

# AUTOMATING SERVER SETUP WITH ANSIBLE

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PROBLEM

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## **Ansible Labs and Used Modules :**

- Ansible Run Any Scripts on Hosts
- Ansible Shell and Script and Command module and Compares
- Ansible DataBase Modules
  - Create Databases
  - Create Users and Password
  - Create PRIVILEGES and Grant
  - Import into DataBase
- Create Variable User\_List in vars Directory and Used in to task Directory
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## Install Project

Install Apache

Install Nginx

Install Mariadb and import Databases

Change Password for all hosts

Install zabbix Agent

Install VSFTP with htpasswd

Install zabbix server with Compile Model (Optional)

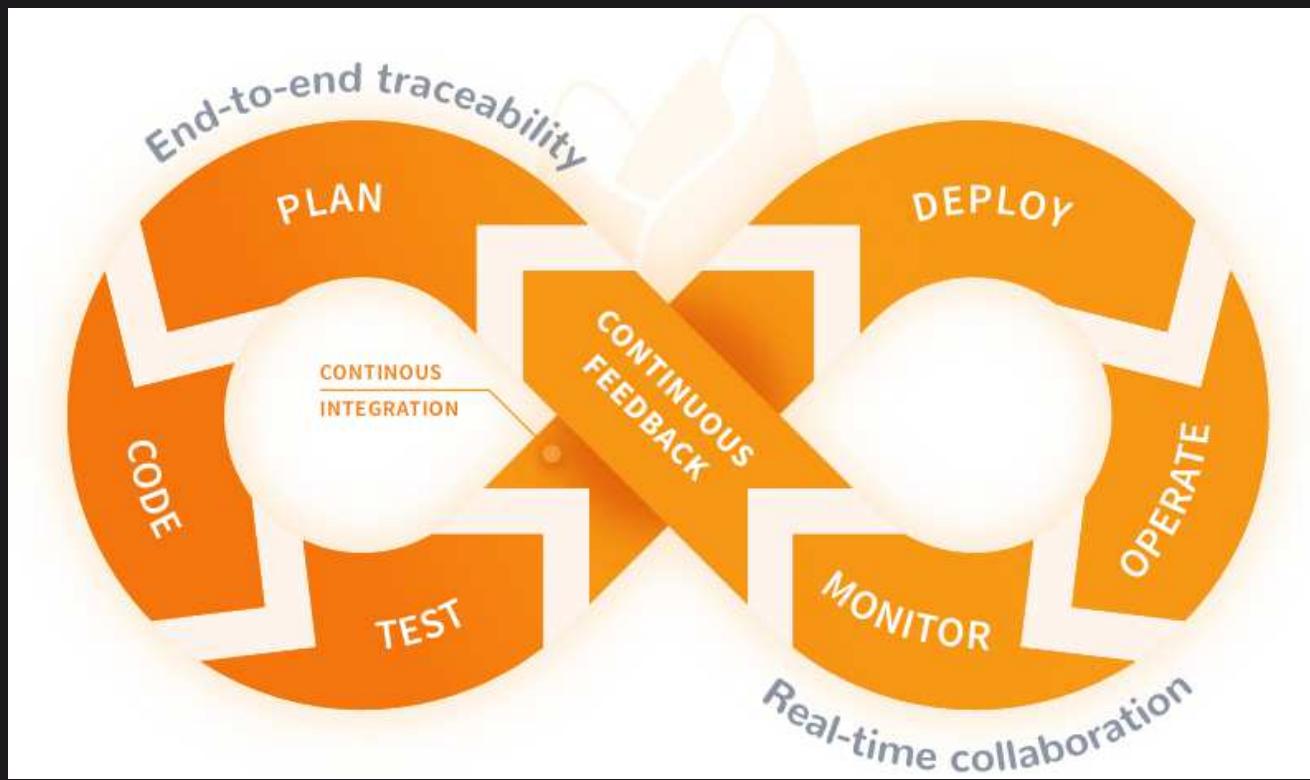
# INTRODUCTION DEVOPS AND DEVSECOPS

## WHAT IS DEVOPS?

IT'S NOT A TEAM OR TITLE ... IT'S A PROCESS.  
BECAUSE CUSTOMER OF THE KINGS

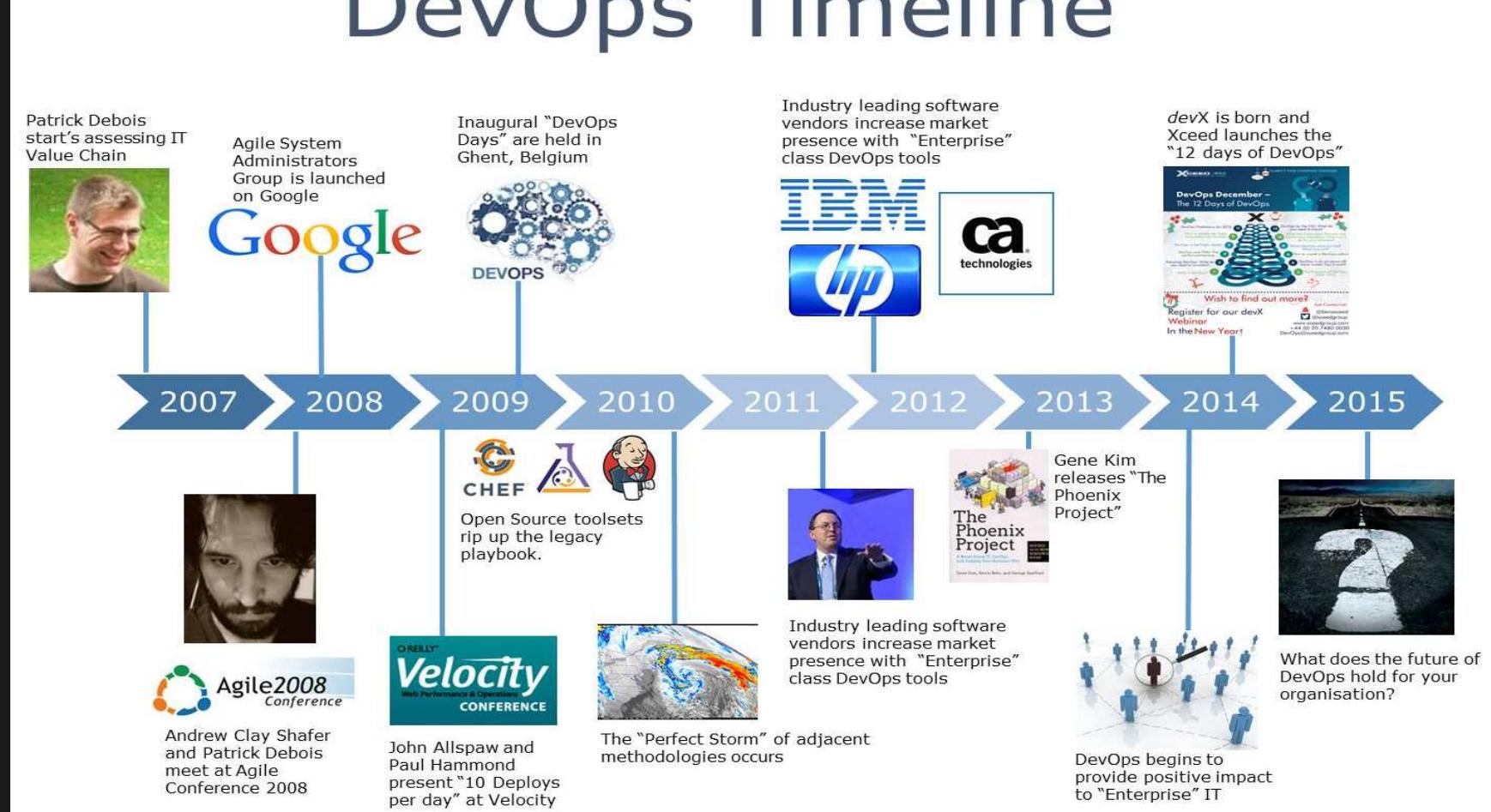
# INTRODUCTION DEVOPS AND DEVSECOPS

## DevOps Lifecycle

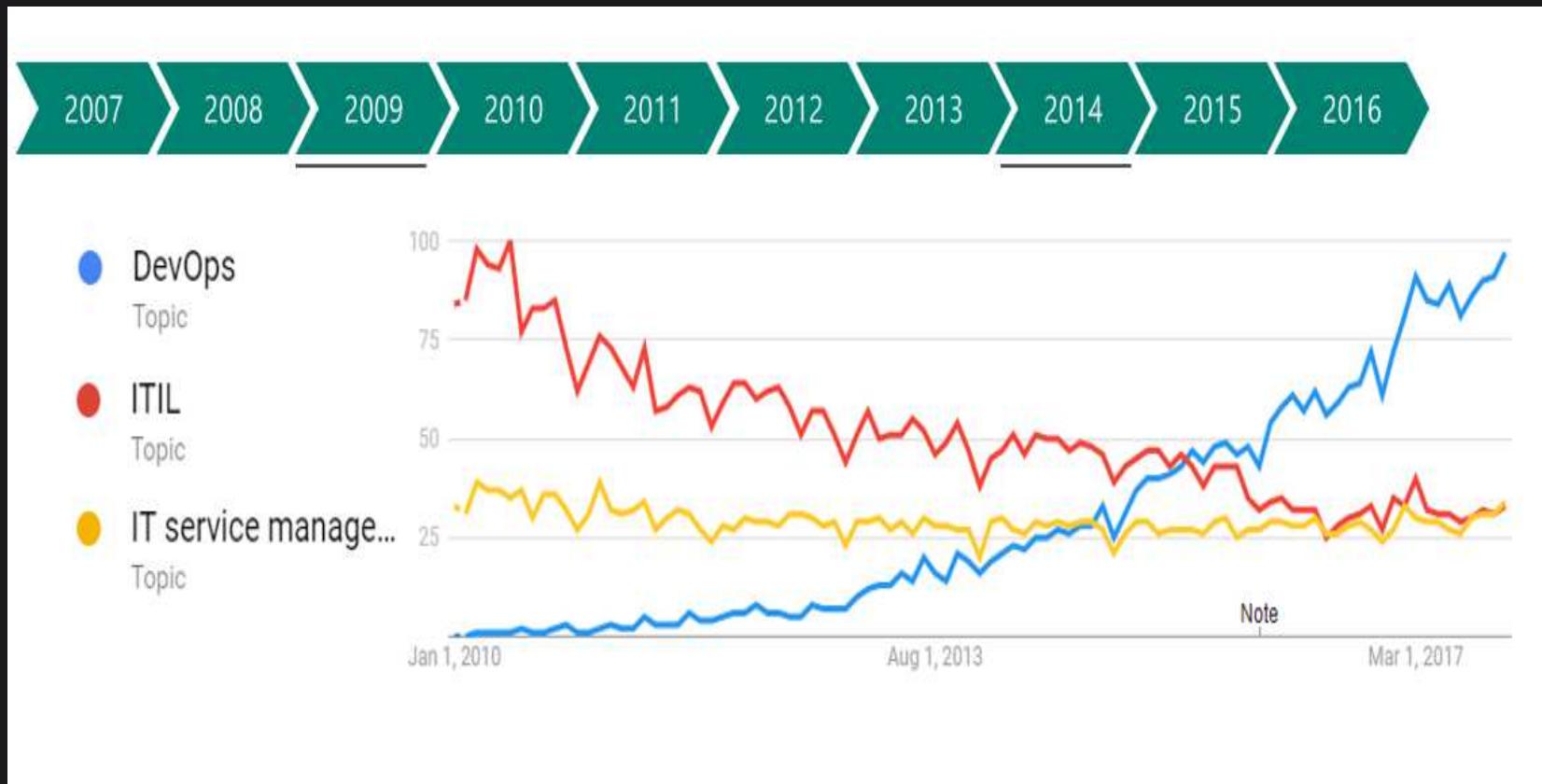


# INTRODUCTION DEVOPS AND DEVSECOPS

## DevOps Timeline



# INTRODUCTION DEVOPS AND DEVSECOPS



# INTRODUCTION DEVOPS AND DEVSECOPS

WHAT IS **DEVSECOPS** ?

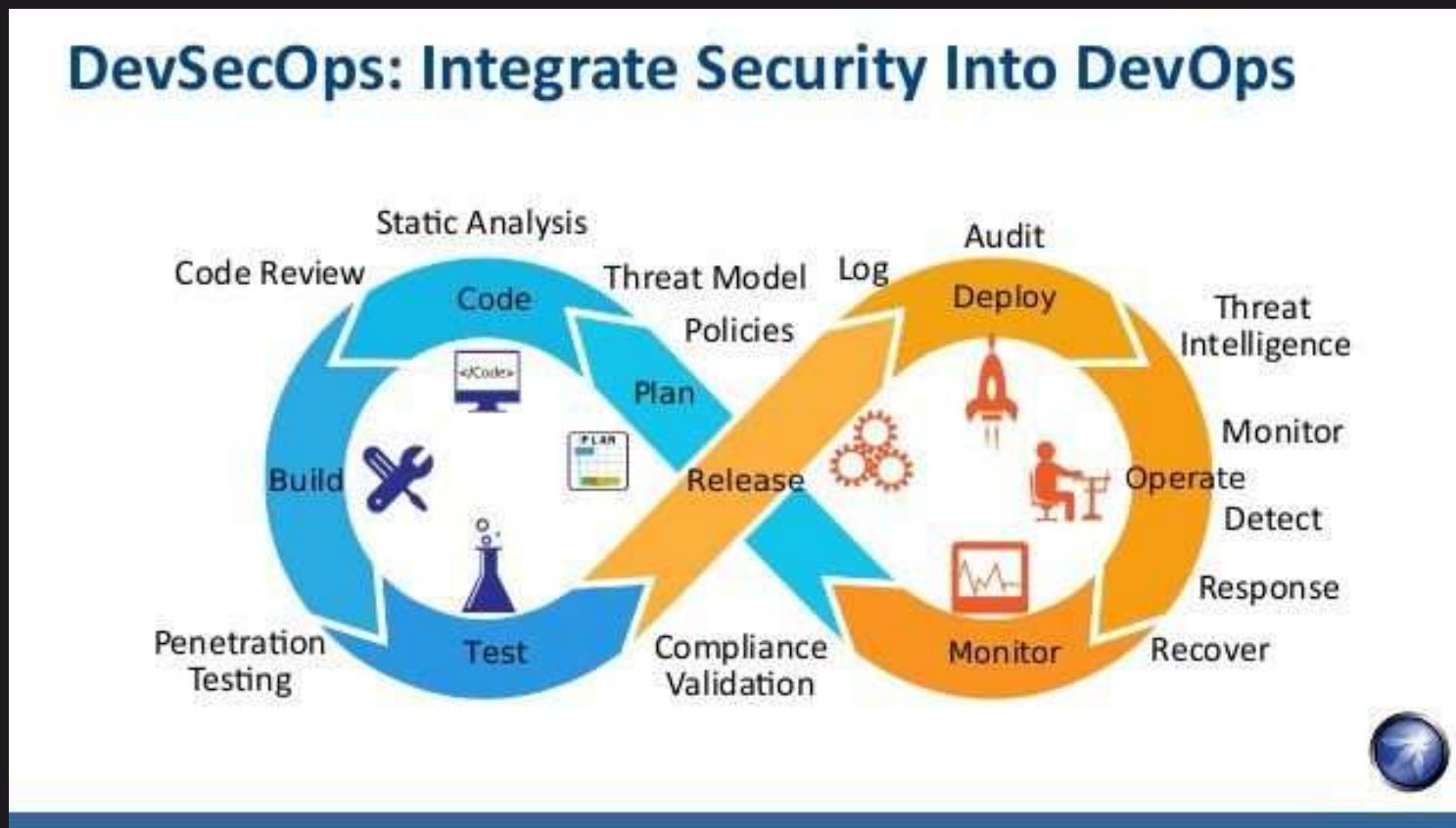
IT IS SHORT FOR :

