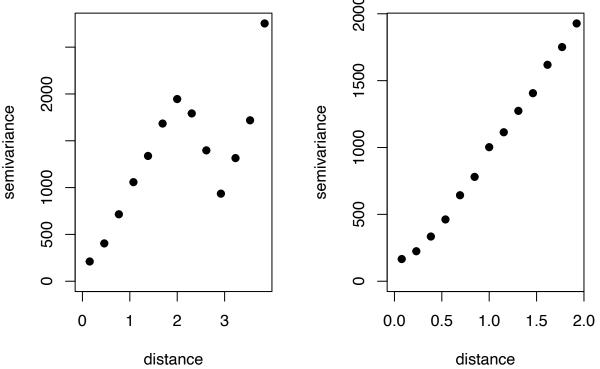
## variog: computing omnidirectional variogram
sample_vario_lmda0 <- variog(geo_trn, option = "bin", lambda = 0)

## variog: computing omnidirectional variogram
sample_vario_trnd1 <- variog(geo_trn, option = "bin", trend = "1st")</pre>
```

```
## variog: computing omnidirectional variogram
sample_vario_trnd2 <- variog(geo_trn, option = "bin", trend = "2nd")</pre>
## variog: computing omnidirectional variogram
par(mfrow = c(2, 2))
plot(sample_vario_lmda2, pch = 19)
plot(sample_vario_lmda0, pch = 19)
plot(sample_vario_trnd1, pch = 19)
plot(sample_vario_trnd2, pch = 19)
     4e+07
semivariance
                                                  semivariance
                                                       0.15
     0e+00
                                                       0.00
          0
                           2
                                   3
                                                             0
                                                                             2
                                                                                      3
                   1
                       distance
                                                                         distance
semivariance
                                                  semivariance
     300
                                                       300
     0
                                                       0
          0
                   1
                           2
                                   3
                                                             0
                                                                     1
                                                                             2
                                                                                     3
                       distance
                                                                         distance
# variogram with assumption that mean is constant, cut max
# distance = 2
sample_vario <- variog(geo_trn, option = "bin", max.dist = 2)</pre>
## variog: computing omnidirectional variogram
# Plot the sample variogram
par(mar = c(4, 4, 4, 2), mfrow = c(1, 2))
plot(sample_vario_full, pch = 19, main = "Sample variogram of precipitation \n in the Netherlands")
```

plot(sample_vario, pch = 19, main = "Sample variogram of precipitation \n in the Netherlands (set maxim

Sample variogram of precipitatio Sample variogram of precipitatio in the Netherlands 1 the Netherlands (set maximum dis



The bottom variograms when we assume the mean has a first or second order polynomial on the coordinates are not stable and continuous. The variance fluctuates over the range of distances and does not reach a sensible sill. The top variograms when we transform the mean share the same trend with the original variogram (with assumption of constant mean by default).

We use the original variogram. We need to set a maximum distance = 2 before fitting a model because when the distance is larger than 2, the variance starts to drop. This decrease does not describe the variance of points which are far apart, but due to the fact that there are not as many data points of this distance as of closer distance. Thus, from distance = 2, variance starts to drop before going up at 3.

We need to include a nugget. As can be seen from the right plot, the variance at distance = 0 is larger than 0 (could be around 100), therefore a nugget is needed to reflect this variance.

1d

Fit the variogram

```
# fit matern 3/2
vari.mat1.5 <- variofit(sample_vario, kappa = 1.5)</pre>
## variofit: covariance model used is matern
## variofit: weights used: npairs
## variofit: minimisation function used: optim
## Warning in variofit(sample_vario, kappa = 1.5): initial values not provided -
## running the default search
## variofit: searching for best initial value ... selected values:
##
                 sigmasq phi
                                  tausq
                                           kappa
## initial.value "1927.8" "0.62" "192.78"
                                          "1.5"
                 "est"
                          "est"
                                 "est"
## status
                                           "fix"
```

```
## loss value: 308377280.663826
# fit matern 5/2
vari.mat2.5 <- variofit(sample_vario, kappa = 2.5)</pre>
## variofit: covariance model used is matern
## variofit: weights used: npairs
## variofit: minimisation function used: optim
## Warning in variofit(sample_vario, kappa = 2.5): initial values not provided -
## running the default search
## variofit: searching for best initial value ... selected values:
                 sigmasq phi
                                 tausq
                                           kappa
## initial.value "1927.8" "0.62" "481.95" "2.5"
                 "est"
                        "est" "est"
## status
                                          "fix"
## loss value: 433478946.58925
# fit matern estimate kappa
vari.matest <- variofit(sample_vario, kappa = 1.5, fix.kappa = FALSE,</pre>
   cov.model = "matern")
## variofit: covariance model used is matern
## variofit: weights used: npairs
## variofit: minimisation function used: optim
## Warning in variofit(sample_vario, kappa = 1.5, fix.kappa = FALSE, cov.model =
## "matern"): initial values not provided - running the default search
## variofit: searching for best initial value ... selected values:
                 sigmasq phi
                                 tausq
                                           kappa
## initial.value "1927.8" "0.62" "192.78" "2"
                 "est"
                          "est" "est"
## status
## loss value: 273775698.510249
# try different model
model_list <- c("exponential", "gaussian", "spherical", "circular",</pre>
    "cubic", "wave", "power", "powered.exponential", "cauchy",
    "gneiting")
min_sum_sq <- c()</pre>
for (i in 1:length(model_list)) {
    vari_i <- variofit(sample_vario, cov.model = model_list[i])</pre>
    # get the minimized weighted sum of squares
    sos_i <- vari_i$value</pre>
    pars_i <- vari_i$cov.pars</pre>
    nugg_i <- vari_i$nugget</pre>
   # print the result
    min_sum_sq <- c(min_sum_sq, sos_i)</pre>
}
## variofit: covariance model used is exponential
## variofit: weights used: npairs
## variofit: minimisation function used: optim
## Warning in variofit(sample_vario, cov.model = model_list[i]): initial values not
## provided - running the default search
## variofit: searching for best initial value ... selected values:
```

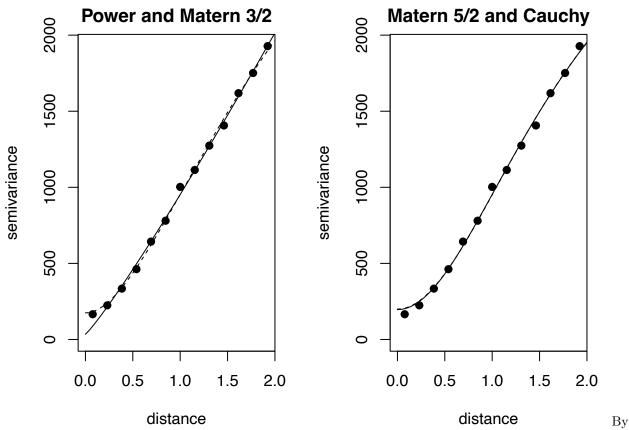
```
sigmasq phi tausq kappa
## initial.value "1927.8" "1.23" "0" "0.5"
                "est"
                        "est" "est" "fix"
## loss value: 666872354.120309
## variofit: covariance model used is gaussian
## variofit: weights used: npairs
## variofit: minimisation function used: optim
## Warning in variofit(sample_vario, cov.model = model_list[i]): initial values not
## provided - running the default search
## variofit: searching for best initial value ... selected values:
                sigmasq phi tausq kappa
## initial.value "1927.8" "1.23" "0" "0.5"
                         "est" "est" "fix"
                 "est"
## status
## loss value: 167720624.522887
## variofit: covariance model used is spherical
## variofit: weights used: npairs
## variofit: minimisation function used: optim
## Warning in variofit(sample_vario, cov.model = model_list[i]): initial values not
## provided - running the default search
## variofit: searching for best initial value ... selected values:
##
                sigmasq phi
                                tausq kappa
## initial.value "1445.85" "1.54" "0" "0.5"
                          "est" "est" "fix"
## status
                 "est"
## loss value: 1122405317.69195
## variofit: covariance model used is circular
## variofit: weights used: npairs
## variofit: minimisation function used: optim
## Warning in variofit(sample_vario, cov.model = model_list[i]): initial values not
## provided - running the default search
## variofit: searching for best initial value ... selected values:
                sigmasq phi tausq kappa
## initial.value "1445.85" "1.54" "0"
                "est"
                          "est" "est" "fix"
## status
## loss value: 725038008.941232
## variofit: covariance model used is cubic
## variofit: weights used: npairs
## variofit: minimisation function used: optim
## Warning in variofit(sample_vario, cov.model = model_list[i]): initial values not
## provided - running the default search
## variofit: searching for best initial value ... selected values:
                sigmasq phi
                                 tausq kappa
## initial.value "1445.85" "1.54" "0" "0.5"
                 "est"
                          "est" "est" "fix"
## status
## loss value: 1554441090.49136
## variofit: covariance model used is wave
## variofit: weights used: npairs
## variofit: minimisation function used: optim
## Warning in variofit(sample_vario, cov.model = model_list[i]): initial values not
## provided - running the default search
```

