## The ltfilehook package\*

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<sup>\*</sup>This package has version v1.0l dated 2021/08/27, © LATEX Project.

#### 1 Introduction

#### 1.1 Provided hooks

The code offers a number of hooks into which packages (or the user) can add code to support different use cases. Many hooks are offered as pairs (i.e., the second hook is reversed. Also important to know is that these pairs are properly nested with respect to other pairs of hooks.

There are hooks that are executed for all files of a certain type (if they contain code), e.g., for all "include files" or all "packages", and there are also hooks that are specific to a single file, e.g., do something after the package foo.sty has been loaded.

#### 1.2 General hooks for file reading

There are four hooks that are called for each file that is read using document-level commands such as \input, \include, \usepackage, etc. They are not called for files read using internal low-level methods, such as \@input or \openin.

file/before
file/.../before
file/.../after
file/after

These are:

file/before, file/ $\langle$ file-name $\rangle$ /before These hooks are executed in that order just before the file is loaded for reading. The code of the first hook is used with every file, while the second is executed only for the file with matching  $\langle$ file-name $\rangle$  allowing you to specify code that only applies to one file.

file/\(\file-name\)/after, file/after These hooks are after the file with name \(\lambda file-name\) has been fully consumed. The order is swapped (the specific one comes first) so that the before and after hooks nest properly, which is important if any of them involve grouping (e.g., contain environments, for example). Furthermore both hooks are reversed hooks to support correct nesting of different packages adding code to both \(\rangle before \) and \(\lambda after \) hooks.

So the overall sequence of hook processing for any file read through the user interface commands of  $\LaTeX$  is:

```
\label{local_set_one} $$\UseHook{\langle file/\langle file\ name\rangle/before\rangle}$$ $$\langle file\ contents\rangle$$ $$\UseHook{\langle file/\langle file\ name\rangle/after\rangle}$$ $$\UseHook{\langle file/after\rangle}$$
```

The file hooks only refer to the file by its name and extension, so the  $\langle file\ name \rangle$  should be the file name as it is on the filesystem with extension (if any) and without paths. Different from \input and similar commands, the .tex extension is not assumed in hook  $\langle file\ name \rangle$ , so .tex files must be specified with their extension to be recognized. Files within subfolders should also be addressed by their name and extension only.

Extensionless files also work, and should then be given without extension. Note however that TEX prioritizes .tex files, so if two files foo and foo.tex exist in the search path, only the latter will be seen.

When a file is input, the  $\langle file\ name \rangle$  is available in \CurrentFile, which is then used when accessing the file/ $\langle file\ name \rangle$ /before and file/ $\langle file\ name \rangle$ /after.

\CurrentFile The name of the file about to be read (or just finished) is available to the hooks through \CurrentFile (there is no expl3 name for it for now). The file is always provided with its extension, i.e., how it appears on your hard drive, but without any specified path to it. For example, \input{sample} and \input{app/sample.tex} would both have \CurrentFile being sample.tex.

\CurrentFilePath The path to the current file (complement to \CurrentFile) is available in \CurrentFilePath if needed. The paths returned in \CurrentFilePath are only user paths, given through \input@path (or expl3's equivalent \l\_file\_search\_path\_seq) or by directly typing in the path in the \input command or equivalent. Files located by kpsewhich get the path added internally by the TeX implementation, so at the macro level it looks as if the file were in the current folder, so the path in \CurrentFilePath is empty in these cases (package and class files, mostly).

\CurrentFileUsed \CurrentFilePathUsed

In normal circumstances these are identical to \CurrentFile and \CurrentFilePath. They will differ when a file substitution has occurred for \CurrentFile. In that case, \CurrentFileUsed and \CurrentFilePathUsed will hold the actual file name and path loaded by LATEX, while \CurrentFile and \CurrentFilePath will hold the names that were asked for. Unless doing very specific work on the file being read, \CurrentFile and \CurrentFilePath should be enough.

#### 1.3 Hooks for package and class files

Commands to load package and class files (e.g., \usepackage, \RequirePackage, \LoadPackageWithOptions, etc.) offer the hooks from section 1.2 when they are used to load a package or class file, e.g., file/array.sty/after would be called after the array package got loaded. But as packages and classes form as special group of files, there are some additional hooks available that only apply when a package or class is loaded.

package/before package/after package/.../after class/before class/after class/.../before class/.../after

These are:

package/.../before package/before, package/after These hooks are called for each package being loaded.

package/(name)/before, package/(name)/after These hooks are additionally called if the package name is  $\langle name \rangle$  (without extension).

class/before, class/after These hooks are called for each class being loaded.

class/\(\lame\)/before, class/\(\lame\)/after These hooks are additionally called if the class name is  $\langle name \rangle$  (without extension).

All /after hooks are implemented as reversed hooks. The overall sequence of execution for \usepackage and friends is therefore:

```
\UseHook{\langle package/before \rangle}
\UseHook{\package/\package name\/before\}
    \UseHook{\langle file/before \rangle}
```

and similar for class file loading, except that package/ is replaced by class/ and \AtEndOfPackage by \AtEndOfClass.

If a package or class is not loaded (or it was loaded before the hooks were set) none of the hooks are executed!

All class or package hooks involving the name of the class or package are implemented as one-time hooks, whereas all other such hooks are normal hooks. This allows for the following use case

```
\AddToHook{package/varioref/after}
{ ... apply my customizations if the package gets
    loaded (or was loaded already) ... }
```

without the need to first test if the package is already loaded.

#### 1.4 Hooks for \include files

To manage \include files, IATEX issues a \clearpage before and after loading such a file. Depending on the use case one may want to execute code before or after these \clearpages especially for the one that is issued at the end.

Executing code before the final \clearpage, means that the code is processed while the last page of the included material is still under construction. Executing code after it means that all floats from inside the include file are placed (which might have added further pages) and the final page has finished.

Because of these different scenarios we offer hooks in three places. None of the hooks are executed when an \include file is bypassed because of an \includeonly declaration. They are, however, all executed if LATEX makes an attempt to load the \include file (even if it doesn't exist and all that happens is "No file \( filename \)\).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>If you want to execute code before the first \clearpage there is no need to use a hook—you can write it directly in front of the \include.

include/before include/.../before include/end include/.../end include/after include/.../after

These are:

include/before, include/(name)/before These hooks are executed (in that order) after the initial \clearpage and after .aux file is changed to use \( name \).aux, but before the (name).tex file is loaded. In other words they are executed at the very beginning of the first page of the \include file.

include/(name)/end, include/end These hooks are executed (in that order) after ETFX has stopped reading from the \include file, but before it has issued a \clearpage to output any deferred floats.

include/\(\lambe\)/after, include/after These hooks are executed (in that order) after LATEX has issued the \clearpage but before is has switched back writing to the main .aux file. Thus technically we are still inside the \include and if the hooks generate any further typeset material including anything that writes to the .aux file, then it would be considered part of the included material and bypassed if it is not loaded because of some \includeonly statement.<sup>2</sup>

All include hooks involving the name of the included file are implemented as onetime hooks (whereas all other such hooks are normal hooks).