DEVELOPMENT

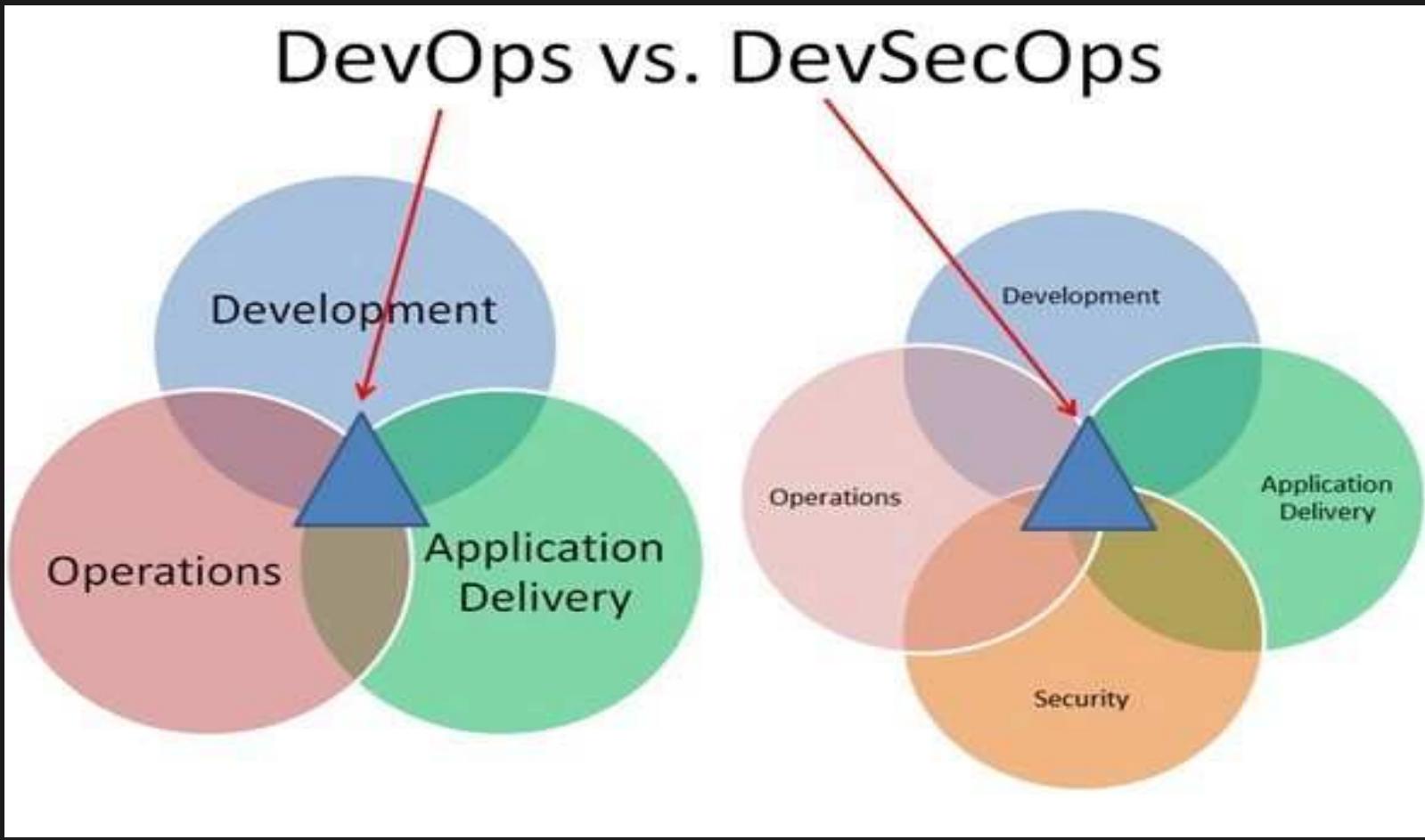
SECURITY

OPERATIONS

# INTRODUCTION DEVOPS AND DEVSECOPS



# INTRODUCTION DEVOPS AND DEVSECOPS



# INTRODUCTION DEVOPS AND DEVSECOPS

## TARGET :

New versions of the product, very Quick to final Customers  
Improve Speed to Market

## PROBLEM :

Seeing any Problem in the operation  
Each Team attributed it to the Other Team

## SOLUTION :

Collaboration  
Remove the wall between Operation and Developer  
DevOps Engineering Tools

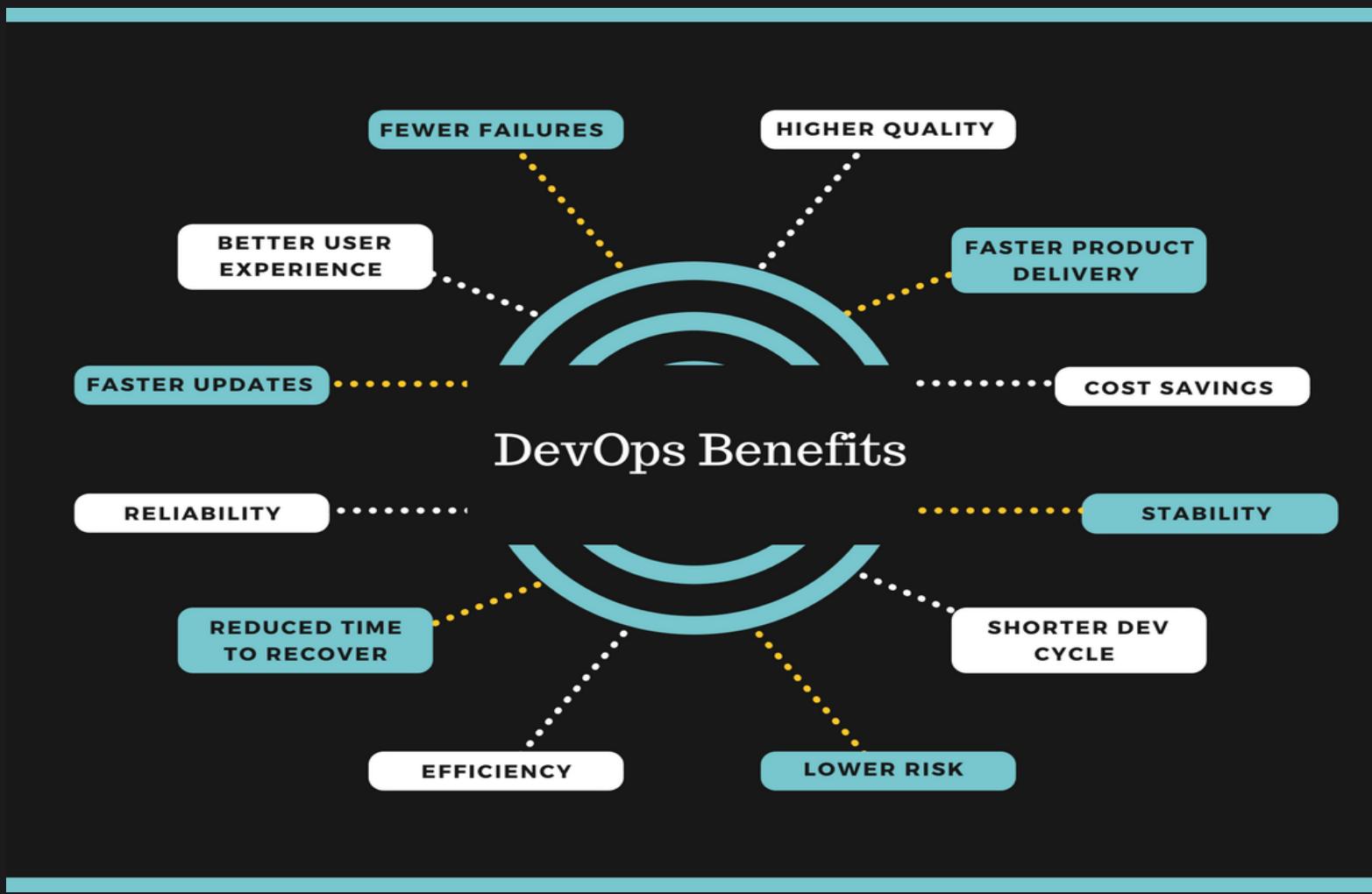
## BENEFITS :