```
## variofit: searching for best initial value ... selected values:
##
                sigmasq phi
                                 tausq
## initial.value "1927.8" "0.62" "192.78" "0.5"
                 "est"
                          "est" "est"
## status
                                          "fix"
## loss value: 207325770.680383
## variofit: covariance model used is power
## variofit: weights used: npairs
## variofit: minimisation function used: optim
## Warning in variofit(sample_vario, cov.model = model_list[i]): initial values not
## provided - running the default search
## variofit: searching for best initial value ... selected values:
                 sigmasq phi
                              tausq
                                        kappa
## initial.value "963.9" "1.54" "192.78" "0.5"
## status
                 "est"
                       "est" "est"
                                         "fix"
## loss value: 6086381185.28682
## variofit: covariance model used is powered.exponential
## variofit: weights used: npairs
## variofit: minimisation function used: optim
## Warning in variofit(sample_vario, cov.model = model_list[i]): initial values not
## provided - running the default search
## variofit: searching for best initial value ... selected values:
                 sigmasq phi
                                tausq kappa
## initial.value "1927.8" "1.54" "0" "0.5"
## status
                 "est"
                         "est" "est" "fix"
## loss value: 2045040682.53139
## variofit: covariance model used is cauchy
## variofit: weights used: npairs
## variofit: minimisation function used: optim
## Warning in variofit(sample_vario, cov.model = model_list[i]): initial values not
## provided - running the default search
## variofit: searching for best initial value ... selected values:
                 sigmasq phi tausq
                                         kappa
## initial.value "1927.8" "0.62" "192.78" "0.5"
## status
                 "est"
                          "est" "est"
## loss value: 649859898.493717
## variofit: covariance model used is gneiting
## variofit: weights used: npairs
## variofit: minimisation function used: optim
## Warning in variofit(sample_vario, cov.model = model_list[i]): initial values not
## provided - running the default search
## variofit: searching for best initial value ... selected values:
##
                 sigmasq phi
                                 tausq kappa
## initial.value "1927.8" "1.23" "0"
                                     "0.5"
## status
                 "est"
                          "est" "est" "fix"
## loss value: 170150938.08685
model_list <- c(model_list, "mattern 3/2", "mattern 5/2", "mattern est")
min_sum_sq <- c(min_sum_sq, vari.mat1.5$value, vari.mat2.5$value,</pre>
   vari.matest$value)
```

	model	min_sum_sq
7	power	11181319
11	mattern 3/2	11853782
9	cauchy	14806997
12	mattern 5/2	15767716
5	cubic	18264745
10	gneiting	22376235
2	gaussian	23263283
3	spherical	24095602
4	circular	24096674
1	exponential	24174761
6	wave	28534445
13	mattern est	30819663
8	powered.exponential	1061231062

```
# refit the power variogram
vari_pow <- variofit(sample_vario, cov.model = "power")</pre>
## variofit: covariance model used is power
## variofit: weights used: npairs
## variofit: minimisation function used: optim
## Warning in variofit(sample_vario, cov.model = "power"): initial values not
## provided - running the default search
## variofit: searching for best initial value ... selected values:
                sigmasq phi tausq
                                      kappa
## initial.value "963.9" "1.54" "192.78" "0.5"
                       "est" "est"
                "est"
## status
                                        "fix"
## loss value: 6086381185.28682
# refit the cauchy variogram
vari_cau <- variofit(sample_vario, cov.model = "cauchy")</pre>
## variofit: covariance model used is cauchy
## variofit: weights used: npairs
## variofit: minimisation function used: optim
## Warning in variofit(sample_vario, cov.model = "cauchy"): initial values not
## provided - running the default search
## variofit: searching for best initial value ... selected values:
                sigmasq phi tausq
                                          kappa
## initial.value "1927.8" "0.62" "192.78" "0.5"
                "est"
                         "est" "est"
## status
                                         "fix"
## loss value: 649859898.493717
```

```
vari_pow$cov.pars
## [1] 918.106342
                    1.109156
vari_pow$nugget
## [1] 34.49368
vari.mat1.5$cov.pars
## [1] 3153.554158
                      1.050256
vari.mat1.5$nugget
## [1] 174.9499
vari_cau$cov.pars
## [1] 4208.379467
                      1.433507
vari_cau$nugget
## [1] 196.3193
vari.mat2.5$cov.pars
## [1] 2626.8968422
                       0.6499085
vari.mat2.5$nugget
## [1] 199.7438
par(mar = c(4, 4, 2, 2), mfrow = c(1, 2))
plot(sample_vario, pch = 19, main = "Power and Matern 3/2")
lines(vari_pow)
lines(vari.mat1.5, lty = 2)
plot(sample_vario, pch = 19, main = "Matern 5/2 and Cauchy")
lines(vari_cau)
lines(vari.mat2.5, lty = 2)
```



this we assume that the mean function is constant (variogram by default). In the earlier part we have tested with other assumptions of mean, but ending up with constant mean assumption over the region.

We iterate the variogram with different assumptions about covariance functions, with fitted nugget and let it estimate the parameters using weighted least squares. With Matern model, we test some assumptions of smoothness parameter kappa, including 3/2 and 5/2. With other models, we do not force the nugget to be zero, and fit the variogram by assuming different covariance models. Comparing different fitted models by the minimised weighted sum of squares, we can see that the Covariance Model = Power, Matern 3/2, Matern 5/2 and Cauchy result in the least residuals. We plot these fitted models to our sample variogram.

The matern 3/2 captures better the variance at close distance, while the power underestimate the nugget but looks better at far distance (when distance >1). The Matern 5/2 and Cauchy are quite identical, and both slightly overestimate the nugget. Except for the Power which estimates the nugget at around 34, The matern 3/2 estimates the nugget at over 174 and the other two models estimate the nugget at more than 190. The correlation length of Power and Matern 3/2 models are quite similar, 1.1 (Power) and Matern 3/2 (1.05). Meanwhile, Cauchy returns high correlation length (1.4) and Matern 5/2 returns much lower correlation length (0.6).

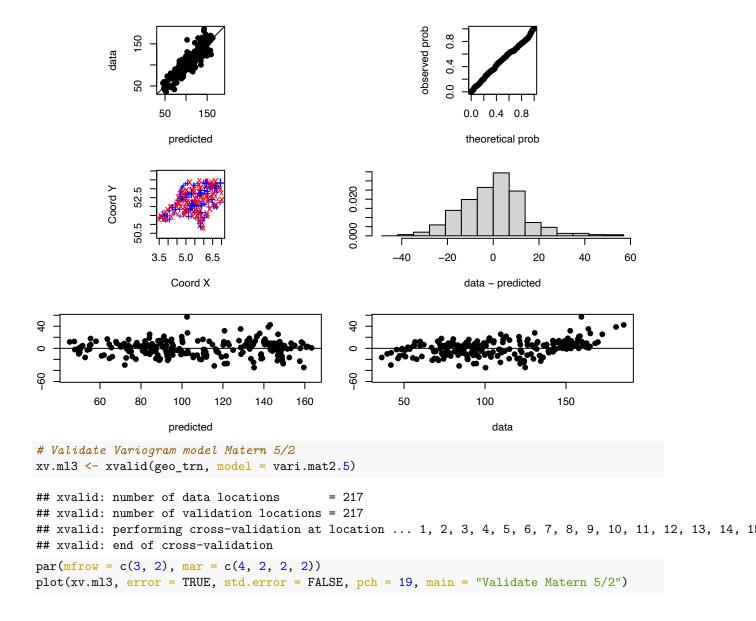
Out of the 4 models, Power does not have a sensible partial sill (918, much lower than 2000). The other three models all have the partial sill larger than 2500, which resonates in the variogram plot.

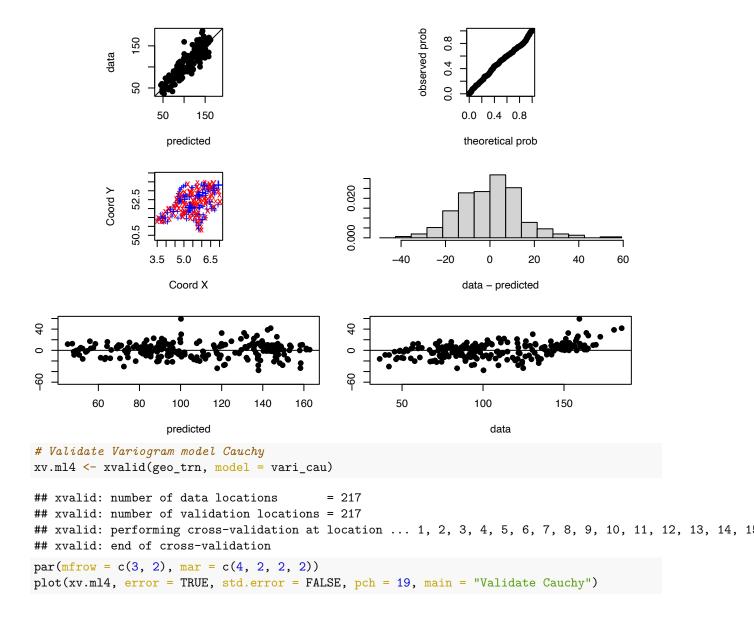
Validate variogram model: Power, Matern 3/2, Matern 5/2 and Cauchy

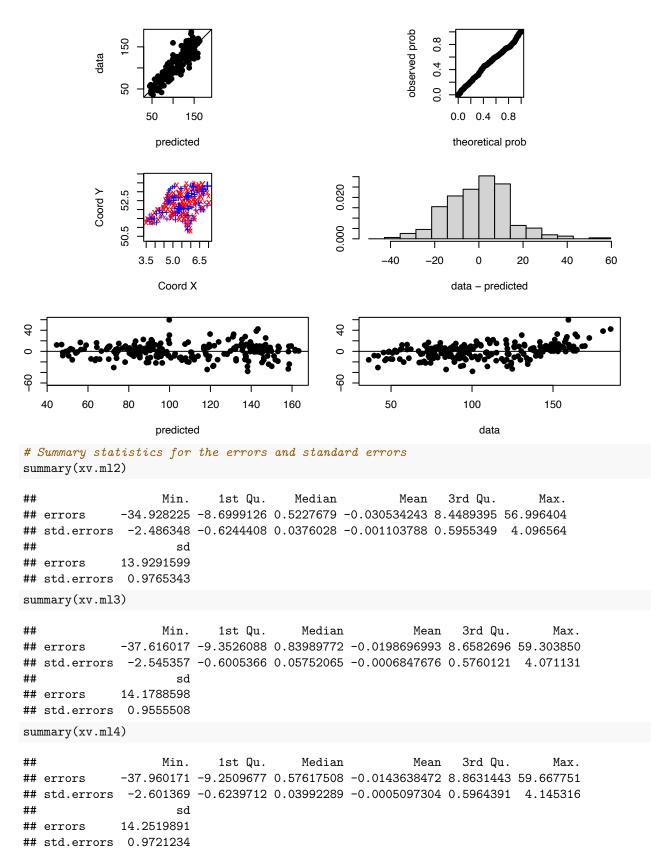
```
# Validate Variogram model Power
xv.ml1 <- xvalid(geo_trn, model = vari_pow)

