# Avoidance in Real Scenarios - Test Specification Report

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## 1. Avoidance\_real\_scenario

### **Test Details**

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This report describes the tests performed for the Obstacle Avoidance regarding two dynamic obstacles moving at a lower speed respect to the ego-vehicle and a set of static obstacles considering three real scenarios.

## 1.1. Avoidance in real scenario (Hyundai Azera)

## 1.1.1. **A14 Highway**

### **PostLoad Callback**

```
%% Vehicle Parameters
param = loadParameters(1);
%% Set Speed
V = 100/3.6;
%% Scenario Loading
map = ScenarioLoading('A_14.mat');
% Evaluate total distance covered by the route on the map
distance = odometer(map);
%% Reference signal
% Upsample map based on speed and timestep
[X rec, Y rec, Theta rec] = reference generator(map,V,Ts);
% Extend the reference signal to avoid index over limits
X \operatorname{rec}(\operatorname{end}+1:\operatorname{end}+\operatorname{p}+20) = X \operatorname{rec}(\operatorname{end});
Y rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Y rec(end);
Theta_rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Theta_rec(end);
% Define initial condition based on map
x0 \text{ kin} = [X \text{ rec}(1) \text{ Y rec}(1) \text{ Theta rec}(1) \text{ V}]';
x0 \, dyn = [X \, rec(1) \, Y \, rec(1) \, Theta \, rec(1) \, V \, 0 \, 0]';
extended_map = [X_rec Y_rec Theta_rec repmat(V,length(X_rec),1)];
egoStates.Plant = x0_kin';
```

```
egoStates.Covariance = eye(6)*1000;
% Obstacle definition
% STATIC
T = 0:Ts:distance/V;
% Define points where the static obstacles are
obst 1 = round(length(extended map)*0.075);
obst 2 = \text{round(length(extended map)*0.23)};
obst_3 = round(length(extended_map)*0.24);
idx = [obst 1]
   obst 2
    obst 31;
% Set to 0 the static obstacles speed
V \text{ obst} = [0]
     0
     0];
obstacle = zeros(length(idx),3);
for k = 1:length(idx)
  obstacle(k,:) = [extended_map(idx(k),1) extended_map(idx(k),2) V_obst(k)];
end
spawn fake = round(length(extended map)*0.9);
fakeObs = [extended map(spawn fake,1) extended map(spawn fake,2) 0
      -8000 3500 01;
% DYNAMIC
VObs = 10/3.6;
                        % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo, Y ostacolo, theta ostacolo] = reference generator(map,VObs,Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.3*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended_obs = [T' X_ostacolo(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) Y_ostaco-
lo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn obstacle1 = [X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))
Y_ostacolo(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) theta_ostaco-
lo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
```

```
VObs2 = 20/3.6; % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle % Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle [X_ostacolo2, Y_ostacolo2, theta_ostacolo2] = reference_generator(map,VObs2,Ts); % Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation spawn = 0.18*length(X_rec); spawn_idx = round(spawn*V/VObs); % Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation extended_obs2 = [T' X_ostacolo2(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) Y_ostacolo2(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)); % Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting dyn_obstacle2 = [X_ostacolo2(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) Y_ostacolo2(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) theta_ostacolo2(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T))... repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
```

#### Assessments

Enabled	Name	Definition	Requ irem ents
True	Left lane as- sessment 1	At any point of time, <b>if</b> an obstacle is detected: verify(lateral_dev >= 2 && lateral_dev <= 6) must be true must be true	
True	Left lane as- sessment 2	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(lateral_dev < 6) must be true must be true	
True	Safe overtake assessment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, if an obstacle is detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 5 && lateral_dev < 3,sec) < 1) must be true must be true	
True	Lateral accel- eration assess- ment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(duration(Lateral_ acceleration >= 2,sec)<=0.5) must be true must be true	

Enabled	Name	Definition	Requ irem ents
True	Lateral devia- tion assess- ment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 0.75,sec)<1) must be true must be true	
True	Maximum lat- eral deviation assessment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles detected: verify(lateral_dev < 1) must be true must be true	

## 1.1.2. Puglia

### PostLoad Callback

```
%% Vehicle Parameters
param = loadParameters(1);
%% Set Speed
V = 40/3.6;
%% Scenario Loading
map = ScenarioLoading('puglia.mat');
% Evaluate total distance covered by the route on the map
distance = odometer(map);
%% Reference signal
% Upsample map based on speed and timestep
[X rec, Y rec, Theta rec] = reference generator(map,V,Ts);
% Extend the reference signal to avoid index over limits
X \operatorname{rec}(\operatorname{end}+1:\operatorname{end}+\operatorname{p}+20) = X \operatorname{rec}(\operatorname{end});
Y rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Y rec(end);
Theta rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Theta rec(end);
% Define initial condition based on map
x0_{kin} = [X_{rec}(1) Y_{rec}(1) Theta_{rec}(1) V]';
x0 \, dyn = [X \, rec(1) \, Y \, rec(1) \, Theta \, rec(1) \, V \, 0 \, 0]';
extended map = [X rec Y rec Theta rec repmat(V,length(X rec),1)];
egoStates.Plant = x0_kin';
egoStates.Covariance = eye(6)*1000;
% Obstacle definition
% STATIC
```

```
T = 0:Ts:distance/V;
% Define points where the static obstacles are
obst_1 = round(length(extended_map)*0.075);
obst 2 = round(length(extended map)*0.23);
obst 3 = \text{round}(\text{length}(\text{extended map})*0.24);
idx = [obst 1]
    obst 2
    obst 3];
% Set to 0 the static obstacles speed
V \text{ obst} = [0]
     0
     01;
obstacle = zeros(length(idx),3);
for k = 1:length(idx)
  obstacle(k,:) = [extended_map(idx(k),1) extended_map(idx(k),2) V_obst(k)];
end
spawn_fake = round(length(extended_map)*0.91);
fakeObs = [extended map(spawn fake,1) extended map(spawn fake,2) 0
      4000 6000 01;
% DYNAMIC
VObs = 10/3.6:
                        % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo, Y ostacolo, theta ostacolo] = reference generator(map,VObs,Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.3*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended obs = [T' X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn_obstacle1 = [X_ostacolo(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T))
Y ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) theta ostaco-
lo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
VObs2 = 20/3.6:
                         % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo2, Y ostacolo2, theta ostacolo2] = reference generator(map,VObs2,Ts);
```

% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation spawn = 0.18\*length(X\_rec); spawn\_idx = round(spawn\*V/VObs); % Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation extended\_obs2 = [T' X\_ostacolo2(spawn\_idx+1:spawn\_idx+length(T)) Y\_ostacolo2(spawn\_idx+1:spawn\_idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)]; % Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting dyn\_obstacle2 = [X\_ostacolo2(spawn\_idx+1:spawn\_idx+length(T)) Y\_ostacolo2(spawn\_idx+1:spawn\_idx+length(T)) theta\_ostacolo2(spawn\_idx+1:spawn\_idx+length(T))... repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];

## **Logical and Temporal Assessments**

### Assessments

Enabled	Name	Definition	Requ irem ents
True	Left lane as- sessment 1	At any point of time, <b>if</b> an obstacle is detected: verify(lateral_dev >= 2 && lateral_dev <= 6) must be true must be true	
True	Left lane as- sessment 2	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(lateral_dev < 6) must be true must be true	
True	Safe overtake assessment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, if an obstacle is detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 5 && lateral_dev < 3,sec) < 1) must be true must be true	
True	Lateral accel- eration assess- ment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(duration(Lateral_ acceleration >= 2,sec)<=0.5) must be true must be true	
True	Lateral devia- tion assess- ment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 0.75,sec)<1) must be true must be true	

Enabled	Name	Definition	Requ irem ents
True	Maximum lateral deviation assessment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles detected: verify(lateral_dev < 1) must be true must be true	

## 1.1.3. Indianapolis Motor Speedway

### **PostLoad Callback**

```
%% Vehicle Parameters
param = loadParameters(1);
%% Set Speed
V = 100/3.6;
%% Scenario Loading
map = ScenarioLoading('indianapolis.mat');
% Evaluate total distance covered by the route on the map
distance = odometer(map);
%% Reference signal
% Upsample map based on speed and timestep
[X rec, Y rec, Theta rec] = reference generator(map,V,Ts);
% Extend the reference signal to avoid index over limits
X \operatorname{rec}(\operatorname{end}+1:\operatorname{end}+\operatorname{p}+20) = X \operatorname{rec}(\operatorname{end});
Y rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Y rec(end);
Theta_rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Theta_rec(end);
% Define initial condition based on map
x0 \text{ kin} = [X \text{ rec}(1) \text{ Y rec}(1) \text{ Theta rec}(1) \text{ V}]';
x0 \, dyn = [X \, rec(1) \, Y \, rec(1) \, Theta \, rec(1) \, V \, 0 \, 0]';
extended map = [X rec Y rec Theta rec repmat(V,length(X rec),1)];
egoStates.Plant = x0_kin';
egoStates.Covariance = eve(6)*1000;
% Obstacle definition
% STATIC
T = 0:Ts:distance/V:
% Define points where the static obstacles are
obst 1 = round(length(extended map)*0.075);
obst 2 = \text{round}(\text{length}(\text{extended map})*0.23);
```

```
obst_3 = round(length(extended_map)*0.24);
idx = [obst 1]
   obst 2
    obst 3];
% Set to 0 the static obstacles speed
V \text{ obst} = [0]
     0
     01;
obstacle = zeros(length(idx),3);
for k = 1:length(idx)
  obstacle(k,:) = [extended map(idx(k),1) extended map(idx(k),2) V obst(k)];
end
spawn fake = round(length(extended map)*0.9);
fakeObs = [extended_map(spawn_fake,1) extended_map(spawn_fake,2) 0
      400 -400 01;
% DYNAMIC
VObs = 10/3.6;
                        % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo, Y ostacolo, theta ostacolo] = reference generator(map,VObs,Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.5*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended obs = [T' X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn obstacle1 = [X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))
Y ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) theta ostaco-
lo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
VObs2 = 20/3.6;
                         % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo2, Y ostacolo2, theta ostacolo2] = reference generator(map, VObs2, Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.28*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
```

### **Logical and Temporal Assessments**

### Assessments

Enabled	Name	Definition	Requ irem ents
True	Left lane as- sessment 1	At any point of time, <b>if</b> an obstacle is detected: verify(lateral_dev >= 2 && lateral_dev <= 6) must be true must be true	
True	Left lane as- sessment 2	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(lateral_dev < 6) must be true must be true	
True	Safe overtake assessment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, if an obstacle is detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 5 && lateral_dev < 3,sec) < 1) must be true must be true	
True	Lateral accel- eration assess- ment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(duration(Lateral_ acceleration >= 2,sec)<=0.5) must be true must be true	
True	Lateral devia- tion assess- ment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 0.75,sec)<1) must be true must be true	
True	Maximum lat- eral deviation assessment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles det ected: verify(lateral_dev < 1) must be true must be true	

## 1.2. Avoidance in real scenario (BMW 325i)

## 1.2.1. **A14 Highway**

### PostLoad Callback

```
%% Vehicle Parameters
param = loadParameters(2);
%% Set Speed
V = 100/3.6;
%% Scenario Loading
map = ScenarioLoading('A 14.mat');
% Evaluate total distance covered by the route on the map
distance = odometer(map);
%% Reference signal
% Upsample map based on speed and timestep
[X rec, Y rec, Theta rec] = reference generator(map,V,Ts);
% Extend the reference signal to avoid index over limits
X \operatorname{rec}(\operatorname{end}+1:\operatorname{end}+\operatorname{p}+20) = X \operatorname{rec}(\operatorname{end});
Y rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Y rec(end);
Theta rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Theta rec(end);
% Define initial condition based on map
x0 \text{ kin} = [X \text{ rec}(1) \text{ Y rec}(1) \text{ Theta rec}(1) \text{ V}]';
x0_{dyn} = [X_{rec}(1) Y_{rec}(1) Theta_{rec}(1) V 0 0]';
extended map = [X rec Y rec Theta rec repmat(V,length(X rec),1)];
egoStates.Plant = x0 kin';
egoStates.Covariance = eye(6)*1000;
% Obstacle definition
% STATIC
T = 0:Ts:distance/V;
% Define points where the static obstacles are
obst 1 = round(length(extended map)*0.075);
obst 2 = round(length(extended map)*0.23);
obst_3 = round(length(extended_map)*0.24);
idx = [obst 1]
    obst 2
    obst 31;
% Set to 0 the static obstacles speed
V \text{ obst} = [0]
```

```
0
     01;
obstacle = zeros(length(idx),3);
for k = 1:length(idx)
  obstacle(k,:) = [extended map(idx(k),1) extended map(idx(k),2) V obst(k)];
end
spawn fake = round(length(extended map)*0.9);
fakeObs = [extended map(spawn fake,1) extended map(spawn fake,2) 0
      -8000 3500 01:
% DYNAMIC
VObs = 10/3.6:
                       % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo, Y ostacolo, theta ostacolo] = reference generator(map,VObs,Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.3*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended obs = [T' X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn_obstacle1 = [X_ostacolo(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T))
Y ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) theta ostaco-
lo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
                         % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
VObs2 = 20/3.6;
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo2, Y ostacolo2, theta ostacolo2] = reference generator(map,VObs2,Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.18*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended obs2 = [T' X ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn obstacle2 = [X ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))
Y_ostacolo2(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) theta_ostaco-
```