Trubleshooting Speed  
Isolation Environment  
Performance Tuning  
Fail Over  
Resource & Cost Reduction  
Increased Performance  
Job Satisfaction

## RESULT :

The transformation of the IT industry

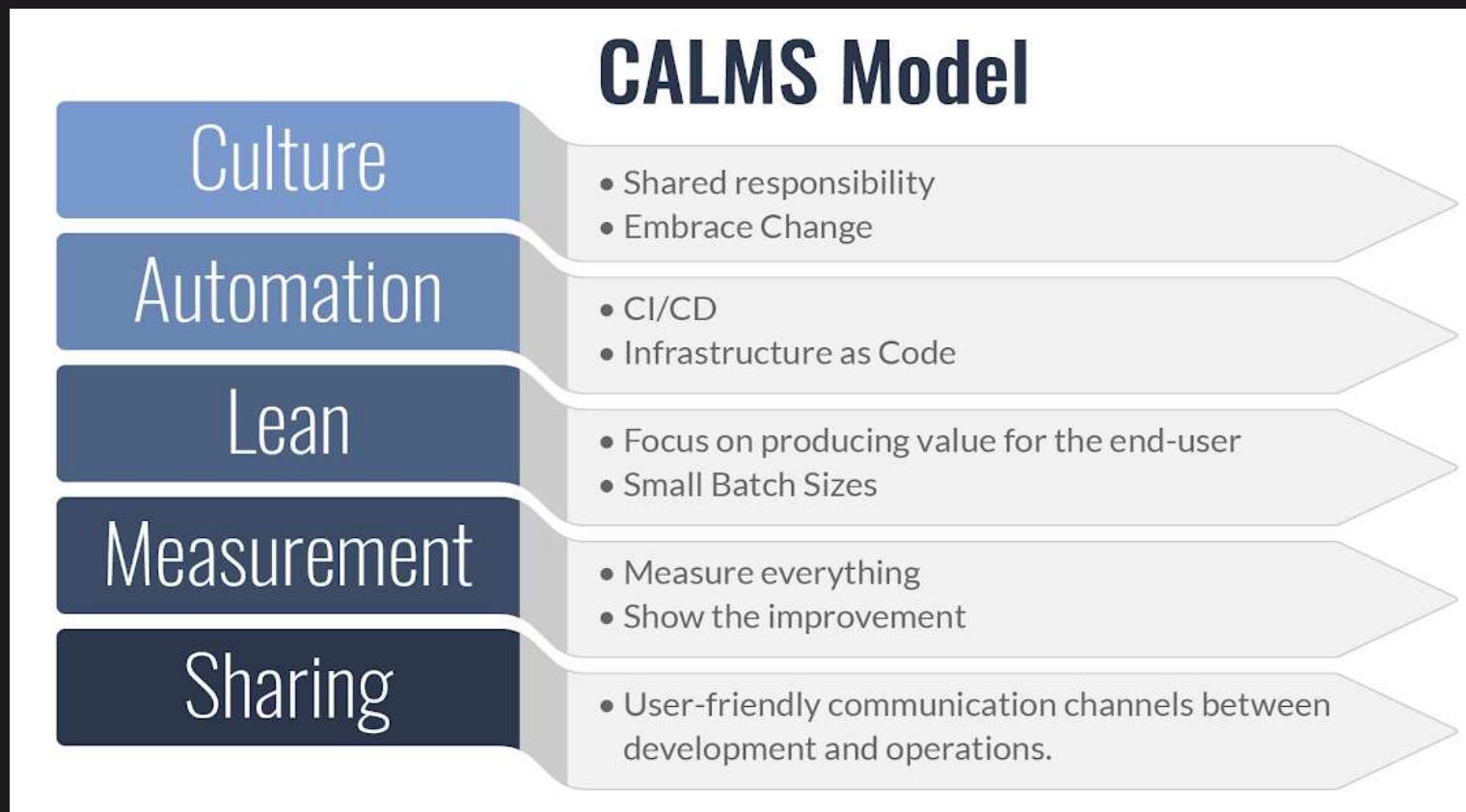
# INTRODUCTION DEVOPS AND DEVSECOPS



# INTRODUCTION DEVOPS AND DEVSECOPS

## DevOps is Process

Approach to reach DevOps with **CALMS**



# INTRODUCTION DEVOPS AND DEVSECOPS

## DevOps is Process

### Approach to reach DevOps with CALMS

**C**ulture : Delete Wall between Developers Team and Operations Team

**A**utomation : Continuous Delivery – Continuous Integration – Continuous Deployment  
Use tools (Configuration Management and Virtualization , ...)

**L**ean : Delete Redundant work and Useless

**M**easurement : Unless we know where we are, we will not know where we want to go

    Infrastructure Monitoring

    Log Management

    Application and Performance Management

**S**haring : Share Information and Result with Coworker

    ] → TPS and Response Time , ...