## xvalid: number of data locations = 217
## xvalid: number of validation locations = 217
## xvalid: performing cross-validation at location ... 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 1
## xvalid: end of cross-validation</pre>
```

```
par(mfrow = c(3, 2), mar = c(4, 2, 2, 2))
plot(xv.ml1, error = TRUE, std.error = FALSE, pch = 19, main = "Validate Power")
                                                              observed prob
           data
               20
                     50
                         150
                                                                     0.0 0.4 0.8
                     predicted
                                                                      theoretical prob
           Coord Y
               52.5
                                                  0.000 0.010
               50.5
                      5.0
                           6.5
                   3.5
                                                              -50
                                                                           0
                                                                                      50
                      Coord X
                                                                     data - predicted
                                                  20
                                                  -20
50
            50
                                          200
                                                          50
                                                                       100
                                                                                    150
                      100
                                150
                     predicted
                                                                          data
# Validate Variogram model Matern 3/2
xv.ml2 <- xvalid(geo_trn, model = vari.mat1.5)</pre>
## xvalid: number of data locations
## xvalid: number of validation locations = 217
## xvalid: performing cross-validation at location ... 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 1
## xvalid: end of cross-validation
par(mfrow = c(3, 2), mar = c(4, 2, 2, 2))
plot(xv.ml2, error = TRUE, std.error = FALSE, pch = 19, main = "Validate Matern 3/2")
```







From the validation plot, Power is a poor model. Its residuals do not follow normal distribution, and residuals are allocated by regions: higher residuals lie in higher latitude, while lower residuals lie in lower latitude. We

can clearly see the red and blue regions in the error map.

The other three models are quite a good fit. The Leave-on-out residuals are quite Normal, and there is no strong patterns or systematic biases in the residuals. In all the three models, there is a relatively strong relationship between the fitted and true values (top left plot), although we do slightly underestimate the data values that are over 150. The residuals are reasonably Normal - closely following the QQ line (top right). There's no clear pattern in the spatial residuals, with blue and red locations (corresponding to the sign of the residual) mostly randomly scattered (middle left). Histogram of errors show a reasonably normal distribution (middle right). In the bottom two plots, we can see that the errors of data (bottom right) above 150 tend to be positive - which confirms that the models underestimate data above 150 while errors of data under 50 tend to be negative - the models overestimate lower values. Errors by prediction scatter randomly.

Statistical summary of the errors and standard errors of the three models shows that, out of the three models, errors of model Matern 3/2 are closer together (ranging from -35 to 56 with sd = 13.85) while those of the other two are more distant.

For these reasons, Matern 3/2 is the best fit model out of these models.

1e

Fit the maximum likelihood model

```
# Loop through models and trends, compare by loglikelihood
# and AIC
ml_model <- c("exponential", "spherical", "circular", "cubic",</pre>
    "matern")
ml trend <- c("cte", "1st", "2nd")
model <- c()
trend <- c()
llh_list <- c()</pre>
AIC list <- c()
for (i in 1:length(ml_model)) {
    for (j in 1:length(ml_trend)) {
        model_ml <- likfit(geo_trn, ini.cov.pars = c(2000, 1),</pre>
             cov.model = ml_model[i], trend = ml_trend[j], fix.kappa = FALSE,
             fix.lambda = FALSE)
        loglike <- model_ml$loglik</pre>
        AIC <- model_ml$AIC
        model <- c(model, ml_model[i])</pre>
        trend <- c(trend, ml_trend[j])</pre>
        llh_list <- c(llh_list, loglike)</pre>
        AIC list <- c(AIC list, AIC)
    }
}
```

```
## likfit: likelihood maximisation using the function optim.
## likfit: Use control() to pass additional
         arguments for the maximisation function.
         For further details see documentation for optim.
## likfit: It is highly advisable to run this function several
        times with different initial values for the parameters.
## likfit: WARNING: This step can be time demanding!
## -----
## likfit: end of numerical maximisation.
## -----
## likfit: likelihood maximisation using the function optim.
## likfit: Use control() to pass additional
          arguments for the maximisation function.
         For further details see documentation for optim.
## likfit: It is highly advisable to run this function several
         times with different initial values for the parameters.
## likfit: WARNING: This step can be time demanding!
## -----
## likfit: end of numerical maximisation.
## -----
## likfit: likelihood maximisation using the function optim.
## likfit: Use control() to pass additional
          arguments for the maximisation function.
##
         For further details see documentation for optim.
## likfit: It is highly advisable to run this function several
         times with different initial values for the parameters.
## likfit: WARNING: This step can be time demanding!
## likfit: end of numerical maximisation.
## -----
## likfit: likelihood maximisation using the function optim.
## likfit: Use control() to pass additional
         arguments for the maximisation function.
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         times with different initial values for the parameters.
## likfit: WARNING: This step can be time demanding!
## -----
## likfit: end of numerical maximisation.
## -----
## likfit: likelihood maximisation using the function optim.
## likfit: Use control() to pass additional
##
          arguments for the maximisation function.
         For further details see documentation for optim.
## likfit: It is highly advisable to run this function several
         times with different initial values for the parameters.
## likfit: WARNING: This step can be time demanding!
## -----
## likfit: end of numerical maximisation.
## likfit: likelihood maximisation using the function optim.
## likfit: Use control() to pass additional
          arguments for the maximisation function.
```

```
For further details see documentation for optim.
## likfit: It is highly advisable to run this function several
         times with different initial values for the parameters.
## likfit: WARNING: This step can be time demanding!
## -----
## likfit: end of numerical maximisation.
## -----
## likfit: likelihood maximisation using the function optim.
## likfit: Use control() to pass additional
          arguments for the maximisation function.
         For further details see documentation for optim.
## likfit: It is highly advisable to run this function several
         times with different initial values for the parameters.
## likfit: WARNING: This step can be time demanding!
## -----
## likfit: end of numerical maximisation.
## likfit: likelihood maximisation using the function optim.
## likfit: Use control() to pass additional
          arguments for the maximisation function.
        For further details see documentation for optim.
## likfit: It is highly advisable to run this function several
         times with different initial values for the parameters.
##
## likfit: WARNING: This step can be time demanding!
## -----
## likfit: end of numerical maximisation.
## likfit: likelihood maximisation using the function optim.
## likfit: Use control() to pass additional
##
          arguments for the maximisation function.
         For further details see documentation for optim.
## likfit: It is highly advisable to run this function several
         times with different initial values for the parameters.
## likfit: WARNING: This step can be time demanding!
## likfit: end of numerical maximisation.
## -----
## likfit: likelihood maximisation using the function optim.
## likfit: Use control() to pass additional
          arguments for the maximisation function.
##
         For further details see documentation for optim.
## likfit: It is highly advisable to run this function several
         times with different initial values for the parameters.
## likfit: WARNING: This step can be time demanding!
## likfit: end of numerical maximisation.
## -----
## likfit: likelihood maximisation using the function optim.
## likfit: Use control() to pass additional
          arguments for the maximisation function.
         For further details see documentation for optim.
## likfit: It is highly advisable to run this function several
         times with different initial values for the parameters.
## likfit: WARNING: This step can be time demanding!
```

```
## likfit: end of numerical maximisation.
## -----
## likfit: likelihood maximisation using the function optim.
## likfit: Use control() to pass additional
         arguments for the maximisation function.
        For further details see documentation for optim.
## likfit: It is highly advisable to run this function several
         times with different initial values for the parameters.
## likfit: WARNING: This step can be time demanding!
## -----
## likfit: end of numerical maximisation.
## -----
## likfit: likelihood maximisation using the function optim.
## likfit: Use control() to pass additional
##
         arguments for the maximisation function.
         For further details see documentation for optim.
## likfit: It is highly advisable to run this function several
        times with different initial values for the parameters.
## likfit: WARNING: This step can be time demanding!
## -----
## likfit: end of numerical maximisation.
## -----
## likfit: likelihood maximisation using the function optim.
## likfit: Use control() to pass additional
         arguments for the maximisation function.
##
         For further details see documentation for optim.
## likfit: It is highly advisable to run this function several
        times with different initial values for the parameters.
## likfit: WARNING: This step can be time demanding!
## -----
## likfit: end of numerical maximisation.
# List of model results
mlh_table <- data.frame(model = model, trend = trend, loglikehood = llh_list,
   AIC = AIC list)
mlh_table <- mlh_table[order(mlh_table$AIC), ]</pre>
kable(mlh_table)
```

	model	trend	loglikehood	AIC
11	cubic	1st	-877.9548	1771.910
5	spherical	1st	-878.7807	1773.561
2	exponential	1st	-880.3243	1776.649
14	matern	1st	-880.3243	1776.649
12	cubic	2nd	-877.3556	1776.711
6	spherical	2nd	-878.1445	1778.289
8	circular	1st	-881.3759	1778.752
3	exponential	2nd	-879.8930	1781.786
15	matern	2nd	-879.8930	1781.786
9	circular	2nd	-881.0283	1784.057
4	spherical	cte	-891.0904	1794.181
1	exponential	cte	-891.9485	1795.897
13	matern	cte	-891.9485	1795.897
7	circular	cte	-892.9145	1797.829

	model	trend	loglikehood	AIC
10	cubic	cte	-893.0123	1798.025

From the table results, it can be seen that models with the lowest scores of AIC and comparatively high maximised log-likelihood all have the mean be the first order polynomial on the coordinates. We will look into these four models: cubic, spherical, exponential and matern.