lo2(spawn\_idx+1:spawn\_idx+length(T))...
repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];

## **Logical and Temporal Assessments**

### Assessments

Enabled	Name	Definition	Requ irem ents
True	Left lane as- sessment 1	At any point of time, <b>if</b> an obstacle is detected: verify(lateral_dev >= 2 && lateral_dev <= 6) must be true must be true	
True	Left lane as- sessment 2	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(lateral_dev < 6) must be true must be true	
True	Safe overtake assessment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, if an obstacle is detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 5 && lateral_dev < 3,sec) < 1) must be true must be true	
True	Lateral accel- eration assess- ment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(duration(Lateral_ acceleration >= 2,sec)<=0.5) must be true must be true	
True	Lateral devia- tion assess- ment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 0.75,sec)<1) must be true must be true	
True	Maximum lat- eral deviation assessment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles det ected: verify(lateral_dev < 1) must be true must be true	

# 1.2.2. Puglia

## **PostLoad Callback**

%% Vehicle Parameters

param = loadParameters(2);

```
%% Set Speed
V = 40/3.6:
%% Scenario Loading
map = ScenarioLoading('puglia.mat');
% Evaluate total distance covered by the route on the map
distance = odometer(map);
%% Reference signal
% Upsample map based on speed and timestep
[X rec, Y rec, Theta rec] = reference generator(map,V,Ts);
% Extend the reference signal to avoid index over limits
X rec(end+1:end+p+20) = X_rec(end);
Y rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Y rec(end);
Theta_rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Theta_rec(end);
% Define initial condition based on map
x0_{kin} = [X_{rec}(1) Y_{rec}(1) Theta_{rec}(1) V]';
x0 \, dyn = [X \, rec(1) \, Y \, rec(1) \, Theta \, rec(1) \, V \, 0 \, 0]';
extended map = [X rec Y rec Theta rec repmat(V,length(X rec),1)];
egoStates.Plant = x0_kin';
egoStates.Covariance = eye(6)*1000;
% Obstacle definition
% STATIC
T = 0:Ts:distance/V;
% Define points where the static obstacles are
obst 1 = round(length(extended map)*0.075);
obst 2 = round(length(extended map)*0.23);
obst 3 = \text{round}(\text{length}(\text{extended map})*0.24);
idx = [obst 1]
    obst 2
    obst 31;
% Set to 0 the static obstacles speed
V_obst = [0
     0
     01;
obstacle = zeros(length(idx),3);
for k = 1:length(idx)
  obstacle(k,:) = [extended_map(idx(k),1) extended_map(idx(k),2) V_obst(k)];
end
spawn fake = round(length(extended map)*0.91);
```

fakeObs = [extended\_map(spawn\_fake,1) extended\_map(spawn\_fake,2) 0 4000 6000 0];

```
VObs = 10/3.6:
                       % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo, Y ostacolo, theta ostacolo] = reference generator(map,VObs,Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.3*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended obs = [T' X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn obstacle1 = [X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))
Y_ostacolo(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) theta_ostaco-
lo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
VObs2 = 20/3.6:
                         % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X_ostacolo2, Y_ostacolo2, theta_ostacolo2] = reference_generator(map,VObs2,Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.18*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended obs2 = [T' X ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn_obstacle2 = [X_ostacolo2(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T))
Y ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) theta ostaco-
lo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
```

### Assessments

Enabled	Name	Definition	Requ irem ents
True	Left lane as- sessment 1	At any point of time, <b>if</b> an obstacle is detected: verify(lateral_dev >= 2 && lateral_dev <= 6) must be true must be true	
True	Left lane as- sessment 2	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(lateral_dev < 6) must be true must be true	
True	Safe overtake assessment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, if an obstacle is detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 5 && lateral_dev < 3,sec) < 1) must be true	
True	Lateral accel- eration assess- ment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(duration(Lateral_ acceleration >= 2,sec)<=0.5) must be true must be true	
True	Lateral devia- tion assess- ment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 0.75,sec)<1) must be true must be true	
True	Maximum lat- eral deviation assessment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles det ected: verify(lateral_dev < 1) must be true must be true	

