

CmpE 150 - Week 1

Section - 02

CmpE 150 - Section 2

- **Lecture: Tuesday 78 (For all sections)**
- When?: WWW 123
- Where?: BM A4
- Assistant: Melisa İdil Şener
 - E-mail: melisa.sener@boun.edu.tr
- Resources:
 - <https://programming.cmpe.boun.edu.tr>
 - <https://github.com/melsener/cmpe150>

Important Reminder

- If your e-mail address that you use in registration.boun.edu.tr/ is one of
 - @hotmail
 - @outlook

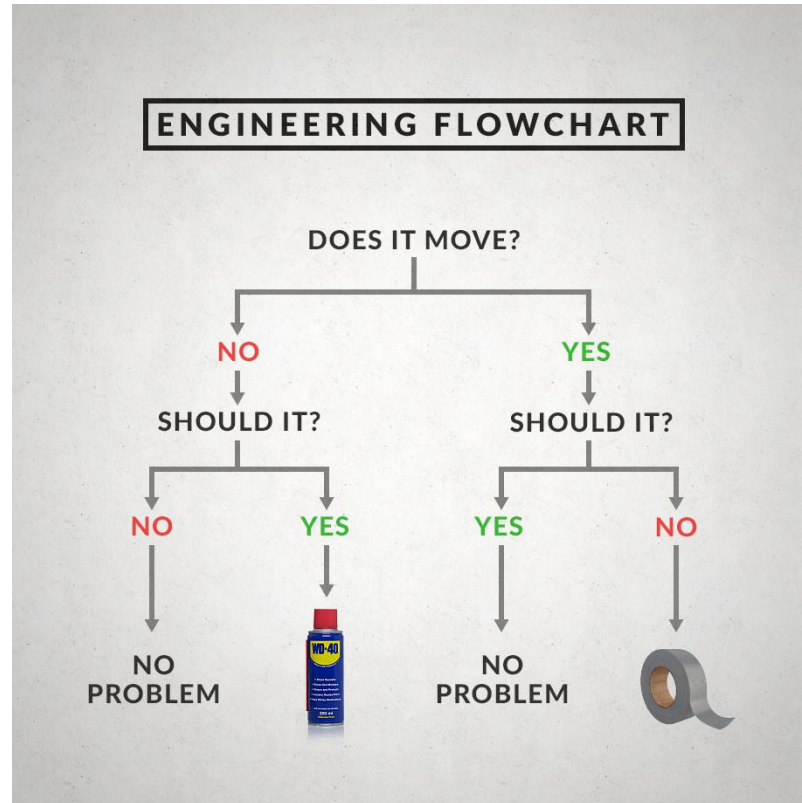
Then please change it to one of the following:

- @gmail
- @boun.edu.tr

Schedule

- Weekly quizzes will start after add-drop period
- MT1: 31 March
- MT2: 5 May
- If you have conflict please change section in add-drop period