```
ml_cubic <- likfit(geo_trn, ini.cov.pars = c(2000, 1), trend = "1st",</pre>
   cov.model = "cubic", fix.lambda = FALSE)
## kappa not used for the cubic correlation function
## -----
## likfit: likelihood maximisation using the function optim.
## likfit: Use control() to pass additional
          arguments for the maximisation function.
##
         For further details see documentation for optim.
## likfit: It is highly advisable to run this function several
         times with different initial values for the parameters.
## likfit: WARNING: This step can be time demanding!
## likfit: end of numerical maximisation.
ml_mat15 <- likfit(geo_trn, ini.cov.pars = c(2000, 1), trend = "1st",</pre>
   cov.model = "matern", kappa = 3/2, fix.lambda = FALSE)
## likfit: likelihood maximisation using the function optim.
## likfit: Use control() to pass additional
          arguments for the maximisation function.
         For further details see documentation for optim.
##
## likfit: It is highly advisable to run this function several
         times with different initial values for the parameters.
## likfit: WARNING: This step can be time demanding!
## -----
## likfit: end of numerical maximisation.
ml_mat25 <- likfit(geo_trn, ini.cov.pars = c(2000, 1), trend = "1st",
   cov.model = "matern", kappa = 5/2, fix.lambda = FALSE)
## likfit: likelihood maximisation using the function optim.
## likfit: Use control() to pass additional
          arguments for the maximisation function.
##
         For further details see documentation for optim.
## likfit: It is highly advisable to run this function several
         times with different initial values for the parameters.
## likfit: WARNING: This step can be time demanding!
## -----
## likfit: end of numerical maximisation.
ml_spher <- likfit(geo_trn, ini.cov.pars = c(2000, 1), trend = "1st",
   cov.model = "spherical", fix.lambda = FALSE)
## kappa not used for the spherical correlation function
## -----
## likfit: likelihood maximisation using the function optim.
```

```
## likfit: Use control() to pass additional
##
          arguments for the maximisation function.
         For further details see documentation for optim.
## likfit: It is highly advisable to run this function several
         times with different initial values for the parameters.
## likfit: WARNING: This step can be time demanding!
## likfit: end of numerical maximisation.
ml_expnt <- likfit(geo_trn, ini.cov.pars = c(2000, 1), trend = "1st",</pre>
cov.model = "exp", fix.lambda = FALSE)
## kappa not used for the exponential correlation function
## likfit: likelihood maximisation using the function optim.
## likfit: Use control() to pass additional
          arguments for the maximisation function.
          For further details see documentation for optim.
## likfit: It is highly advisable to run this function several
         times with different initial values for the parameters.
## likfit: WARNING: This step can be time demanding!
## likfit: end of numerical maximisation.
ml cubic
## likfit: estimated model parameters:
## beta0 beta1 beta2
                                     tausq sigmasq
                                                           phi
## "-226.894" " -1.439" " 4.850" " 1.393" " 1.013" " 0.639" "
                                                                      0.506"
## Practical Range with cor=0.05 for asymptotic range: 0.639027
## likfit: maximised log-likelihood = -878
ml_mat15
## likfit: estimated model parameters:
                   beta1 beta2
       beta0
                                         tausq
                                                    sigmasq
                                                                    phi
## "-216.4910" " -1.3463" " 4.6326" " 1.2775" "
                                                    1.0162" " 0.1392"
     lambda
## " 0.4984"
## Practical Range with cor=0.05 for asymptotic range: 0.660435
## likfit: maximised log-likelihood = -878.8
ml_mat25
## likfit: estimated model parameters:
                 beta1 beta2
      beta0
                                         tausq
                                                    sigmasq
                                                                    phi
## "-216.8702" " -1.3563" " 4.6406" " 1.2993<sup>"</sup> "
                                                    0.9797" " 0.1019"
      lambda
## " 0.4982"
## Practical Range with cor=0.05 for asymptotic range: 0.6031952
## likfit: maximised log-likelihood = -878.5
ml_spher
```

likfit: estimated model parameters:

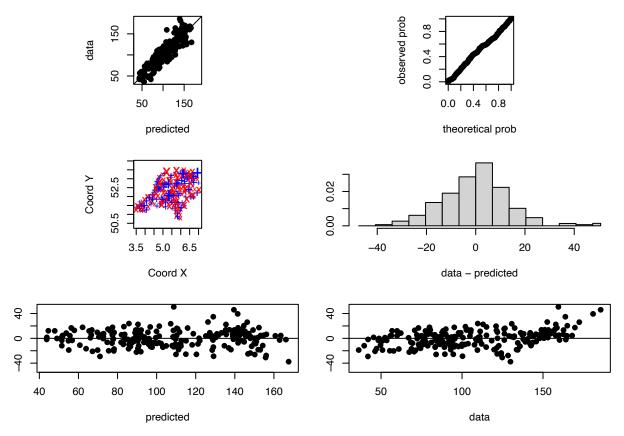
```
##
                                                         sigmasq
         beta0
                      beta1
                                  beta2
                                                                          phi
                                               tausq
                  -1.4849" "
## "-233.5359" "
                                4.9883" "
                                            1.3076" "
                                                         1.1792" "
                                                                      0.5180"
##
        lambda
## "
       0.5114"
## Practical Range with cor=0.05 for asymptotic range: 0.5179631
## likfit: maximised log-likelihood = -878.8
ml_expnt
## likfit: estimated model parameters:
                                                                          phi
         beta0
                     beta1
                                  beta2
                                               tausq
                                                         sigmasq
## "-215.1091" " -1.3119" "
                                4.6026" "
                                            1.1486" "
                                                         1.1561" "
                                                                      0.2834"
##
        lambda
## "
       0.4982"
## Practical Range with cor=0.05 for asymptotic range: 0.8491253
##
## likfit: maximised log-likelihood = -880.3
```

All these models estimate the estimate of lambda = 0.5, meaning that the transformation is the square root of the mean, while the nugget is estimated more than 1. Estimates of correlation length vary from 0.1 to 0.5.

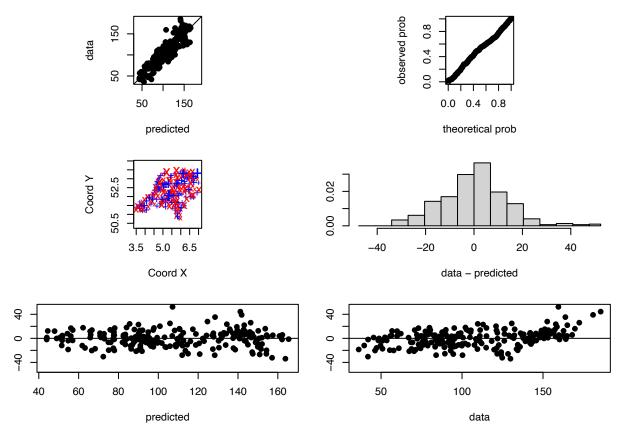
Betas indicate the coefficients of the mean function, with beta1 and beta2 respectively coefficients of the spatial coordinates. All models result in high beta2 (~ from 4 to 5), confirming the positively linear relationship between data values and latitude mentioned in part a. Beta1 are estimated to be around -1, showing a slightly negative relationship with longitude.

We validate these 5 models

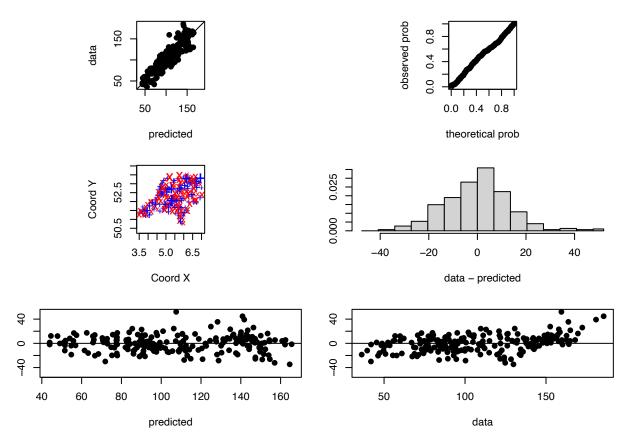
```
## xvalid: number of data locations = 217
## xvalid: number of validation locations = 217
## xvalid: performing cross-validation at location ... 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 1
## xvalid: end of cross-validation
```



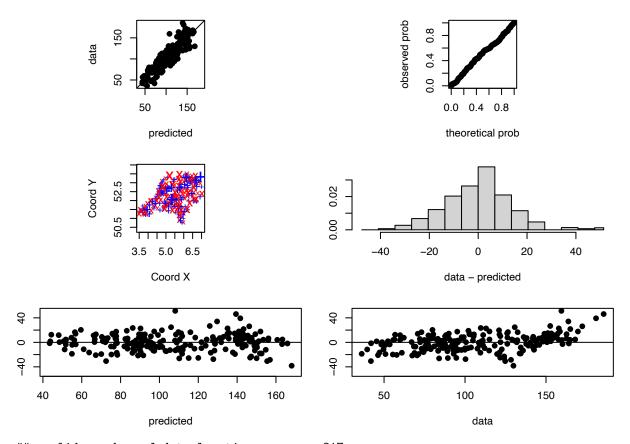
xvalid: performing cross-validation at location ... 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 1



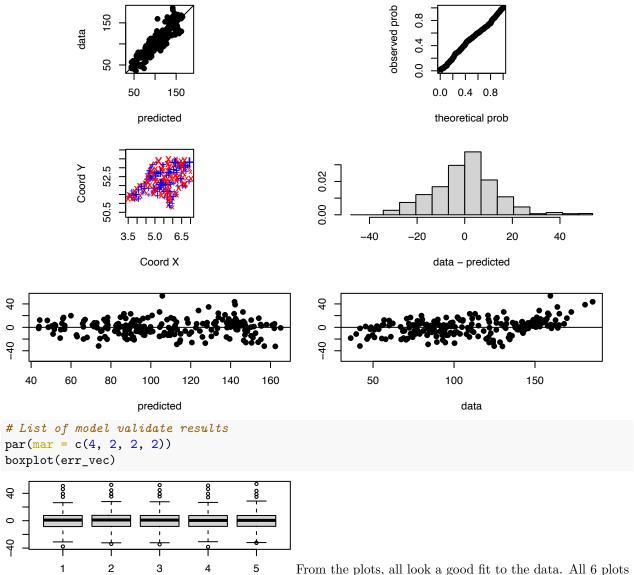
xvalid: performing cross-validation at location ... 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 1



xvalid: performing cross-validation at location ... 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 1



xvalid: performing cross-validation at location ... 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 1



of 5 models are comparatively identical. The predicted values scatter on both sides of the "data line" (top left) and the probability follow strictly the QQ line, showing a good Normal distribution (top right). Middle left map show a mixture of blue and red points over the region, and middle right shows histogram of error which looks normal. The bottom plots illustrate errors against data and predicted values, with no strong patterns to be found. However, as in the Variogram model, all models seems to overestimate data under 50 and underestimate data above 150. This result is acceptable, and as we have plugged in most optional arguments, we will try improving models by other methods in later parts.

The fourth model, which is spherical, has the shortest interquartile range of errors, thus, could be considered the best models in maximum likelihood.

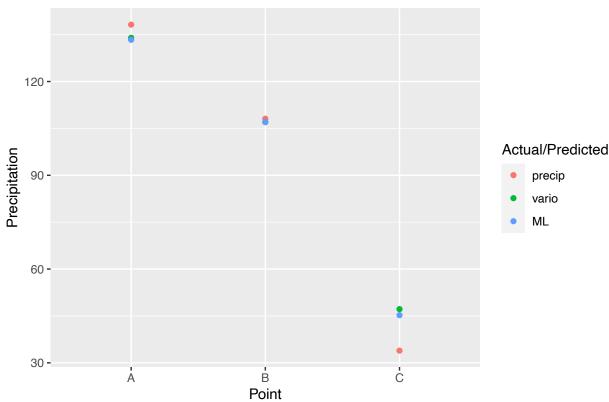
1f

Predict precipitation at A, B, C