# 1.2.3. Indianapolis Motor Speedway

### PostLoad Callback

%% Vehicle Parameters

param = loadParameters(2);

```
V = 100/3.6;
%% Scenario Loading
map = ScenarioLoading('indianapolis.mat');
% Evaluate total distance covered by the route on the map
distance = odometer(map):
%% Reference signal
% Upsample map based on speed and timestep
[X rec, Y rec, Theta rec] = reference generator(map,V,Ts);
% Extend the reference signal to avoid index over limits
X \operatorname{rec}(\operatorname{end}+1:\operatorname{end}+\operatorname{p}+20) = X \operatorname{rec}(\operatorname{end});
Y rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Y rec(end);
Theta rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Theta rec(end);
% Define initial condition based on map
x0_{kin} = [X_{rec}(1) Y_{rec}(1) Theta_{rec}(1) V]';
x0 \, dyn = [X \, rec(1) \, Y \, rec(1) \, Theta \, rec(1) \, V \, 0 \, 0]';
extended_map = [X_rec Y_rec Theta_rec repmat(V,length(X_rec),1)];
egoStates.Plant = x0 kin';
egoStates.Covariance = eye(6)*1000;
% Obstacle definition
% STATIC
T = 0:Ts:distance/V;
% Define points where the static obstacles are
obst 1 = round(length(extended map)*0.075);
obst 2 = round(length(extended map)*0.23);
obst 3 = \text{round(length(extended map)*0.24)};
idx = [obst 1]
    obst 2
    obst 31;
% Set to 0 the static obstacles speed
V \text{ obst} = [0]
      01;
obstacle = zeros(length(idx),3);
for k = 1:length(idx)
  obstacle(k,:) = [extended map(idx(k),1) extended map(idx(k),2) V obst(k)];
end
spawn fake = round(length(extended map)*0.9);
fakeObs = [extended map(spawn fake,1) extended map(spawn fake,2) 0
      400 -400 0];
```

```
VObs = 10/3.6;
                       % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo, Y ostacolo, theta ostacolo] = reference generator(map,VObs,Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.5*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended obs = [T' X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn obstacle1 = [X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))
Y ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) theta ostaco-
lo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
VObs2 = 20/3.6;
                         % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo2, Y ostacolo2, theta ostacolo2] = reference generator(map, VObs2, Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.28*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended_obs2 = [T' X_ostacolo2(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn obstacle2 = [X ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))
Y ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) theta ostaco-
lo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
```

### Assessments

Enabled	Name	Definition	Requ irem ents
True	Left lane as- sessment 1	At any point of time, <b>if</b> an obstacle is detected: verify(lateral_dev >= 2 && lateral_dev <= 6) must be true must be true	
True	Left lane as- sessment 2	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(lateral_dev < 6) must be true must be true	
True	Safe overtake assessment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, if an obstacle is detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 5 && lateral_dev < 3,sec) < 1) must be true must be true	
True	Lateral accel- eration assess- ment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(duration(Lateral_ acceleration >= 2,sec)<=0.5) must be true must be true	
True	Lateral devia- tion assess- ment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 0.75,sec)<1) must be true must be true	
True	Maximum lat- eral deviation assessment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles det ected: verify(lateral_dev < 1) must be true must be true	

# 1.3. Avoidance in real scenario (Ford E150)

# 1.3.1. **A14 Highway**

## **PostLoad Callback**

%% Vehicle Parameters

param = loadParameters(3);

```
%% Set Speed
V = 100/3.6:
%% Scenario Loading
map = ScenarioLoading('A 14.mat');
% Evaluate total distance covered by the route on the map
distance = odometer(map);
%% Reference signal
% Upsample map based on speed and timestep
[X rec, Y rec, Theta rec] = reference generator(map,V,Ts);
% Extend the reference signal to avoid index over limits
X rec(end+1:end+p+20) = X_rec(end);
Y rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Y rec(end);
Theta_rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Theta_rec(end);
% Define initial condition based on map
x0_{kin} = [X_{rec}(1) Y_{rec}(1) Theta_{rec}(1) V]';
x0 \, dyn = [X \, rec(1) \, Y \, rec(1) \, Theta \, rec(1) \, V \, 0 \, 0]';
extended map = [X rec Y rec Theta rec repmat(V,length(X rec),1)];
egoStates.Plant = x0 kin';
egoStates.Covariance = eye(6)*1000;
% Obstacle definition
% STATIC
T = 0:Ts:distance/V;
% Define points where the static obstacles are
obst 1 = round(length(extended map)*0.075);
obst 2 = round(length(extended map)*0.23);
obst 3 = \text{round}(\text{length}(\text{extended map})*0.24);
idx = [obst 1]
    obst 2
    obst 31;
% Set to 0 the static obstacles speed
V_obst = [0
     0
     01;
obstacle = zeros(length(idx),3);
for k = 1:length(idx)
  obstacle(k,:) = [extended_map(idx(k),1) extended_map(idx(k),2) V_obst(k)];
end
spawn fake = round(length(extended map)*0.9);
```

fakeObs = [extended\_map(spawn\_fake,1) extended\_map(spawn\_fake,2) 0
 -8000 3500 0];

```
VObs = 10/3.6:
                       % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo, Y ostacolo, theta ostacolo] = reference generator(map,VObs,Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.3*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended obs = [T' X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn obstacle1 = [X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))
Y_ostacolo(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) theta_ostaco-
lo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
VObs2 = 20/3.6:
                         % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X_ostacolo2, Y_ostacolo2, theta_ostacolo2] = reference_generator(map,VObs2,Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.18*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended obs2 = [T' X ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn_obstacle2 = [X_ostacolo2(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T))
Y ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) theta ostaco-
lo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
```

### Assessments

Enabled	Name	Definition	Requ irem ents
True	Left lane as- sessment 1	At any point of time, <b>if</b> an obstacle is detected: verify(lateral_dev >= 2 && lateral_dev <= 6) must be true must be true	
True	Left lane as- sessment 2	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(lateral_dev < 6) must be true must be true	
True	Safe overtake assessment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, if an obstacle is detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 5 && lateral_dev < 3,sec) < 1) must be true must be true	
True	Lateral accel- eration assess- ment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(duration(Lateral_ acceleration >= 2,sec)<=0.5) must be true must be true	
True	Lateral devia- tion assess- ment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 0.75,sec)<1) must be true must be true	
True	Maximum lat- eral deviation assessment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles det ected: verify(lateral_dev < 1) must be true must be true	