#### 1.5High-level interfaces for LATEX

We do not provide any additional wrappers around the hooks (like filehook or scrlfile do) because we believe that for package writers the high-level commands from the hook management, e.g., \AddToHook, etc. are sufficient and in fact easier to work with, given that the hooks have consistent naming conventions.

## Internal interfaces for LATEX

\declare@file@substitution

```
\declare@file@substitution
                                           \{\langle file \rangle\}\ \{\langle replacement-file \rangle\}
```

If  $\langle file \rangle$  is requested for loading replace it with  $\langle replacement-file \rangle$ . \CurrentFile remains pointing to \(\lambda file \rangle\) but \CurrentFileUsed will show the file actually loaded.

The main use case for this declaration is to provide a corrected version of a package that can't be changed (due to its license) but no longer functions because of LATEX kernel changes, for example, or to provide a version that makes use of new kernel functionality while the original package remains available for use with older releases.

The \undeclare@file@substitution declaration undoes a substitution made earlier.

Please do not misuse this functionality and replace a file with another unless if really needed and only if the new version is implementing the same functionality as the original one!

 $<sup>^2</sup>$ For that reason another  $\c$ earpage is executed after these hooks which normally does nothing, but starts a new page if further material got added this way.

```
\disable@package@load \disable@package@load {\langle package \rangle}
                                                            {\alternate-code\}
\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc Vreenable@package@load }}\
```

If  $\langle package \rangle$  is requested do not load it but instead run  $\langle alternate-code \rangle$  which could issue a warning, error or any other code.

The main use case is for classes that want to restrict the set of supported packages or contain code that make the use of some packages impossible. So rather than waiting until the document breaks they can set up informative messages why certain packages are not available.

The function is only implemented for packages not for arbitrary files.

#### A sample package for structuring the log output 1.7

As an application we provide the package structuredlog that adds lines to the .log when a file is opened and closed for reading keeping track of nesting level es well. For example, for the current document it adds the lines

```
= (LEVEL 1 START) t1lmr.fd
= (LEVEL 1 STOP) t1lmr.fd
= (LEVEL 1 START) supp-pdf.mkii
= (LEVEL 1 STOP) supp-pdf.mkii
= (LEVEL 1 START) nameref.sty
== (LEVEL 2 START) refcount.sty
== (LEVEL 2 STOP) refcount.sty
== (LEVEL 2 START) gettitlestring.sty
== (LEVEL 2 STOP) gettitlestring.sty
= (LEVEL 1 STOP) nameref.sty
= (LEVEL 1 START) ltfilehook-doc.out
= (LEVEL 1 STOP) ltfilehook-doc.out
  (LEVEL 1 START) ltfilehook-doc.out
= (LEVEL 1 STOP) ltfilehook-doc.out
= (LEVEL 1 START) ltfilehook-doc.hd
= (LEVEL 1 STOP) ltfilehook-doc.hd
= (LEVEL 1 START) ltfilehook.dtx
== (LEVEL 2 START) ot1lmr.fd
== (LEVEL 2 STOP) ot1lmr.fd
== (LEVEL 2 START) omllmm.fd
== (LEVEL 2 STOP) omllmm.fd
== (LEVEL 2 START) omslmsy.fd
== (LEVEL 2 STOP) omslmsy.fd
== (LEVEL 2 START) omxlmex.fd
== (LEVEL 2 STOP) omxlmex.fd
== (LEVEL 2 START) umsa.fd
== (LEVEL 2 STOP) umsa.fd
   (LEVEL 2 START) umsb.fd
== (LEVEL 2 STOP) umsb.fd
== (LEVEL 2 START) ts1lmr.fd
== (LEVEL 2 STOP) ts1lmr.fd
== (LEVEL 2 START) t1lmss.fd
== (LEVEL 2 STOP) t1lmss.fd
= (LEVEL 1 STOP) ltfilehook.dtx
```

Thus if you inspect an issue in the .log it is easy to figure out in which file it occurred, simply by searching back for LEVEL and if it is a STOP then remove 1 from the level value and search further for LEVEL with that value which should then be the START level of the file you are in.

#### $\mathbf{2}$ The Implementation

```
1 (*2ekernel)
2 (@@=filehook)
```

#### Document and package-level commands

\CurrentFilePath \CurrentFileUsed \CurrentFilePathUsed User-level macros that hold the current file name and file path. These are used internally as well because the code takes care to protect against a possible redefinition of these macros in the loaded file (it's necessary anyway to make hooks work with nested \input). The versions \... Used hold the actual file name and path that is loaded by LATEX, whereas the other two hold the name as requested. They will differ in case there's a file substitution.

```
3 (/2ekernel)
4 (*2ekernel | latexrelease)
5 (latexrelease)\IncludeInRelease{2020/10/01}%
6 (latexrelease)
                                 {\CurrentFile}{Hook management file}%
7 \ExplSyntaxOn
8 \tl_new:N \CurrentFile
9 \tl_new:N \CurrentFilePath
10 \tl_new:N \CurrentFileUsed
11 \tl_new:N \CurrentFilePathUsed
12 \ExplSyntaxOff
13 (/2ekernel | latexrelease)
14 (latexrelease)\EndIncludeInRelease
15 (latexrelease)\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
16 (latexrelease)
                                 {\CurrentFile}{Hook management file}%
17 (latexrelease)
18 (latexrelease)\let \CurrentFile
                                           \@undefined
19 (latexrelease)\let \CurrentFilePath
                                           \@undefined
20 (latexrelease)\let \CurrentFileUsed
                                           \Qundefined
21 (latexrelease)\let \CurrentFilePathUsed \@undefined
22 (latexrelease)
  ⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
  ⟨*2ekernel⟩
```

#### 2.2expl3 helpers

```
25 (/2ekernel)
  (*2ekernel | latexrelease)
  (latexrelease)\IncludeInRelease{2020/10/01}%
28 (latexrelease)
                          {\__filehook_file_parse_full_name:nN}{File helpers}%
29 \ExplSyntaxOn
```

(End definition for \CurrentFile and others. These functions are documented on page 3.)