```
# Predict A,B,C
preds_vr <- krige.conv(geo_trn, loc = tst[2:3], krige = krige.control(obj.model = vari.mat1.5))
## krige.conv: model with constant mean
## krige.conv: Kriging performed using global neighbourhood</pre>
```

```
preds_ml <- krige.conv(geo_trn, loc = tst[2:3], krige = krige.control(obj.model = ml_spher))</pre>
## krige.conv: model with mean given by a 1st order polynomial on the coordinates
## krige.conv: performing the Box-Cox data transformation
## krige.conv: back-transforming the predicted mean and variance
## krige.conv: back-transforming by simulating from the predictive.
##
              (run the function a few times and check stability of the results.
## krige.conv: Kriging performed using global neighbourhood
pred_table <- data.frame(true = tst[4], vario = preds_vr$predict,</pre>
   ML = preds_ml$predict, point = tst[5])
# Plot predictions and true values
pred_long <- reshape2::melt(pred_table)</pre>
## Using label as id variables
ggplot(pred_long, aes(x = label, y = value, color = variable)) +
    geom_point() + labs(x = "Point", y = "Precipitation", color = "Actual/Predicted") +
    ggtitle("True values and Predictions at A,B,C")
```

True values and Predictions at A,B,C



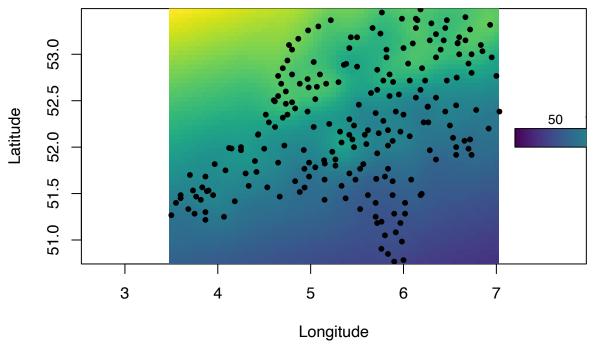
Compare predictions and true values The actual values (red points) and predicted values (green by variogram and blue by ML) are shown in the above plot. The actual values and predictions are quite close at A and B, however, both models overestimated precipitation at C. Both predicted C to have around 45, however, observed figure at C was just above 30. At all three locations, both estimation methods produce closely similar prediction (in terms of the mean prediction).

1g

Plot the mean and variance from maximum likelihood

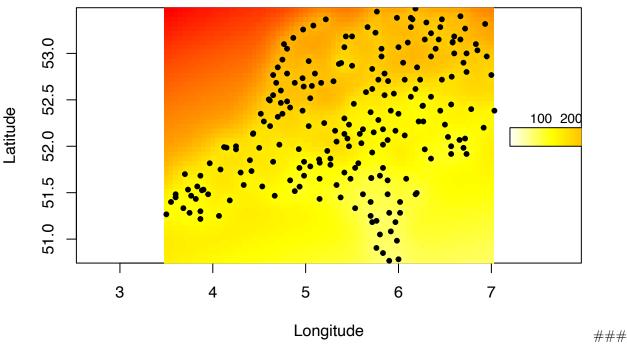
```
# Create grid of prediction points
grd <- expand.grid(longitude = seq(min(geo_ntl$coords[, 1]),</pre>
    max(geo_ntl$coords[, 1]), by = 0.05), latitude = seq(min(geo_ntl$coords[,
    2]), max(geo_ntl$coords[, 2]), by = 0.05))
# Predict mean and variance at grid points using kriging
pred_grd <- krige.conv(geo_trn, loc = grd, krige = krige.control(obj.model = ml_spher))</pre>
## krige.conv: model with mean given by a 1st order polynomial on the coordinates
## krige.conv: performing the Box-Cox data transformation
## krige.conv: back-transforming the predicted mean and variance
## krige.conv: back-transforming by simulating from the predictive.
              (run the function a few times and check stability of the results.
## krige.conv: Kriging performed using global neighbourhood
# Plot mean and variance
image(pred_grd, col = viridis::viridis(100), zlim = c(0, max(c(pred_grd$predict))),
    coords.data = geo_trn[1]$coords, main = "Mean", xlab = "Longitude",
   ylab = "Latitude", x.leg = c(7.2, 9), y.leg = c(52, 52.2))
```

Mean



```
image(pred_grd, values = pred_grd$krige.var, col = heat.colors(100)[100:1],
    zlim = c(0, max(c(pred_grd$krige.var))), coords.data = geo_trn[1]$coords,
    main = "Variance", xlab = "Longitude", ylab = "Latitude",
    x.leg = c(7.2, 9), y.leg = c(52, 52.2))
```

Variance



1h

Fit a Bayesian model using discrete priors.

From the estimates of multiple maximum likelihood models, we recall that the lambda is around 0.5, the nugget is more than 1 and the phi ranges from 0.1 to 0.5. Besides, from the previous analysis, we can have a reasonable assumption that the mean is the first order polynomial of coordinations and the covariance matrix is spherical.

We can use estimates of parameters from maximum likelihood spherical as reference.

ml_spher\$parameters.summary

```
##
              status
                         values
           estimated -233.5359
## beta0
## beta1
           estimated
                        -1.4849
                         4.9883
## beta2
           estimated
                         1.3076
## tausq
           estimated
## sigmasq estimated
                         1.1792
## phi
           estimated
                         0.5180
                         0.5000
## kappa
               fixed
                         0.0000
## psiA
               fixed
## psiR
               fixed
                         1.0000
## lambda
           estimated
                         0.5114
```

Build Bayes GP with and without nugget

```
# Recreate a grid with degree = 0.1 to reduce burden on
# computer
grd2 <- expand.grid(longitude = seq(min(geo_ntl$coords[, 1]),
    max(geo_ntl$coords[, 1]), by = 0.1), latitude = seq(min(geo_ntl$coords[,
    2]), max(geo_ntl$coords[, 2]), by = 0.1))</pre>
```

```
ex.grid <- as.matrix(grd2)
# Bayes GP without nugget
ex.bayes_1 <- krige.bayes(geodata = geo_trn, loc = ex.grid, model = model.control(trend.d = "1st",
    trend.l = "1st", cov.m = "spherical", lambda = 0.5), prior = prior.control(phi.discrete = seq(0,
   1, 1 = 21), phi.prior = "reciprocal"))
## krige.bayes: Box-Cox's transformation performed for lambda = 0.5
## krige.bayes: model with mean given by a 1st order polynomial on the coordinates
## krige.bayes: computing the discrete posterior of phi/tausq.rel
## krige.bayes: computing the posterior probabilities.
               Number of parameter sets: 21
## 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21,
## krige.bayes: sampling from posterior distribution
## krige.bayes: sample from the (joint) posterior of phi and tausq.rel
##
              [,1]
            5e-02
## phi
## tausq.rel 0e+00
## frequency 1e+03
##
## krige.bayes: starting prediction at the provided locations
## krige.bayes: phi/tausq.rel samples for the predictive are same as for the posterior
## krige.bayes: computing moments of the predictive distribution
## krige.bayes: sampling from the predictive
##
               Number of parameter sets: 1
## 1,
## krige.bayes: Box-Cox data transformation performed.
                Simulations back-transformed to the original scale
## krige.bayes: preparing summaries of the predictive distribution
# Bayes GP with nugget
ex.bayes_2 <- krige.bayes(geodata = geo_trn, loc = ex.grid, model = model.control(trend.d = "1st",
    trend.l = "1st", cov.m = "spherical", lambda = 0.5), prior = prior.control(phi.discrete = seq(0,
    1, 1 = 21), phi.prior = "reciprocal", tausq.rel.discrete = seq(1,
   2, l = 11), tausq.rel.prior = "reciprocal"))
## krige.bayes: Box-Cox's transformation performed for lambda = 0.5
## krige.bayes: model with mean given by a 1st order polynomial on the coordinates
## krige.bayes: computing the discrete posterior of phi/tausq.rel
## krige.bayes: computing the posterior probabilities.
               Number of parameter sets: 231
## 1, 11, 21, 31, 41, 51, 61, 71, 81, 91, 101, 111, 121, 131, 141, 151, 161, 171, 181, 191, 201, 211, 2
## krige.bayes: sampling from posterior distribution
## krige.bayes: sample from the (joint) posterior of phi and tausq.rel
             [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6] [,7] [,8] [,9] [,10] [,11] [,12]
             0.4 \quad 0.45 \quad 0.5 \quad 0.55 \quad 0.6 \quad 0.65 \quad 0.7 \quad 0.75 \quad 0.8 \quad 0.85
                                                                     0.9 0.95
## phi
## frequency 4.0 12.00 30.0 34.00 25.0 13.00 7.0 10.00 10.0 10.00
##
             [,13] [,14] [,15] [,16] [,17] [,18] [,19] [,20] [,21] [,22] [,23]
## phi
                 1 0.35
                          0.4 0.45
                                      0.5 0.55
                                                  0.6 0.65
                                                              0.7 0.75
                1 1.10
                          1.1 1.10
                                      1.1 1.10
                                                  1.1 1.10
                                                              1.1 1.10
                                                                          1.1
## tausq.rel
```

5.0 20.00 28.0 27.00 19.0 16.00

8.0 3.00

9.0

frequency

9 1.00