# 1.3.2. **Puglia**

## PostLoad Callback

%% Vehicle Parameters

param = loadParameters(3);

```
V = 40/3.6;
%% Scenario Loading
map = ScenarioLoading('puglia.mat');
% Evaluate total distance covered by the route on the map
distance = odometer(map):
%% Reference signal
% Upsample map based on speed and timestep
[X rec, Y rec, Theta rec] = reference generator(map,V,Ts);
% Extend the reference signal to avoid index over limits
X \operatorname{rec}(\operatorname{end}+1:\operatorname{end}+\operatorname{p}+20) = X \operatorname{rec}(\operatorname{end});
Y rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Y rec(end);
Theta rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Theta rec(end);
% Define initial condition based on map
x0_{kin} = [X_{rec}(1) Y_{rec}(1) Theta_{rec}(1) V]';
x0 \, dyn = [X \, rec(1) \, Y \, rec(1) \, Theta \, rec(1) \, V \, 0 \, 0]';
extended_map = [X_rec Y_rec Theta_rec repmat(V,length(X_rec),1)];
egoStates.Plant = x0 kin';
egoStates.Covariance = eye(6)*1000;
% Obstacle definition
% STATIC
T = 0:Ts:distance/V;
% Define points where the static obstacles are
obst 1 = round(length(extended map)*0.075);
obst 2 = round(length(extended map)*0.23);
obst_3 = round(length(extended_map)*0.24);
idx = [obst 1]
    obst 2
    obst 31;
% Set to 0 the static obstacles speed
V \text{ obst} = [0]
      01;
obstacle = zeros(length(idx),3);
for k = 1:length(idx)
  obstacle(k,:) = [extended map(idx(k),1) extended map(idx(k),2) V obst(k)];
end
spawn fake = round(length(extended map)*0.93);
fakeObs = [extended map(spawn fake,1) extended map(spawn fake,2) 0
      4000 6000 0];
```

```
VObs = 10/3.6;
                       % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo, Y ostacolo, theta ostacolo] = reference generator(map,VObs,Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.3*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended obs = [T' X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn obstacle1 = [X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))
Y ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) theta ostaco-
lo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
                         % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
VObs2 = 20/3.6;
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo2, Y ostacolo2, theta ostacolo2] = reference generator(map, VObs2, Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.20*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended_obs2 = [T' X_ostacolo2(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn obstacle2 = [X ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))
Y ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) theta ostaco-
lo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
```

### Assessments

Enabled	Name	Definition	Requ irem ents
True	Left lane as- sessment 1	At any point of time, <b>if</b> an obstacle is detected: verify(lateral_dev >= 2 && lateral_dev <= 6) must be true must be true	
True	Left lane as- sessment 2	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(lateral_dev < 6) must be true must be true	
True	Safe overtake assessment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, if an obstacle is detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 5 && lateral_dev < 3,sec) < 1) must be true	
True	Lateral accel- eration assess- ment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(duration(Lateral_ acceleration >= 2,sec)<=0.5) must be true must be true	
True	Lateral devia- tion assess- ment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 0.75,sec)<1) must be true must be true	
True	Maximum lat- eral deviation assessment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles det ected: verify(lateral_dev < 1) must be true must be true	

# 1.3.3. **Indianapolis Motor Speedway**

### PostLoad Callback

%% Vehicle Parameters

param = loadParameters(3);

```
V = 100/3.6;
%% Scenario Loading
map = ScenarioLoading('indianapolis.mat');
% Evaluate total distance covered by the route on the map
distance = odometer(map):
%% Reference signal
% Upsample map based on speed and timestep
[X rec, Y rec, Theta rec] = reference generator(map,V,Ts);
% Extend the reference signal to avoid index over limits
X \operatorname{rec}(\operatorname{end}+1:\operatorname{end}+\operatorname{p}+20) = X \operatorname{rec}(\operatorname{end});
Y rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Y rec(end);
Theta rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Theta rec(end);
% Define initial condition based on map
x0_{kin} = [X_{rec}(1) Y_{rec}(1) Theta_{rec}(1) V]';
x0 \, dyn = [X \, rec(1) \, Y \, rec(1) \, Theta \, rec(1) \, V \, 0 \, 0]';
extended_map = [X_rec Y_rec Theta_rec repmat(V,length(X_rec),1)];
egoStates.Plant = x0 kin';
egoStates.Covariance = eye(6)*1000;
% Obstacle definition
% STATIC
T = 0:Ts:distance/V;
% Define points where the static obstacles are
obst 1 = round(length(extended map)*0.075);
obst 2 = round(length(extended map)*0.23);
obst 3 = \text{round(length(extended map)*0.24)};
idx = [obst 1]
    obst 2
    obst 31;
% Set to 0 the static obstacles speed
V \text{ obst} = [0]
      01;
obstacle = zeros(length(idx),3);
for k = 1:length(idx)
  obstacle(k,:) = [extended map(idx(k),1) extended map(idx(k),2) V obst(k)];
end
spawn fake = round(length(extended map)*0.9);
fakeObs = [extended map(spawn fake,1) extended map(spawn fake,2) 0
      400 -400 0];
```

```
VObs = 10/3.6;
                       % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo, Y ostacolo, theta ostacolo] = reference generator(map,VObs,Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.5*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended obs = [T' X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn obstacle1 = [X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))
Y ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) theta ostaco-
lo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
                         % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
VObs2 = 20/3.6;
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo2, Y ostacolo2, theta ostacolo2] = reference generator(map, VObs2, Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.28*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended_obs2 = [T' X_ostacolo2(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn obstacle2 = [X ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))
Y ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) theta ostaco-
lo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
```

### Assessments

Enabled	Name	Definition	Requ irem ents
True	Left lane as- sessment 1	At any point of time, <b>if</b> an obstacle is detected: verify(lateral_dev >= 2 && lateral_dev <= 6) must be true must be true	
True	Left lane as- sessment 2	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(lateral_dev < 6) must be true must be true	
True	Safe overtake assessment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, if an obstacle is detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 5 && lateral_dev < 3,sec) < 1) must be true must be true	
True	Lateral accel- eration assess- ment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(duration(Lateral_ acceleration >= 2,sec)<=0.5) must be true must be true	
True	Lateral devia- tion assess- ment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 0.75,sec)<1) must be true must be true	
True	Maximum lat- eral deviation assessment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles det ected: verify(lateral_dev < 1) must be true must be true	

# 1.4. Avoidance in real scenario (Suzuki Samurai)

# 1.4.1. **A14 Highway**

## **PostLoad Callback**

%% Vehicle Parameters

param = loadParameters(4);

```
%% Set Speed
V = 100/3.6:
%% Scenario Loading
map = ScenarioLoading('A 14.mat');
% Evaluate total distance covered by the route on the map
distance = odometer(map);
%% Reference signal
% Upsample map based on speed and timestep
[X rec, Y rec, Theta rec] = reference generator(map,V,Ts);
% Extend the reference signal to avoid index over limits
X rec(end+1:end+p+20) = X_rec(end);
Y rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Y rec(end);
Theta_rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Theta_rec(end);
% Define initial condition based on map
x0_{kin} = [X_{rec}(1) Y_{rec}(1) Theta_{rec}(1) V]';
x0 \, dyn = [X \, rec(1) \, Y \, rec(1) \, Theta \, rec(1) \, V \, 0 \, 0]';
extended map = [X rec Y rec Theta rec repmat(V,length(X rec),1)];
egoStates.Plant = x0 kin';
egoStates.Covariance = eye(6)*1000;
% Obstacle definition
% STATIC
T = 0:Ts:distance/V;
% Define points where the static obstacles are
obst 1 = round(length(extended map)*0.075);
obst 2 = round(length(extended map)*0.23);
obst 3 = \text{round(length(extended map)*0.24)};
idx = [obst 1]
    obst 2
    obst 31;
% Set to 0 the static obstacles speed
V_obst = [0
     0
     01;
obstacle = zeros(length(idx),3);
for k = 1:length(idx)
  obstacle(k,:) = [extended_map(idx(k),1) extended_map(idx(k),2) V_obst(k)];
end
spawn fake = round(length(extended map)*0.9);
```