\ filehook file parse full name:nN A utility macro to trigger expl3's file-parsing and lookup, and return a normalized repre-\\_\_filehook\_full\_name:nn sentation of the file name. If the queried file doesn't exist, no normalization takes place. The output of  $\_$ file\_parse\_full\_name:nN is passed on to the #2—a 3-argument macro that takes the  $\langle path \rangle$ ,  $\langle base \rangle$ , and  $\langle ext \rangle$  parts of the file name.

```
\cs_new:Npn \__filehook_file_parse_full_name:nN #1
31
      \exp_args:Nf \file_parse_full_name_apply:nN
32
33
           \exp_args:Nf \__filehook_full_name:nn
34
             { \file_full_name:n {#1} } {#1}
35
    }
37
38
  \cs_new:Npn \__filehook_full_name:nn #1 #2
    {
39
      \tl_if_empty:nTF {#1}
40
        { \tl_trim_spaces:n {#2} }
41
        { \tl_trim_spaces:n {#1} }
42
43
```

 $(End\ definition\ for\ \verb|\__file_parse_full_name:nN|\ and\ \verb|\__file_hook_full_name:nn.|)$ 

\\_filehook\_if\_no\_extension:nTF
\\_\_filehook\_drop\_extension:N

Some actions depend on whether the file extension was explicitly given, and sometimes the extension has to be removed. The macros below use  $\_$ \_filehook\_file\_parse\_full\_name:nN to split up the file name and either check if  $\langle ext \rangle$  (#3) is empty, or discard it.

```
\cs_new:Npn \__filehook_if_no_extension:nTF #1
44
45
      \exp_args:Ne \tl_if_empty:nTF
        { \file_parse_full_name_apply:nN {#1} \use_iii:nnn }
47
    }
48
  \cs_new_protected:Npn \__filehook_drop_extension:N #1
49
50
      \tl_gset:Nx #1
51
        {
52
          \exp_args:NV \__filehook_file_parse_full_name:nN #1
53
             \__filehook_drop_extension_aux:nnn
54
    }
  \cs_new:Npn \__filehook_drop_extension_aux:nnn #1 #2 #3
     { \tl_if_empty:nF {#1} { #1 / } #2 }
```

(End definition for \\_\_filehook\_if\_no\_extension:nTF and \\_\_filehook\_drop\_extension:N.)

\g\_\_filehook\_input\_file\_seq
\l\_\_filehook\_internal\_tl
\\_\_filehook\_file\_push:
\\_\_filehook\_file\_pop:
\lambda file\_pop assign:nnnn

Yet another stack, to keep track of \CurrentFile and \CurrentFilePath with nested \inputs. At the beginning of \InputIfFileExists, the current value of \CurrentFilePath and \CurrentFile is pushed to \g\_filehook\_input\_file\_seq, and at the end, it is popped and the value reassigned. Some other places don't use \InputIfFileExists directly (\include) or need \CurrentFile earlier (\@onefilewithoptions), so these are manually used elsewhere as well.

```
\CurrentFilePathUsed } { \CurrentFileUsed }
              \CurrentFilePath
                                     } { \CurrentFile
 67
 68
     }
 69
   \cs_new_protected:Npn \__filehook_file_pop:
 70
 71
        \seq_gpop:NNTF \g__filehook_input_file_seq \l__filehook_internal_tl
 72
          { \exp_after:wN \__filehook_file_pop_assign:nnnn \l__filehook_internal_tl }
 73
 74
            \msg_error:nnn { latex2e } { should-not-happen }
 75
              { Tried~to~pop~from~an~empty~file~name~stack. }
 76
 77
     }
 78
   \cs_new_protected:Npn \__filehook_file_pop_assign:nnnn #1 #2 #3 #4
 79
 80
        \tl_set:Nn \CurrentFilePathUsed {#1}
 81
        \tl_set:Nn \CurrentFileUsed {#2}
 82
        \tl_set:Nn \CurrentFilePath {#3}
        \tl_set:Nn \CurrentFile {#4}
     }
 86 \ExplSyntaxOff
(End definition for \g_filehook_input_file_seq and others.)
 87 (/2ekernel | latexrelease)
 88 (latexrelease)\EndIncludeInRelease
    When rolling forward the following expl3 functions may not be defined. If we roll
back the code does nothing.
 89 (latexrelease)\IncludeInRelease{2020/10/01}%
 90 (latexrelease)
                                  {\file_parse_full_name_apply:nN}{Roll forward help}%
 91 (latexrelease)
 92 (latexrelease)\ExplSyntaxOn
 93 (latexrelease)\cs_if_exist:NF\file_parse_full_name_apply:nN
 94 (latexrelease) {
   ⟨latexrelease⟩\cs_new:Npn \file_parse_full_name_apply:nN #1
   ⟨latexrelease⟩
   (latexrelease)
                   \exp_args:Ne \__file_parse_full_name_auxi:nN
   (latexrelease)
                      { \_kernel_file_name_sanitize:n {#1} }
   ⟨latexrelease⟩
   ⟨latexrelease⟩\cs_new:Npn \__file_parse_full_name_auxi:nN #1
   ⟨latexrelease⟩
   (latexrelease)
                    \__file_parse_full_name_area:nw { } #1
   (latexrelease)
                      / \s__file_stop
   (latexrelease)
                 }
   \latexrelease\\cs_new:Npn \__file_parse_full_name_area:nw #1 #2 / #3 \s__file_stop
   (latexrelease)
   (latexrelease)
                   \tl_if_empty:nTF {#3}
                     { \__file_parse_full_name_base:nw { } #2 . \s__file_stop {#1} }
   (latexrelease)
   (latexrelease)
                     { \__file_parse_full_name_area:nw { #1 / #2 }
110 (latexrelease)
                                                           #3 \s_file_stop }
111 (latexrelease) }
112 (latexrelease)\cs_new:Npn \__file_parse_full_name_base:nw #1 #2 . #3 \s__file_stop
```