```
[,24] [,25] [,26] [,27] [,28] [,29] [,30] [,31] [,32] [,33] [,34]
## phi
               0.85
                      0.9
                           0.95
                                   1.0
                                         0.4 0.45
                                                      0.5
                                                           0.55
                                                                   0.6
                                                                        0.65
                                                                                0.7
## tausq.rel 1.10
                                                      1.2
                      1.1
                           1.10
                                   1.1
                                         1.2
                                              1.20
                                                           1.20
                                                                   1.2
## frequency 13.00
                      8.0 13.00
                                   8.0
                                         2.0 20.00
                                                     20.0 21.00
                                                                  11.0 19.00
                                                                                6.0
##
              [,35] [,36] [,37]
                                 [,38] [,39] [,40] [,41] [,42] [,43]
                                                                       [,44]
                                                                              [,45]
                                                    0.35
## phi
              0.75
                      0.8
                          0.85
                                   0.9
                                       0.95
                                                1.0
                                                             0.4
                                                                 0.45
                                                                               0.55
## tausq.rel 1.20
                      1.2
                           1.20
                                   1.2
                                        1.20
                                                1.2
                                                     1.30
                                                             1.3
                                                                 1.30
                                                                         1.3
## frequency
              4.00
                      4.0 14.00
                                   5.0
                                        4.00
                                                4.0
                                                     2.00
                                                             1.0 13.00
                                                                        16.0 24.00
##
              [,46] [,47] [,48] [,49] [,50] [,51] [,52] [,53] [,54]
                                                                       [,55] [,56]
                                                                        0.35
## phi
                0.6
                    0.65
                            0.7
                                  0.75
                                         0.8
                                              0.85
                                                      0.9
                                                           0.95
                                                                   1.0
## tausq.rel
               1.3
                     1.30
                            1.3
                                  1.30
                                         1.3
                                               1.30
                                                      1.3
                                                           1.30
                                                                   1.3
                                                                        1.40
                                                                                1.4
                                              8.00
                                                      6.0
                                                                                2.0
## frequency
              22.0
                    8.00
                            5.0 10.00
                                         3.0
                                                           9.00
                                                                   5.0
                                                                        1.00
##
              [,57] [,58] [,59]
                                 [,60] [,61] [,62] [,63] [,64] [,65]
                                                                       [,66]
                                                                              [,67]
## phi
              0.45
                      0.5
                           0.55
                                   0.6
                                        0.65
                                                0.7
                                                     0.75
                                                             0.8
                                                                 0.85
                                                                         0.9
                                                                               0.95
## tausq.rel 1.40
                                        1.40
                                                     1.40
                      1.4
                           1.40
                                   1.4
                                                1.4
                                                             1.4
                                                                  1.40
                                                                         1.4
                                                                               1.40
## frequency 10.00 10.0 15.00
                                  20.0
                                        5.00
                                                6.0
                                                     4.00
                                                             5.0
                                                                  3.00
                                                                         7.0
                                                                               2.00
##
              [,68] [,69] [,70] [,71] [,72] [,73] [,74] [,75] [,76]
                                                                       [,77] [,78]
                                                             0.7
                                                                  0.75
                           0.45
                                   0.5
                                        0.55
                                                0.6
                                                     0.65
## phi
                1.0
                      0.4
                                                                  1.50
## tausq.rel
                           1.50
                                   1.5
                                        1.50
                                                1.5
                                                     1.50
                                                             1.5
                                                                         1.5
                1.4
                      1.5
                                                                               1.50
## frequency
               3.0
                      1.0
                           4.00
                                   8.0
                                        9.00
                                              15.0
                                                     7.00
                                                             5.0
                                                                 6.00
                                                                               3.00
                          [,81]
##
              [,79] [,80]
                                 [,82] [,83] [,84] [,85] [,86] [,87]
                                                                       [,88] [,89]
                                        0.45
                                                0.5
                                                     0.55
## phi
                0.9
                     0.95
                            1.0
                                   0.4
                                                             0.6
                                                                  0.65
                                                                         0.7
                                                     1.60
                                        1.60
                                                1.6
                1.5
                     1.50
                            1.5
                                   1.6
                                                             1.6
                                                                  1.60
                                                                         1.6
                                                                               1.60
## tausq.rel
## frequency
               6.0
                    4.00
                            1.0
                                   1.0
                                       3.00
                                              13.0
                                                     9.00
                                                             8.0
                                                                  6.00
                                                                         4.0
                                                                              4.00
##
              [,90] [,91] [,92] [,93] [,94] [,95] [,96] [,97] [,98]
                                                                       [,99] [,100]
## phi
                0.8
                     0.85
                            0.9
                                  0.95
                                         1.0
                                                0.4
                                                     0.45
                                                             0.5
                                                                  0.55
                                                                         0.6
                                                                                0.65
                     1.60
                            1.6
                                  1.60
                                                1.7
                                                     1.70
                                                             1.7
                                                                  1.70
                                                                         1.7
                                                                                1.70
## tausq.rel
                1.6
                                         1.6
## frequency
                2.0
                    2.00
                            3.0
                                  5.00
                                         4.0
                                                1.0
                                                     2.00
                                                             7.0
                                                                 6.00
                                                                        10.0
                                                                                6.00
              [,101] [,102] [,103] [,104] [,105] [,106] [,107] [,108] [,109] [,110]
##
                                                                            0.55
                 0.7
                        0.8
                               0.85
                                       0.9
                                             0.95
                                                      0.3
                                                             0.45
                                                                     0.5
                                                                                    0.6
## phi
## tausq.rel
                 1.7
                        1.7
                               1.70
                                       1.7
                                              1.70
                                                      1.8
                                                             1.80
                                                                     1.8
                                                                            1.80
                                                                                    1.8
## frequency
                 1.0
                        4.0
                               3.00
                                       4.0
                                              2.00
                                                      1.0
                                                             1.00
                                                                     1.0
                                                                            7.00
                                                                                    6.0
##
              [,111]