fakeObs = [extended\_map(spawn\_fake,1) extended\_map(spawn\_fake,2) 0
 -8000 3500 0];

```
VObs = 10/3.6:
                       % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo, Y ostacolo, theta ostacolo] = reference generator(map,VObs,Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.3*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended obs = [T' X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn obstacle1 = [X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))
Y_ostacolo(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) theta_ostaco-
lo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
VObs2 = 20/3.6:
                         % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X_ostacolo2, Y_ostacolo2, theta_ostacolo2] = reference_generator(map,VObs2,Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.18*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended obs2 = [T' X ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn_obstacle2 = [X_ostacolo2(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T))
Y ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) theta ostaco-
lo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
```

### Assessments

Enabled	Name	Definition	Requ irem ents
True	Left lane as- sessment 1	At any point of time, <b>if</b> an obstacle is detected: verify(lateral_dev >= 2 && lateral_dev <= 6) must be true must be true	
True	Left lane as- sessment 2	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(lateral_dev < 6) must be true must be true	
True	Safe overtake assessment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, if an obstacle is detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 5 && lateral_dev < 3,sec) < 1) must be true	
True	Lateral accel- eration assess- ment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(duration(Lateral_ acceleration >= 2,sec)<=0.5) must be true must be true	
True	Lateral devia- tion assess- ment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 0.75,sec)<1) must be true must be true	
True	Maximum lat- eral deviation assessment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles det ected: verify(lateral_dev < 1) must be true must be true	

# 1.4.2. **Puglia**

## PostLoad Callback

%% Vehicle Parameters

param = loadParameters(4);

```
V = 40/3.6;
%% Scenario Loading
map = ScenarioLoading('puglia.mat');
% Evaluate total distance covered by the route on the map
distance = odometer(map):
%% Reference signal
% Upsample map based on speed and timestep
[X rec, Y rec, Theta rec] = reference generator(map,V,Ts);
% Extend the reference signal to avoid index over limits
X \operatorname{rec}(\operatorname{end}+1:\operatorname{end}+\operatorname{p}+20) = X \operatorname{rec}(\operatorname{end});
Y rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Y rec(end);
Theta rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Theta rec(end);
% Define initial condition based on map
x0_{kin} = [X_{rec}(1) Y_{rec}(1) Theta_{rec}(1) V]';
x0 \, dyn = [X \, rec(1) \, Y \, rec(1) \, Theta \, rec(1) \, V \, 0 \, 0]';
extended_map = [X_rec Y_rec Theta_rec repmat(V,length(X_rec),1)];
egoStates.Plant = x0 kin';
egoStates.Covariance = eye(6)*1000;
% Obstacle definition
% STATIC
T = 0:Ts:distance/V;
% Define points where the static obstacles are
obst 1 = round(length(extended map)*0.075);
obst 2 = round(length(extended map)*0.23);
obst 3 = \text{round(length(extended map)*0.24)};
idx = [obst 1]
    obst 2
    obst 31;
% Set to 0 the static obstacles speed
V \text{ obst} = [0]
      01;
obstacle = zeros(length(idx),3);
for k = 1:length(idx)
  obstacle(k,:) = [extended map(idx(k),1) extended map(idx(k),2) V obst(k)];
end
spawn fake = round(length(extended map)*0.91);
fakeObs = [extended map(spawn fake,1) extended map(spawn fake,2) 0
      4000 6000 0];
```

```
VObs = 10/3.6;
                       % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo, Y ostacolo, theta ostacolo] = reference generator(map,VObs,Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.3*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended obs = [T' X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn obstacle1 = [X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))
Y ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) theta ostaco-
lo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
                         % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
VObs2 = 20/3.6;
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo2, Y ostacolo2, theta ostacolo2] = reference generator(map,VObs2,Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.18*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended_obs2 = [T' X_ostacolo2(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn obstacle2 = [X ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))
Y ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) theta ostaco-
lo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
```

### Assessments

Enabled	Name	Definition	Requ irem ents
True	Left lane as- sessment 1	At any point of time, <b>if</b> an obstacle is detected: verify(lateral_dev >= 2 && lateral_dev <= 6) must be true must be true	
True	Left lane as- sessment 2	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(lateral_dev < 6) must be true must be true	
True	Safe overtake assessment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, if an obstacle is detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 5 && lateral_dev < 3,sec) < 1) must be true	
True	Lateral accel- eration assess- ment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(duration(Lateral_ acceleration >= 2,sec)<=0.5) must be true must be true	
True	Lateral devia- tion assess- ment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 0.75,sec)<1) must be true must be true	
True	Maximum lat- eral deviation assessment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles det ected: verify(lateral_dev < 1) must be true must be true	