### DevOps Use cases :

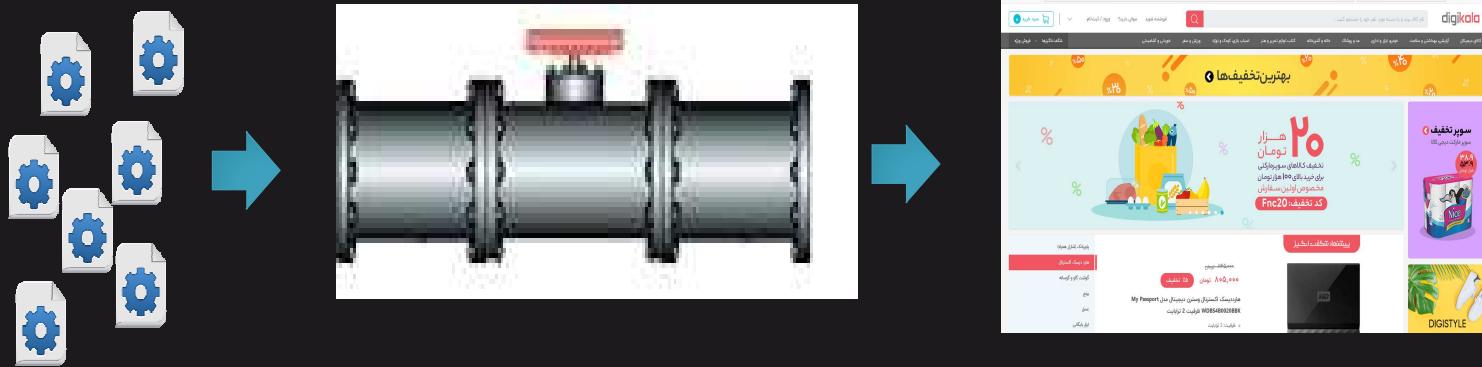
High changes in product

Add More Features

Competitive products

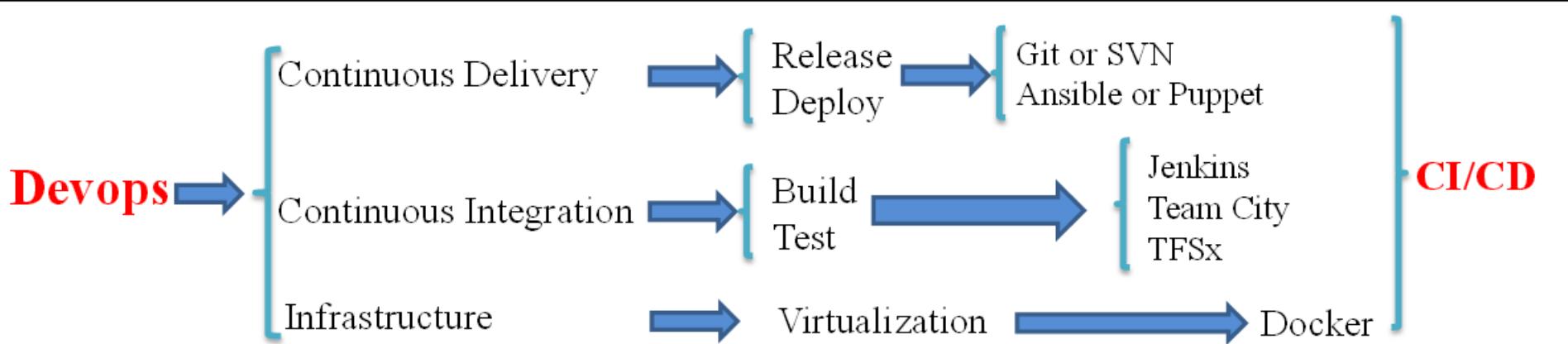
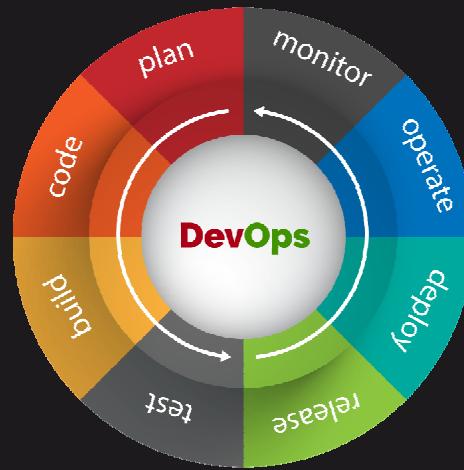
# INTRODUCTION DEVOPS AND DEVSECOPS