                     [,112] [,113]
                                    [,114]
                                           [,115]
                                                   [,116] [,117]
                                                                  [,118]
                                                                         [,119]
                                                                                 [,120]
## phi
                0.65
                        0.7
                               0.75
                                       0.8
                                             0.85
                                                      0.9
                                                             0.95
                                                                                    0.5
                                                                     1.0
                                                                            0.45
                1.80
                        1.8
                               1.80
                                       1.8
                                              1.80
                                                      1.8
                                                             1.80
                                                                     1.8
                                                                            1.90
                                                                                    1.9
## tausq.rel
## frequency
               7.00
                        2.0
                               4.00
                                       3.0
                                              4.00
                                                      3.0
                                                             2.00
                                                                     2.0
                                                                            1.00
                                                                                    4.0
##
              [,121]
                     [,122] [,123]
                                    [,124]
                                           [,125]
                                                   [,126] [,127]
                                                                  [,128]
                                                                         [,129]
                        0.6
                               0.65
                                       0.7
                                             0.75
                                                      0.8
                                                             0.85
                                                                     0.9
## phi
                0.55
                                                                            0.95
                                                                                   0.45
                1.90
                        1.9
                               1.90
                                       1.9
                                              1.90
                                                      1.9
                                                             1.90
                                                                     1.9
                                                                            1.90
                                                                                   2.00
## tausq.rel
                3.00
                        4.0
                               5.00
                                              4.00
                                                             2.00
                                                                                   2.00
## frequency
                                       2.0
                                                      5.0
                                                                     1.0
                                                                            1.00
##
              [,131] [,132] [,133]
                                    [,134]
                                           [,135]
                                                   [,136] [,137]
                                                                  [,138] [,139]
                0.55
                       0.65
                                      0.75
                                                     0.85
                                                                    0.95
## phi
                                0.7
                                               0.8
                                                              0.9
                                                                               1
## tausq.rel
                2.00
                       2.00
                                2.0
                                      2.00
                                               2.0
                                                     2.00
                                                              2.0
                                                                    2.00
                                                                               2
                       4.00
                                      2.00
                                                     2.00
                8.00
                                4.0
                                               1.0
                                                              3.0
                                                                    1.00
## frequency
                                                                               1
## krige.bayes: starting prediction at the provided locations
## krige.bayes: phi/tausq.rel samples for the predictive are same as for the posterior
## krige.bayes: computing moments of the predictive distribution
## krige.bayes: sampling from the predictive
                 Number of parameter sets: 139
## 1, 11, 21, 31, 41, 51, 61, 71, 81, 91, 101, 111, 121, 131,
## krige.bayes: Box-Cox data transformation performed.
##
                 Simulations back-transformed to the original scale
## krige.bayes: preparing summaries of the predictive distribution
```

We will summarise our posterior distributions, compare them against each other and compare them with earlier estimates.

From the four plots below, the posterior of the model 2 (with nugget) is quite close with the parameter estimates from the maximum likelihood model, especially betas parameters and variance. For phi and nugget, maximum likelihood estimates are out of interquartile range of distributions from Bayes (with nugget), however, they are not too far away.

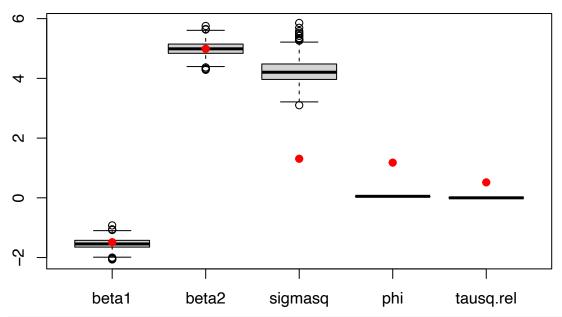
Meanwhile, the posterior distribution of the model 1 (without nugget) only closely matches with the maximum likelihood estimates in beta parameters. Its variance and correlation length are far from the estimates by ML.

Comparing Bayesian with and without nugget, we can see that the Bayesian 1 without nugget produce much higher estimates of variance (mean around 4) than the Bayesian 2 with nugget (mean around 1). Distribution of correlation length and nugget by Bayesian 2 are sensible, quite close with our earlier estimates. Both Bayesian models estimate quite similar betas parameters.

We will use cross-validation to validate both models

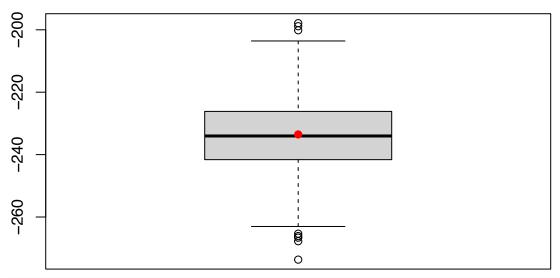
boxplot(ex.bayes_1\$posterior\$sample[2:6], main = "Other parameters (Bayes 1 posterior distribution and 1
points(ml_spher\$parameters.summary[2:6, 2], col = "red", pch = 19)

Other parameters (Bayes 1 posterior distribution and ML (red))



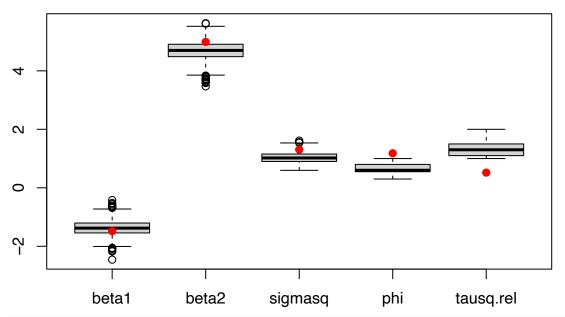
boxplot(ex.bayes_1\$posterior\$sample[1], main = "Beta0 (Bayes 1 posterior distribution and ML (red))")
points(ml_spher\$parameters.summary[1, 2], col = "red", pch = 19)

Beta0 (Bayes 1 posterior distribution and ML (red))



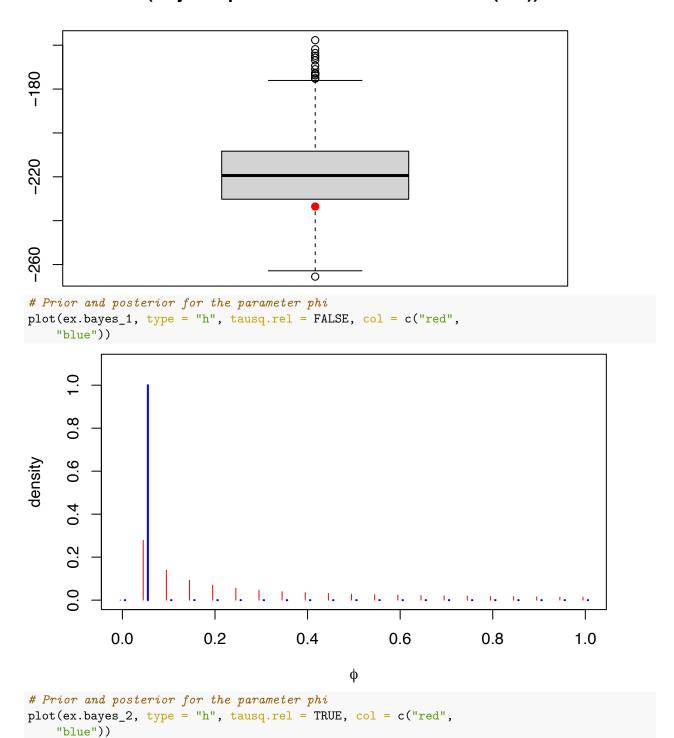
boxplot(ex.bayes_2\$posterior\$sample[2:6], main = "Other parameters (Bayes 2 posterior distribution and 1
points(ml_spher\$parameters.summary[2:6, 2], col = "red", pch = 19)

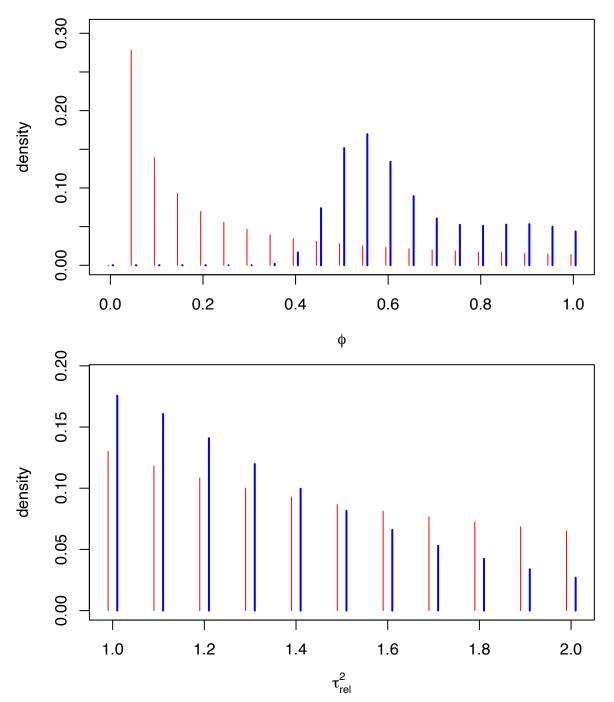
Other parameters (Bayes 2 posterior distribution and ML (red))



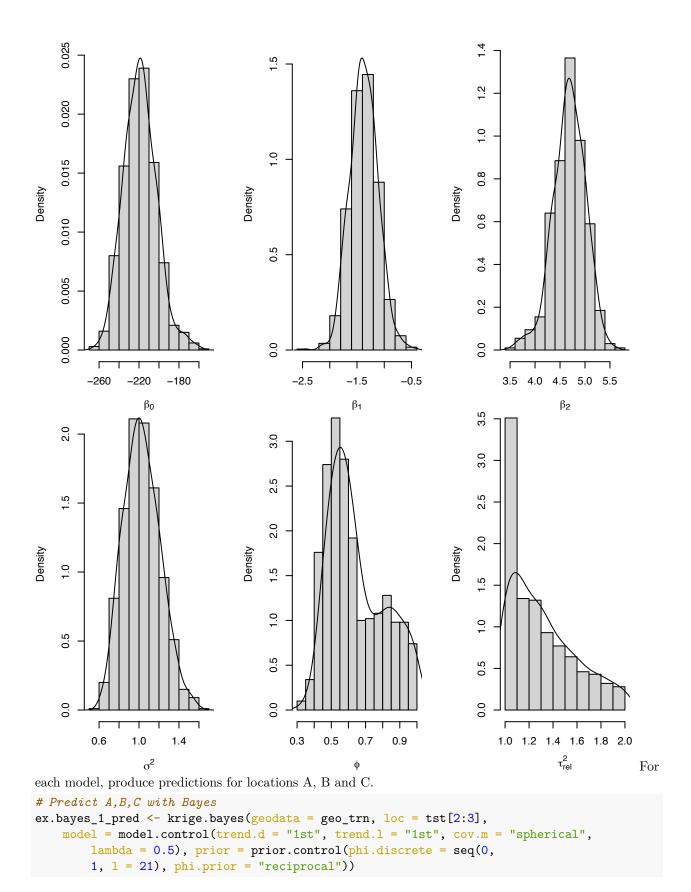
boxplot(ex.bayes_2\$posterior\$sample[1], main = "Beta0 (Bayes 2 posterior distribution and ML (red))")
points(ml_spher\$parameters.summary[1, 2], col = "red", pch = 19)

Beta0 (Bayes 2 posterior distribution and ML (red))





Plot histograms with samples from the posterior
par(mfrow = c(1, 3))
hist(ex.bayes_2)



krige.bayes: Box-Cox's transformation performed for lambda = 0.5

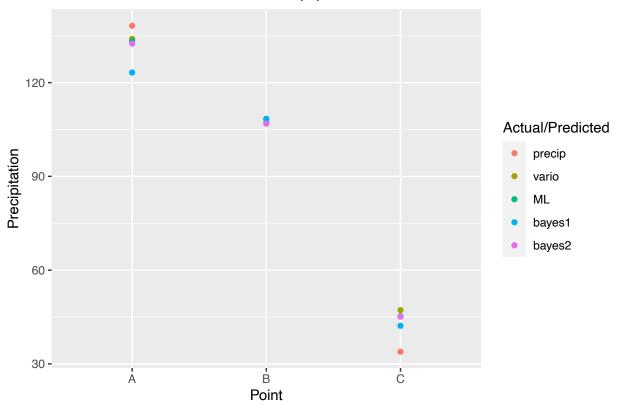
```
## krige.bayes: model with mean given by a 1st order polynomial on the coordinates
## krige.bayes: computing the discrete posterior of phi/tausq.rel
## krige.bayes: computing the posterior probabilities.
               Number of parameter sets:
## 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21,
##
## krige.bayes: sampling from posterior distribution
## krige.bayes: sample from the (joint) posterior of phi and tausq.rel
##
              [,1]
## phi
            5e-02
## tausq.rel 0e+00
## frequency 1e+03
## krige.bayes: starting prediction at the provided locations
## krige.bayes: phi/tausq.rel samples for the predictive are same as for the posterior
## krige.bayes: computing moments of the predictive distribution
## krige.bayes: sampling from the predictive
##
               Number of parameter sets: 1
## 1,
## krige.bayes: Box-Cox data transformation performed.
               Simulations back-transformed to the original scale
## krige.bayes: preparing summaries of the predictive distribution
ex.bayes_2_pred <- krige.bayes(geodata = geo_trn, loc = tst[2:3],
   model = model.control(trend.d = "1st", trend.l = "1st", cov.m = "spherical",
       lambda = 0.5), prior = prior.control(phi.discrete = seq(0,
       1, 1 = 21), phi.prior = "reciprocal", tausq.rel.discrete = seq(1,
       2, 1 = 11), tausq.rel.prior = "reciprocal"))
## krige.bayes: Box-Cox's transformation performed for lambda = 0.5
## krige.bayes: model with mean given by a 1st order polynomial on the coordinates
## krige.bayes: computing the discrete posterior of phi/tausq.rel
## krige.bayes: computing the posterior probabilities.
               Number of parameter sets: 231
## 1, 11, 21, 31, 41, 51, 61, 71, 81, 91, 101, 111, 121, 131, 141, 151, 161, 171, 181, 191, 201, 211, 2
## krige.bayes: sampling from posterior distribution
## krige.bayes: sample from the (joint) posterior of phi and tausq.rel
                                       [,6] [,7] [,8] [,9] [,10] [,11] [,12]
##
                  [,2] [,3]
                            [,4] [,5]
## phi
             0.4 0.45 0.5 0.55 0.6 0.65 0.7 0.75 0.8 0.85
1.0 1.00
## frequency 4.0 16.00 34.0 45.00 20.0 10.00 4.0 4.00 8.0 12.00
                                                                   8.0 15.00
##
            [,13] [,14] [,15] [,16] [,17] [,18] [,19] [,20] [,21] [,22] [,23]
## phi
                1
                    0.4 0.45
                                0.5 0.55
                                           0.6 0.65
                                                       0.7 0.75
                                                                   0.8 0.85
## tausq.rel
                1
                    1.1 1.10
                                1.1 1.10
                                           1.1 1.10
                                                       1.1
                                                            1.10
                                                                   1.1 1.10
## frequency
                    2.0 15.00 28.0 35.00 18.0 7.00 13.0 9.00
                7
                                                                   9.0 8.00
##
             [,24] [,25] [,26] [,27] [,28] [,29] [,30] [,31] [,32] [,33] [,34]
                                           0.5 0.55
## phi
              0.9 0.95
                          1.0
                                0.4 0.45
                                                       0.6 0.65
                                                                   0.7 0.75
## tausq.rel
              1.1 1.10
                          1.1
                                1.2 1.20
                                           1.2 1.20
                                                       1.2 1.20
                                                                       1.20
              7.0 5.00
                          8.0
                                1.0 9.00 29.0 21.00 24.0 21.00
## frequency
                                                                   6.0 7.00
            [,35] [,36] [,37] [,38] [,39] [,40] [,41] [,42] [,43] [,44] [,45]
                          0.9 0.95
                                      1.0
## phi
              0.8 0.85
                                           0.4 0.45
                                                       0.5 0.55
                                                                   0.6 0.65
                          1.2 1.20
                                      1.2
                                           1.3 1.30
                                                       1.3 1.30
## tausq.rel
              1.2 1.20
                                                                   1.3 1.30
                                           3.0 8.00 22.0 21.00
## frequency
              9.0 6.00
                          5.0 3.00
                                     2.0
                                                                 18.0 13.00
##
            [,46] [,47] [,48] [,49] [,50] [,51] [,52] [,53] [,54] [,55] [,56]
```