66

113 (latexrelease) {

```
(latexrelease)
                    \tl_if_empty:nTF {#3}
   (latexrelease)
                      {
   (latexrelease)
                         \tl_if_empty:nTF {#1}
   (latexrelease)
                           {
                              \tl_if_empty:nTF {#2}
   (latexrelease)
   (latexrelease)
                                { \__file_parse_full_name_tidy:nnnN { } { } }
   (latexrelease)
                                { \__file_parse_full_name_tidy:nnnN { .#2 } { } }
   (latexrelease)
                           }
                           { \__file_parse_full_name_tidy:nnnN {#1} { .#2 } }
   (latexrelease)
   (latexrelease)
                      }
                      { \__file_parse_full_name_base:nw { \#1 . \#2 }
   (latexrelease)
   (latexrelease)
                                                               #3 \s__file_stop }
   (latexrelease)
   (latexrelease)\cs_new:Npn \__file_parse_full_name_tidy:nnnN #1 #2 #3 #4
127
   ⟨latexrelease⟩
128
   (latexrelease)
                     \exp_args:Nee #4
129
   (latexrelease)
                         \str_if_eq:nnF {#3} { / } { \use_none:n }
   (latexrelease)
   ⟨latexrelease⟩
                         #3 \prg_do_nothing:
   ⟨latexrelease⟩
   (latexrelease)
                      { \use_none:n #1 \prg_do_nothing: }
   (latexrelease)
                      {#2}
   ⟨latexrelease⟩
   ⟨latexrelease⟩}
   ⟨latexrelease⟩\ExplSyntaxOff
   (latexrelease)
   ⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
   (*2ekernel)
142 (@@=)
```

#### 2.3 Declaring the file-related hooks

These hooks have names with three-parts that start with file/, include/, class/ or package/ and end with /before or /after (or /end in the case of include/). They are all generic hooks so will be declared only if code is added to them; this declaration is done for you automatically and, indeed, they should not be declared explicitly.

Those named  $\dots$ /after and include/ $\dots$ /end are, when code is added, declared as reversed hooks.

#### 2.4 Patching LATEX's \InputIfFileExists command

Most of what we have to do is adding \UseHook into several LATEX  $2\varepsilon$  core commands, because of some circular dependencies in the kernel we do this only now and not in ltfiles.

\InputIfFileExists \@input@file@exists@with@hooks \unqu@tefilef@und \InputIffileExists loads any file if it is available so we have to add the hooks file/before and file/after in the right places. If the file doesn't exist no hooks should be executed.

```
147 \let\InputIfFileExists\@undefined
148 \DeclareRobustCommand \InputIfFileExists[2]{%
149 \IfFileExists{#1}%
150 {%
151 \@expl@@@filehook@file@push@@
152 \@filehook@set@CurrentFile
```

We pre-expand \OfilefOund so that in case another file is loaded in the true branch of \InputIffileExists, these don't change their value meanwhile. This isn't a worry with \CurrentFile... because they are kept in a stack.

If the file exists then \CurrentFile holds its name. But we can't rely on that still being true after the file has been processed. Thus for using the name in the file hooks we need to preserve the name and then restore it for the file/.../after hook.

The hook always refers to the file requested by the user. The hook is *always* loaded for \CurrentFile which usually is the same as \CurrentFileUsed. In the case of a file replacement, the \CurrentFileUsed holds the actual file loaded. In any case the file names are normalized so that the hooks work on the real file name, rather than what the user typed in.

expl3's \file\_full\_name:n normalizes the file name (to factor out differences in the .tex extension), and then does a file lookup to take into account a possible path from \l\_file\_search\_path\_seq and \input@path. However only the file name and extension are returned so that file hooks can refer to the file by their name only. The path to the file is returned in \CurrentFilePath.

```
l61 \edef\reserved@a{%
l62 \@expl@@filehook@file@pop@assign@@nnnn
l63 {\CurrentFilePathUsed}%
l64 {\CurrentFileUsed}%
l65 {\CurrentFilePath}%
l66 {\CurrentFile}}%
l67 \expandafter\@swaptwoargs\expandafter{\reserved@a}%
```

Before adding to the file list we need to make all (letter) characters catcode 11, because several packages use constructions like

```
\filename@parse{<filename>}
\ifx\filename@ext\@clsextension
...
\fi
```

and that doesn't work if \filename@ext is \detokenized. Making \@clsextension a string doesn't help much because some packages define their own \prefix>@someextension with normal catcodes. This is not entirely correct because packages loaded (somehow) with catcode 12 alphabetic tokens (say, as the result of a \string or \detokenize command, or from a TeX string like \jobname) will have these character tokens incorrectly

turned into letter tokens. This however is rare, so we'll go for the all-letters approach (grepping the packages in TEX Live didn't bring up any obvious candidate for breaking with this catcode change).

```
168 {\edef\reserved@a{\unqu@tefilef@und#1\@nil}%
169 \@addtofilelist{\string@makeletter\reserved@a}%
170 \UseHook{file/before}%
```

The current file name is available in \CurrentFile so we use that in the specific hook.

And here, \CurrentFile is restored (by \@expl@@filehook@file@pop@assign@@nnnn) so we can use it once more.

```
\UseHook{file/\CurrentFile/after}%
175 \UseHook{file/after}}
176 \def\unqu@tefilef@und"#1" \@nil{#1}
```

Now declare the non-generic file hooks used above:

```
\NewHook{file/before}
\NewReversedHook{file/after}
\ReversedHook{file/after}
\ReversedHook{file/after}
\ReversedHook{file/after}
\ReversedHook{file/after}
\ReversedHook{file/after}
\ReversedHook{file/before}
\ReversedHook{file/after}
\Rev
```

Now define \InputIfFileExists to input #1 if it seems to exist. Immediately prior to the input, #2 is executed. If the file #1 does not exist, execute '#3'.

```
⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2019/10/01}%
  (latexrelease)
                      {\InputIfFileExists}{Hook management (files)}%
  (latexrelease)
  \latexrelease\\DeclareRobustCommand \InputIfFileExists[2]{%
185 (latexrelease) \IfFileExists{#1}%
186 (latexrelease)
                ۲%
187 (latexrelease)
              \expandafter\@swaptwoargs\expandafter
                  188 (latexrelease)
190 (latexrelease)\let\unqu@tefilef@und\@undefined
  ⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
192 (latexrelease)\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
                      {\InputIfFileExists}{Hook management (files)}%
193 (latexrelease)
  ⟨latexrelease⟩\long\def \InputIfFileExists#1#2{%
  ⟨latexrelease⟩ \IfFileExists{#1}%
                {#2\@addtofilelist{#1}\@@input \@filef@und}}
  (latexrelease)
```

Also undo the internal command as some packages unfortunately test for their existence instead of using **\IfformatAtLeastTF**.

#### 2.5 Declaring a file substitution

\\_\_filehook\_subst\_remove:n
\\_\_filehook\_subst\_file\_normalize:Nn
\\_\_filehook\_subst\_empty\_name\_chk:NN

\\_\_filehook\_subst\_add:nn declares a file substitution by doing a (global) definition of the form \def\@file-subst@ $\langle file \rangle$ { $\langle replacement \rangle$ }. The file names are properly sanitised, and normalized with the same treatment done for the file hooks. That is, a file replacement is declared by using the file name (and extension, if any) only, and the file path should not be given. If a file name is empty it is replaced by .tex (the empty csname is used to check that).

