

Kick Start 2022 - Round A

Challenge Nine

Problem

Ada gives John a positive integer N . She challenges him to construct a new number (without leading zeros), that is a multiple of 9, by inserting *exactly* one digit (0 . . . 9) anywhere in the given number N . It is guaranteed that N does not have any leading zeros.

As John prefers smaller numbers, he wants to construct the *smallest* such number possible. Can you help John?

Input

The first line of the input gives the number of test cases, T . T test cases follow.

Each test case has a single line containing a positive integer N : the number Ada gives John.

Output

For each test case, output one line containing `Case #x: y`, where x is the test case number (starting from 1) and y is the new number constructed by John. As mentioned earlier, y cannot have leading zeros.

Limits

Memory limit: 1 GB.

$1 \leq T \leq 100$.

Test Set 1

Time limit: 20 seconds.

$1 \leq N \leq 10^5$.

Test Set 2

Time limit: 40 seconds.

For at most 10 cases:

$1 \leq N \leq 10^{123456}$.

For the remaining cases:

$1 \leq N \leq 10^5$.

Sample

Sample Input

```
3
5
33
12121
```

Sample Output

```
Case #1: 45
Case #2: 333
Case #3: 121212
```

In Sample Case #1, there are only two numbers that can be constructed satisfying the divisibility constraint: 45 and 54. John chooses the smaller number.

In Sample Case #2, 333 is the only number possible.

In Sample Case #3, there are four possible options - 212121, 122121, 121221 and 121212 - out of which the smallest number is 121212.