# 1.4.3. Indianapolis Motor Speedway

### PostLoad Callback

%% Vehicle Parameters

param = loadParameters(4);

```
V = 100/3.6;
%% Scenario Loading
map = ScenarioLoading('indianapolis.mat');
% Evaluate total distance covered by the route on the map
distance = odometer(map):
%% Reference signal
% Upsample map based on speed and timestep
[X rec, Y rec, Theta rec] = reference generator(map,V,Ts);
% Extend the reference signal to avoid index over limits
X \operatorname{rec}(\operatorname{end}+1:\operatorname{end}+\operatorname{p}+20) = X \operatorname{rec}(\operatorname{end});
Y rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Y rec(end);
Theta rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Theta rec(end);
% Define initial condition based on map
x0_{kin} = [X_{rec}(1) Y_{rec}(1) Theta_{rec}(1) V]';
x0 \, dyn = [X \, rec(1) \, Y \, rec(1) \, Theta \, rec(1) \, V \, 0 \, 0]';
extended_map = [X_rec Y_rec Theta_rec repmat(V,length(X_rec),1)];
egoStates.Plant = x0 kin';
egoStates.Covariance = eye(6)*1000;
% Obstacle definition
% STATIC
T = 0:Ts:distance/V;
% Define points where the static obstacles are
obst 1 = round(length(extended map)*0.075);
obst 2 = round(length(extended map)*0.23);
obst_3 = round(length(extended_map)*0.24);
idx = [obst 1]
    obst 2
    obst 31;
% Set to 0 the static obstacles speed
V \text{ obst} = [0]
      01;
obstacle = zeros(length(idx),3);
for k = 1:length(idx)
  obstacle(k,:) = [extended map(idx(k),1) extended map(idx(k),2) V obst(k)];
end
spawn fake = round(length(extended map)*0.9);
fakeObs = [extended map(spawn fake,1) extended map(spawn fake,2) 0
      400 -400 0];
```

```
VObs = 10/3.6;
                       % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo, Y ostacolo, theta ostacolo] = reference generator(map,VObs,Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.5*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended obs = [T' X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn obstacle1 = [X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))
Y ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) theta ostaco-
lo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
                         % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
VObs2 = 20/3.6;
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo2, Y ostacolo2, theta ostacolo2] = reference generator(map, VObs2, Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.28*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended_obs2 = [T' X_ostacolo2(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn obstacle2 = [X ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))
Y ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) theta ostaco-
lo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
```

### Assessments

Enabled	Name	Definition	Requ irem ents
True	Left lane as- sessment 1	At any point of time, <b>if</b> an obstacle is detected: verify(lateral_dev >= 2 && lateral_dev <= 6) must be true must be true	
True	Left lane as- sessment 2	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(lateral_dev < 6) must be true must be true	
True	Safe overtake assessment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, if an obstacle is detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 5 && lateral_dev < 3,sec) < 1) must be true must be true	
True	Lateral accel- eration assess- ment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(duration(Lateral_ acceleration >= 2,sec)<=0.5) must be true must be true	
True	Lateral devia- tion assess- ment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 0.75,sec)<1) must be true must be true	
True	Maximum lat- eral deviation assessment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles det ected: verify(lateral_dev < 1) must be true must be true	

# 1.5. Avoidance in real scenario (Volkswagen Beetle)

# 1.5.1. **A14 Highway**

## **PostLoad Callback**

%% Vehicle Parameters

param = loadParameters(5);

```
%% Set Speed
V = 100/3.6:
%% Scenario Loading
map = ScenarioLoading('A 14.mat');
% Evaluate total distance covered by the route on the map
distance = odometer(map);
%% Reference signal
% Upsample map based on speed and timestep
[X rec, Y rec, Theta rec] = reference generator(map,V,Ts);
% Extend the reference signal to avoid index over limits
X rec(end+1:end+p+20) = X_rec(end);
Y rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Y rec(end);
Theta_rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Theta_rec(end);
% Define initial condition based on map
x0_{kin} = [X_{rec}(1) Y_{rec}(1) Theta_{rec}(1) V]';
x0 \, dyn = [X \, rec(1) \, Y \, rec(1) \, Theta \, rec(1) \, V \, 0 \, 0]';
extended map = [X rec Y rec Theta rec repmat(V,length(X rec),1)];
egoStates.Plant = x0 kin';
egoStates.Covariance = eye(6)*1000;
% Obstacle definition
% STATIC
T = 0:Ts:distance/V;
% Define points where the static obstacles are
obst 1 = round(length(extended map)*0.075);
obst 2 = round(length(extended map)*0.23);
obst 3 = \text{round(length(extended map)*0.24)};
idx = [obst 1]
    obst 2
    obst 31;
% Set to 0 the static obstacles speed
V_obst = [0
     0
     01;
obstacle = zeros(length(idx),3);
for k = 1:length(idx)
  obstacle(k,:) = [extended_map(idx(k),1) extended_map(idx(k),2) V_obst(k)];
end
spawn fake = round(length(extended map)*0.9);
```

fakeObs = [extended\_map(spawn\_fake,1) extended\_map(spawn\_fake,2) 0
 -8000 3500 0];

```
VObs = 10/3.6:
                       % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo, Y ostacolo, theta ostacolo] = reference generator(map,VObs,Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.3*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended obs = [T' X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn obstacle1 = [X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))
Y_ostacolo(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) theta_ostaco-
lo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
VObs2 = 20/3.6:
                         % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X_ostacolo2, Y_ostacolo2, theta_ostacolo2] = reference_generator(map,VObs2,Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.18*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended obs2 = [T' X ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn_obstacle2 = [X_ostacolo2(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T))
Y ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) theta ostaco-
lo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
```

### Assessments

Enabled	Name	Definition	Requ irem ents
True	Left lane as- sessment 1	At any point of time, <b>if</b> an obstacle is detected: verify(lateral_dev >= 2 && lateral_dev <= 6) must be true must be true	
True	Left lane as- sessment 2	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(lateral_dev < 6) must be true must be true	
True	Safe overtake assessment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, if an obstacle is detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 5 && lateral_dev < 3,sec) < 1) must be true must be true	
True	Lateral accel- eration assess- ment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(duration(Lateral_ acceleration >= 2,sec)<=0.5) must be true must be true	
True	Lateral devia- tion assess- ment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 0.75,sec)<1) must be true must be true	
True	Maximum lat- eral deviation assessment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles det ected: verify(lateral_dev < 1) must be true must be true	