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__filehook_subst_add:nn #1 #2
209
       \group_begin:
         \cs_set:cpx { } { \exp_not:o { \cs:w\cs_end: } }
         \int_set:Nn \tex_escapechar:D { -1 }
         \cs_gset:cpx
214
           {
             @file-subst@
              \__filehook_subst_file_normalize:Nn \use_ii_iii:nnn {#1}
216
           { \__filehook_subst_file_normalize:Nn \__filehook_file_name_compose:nnn
218
                                           {#2} }
219
       \group_end:
     }
   \cs_new_protected:Npn \__filehook_subst_remove:n #1
     {
       \group_begin:
224
         \cs_set:cpx { } { \exp_not:o { \cs:w\cs_end: } }
         \int_set:Nn \tex_escapechar:D { -1 }
226
         \cs_undefine:c
           {
228
             @file-subst@
229
                _filehook_subst_file_normalize:Nn \use_ii_iii:nnn {#1}
           }
       \group_end:
232
     }
   \cs_new:Npn \__filehook_subst_file_normalize:Nn #1 #2
234
235
       \exp_after:wN \__filehook_subst_empty_name_chk:NN
236
         \cs:w \exp_after:wN \cs_end:
237
           \cs:w \__filehook_file_parse_full_name:nN {#2} #1 \cs_end:
238
239
   \cs_new:Npn \__filehook_subst_empty_name_chk:NN #1 #2
     { \if_meaning:w #1 #2 .tex \else: \token_to_str:N #2 \fi: }
(End definition for \__filehook_subst_add:nn and others.)
```

\use\_ii\_iii:nnn A variant of \use\_... to discard the first of three arguments.

Todo: this should move to expl3

```
242 \cs_gset:Npn \use_ii_iii:nnn #1 #2 #3 {#2 #3}
(End definition for \use_ii_iii:nnn.)
243 \ExplSyntaxOff
244 \( / 2ekernel | latexrelease \)
245 \( \lambda latexrelease \) \( \lambda latexrelease \)
246 \( \lambda 2ekernel \)
```

 For two internals we provide  $\LaTeX$  2 $\varepsilon$  names so that we can use them elsewhere in the kernel (and so that they can be used in packages if really needed, e.g., scrlfile).

We are not fully rolling back the file substitutions in case a rollback encounters a package that contains them, but is itself not setup for rollback. So we just bypass them and hope for the best.

```
| 257 | Color | Color
```

#### 2.6 Selecting a file (\set@curr@file)

\set@curr@file \@curr@file \@curr@file@reqd Now we hook into \set@curr@file to resolve a possible file substitution, and add \@expl@@@filehook@set@curr@file@@nNN at the end, after \@curr@file is set.

A file name is built using \expandafter\string\csname\filename\endcsname to avoid expanding utf8 active characters. The \csname expands the normalization machinery and the routine to resolve a file substitution, returning a control sequence with the same name as the file.

```
267 (/2ekernel)
```

Two file names are set here: \@curr@file@reqd which is the file requested by the user, and \@curr@file which should be the same, except when we have a file substitution, in which case it holds the actual loaded file. \@curr@file is resolved first, to check if a substitution happens. If it doesn't, \@expl@@@filehook@if@file@replaced@@TF short-cuts and just copies \@curr@file, otherwise the full normalization procedure is executed.

At this stage the file name is parsed and normalized, but if the input doesn't have an extension, the default .tex is *not* added to \@curr@file because for applications other than \input (graphics, for example) the default extension may not be .tex. First check if the input has an extension, then if the input had no extension, call \@expl@@filehook@drop@extension@@N. In case of a file substitution, \@curr@file will have an extension.

```
\@expl@@filehook@if@no@extension@@nTF{#1}%
         {\@tempswatrue}{\@tempswafalse}%
279
       \@kernel@make@file@csname\@curr@file
         \@expl@@filehook@resolve@file@subst@@w {#1}%
       \@expl@@filehook@if@file@replaced@@TF
282
         {\@kernel@make@file@csname\@curr@file@regd
283
            \@expl@@filehook@normalize@file@name@@w{#1}%
          \if@tempswa \@expl@@@filehook@drop@extension@@N\@curr@file@reqd \fi}%
285
         {\if@tempswa \@expl@@@filehook@drop@extension@@N\@curr@file \fi
          \global\let\@curr@file@reqd\@curr@file}%
       \@expl@@filehook@clear@replacement@flag@@
    \endgroup}
   ⟨/2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
  ⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
   (latexrelease)\IncludeInRelease{2020/10/01}%
   (latexrelease)
                        {\set@curr@file}{Setting current file name}%
   (latexrelease)\def\set@curr@file#1{%
   ⟨latexrelease⟩
                \begingroup
   (latexrelease)
                  \escapechar\m@ne
   (latexrelease)
                  \expandafter\def\csname\expandafter\endcsname
  (latexrelease)
                    \expandafter{\csname\endcsname}%
  (latexrelease)
                  \@expl@@filehook@if@no@extension@@nTF{#1}%
  (latexrelease)
                    {\@tempswatrue}{\@tempswafalse}%
  (latexrelease)
                  \@kernel@make@file@csname\@curr@file
  (latexrelease)
                    \@expl@@filehook@resolve@file@subst@@w {#1}%
303 (latexrelease)
                  \@expl@@filehook@if@file@replaced@@TF
304 (latexrelease)
                    {\@kernel@make@file@csname\@curr@file@reqd
305 (latexrelease)
                        \@expl@@filehook@normalize@file@name@@w{#1}%
306 (latexrelease)
                     \if@tempswa \@expl@@@filehook@drop@extension@@N\@curr@file@reqd \fi}%
307 (latexrelease)
                    {\if@tempswa \@expl@@@filehook@drop@extension@@N\@curr@file \fi
```

