

# CmpE 150 - Week 11

Section - 02

# Reading Strings

- The `scanf()` function reads the sequence of characters until it encounters a whitespace(space, newline, tab etc.).
- You can use `gets()` function to read a line of string. And, you can use `puts()` to display the string.
- **SAFER:** `fgets(char *s, int n, FILE *stream)`
  - Read at most `n-1` characters into `s` from stream.

# Strings

- A string is actually a char array
- A string is a series of characters treated as a single unit
- A string may include letters, digits and various special characters such as +, -, \*, / and \$.
- “Written in double quotation.”
- A string in C is an array of characters ending in the null character ('\0').

```
char color[] = "blue";
```

```
char color[] = { 'b', 'l', 'u', 'e', '\0' };
```