# ${\tt 1.5.2.}\, Puglia$

## **PostLoad Callback**

%% Vehicle Parameters

param = loadParameters(5);

```
V = 40/3.6;
%% Scenario Loading
map = ScenarioLoading('puglia.mat');
% Evaluate total distance covered by the route on the map
distance = odometer(map):
%% Reference signal
% Upsample map based on speed and timestep
[X rec, Y rec, Theta rec] = reference generator(map,V,Ts);
% Extend the reference signal to avoid index over limits
X \operatorname{rec}(\operatorname{end}+1:\operatorname{end}+\operatorname{p}+20) = X \operatorname{rec}(\operatorname{end});
Y rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Y rec(end);
Theta rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Theta rec(end);
% Define initial condition based on map
x0_{kin} = [X_{rec}(1) Y_{rec}(1) Theta_{rec}(1) V]';
x0 \, dyn = [X \, rec(1) \, Y \, rec(1) \, Theta \, rec(1) \, V \, 0 \, 0]';
extended_map = [X_rec Y_rec Theta_rec repmat(V,length(X_rec),1)];
egoStates.Plant = x0 kin';
egoStates.Covariance = eye(6)*1000;
% Obstacle definition
% STATIC
T = 0:Ts:distance/V;
% Define points where the static obstacles are
obst 1 = round(length(extended map)*0.075);
obst 2 = round(length(extended map)*0.23);
obst 3 = \text{round(length(extended map)*0.24)};
idx = [obst 1]
    obst 2
    obst 31;
% Set to 0 the static obstacles speed
V \text{ obst} = [0]
      01;
obstacle = zeros(length(idx),3);
for k = 1:length(idx)
  obstacle(k,:) = [extended map(idx(k),1) extended map(idx(k),2) V obst(k)];
end
spawn fake = round(length(extended map)*0.91);
fakeObs = [extended map(spawn fake,1) extended map(spawn fake,2) 0
      4000 6000 0];
```

```
VObs = 10/3.6;
                       % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo, Y ostacolo, theta ostacolo] = reference generator(map,VObs,Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.3*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended obs = [T' X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn obstacle1 = [X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))
Y ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) theta ostaco-
lo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
VObs2 = 20/3.6;
                         % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo2, Y ostacolo2, theta ostacolo2] = reference generator(map, VObs2, Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.18*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended_obs2 = [T' X_ostacolo2(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn obstacle2 = [X ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))
Y ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) theta ostaco-
lo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
```

### Assessments

Enabled	Name	Definition	Requ irem ents
True	Left lane as- sessment 1	At any point of time, <b>if</b> an obstacle is detected: verify(lateral_dev >= 2 && lateral_dev <= 6) must be true must be true	
True	Left lane as- sessment 2	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(lateral_dev < 6) must be true must be true	
True	Safe overtake assessment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, if an obstacle is detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 5 && lateral_dev < 3,sec) < 1) must be true	
True	Lateral accel- eration assess- ment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(duration(Lateral_ acceleration >= 2,sec)<=0.5) must be true must be true	
True	Lateral devia- tion assess- ment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 0.75,sec)<1) must be true must be true	
True	Maximum lat- eral deviation assessment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles det ected: verify(lateral_dev < 1) must be true must be true	

# 1.5.3. Indianapolis Motor Speedway

### PostLoad Callback

%% Vehicle Parameters

param = loadParameters(5);

```
V = 100/3.6;
%% Scenario Loading
map = ScenarioLoading('indianapolis.mat');
% Evaluate total distance covered by the route on the map
distance = odometer(map):
%% Reference signal
% Upsample map based on speed and timestep
[X rec, Y rec, Theta rec] = reference generator(map,V,Ts);
% Extend the reference signal to avoid index over limits
X \operatorname{rec}(\operatorname{end}+1:\operatorname{end}+\operatorname{p}+20) = X \operatorname{rec}(\operatorname{end});
Y rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Y rec(end);
Theta rec(end+1:end+p+20) = Theta rec(end);
% Define initial condition based on map
x0_{kin} = [X_{rec}(1) Y_{rec}(1) Theta_{rec}(1) V]';
x0 \, dyn = [X \, rec(1) \, Y \, rec(1) \, Theta \, rec(1) \, V \, 0 \, 0]';
extended_map = [X_rec Y_rec Theta_rec repmat(V,length(X_rec),1)];
egoStates.Plant = x0 kin';
egoStates.Covariance = eye(6)*1000;
% Obstacle definition
% STATIC
T = 0:Ts:distance/V;
% Define points where the static obstacles are
obst 1 = round(length(extended map)*0.075);
obst 2 = round(length(extended map)*0.23);
obst 3 = \text{round(length(extended map)*0.24)};
idx = [obst 1]
    obst 2
    obst 31;
% Set to 0 the static obstacles speed
V \text{ obst} = [0]
      01;
obstacle = zeros(length(idx),3);
for k = 1:length(idx)
  obstacle(k,:) = [extended map(idx(k),1) extended map(idx(k),2) V obst(k)];
end
spawn fake = round(length(extended map)*0.9);
fakeObs = [extended map(spawn fake,1) extended map(spawn fake,2) 0
      400 -400 0];
```

```
VObs = 10/3.6;
                       % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo, Y ostacolo, theta ostacolo] = reference generator(map,VObs,Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.5*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended obs = [T' X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn obstacle1 = [X ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))
Y ostacolo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) theta ostaco-
lo(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs,length(T),1)];
                         % [m/s] Set the speed for the dynamic obstacle
VObs2 = 20/3.6;
% Define trajectory of the dynamic obstacle
[X ostacolo2, Y ostacolo2, theta ostacolo2] = reference generator(map, VObs2, Ts);
% Define where the dynamico obstacle is at the start of the simulation
spawn = 0.28*length(X rec);
spawn idx = round(spawn*V/VObs);
% Define dynamic obstacle object for simulation
extended_obs2 = [T' X_ostacolo2(spawn_idx+1:spawn_idx+length(T)) Y ostaco-
lo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
% Define dynamic obstacle trajectory for plotting
dyn obstacle2 = [X ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))
Y ostacolo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T)) theta ostaco-
lo2(spawn idx+1:spawn idx+length(T))...
         repmat(VObs2,length(T),1)];
```

## Assessments

Enabled	Name	Definition	Requ irem ents
True	Left lane as- sessment 1	At any point of time, <b>if</b> an obstacle is detected: verify(lateral_dev >= 2 && lateral_dev <= 6) must be true must be true	
True	Left lane as- sessment 2	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(lateral_dev < 6) must be true must be true	
True	Safe overtake assessment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, if an obstacle is detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 5 && lateral_dev < 3,sec) < 1) must be true	
True	Lateral accel- eration assess- ment	At any point of time, At <b>any</b> point of time, verify(duration(Lateral_ acceleration >= 2,sec)<=0.5) must be true must be true	
True	Lateral devia- tion assess- ment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles detected: verify(duration(lateral_dev > 0.75,sec)<1) must be true must be true	
True	Maximum lat- eral deviation assessment	At any point of time, <b>if</b> there are no obstacles det ected: verify(lateral_dev < 1) must be true must be true	