```
(latexrelease)
                       \global\let\@curr@file@reqd\@curr@file}%
   (latexrelease)
                   \@expl@@filehook@clear@replacement@flag@@
   ⟨latexrelease⟩
                 \endgroup}
   ⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
  ⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{2019/10/01}%
                          {\set@curr@file}{Setting current file name}%
  (latexrelease)
  ⟨latexrelease⟩\def\set@curr@file#1{%
315 (latexrelease) \begingroup
316 (latexrelease)
                   \escapechar\m@ne
317 (latexrelease)
                   \xdef\@curr@file{%
318 (latexrelease)
                     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\unquote@name
  (latexrelease)
                     \expandafter\expandafter\expandafter{%
   ⟨latexrelease⟩
                     \expandafter\string
320
   ⟨latexrelease⟩
                        \csname\@firstofone#1\@empty\endcsname}}%
   (latexrelease)
                 \endgroup
   ⟨latexrelease⟩}
   ⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
   ⟨latexrelease⟩\IncludeInRelease{0000/00/00}%
   (latexrelease)
                          {\set@curr@file}{Setting current file name}%
   ⟨latexrelease⟩\let\set@curr@file\@undefined
   ⟨latexrelease⟩\EndIncludeInRelease
329 (*2ekernel)
```

(End definition for \set@curr@file, \@curr@file, and \@curr@file@reqd. These functions are documented on page ??.)

\@filehook@set@CurrentFile \@kernel@make@file@csname \@set@curr@file@aux Todo: This should get internalized using @expl@ names

```
330  \( /2ekernel \)
331  \( *2ekernel | latexrelease \)
332  \( \latexrelease \) \( \lambda \)
```

This auxiliary compares  $\langle filename \rangle$  with  $\langle csname \rangle$  endcsname to check if the empty .tex file was requested.

```
337 \def\@set@curr@file@aux#1{%
338 \expandafter\ifx\csname\endcsname#1%
339 .tex\else\string#1\fi}
```

Then we call \@expl@@@filehook@set@curr@file@@nNN once for \@curr@file to set \CurrentFile(Path)Used and once for \@curr@file@reqd to set \CurrentFile(Path). Here too the slower route is only used if a substitution happened, but here \@expl@@@filehook@if@file@replaced@@TF can't be used because the flag is reset at the \endgroup above, so we check if \@curr@file and \@curr@file@reqd differ. This macro is issued separate from \set@curr@file because it changes \CurrentFile, and side-effects would quickly get out of control.

```
340 \def\@filehook@set@CurrentFile{%
341 \@expl@@@filehook@set@curr@file@@nNN{\@curr@file}%
342 \CurrentFileUsed\CurrentFilePathUsed
343 \ifx\@curr@file@reqd\@curr@file
344 \let\CurrentFile\CurrentFileUsed
```

```
345  \let\CurrentFilePath\CurrentFilePathUsed
346  \else
347  \@expl@@@filehook@set@curr@file@@nNN{\@curr@file@reqd}%
348  \CurrentFile\CurrentFilePath
349  \fi}
350  \latexrelease\\
351  \latexrelease\\EndIncludeInRelease
352  \latexrelease\\EndIncludeInRelease
353  \latexrelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRelease\\EndIncludeInRel
```

 $(End\ definition\ for\ \ Cilebook @set @CurrentFile\ ,\ \ Ckernel @make @file @csname\ ,\ and\ \ \ Cset @curr @file @aux.$  These functions are documented on page  $\ref{eq:constraint}$ .)

\@@\_set\_curr\_file:nNN
\@@ set curr file assign:nnnNN

When inputting a file, \set@curr@file does a file lookup (in \input@path and \l\_file\_search\_path\_seq) and returns the actual file name (\langle base\rangle plus \langle ext\rangle) in \CurrentFileUsed, and in case there's a file substitution, the requested file in \CurrentFile (otherwise both are the same). Only the base and extension are returned, regardless of the input (both path/to/file.tex and file.tex end up as file.tex in \CurrentFile). The path is returned in \CurrentFilePath, in case it's needed.

```
353 (/2ekernel)
354 (*2ekernel | latexrelease)
  ⟨latexrelease⟩ \IncludeInRelease{2020/10/01}%
356 (latexrelease)
                          {@@_set_curr_file:nNN}{Set curr file}%
357 \ExplSyntaxOn
358 (@@=filehook)
   \cs_new_protected:Npn \__filehook_set_curr_file:nNN #1
359
360
       \exp_args:Nf \__filehook_file_parse_full_name:nN {#1}
361
          \__filehook_set_curr_file_assign:nnnNN
     }
363
   \cs_new_protected:Npn \__filehook_set_curr_file_assign:nnnNN #1 #2 #3 #4 #5
365
       \str_set:Nn #5 {#1}
366
       \str_set:Nn #4 {#2#3}
367
     }
368
369 \ExplSyntaxOff
370 (/2ekernel | latexrelease)
371 (latexrelease)\EndIncludeInRelease
372 (*2ekernel)
```

(End definition for  $\Colon \Colon \$ 

#### 2.7 Replacing a file and detecting loops

\\_filehook\_resolve\_file\_subst:w \\_filehook\_normalize\_file\_name:w \\_filehook\_file\_name\_compose:nnn Start by sanitizing the file with \\_\_filehook\_file\_parse\_full\_name:nN then do \\_\_filehook\_file\_subst\_begin:nnn{ $\langle path \rangle$ }{ $\langle name \rangle$ }{ $\langle ext \rangle$ }.

```
381 { \__filehook_file_parse_full_name:nN {#1} \__filehook_file_name_compose:nnn }
382 \cs_new:Npn \__filehook_file_name_compose:nnn #1 #2 #3
383 { \tl_if_empty:nF {#1} { #1 / } #2#3 }
```

flag\_\_\_filehook\_file\_replaced
\\_\_filehook\_if\_file\_replaced:TF
\\_filehook\_clear\_replacement\_flag:

Since the file replacement is done expandably in a \csname, use a flag to remember if a substitution happened. We use this in \set@curr@file to short-circuit some of it in case no substitution happened (by far the most common case, so it's worth optimizing). The flag raised during the file substitution algorithm must be explicitly cleared after the \\_\_filehook\_if\_file\_replaced:TF conditional is no longer needed, otherwise further uses of \\_\_filehook\_if\_file\_replaced:TF will wrongly return true.

\ filehook file subst begin:nnn

First off, start by checking if the current file  $(\langle name \rangle + \langle ext \rangle)$  has a declared substitution. If not, then just put that as the name (including a possible  $\langle path \rangle$  in this case): this is the default case with no substitutions, so it's the first to be checked. The auxiliary \\_\_filehook\_file\_subst\_tortoise\_hare:nn sees that there's no replacement for #2#3 and does nothing else.