```
## phi
               0.7 0.75
                            0.8
                                 0.85
                                         0.9 0.95
                                                      1.0 0.35
                                                                        0.45
                                                                                0.5
                                                                   0.4
                                              1.30
                                                                   1.4
                                                                                1.4
                1.3
                    1.30
                            1.3
                                 1.30
                                         1.3
                                                      1.3
                                                           1.40
                                                                        1.40
## tausq.rel
## frequency
               7.0
                    2.00
                            3.0
                                 6.00
                                         3.0
                                              2.00
                                                      7.0
                                                           1.00
                                                                   2.0
                                                                              14.0
##
              [,57] [,58] [,59]
                                 [,60] [,61] [,62] [,63] [,64] [,65]
                                                                       [,66]
                                                                              [,67]
## phi
              0.55
                      0.6
                           0.65
                                   0.7
                                        0.75
                                               0.8
                                                     0.85
                                                            0.9
                                                                 0.95
                                                                         1.0
                                                                              0.45
                      1.4
                                        1.40
                                                1.4
                                                     1.40
                                                                         1.4
## tausq.rel 1.40
                           1.40
                                   1.4
                                                             1.4
                                                                  1.40
                                                                              1.50
## frequency 17.00 19.0
                           5.00
                                 10.0
                                        7.00
                                                6.0
                                                     8.00
                                                            6.0
                                                                 6.00
##
              [,68] [,69] [,70]
                                 [,71] [,72] [,73] [,74] [,75] [,76]
                                                                       [,77]
                                                                             [,78]
## phi
                0.5
                    0.55
                            0.6
                                 0.65
                                         0.7
                                              0.75
                                                      0.8
                                                           0.85
                                                                   0.9
                                                                        0.95
                                                                                1.0
                                              1.50
## tausq.rel
                1.5 1.50
                            1.5
                                 1.50
                                         1.5
                                                      1.5
                                                           1.50
                                                                   1.5
                                                                        1.50
                                                                                1.5
## frequency 10.0 16.00
                            6.0 11.00
                                         8.0
                                              4.00
                                                      3.0
                                                          3.00
                                                                   5.0
                                                                        6.00
                                                                                5.0
                                       [,83] [,84] [,85] [,86]
                                                                [,87]
##
              [,79] [,80]
                          [,81] [,82]
                                                                       [,88]
                                                                              [,89]
## phi
               0.4 0.45
                            0.5
                                 0.55
                                         0.6
                                              0.65
                                                      0.7
                                                           0.75
                                                                   0.8
                                                                         0.9
                                                                               1.0
## tausq.rel
                1.6 1.60
                            1.6
                                 1.60
                                         1.6
                                              1.60
                                                      1.6
                                                          1.60
                                                                   1.6
                                                                         1.6
                                                                                1.6
                            4.0 10.00 10.0
                                             4.00
                                                      3.0 7.00
## frequency
                3.0 2.00
                                                                   1.0
                                                                         3.0
                                                                                1.0
##
              [,90] [,91] [,92] [,93] [,94] [,95] [,96] [,97] [,98]
                                                                       [,99] [,100]
## phi
              0.45
                      0.5
                           0.55
                                   0.6
                                       0.65
                                                0.7
                                                     0.75
                                                            0.8
                                                                 0.85
                                                                         0.9
                                                                               0.95
## tausq.rel 1.70
                      1.7
                           1.70
                                   1.7
                                        1.70
                                                1.7
                                                     1.70
                                                            1.7
                                                                  1.70
                                                                         1.7
                                                                               1.70
                                   6.0 7.00
                                                     3.00
              1.00
                      3.0 10.00
                                               2.0
                                                            1.0
                                                                 2.00
                                                                         4.0
                                                                               4.00
## frequency
              [,101] [,102] [,103] [,104] [,105] [,106] [,107] [,108] [,109] [,110]
## phi
                 1.0
                       0.45
                               0.5
                                      0.55
                                              0.6
                                                     0.65
                                                             0.7
                                                                    0.75
                                                                            0.8
                                                                                   0.85
                       1.80
                               1.8
                                      1.80
                                              1.8
                                                     1.80
                                                                    1.80
                                                                            1.8
## tausq.rel
                 1.7
                                                             1.8
                                     10.00
                                                             3.0
                                                                    2.00
                 1.0
                       1.00
                               4.0
                                              9.0
                                                     1.00
                                                                            5.0
                                                                                   5.00
## frequency
              [,111] [,112] [,113] [,114] [,115] [,116] [,117] [,118] [,119] [,120]
##
## phi
                0.9
                       0.95
                               1.0
                                      0.45
                                              0.5
                                                     0.55
                                                             0.6
                                                                    0.65
                                                                            0.7
## tausq.rel
                 1.8
                       1.80
                               1.8
                                      1.90
                                              1.9
                                                     1.90
                                                             1.9
                                                                    1.90
                                                                            1.9
                                                                                   1.90
                       1.00
                                      2.00
                                              3.0
                                                     5.00
                                                                    5.00
                                                                            4.0
                                                                                   3.00
## frequency
                 3.0
                               1.0
                                                             8.0
##
              [,121] [,122] [,123] [,124]
                                           [,125]
                                                  [,126] [,127] [,128]
                                                                         [,129] [,130]
                                                                           0.65
## phi
                0.8
                       0.85
                              0.95
                                       1.0
                                             0.45
                                                      0.5
                                                            0.55
                                                                     0.6
                                                                                    0.7
                 1.9
                       1.90
                               1.90
                                       1.9
                                              2.00
                                                      2.0
                                                            2.00
                                                                     2.0
                                                                           2.00
                                                                                    2.0
## tausq.rel
## frequency
                 4.0
                       3.00
                               2.00
                                       1.0
                                              1.00
                                                      2.0
                                                            4.00
                                                                     2.0
                                                                           1.00
                                                                                    4.0
##
              [,131] [,132] [,133] [,134] [,135]
                0.75
                        0.8
                               0.85
                                       0.9
## phi
                                                 1
                                       2.0
                                                 2
                2.00
                        2.0
                               2.00
## tausq.rel
                1.00
                        1.0
                               1.00
                                       2.0
                                                 4
## frequency
##
## krige.bayes: starting prediction at the provided locations
## krige.bayes: phi/tausq.rel samples for the predictive are same as for the posterior
## krige.bayes: computing moments of the predictive distribution
## krige.bayes: sampling from the predictive
                Number of parameter sets: 135
## 1, 11, 21, 31, 41, 51, 61, 71, 81, 91, 101, 111, 121, 131,
## krige.bayes: Box-Cox data transformation performed.
##
                 Simulations back-transformed to the original scale
## krige.bayes: preparing summaries of the predictive distribution
# Plot prediction
pred_table$bayes1 <- ex.bayes_1_pred$predictive$mean</pre>
pred_table$bayes2 <- ex.bayes_2_pred$predictive$mean</pre>
# Prediction results from all models
pred_table
##
                                           bayes1
                                                      bayes2
     precip
                 vario
                              MI. label
```

1 138.2 133.99475 133.36295

A 123.22181 132.46042

True values and Predictions at A,B,C



As can be seen from the plot, Bayesian without nugget poorly predicts precipitation at A, but performs similarly with other models at B and C, especially at C, its estimate is closest to the actual value. Meanwhile, Bayesian 2 performs similarly with the other two models at predicting values at A, B and C.