## DevOps Pipeline



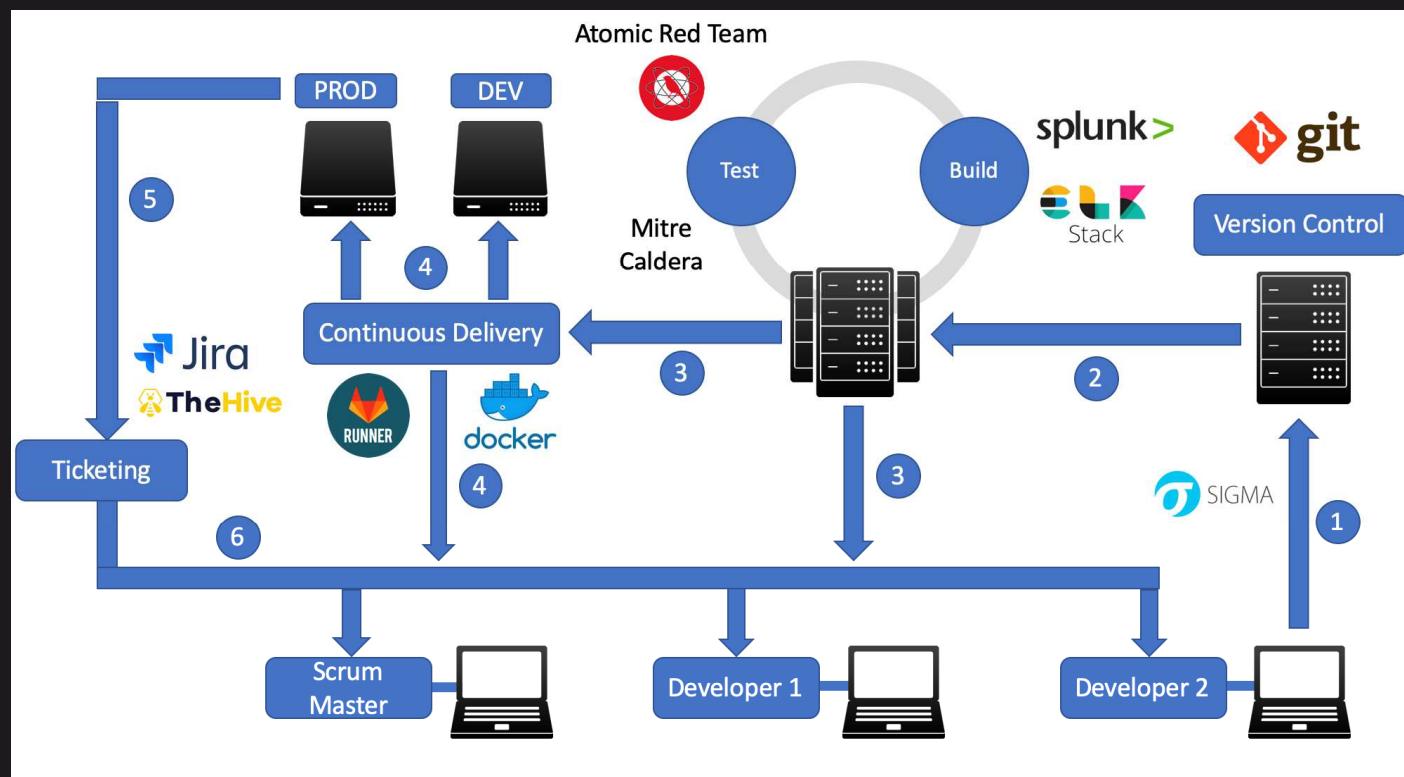
# INTRODUCTION DEVOPS AND DEVSECOPS

DevOps Pipeline



# INTRODUCTION DEVOPS AND DEVSECOPS

## DEVSECOPS PIPELINE IS COMPLETED

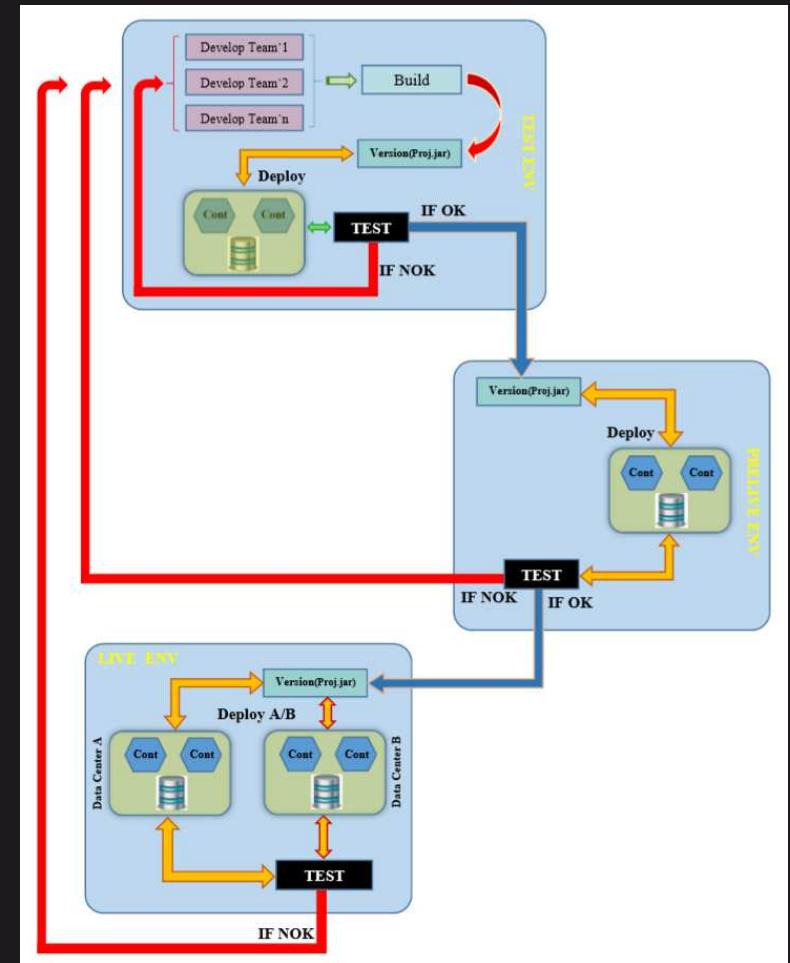


# INTRODUCTION DEVOPS AND DEVSECOPS

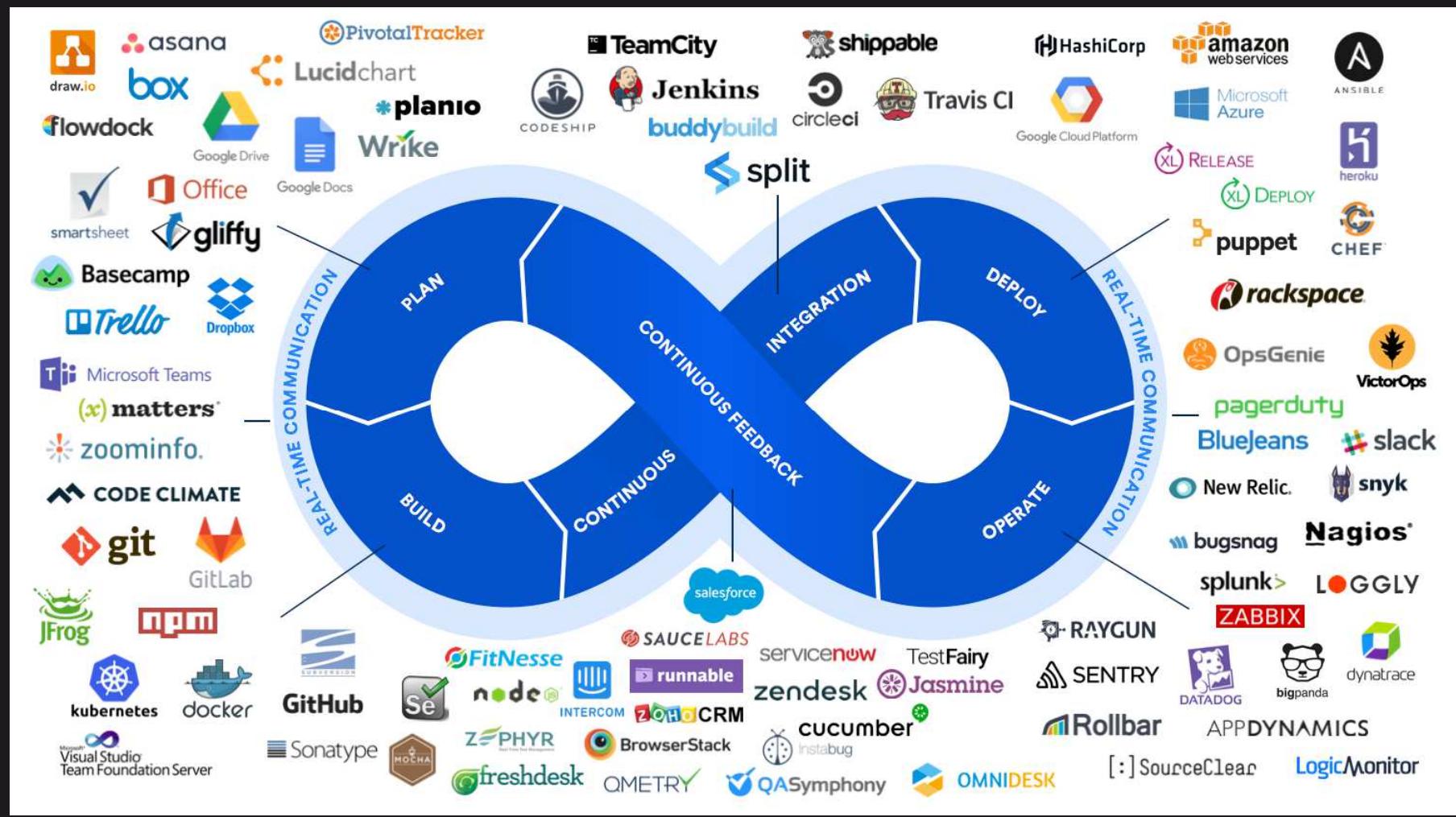
## Building Application Deployment Pipelines and Environments

Environment :