```
389 \cs_new:Npn \__filehook_file_subst_begin:nnn #1 #2 #3
390 {
391 \__filehook_file_subst_tortoise_hare:nn { #2#3 } { #2#3 }
392 { \__filehook_file_name_compose:nnn {#1} {#2} {#3} }
393 }
394 \ExplSyntaxOff
395 \( /2ekernel | latexrelease \)
396 \( | latexrelease \) \( \) \( | latexrelease \)
397 \( | latexrelease \) \( \) \( | latexrelease \)
397 \( | latexrelease \) \( | latexrelease \)
397 \( | latexrelease \) \( | latexrelease \)
398 \( | latexrelease \) \( | latexrelease \)
399 \( | latexrelease \) \( | latexrelease \)
390 \( | latexrelease \) \( | latexrelease \)
390 \( | latexrelease \) \( | latexrelease \)
391 \( | latexrelease \) \( | latexrelease \)
392 \( | latexrelease \) \( | latexrelease \)
393 \( | latexrelease \) \( | latexrelease \)
394 \( | latexrelease \) \( | latexrelease \)
395 \( | latexrelease \) \( | latexrelease \)
396 \( | latexrelease \) \( | latexrelease \)
397 \( | latexrelease \)
398 \( | latexrelease \)
399 \( | latexrelease \)
399 \( | latexrelease \)
390 \( | latexrelease \)
```

#### 2.7.1 The Tortoise and Hare algorithm

If there is a substitution ( $\langle true \rangle$  in the first  $\cs_{if_exist:cTF}$  below), then first check if there is no substitution down the line: this should be the second most common case, of one file replaced by another. In that case just leave the substitution there and the job is done. If any substitution happens, then the  $\flootsigned file_replaced$  is raised (conditionally, because checking if a flag is raised is much faster than raising it over and over again).

If, however there are more substitutions, then we need to check for a possible loop in the substitutions, which would otherwise put TEX in an infinite loop if just an exhaustive expansion was used.

To detect a loop, the *Tortoise and Hare* algorithm is used. The name of the algorithm is an analogy to Aesop's fable, in which the Hare outruns a Tortoise. The two pointers here are the csnames which contains each file replacement, both of which start at the position zero, which is the file requested. In the inner part of the macro below,  $\__file_subst_loop:cc$  is called with  $\ensuremath{\tt Qfile-subst_Q(file)}$  and  $\ensuremath{\tt Qfile-subst_Q(file)}$ ; that is, the substitution of  $\ensuremath{\tt file}$  and the substitution of that substitution: the Tortoise walks one step while the Hare walks two.

Within \\_\_filehook\_file\_subst\_loop:NN the two substitutions are compared, and if they lead to the same file it means that there is a loop in the substitutions. If there's

 no loop,  $\_$ \_filehook\_file\_subst\_tortoise\_hare:nn is called again with the Tortoise at position 1 and the hare at 2. Again, the substitutions are checked ahead of the Hare pointer to check that it won't run too far; in case there is no loop in the declarations, eventually one of the  $\cs_if_exist:cTF$  below will go  $\langle false \rangle$  and the algorithm will end; otherwise it will run until the Hare reaches the same spot as the tortoise and a loop is detected.

```
398 (/2ekernel)
  ⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
  (latexrelease)\IncludeInRelease{2020/10/01}%
  ⟨latexrelease⟩ {\__filehook_file_subst_tortoise_hare:nn}{Tortoise and Hare}%
  \ExplSyntax0n
  \cs_new:Npn \__filehook_file_subst_tortoise_hare:nn #1 #2 #3
403
404
       \cs_if_exist:cTF { @file-subst@ #2 }
405
           \flag_if_raised:nF { __filehook_file_replaced }
407
             { \flag_raise:n { __filehook_file_replaced } }
           \cs_if_exist:cTF { @file-subst@ \use:c { @file-subst@ #2 } }
               \__filehook_file_subst_loop:cc
411
                 { @file-subst@ #1 }
412
                 { @file-subst@ \use:c { @file-subst@ #2 } }
413
414
             { \use:c { @file-subst@ #2 } }
417
         { #3 }
418
```

This is just an auxiliary to check if a loop was found, and continue the algorithm otherwise. If a loop is found, the .tex file is used as fallback and \\_\_filehook\_file\_subst\_-cycle\_error:cN is called to report the error.

\\_\_filehook\_file\_subst\_cycle\_error:NN \ filehook file subst cycle error:cN

Showing this type of error expandably is tricky, as we have a very limited amount of characters to show and a potentially large list. As a work around, several errors are printed, each showing one step of the loop, until all the error messages combined show the loop.

```
436 \cs_generate_variant:Nn \__filehook_file_subst_cycle_error:NN { c }
    And the error message:
437 \msg_new:nnn { latex2e } { file-cycle }
438    { File~loop!~#1~replaced~by~#2... }
(End definition for \__filehook_resolve_file_subst:w and others.)
439 \ExplSyntaxOff
440 \(/2ekernel | latexrelease)
441 \(latexrelease \)\EndIncludeInRelease
442 \(*2ekernel)
443 \(@@=\)
```

## 2.8 Preventing a package from loading

We support the use case of preventing a package from loading but not any other type of files (e.g., classes).

\disable@package@load \reenable@package@load \@disable@packageload@do \disable@package@load defines \@pkg-disable@\package\ to expand to some code #2 instead of loading the package.

```
444 \(// 2ekernel)
445 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
446 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
447 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
448 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
449 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
449 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
440 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
441 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
442 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
443 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
444 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
444 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
445 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
446 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
447 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
448 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
449 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
449 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
440 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
440 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
440 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
441 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
442 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
443 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
444 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
445 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
446 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
447 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
448 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
448 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
449 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
449 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
449 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
449 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
440 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
440 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
440 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
441 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
442 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
442 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
443 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
444 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
444 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
445 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
446 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
447 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
448 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
448 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
449 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
449 \( \frac{2ekernel}{latexrelease} \)
449 \( \frac{2ekernel}
```

```
| def\reenable@package@load#1{% | \global\expandafter\let | \csname @pkg-disable@#1.\@pkgextension \endcsname \@undefined} | \data \data \left(/2ekernel | latexrelease) | \left(latexrelease) \left(latexrelease) \left(latexrelease) \left(latexrelease) \left(latexrelease) \left(latexrelease) \left(latexrelease) \left(latexrelease) \data \data \left(latexrelease) \data \da
```

### 2.9 High-level interfaces for LATEX

None so far and the general feeling for now is that the hooks are enough. Packages like filehook, etc., may use them to set up their interfaces (samples are given below) but for the now the kernel will not provide any.

#### 2.10 Internal commands needed elsewhere

Here we set up a few horrible (but consistent)  $\LaTeX 2_{\varepsilon}$  names to allow for internal commands to be used outside this module (and in parts that still use  $\LaTeX 2_{\varepsilon}$  syntax. We have to unset the **QQ** since we want double "at" sign in place of double underscores.