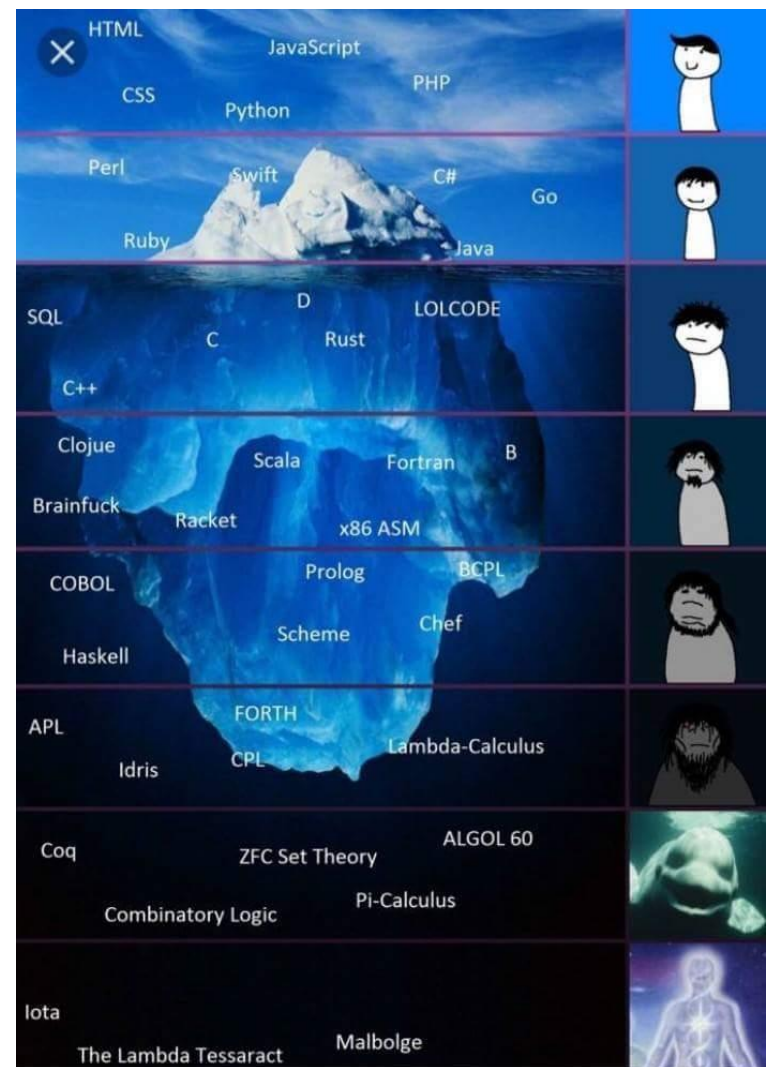
Problem Solving



Programming Languages

- Some of them are quite popular in some industries and specializations
- May propose different features
- For some specific applications, may be more flexible
- ...

Further Info: [computerscience.org](https://www.computerscience.org)



Programming

- Allows us to give instructions to a computer in a language the computer understands
- Computer understands 0's and 1's
- Translating a programming language to 0's and 1's is called **compiling**

C Development Environment

1. Edit
2. Preprocess
3. Compile
4. Link
5. Load
6. Execute

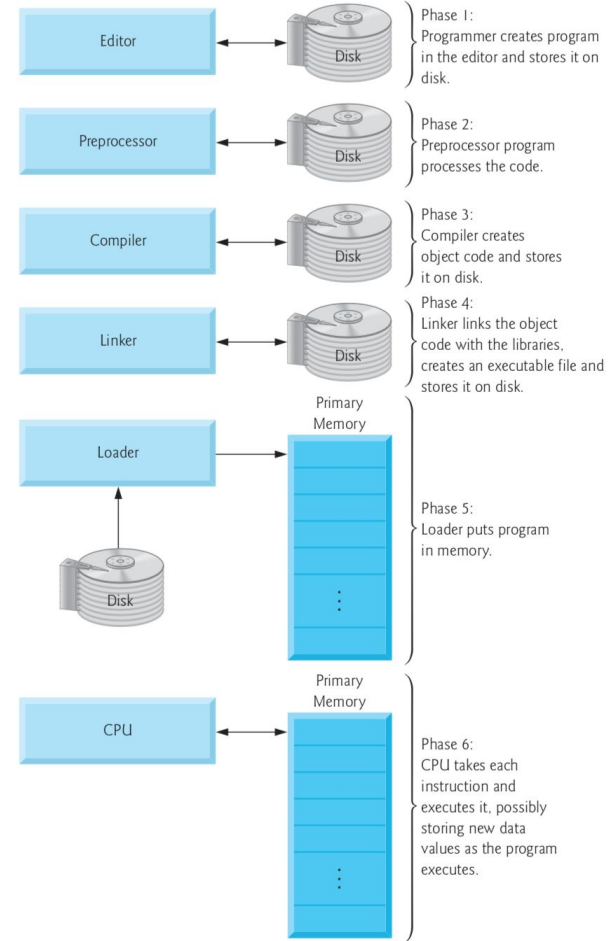


Fig. 1.7 | Typical C development environment.

Eclipse TeachingCodes Plugin

- It will be used for all labs, midterms, quizzes
- Summary of lecture slides
- Lab exercises
- PS Slides
- Your grades
- Projects

Set it up to your computer.

Your accounts will be created during add-drop period

Where the magic happens -- main

- C programs contain one or more functions, one of which ***must*** be main.
- Every program in C begins executing at the function main.

Be Careful:

- Main \neq main
- mAin \neq main

Special Keywords

Keywords			
auto	double	int	struct
break	else	long	switch
case	enum	register	typedef
char	extern	return	union
const	float	short	unsigned
continue	for	signed	void
default	goto	sizeof	volatile
do	if	static	while
<i>Keywords added in C99 standard</i>			
<code>_Bool _Complex _Imaginary inline restrict</code>			
<i>Keywords added in C11 draft standard</i>			
<code>_Alignas _Alignof _Atomic _Generic _Noreturn _Static_assert _Thread_local</code>			

Fig. 2.15 | C's keywords.

Escape Sequences

Escape sequence	Description
<code>\n</code>	Newline. Position the cursor at the beginning of the next line.
<code>\t</code>	Horizontal tab. Move the cursor to the next tab stop.
<code>\a</code>	Alert. Produces a sound or visible alert without changing the current cursor position.
<code>\\</code>	Backslash. Insert a backslash character in a string.
<code>\"</code>	Double quote. Insert a double-quote character in a string.

Fig. 2.2 | Some common escape sequences .

- Since the backslash (`\`) has special meaning in a string, (compiler recognizes it as an escape character) we use a double backslash (`\\`) to place a single backslash in a string.
- Printing a double quote also presents a problem because double quotes mark the boundaries of a string—such quotes are not printed.