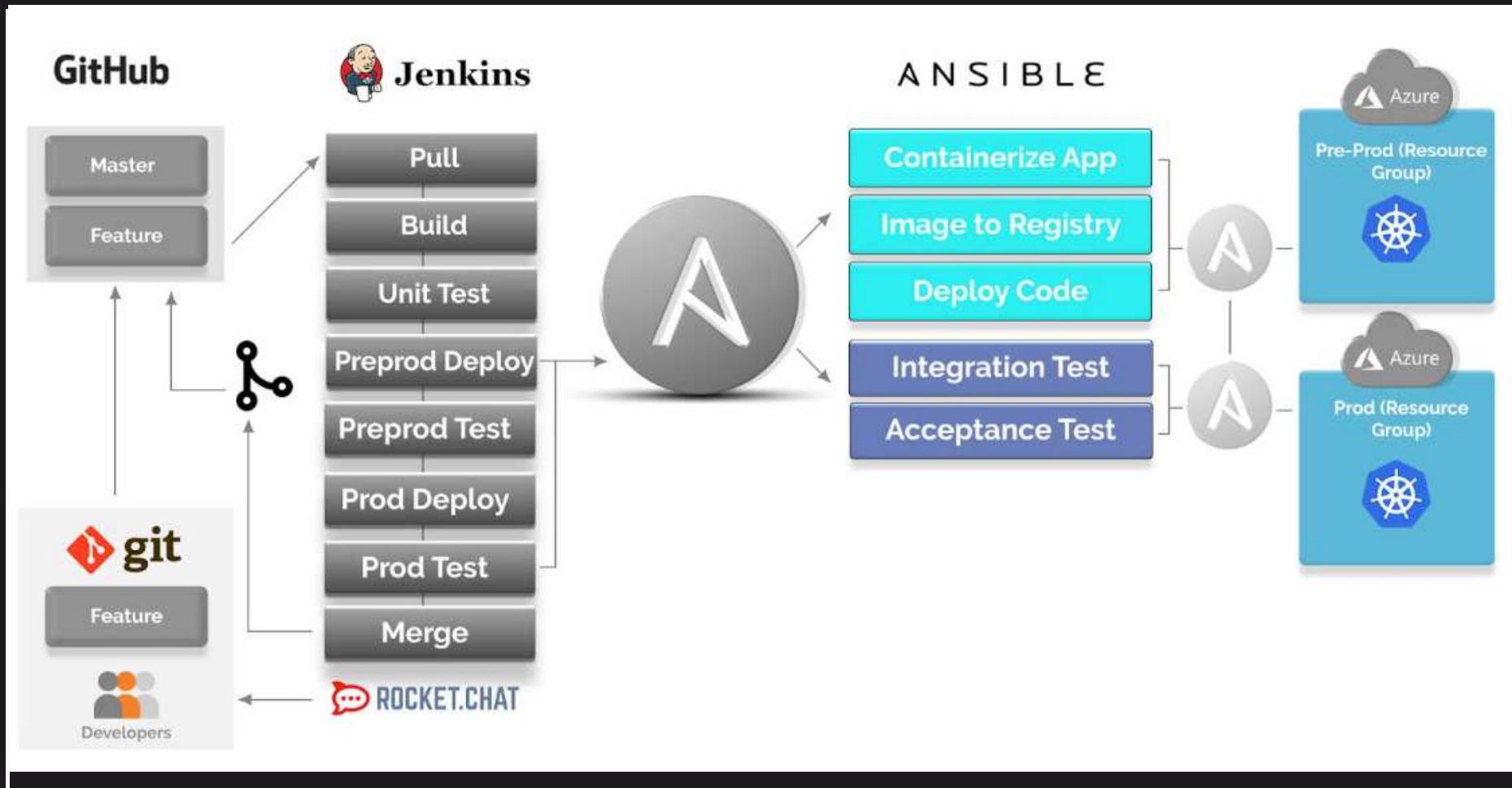
- ❖ Test Env
- ❖ Prelive Env
- ❖ Live Env



# DEVOPS ENGINEER TOOLS



# CONFIGURATION MANAGEMENT ROLE IN CI/CD ARCHITECTURE



# CONFIGURATION MANAGEMENT AND ORCHESTRATION ROLES IN DEVOPS

## Configuration Management in DevOps is

coined as "comprehensive configuration management" and is made up of

### 1- Source Code Repository : only Development phase

the source code repository is a database of source code which developers use.

This database serves as :

A container for all the working code

Source code aside

It stores a number of useful components including various scripts and configuration files.

### 2- Artifact Repository : Development and Operation phase

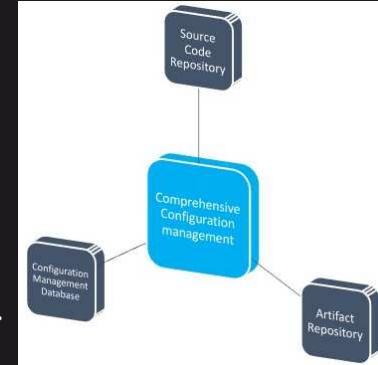
An artifact repository is meant to store machine files.

This can include :

binaries files

test data files

libraries files . Effectively, it's a database for files that people don't generally use.



### 3- Configuration Management Database : Development and Operation phase

configuration management database or (CMDB) is a relational database multiple systems and applications related to configuration management

including services, servers, applications, and databases to name a few.

# INFRASTRUCTURE ENVIRONMENT AS A CODE TO MARKET

## Results of Properly Managed Configurations

### 1- Infrastructure-as-a-Code : (Install)

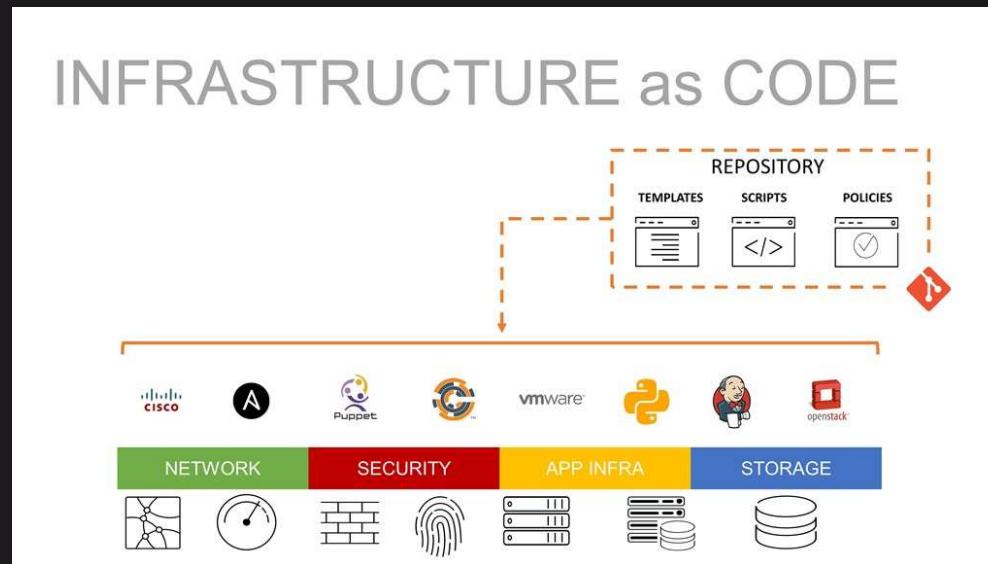
Automatically Create Environments and Infrastructures

Include :

servers , networks of configurations and other resources.

For Example :

Install and Configure Kubernetes Cluster with Configuration Management



# INFRASTRUCTURE ENVIRONMENT AS A CODE TO MARKET

## Results of Properly Managed Configurations

### 2- Configuration-as-a-Code : (Change and Deployment Configuration)

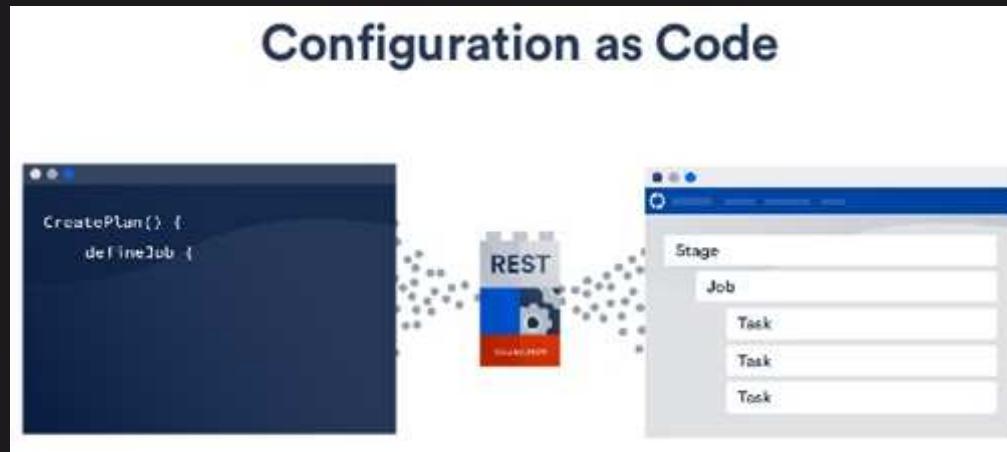
Automatically Change management and Central Configuration and Delployment Application

Include :

servers , networks of configurations and other resources.