```
(/2ekernel)
   ⟨*2ekernel | latexrelease⟩
   (latexrelease)\IncludeInRelease{2020/10/01}%
                  {\@expl@@filehook@if@no@extension@@nTF}{2e tmp interfaces}%
   (latexrelease)
  \ExplSyntaxOn
   \cs_new_eq:NN \@expl@@@filehook@if@no@extension@@nTF
472
                 \__filehook_if_no_extension:nTF
473
   \cs_new_eq:NN \@expl@@@filehook@set@curr@file@@nNN
                 \__filehook_set_curr_file:nNN
  \cs_new_eq:NN \@expl@@filehook@resolve@file@subst@@w
476
                 \__filehook_resolve_file_subst:w
477
   \cs_new_eq:NN \@expl@@filehook@normalize@file@name@@w
478
                 \__filehook_normalize_file_name:w
   \cs_new_eq:NN \@expl@@filehook@if@file@replaced@@TF
481
                 \__filehook_if_file_replaced:TF
   \cs_new_eq:NN \@expl@@filehook@clear@replacement@flag@@
482
                 \__filehook_clear_replacement_flag:
483
  \cs_new_eq:NN \@expl@@filehook@drop@extension@@N
                 \__filehook_drop_extension:N
  \cs_new_eq:NN \@expl@@filehook@file@push@@
486
                 \__filehook_file_push:
487
   \cs_new_eq:NN \@expl@@filehook@file@pop@@
488
                 \__filehook_file_pop:
  \cs_new_eq:NN \@expl@@@filehook@file@pop@assign@@nnnn
                 \__filehook_file_pop_assign:nnnn
491
492 \ExplSyntaxOff
```

This one specifically has to be undefined because it is left over in the input stream from \InputIfFileExists and executed when latexrelease is loaded. It cannot be \let to \Quadefined otherwise it would error as well, so it is \let to \relax to be silently ignored when loading \latexrelease.

```
493 \( //2ekernel | latexrelease \)
494 \( \latexrelease \) \( \text{EndIncludeInRelease} \)
495 \( \latexrelease \) \( \text{IncludeInRelease} \)
496 \( \latexrelease \) \( \text{IncludeInRelease} \)
497 \( \latexrelease \) \( \text{Vexpl@@filehook@if@no@extension@enTF} \) \( \text{Emp interfaces} \)
498 \( \latexrelease \) \( \text{letxrelease} \) \( \text{letxrelease} \) \( \text{letxrelease} \) \( \text{EndIncludeInRelease} \)
500 \( \latexrelease \) \( \text{Vekernel} \)

This ends the kernel code in this file.

501 \( \lambda / 2ekernel \)
```

## 3 A sample package for structuring the log output

```
(*structuredlog)
                        503 (@@=filehook)
                          \ProvidesExplPackage
                               {structuredlog}{\ltfilehookdate}{\ltfilehookversion}
                               {Structuring the TeX transcript file}
                       Stores the current package nesting level.
\g_filehook_nesting_level_int
                        507 \int_new:N \g__filehook_nesting_level_int
                       Initialise the counter with the number of files in the \@currnamestack (the number of
                       items divided by 3) minus one, because this package is skipped when printing to the log.
                        508 \int_gset:Nn \g__filehook_nesting_level_int
                             { ( \tl_count:N \@currnamestack ) / 3 - 1 }
                       (End definition for \g_filehook_nesting_level_int.)
                       This macro is responsible for increasing and decreasing the file nesting level, as well as
 \ filehook log file record:n
                       printing to the log. The argument is either STOPTART or STOP and the action it takes on
                       the nesting integer depends on that.
                           \cs_new_protected:Npn \__filehook_log_file_record:n #1
                        511
                               \str_if_eq:nnT {#1} {START} { \int_gincr:N \g__filehook_nesting_level_int }
                        512
                        513
                               \iow_term:x
                                   \prg_replicate:nn { \g_filehook_nesting_level_int } { = } ~
                        515
                                   ( LEVEL ~ \int_use:N \g__filehook_nesting_level_int \c_space_tl #1 ) ~
                                   \CurrentFileUsed
                        517
                       If there was a file replacement, show that as well:
                                   \str_if_eq:NNF \CurrentFileUsed \CurrentFile
                                     { ~ ( \CurrentFile \c_space_tl requested ) }
                        519
                                   \iow_newline:
                               \str_if_eq:nnT {#1} {STOP} { \int_gdecr:N \g_filehook_nesting_level_int }
                        522
                        523
                            Now just hook the macro above in the generic file/before...
                        524 \AddToHook{file/before}{ \__filehook_log_file_record:n { START } }
                       ... and file/after hooks. We don't want to install the file/after hook immediately,
                       because that would mean it is the first time executed when the package finishes. We
                       therefore put the declaration inside \AddToHookNext so that it gets only installed when
                       we have left this package.
                          \AddToHookNext{file/after}
                             { \AddToHook{file/after}{ \__filehook_log_file_record:n { STOP } } }
                       (End definition for \__filehook_log_file_record:n.)
                        527 (QQ=)
                        528 (/structuredlog)
```

## Package emulations

#### 4.1 Package atveryend emulation

With the new hook management and the hooks in \enddocument all of atveryend is taken care of. We can make an emulation only here after the substitution functionality is available:

```
529 (*2ekernel)
   \declareOfileOsubstitution{atveryend.sty}{atveryend-ltx.sty}
    Here is the package file we point to:
532 (*atveryend-ltx)
   \ProvidesPackage{atveryend-ltx}
      [2020/08/19 v1.0a
        Emulation of the original atveryend package^^Jwith kernel methods]
    Here are new definitions for its interfaces now pointing to the hooks in \enddocument
  \newcommand\AfterLastShipout {\AddToHook{enddocument/afterlastpage}}
  \newcommand\AtVeryEndDocument {\AddToHook{enddocument/afteraux}}
Next one is a bit of a fake, but the result should normally be as expected. If not, one
needs to add a rule to sort the code chunks in enddocument/info.
538 \newcommand\AtEndAfterFileList{\AddToHook{enddocument/info}}
```

\newcommand\AtVeryVeryEnd {\AddToHook{enddocument/end}}

\BeforeClearDocument

This one is the only one we don't implement or rather don't have a dedicated hook in the code.

```
540 \ExplSyntaxOn
541 \newcommand\BeforeClearDocument[1]
     { \AtEndDocument{#1}
       \atveryend@DEPRECATED{BeforeClearDocument \tl_to_str:n{#1}}
545 \cs new:Npn\atveryend@DEPRECATED #1
      {\iow_term:x{======DEPRECATED~USAGE~#1~=======}}
547 \ExplSyntaxOff
(End definition for \BeforeClearDocument. This function is documented on page ??.)
548 (/atveryend-ltx)
```

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