For Example :

CI/CD



# INFRASTRUCTURE ENVIRONMENT AS A CODE TO MARKET

## Results of Properly Managed Configurations

### 3- Benefits of IaaC and CaaC

- Automation of the infrastructure environment provides standardization
- Setups are free of human error
- Collaboration is enhanced between operations and development
- Makes infrastructure more flexible, ready to scale
- Each step is consistent across all resources
- Version control is a given

# INTRODUCTION TO ANSIBLE

**ANSIBLE IS IT AUTOMATION PLATFORM THAT MAKES YOUR APPLICATIONS AND SYSTEMS EASIER TO DEPLOY.**

IT SUPPORT CONFIGURATION MANAGEMENT WITH EXAMPLES AS BELOW.

- INSTALL AND CONFIGURATION OF SERVERS
- APPLICATION DEPLOYMENT
- CONTINUOUS TESTING OF ALREADY INSTALL APPLICATION
- ORCHESTRATION
- AUTOMATION OF TASKS

# WHY ANSIBLE

## **Ansible Configuration Management For Automation :**

- It is a free open source application
- Agent-less – No need for agent installation and management
- Python/yaml based
- Highly flexible and configuration management of systems.
- Large number of ready to use modules for system management
- Custom modules can be added if needed
- Configuration roll-back in case of error
- Simple and human readable
- Self documenting

# WHY AUTOMATION?

- Tasks in code
- Collaboration
- Eliminate errors
- Write once
- Laziness
- Etc....

# ANSIBLE VS. OTHER CM TOOLS

## The Best DevOps tools for 2019

- ✓ Configuration Management Tools :
- CFEngine
- Puppet : master-slave architecture.
- CHEF
- Ansible
- Salt

## LPI Exam 701: DevOps Tools Engineer

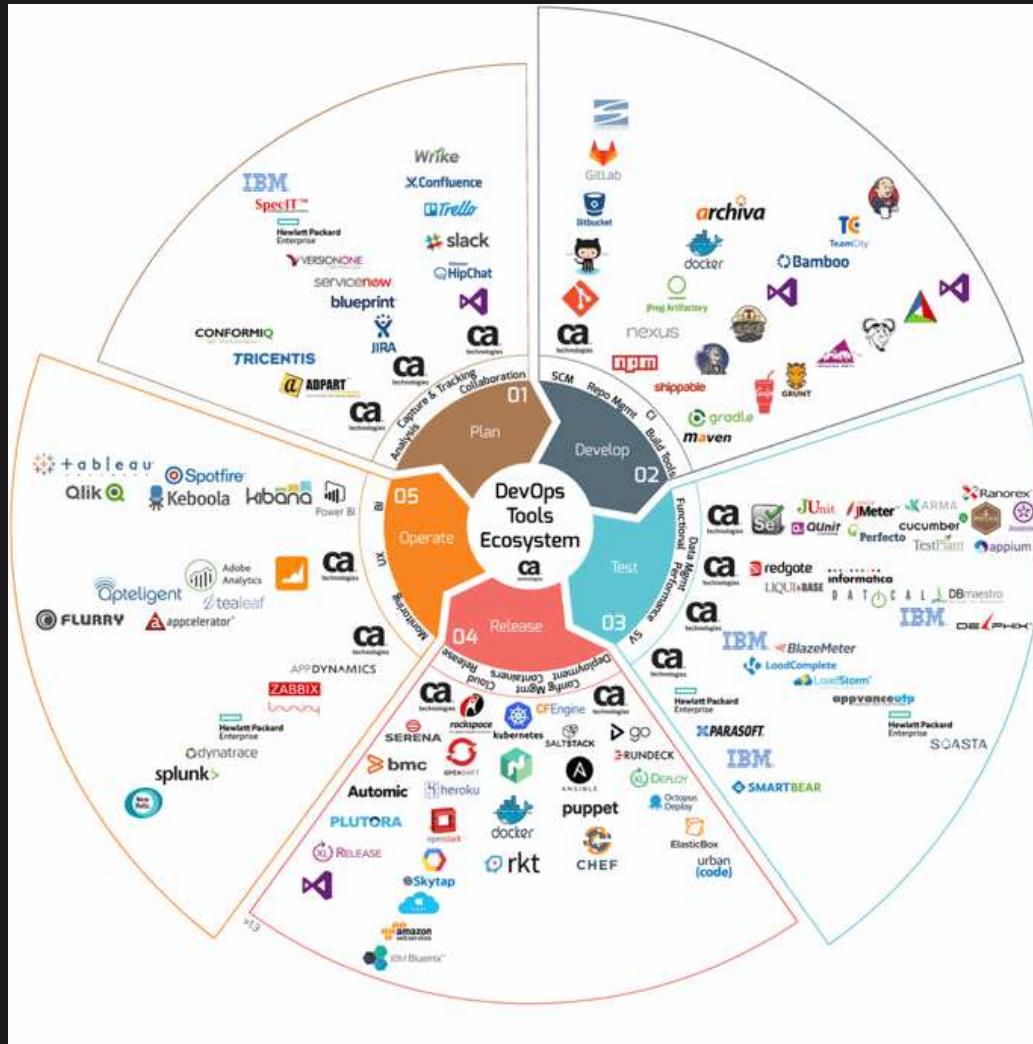
### Topic 704: Configuration Management

Ansible : ansible.cfg , ansible-playbook , ansible-vault ,  
ansible-galaxy , ansible-doc

Other Configuration Management Tools :  
CHEF , Puppet

	Language	License	Mutual auth	Encrypts	Verify mode	Agent-less	Have a GUI	First release	Latest stable release
Ansible	Python	GPLv3+	Yes <sup>[1]</sup>	Yes <sup>[2]</sup>	Yes	Yes	Yes <sup>[3]</sup>	2012-03-08	2018-12-13 2.7.5 <sup>[4][5][6]</sup>
Chef	Ruby, Erlang	Apache 2.0	Yes <sup>[14]</sup>	Yes <sup>[15]</sup>	Yes <sup>[16][17]</sup>	No	Yes	2009-01-15 0.5.0	2019-01-28 14.10.9 (client), <sup>[18]</sup> 2018-02-13 12.17.33 (server) <sup>[19]</sup>
CFEngine	C <sup>[20]</sup>	GPLv3 <sup>[21]</sup>	Yes <sup>[1]</sup>	Yes <sup>[22]</sup>	Yes <sup>[23][24]</sup>	No	Yes <sup>[25]</sup>	1993	2019-07-01 3.14.0, <sup>[26]</sup> 2019-05-20 3.12.2, <sup>[27]</sup> 2019-05-10 3.10.6 <sup>[28]</sup>
Puppet	C++ & Clojure from 4.0, <sup>[45]</sup> Ruby before then	Apache from 2.7.0, GPL before then	Yes <sup>[46]</sup>	Yes <sup>[9]</sup>	Yes <sup>[47][48]</sup>	No	Yes <sup>[49]</sup>	2005-08-30 <sup>[50]</sup>	2019-01-15 6.0.5 <sup>[51]</sup>
Salt <sup>[72]</sup>	Python <sup>[73]</sup>	Apache 2.0 <sup>[74]</sup>	Yes <sup>[75]</sup>	Yes <sup>[75]</sup>	Yes	Both <sup>[76][77]</sup>	Yes <sup>[78][79]</sup>	2011-03-17 0.6.0 <sup>[80]</sup>	2019-02-25 v2019.2.0 <sup>[81]</sup>

# ANSIBLE IN DEVOPS



# INTRODUCTION TO YAML

**YAML includes a markup language with important construct**

**The Design Goals and features of YAML are given below :**

- Matches native data structures languages such as Perl, Python, PHP, Ruby and JavaScript
- YAML data is portable between programming languages
- Includes data consistent data model
- Easily readable by humans
- Supports one-direction processing
- Ease of implementation and usage