

 $Lab\ for\ Software\ Engineering$ 

## Cinema Management Application

Ifrat Jahan (3098878) Jennifer Maxisch (3106694) Georgios Adamos (3093306) Thomas Klimek (3067855) Melvin van der Linde (3106762)

January 3, 2023

## **Contents**

1	Ana	lysis	iv
	1.1	A1	iv
		1.1.1 Requirements & Domain-Knowledge	iv
		1.1.2 Contextdiagram	v
	1.2	A2	vi
	1.3	A3	ix
	1.4	A4	xiii
	1.5	A5	xiv
		1.5.1 RegisterCustomer	xiv
		1.5.2 NonStaffUserBrowse	xv
		1.5.3 BookTickets	xvi
		1.5.4 ArchiveShowings	
	1.6	A6	
2	Des	ign	хх
	2.1	트 .	xx
	2.2		XX
	2.3		XX
	2.4		XX
3	I	laurantation (). Tasting	<b>:</b>
3	•	•••••••••••••••••••	xxi
	3.1		xxi
	3.2	T1	
	3.3	T2	
	3.4	T3	XXİ
4	Glos	ssarv	xii

# List of Figures

1.1	Contextdiagram v
1.2	Problem diagram for R1 vi
1.3	Mapping diagram for R1 vi
1.4	Problem diagram for R5 vi
1.5	Mapping diagram for R5 vi
1.6	Problem diagram for R4 / R8 vii
1.7	Mapping diagram for R4 / R8 vii
1.8	Problem diagram for R7 viii
1.9	Mapping diagram for R7
1.10	Sequence diagram for R1 ix
1.11	Sequence diagram for R5
1.12	Sequence diagram for R4/R8 $\dots$ xi
1.13	Sequence diagram for R7 xi
1.14	Technical Context Diagram xiii
1.15	Mapping Diagram of the TCD xiii
1.16	Class model of the operation RegisterCustomer xiv
1.17	Class model of the operation NonStaffUserBrowse $\dots \dots xv$
1.18	Class model of the operation BookTickets xvi
1.19	Class model of the operation ArchiveShowings xvii
2.1	Zustandsdiagramm Person 1

## 1 Analysis

#### 1.1 A1

#### 1.1.1 Requirements & Domain-Knowledge

#### Requirements

- R1 Customers can create an account by providing an e-mail address and a password. If an e-mail address which is already associated with an account is provided, account creation fails.
- R2 Customers can log in by providing their e-mail address and their password.
- R3 A logged in customer can log out.
- R4 A customer can browse available showings, ascendingly sorted by date.
- R5 A logged in customer can book tickets by selecting the showing from the browsing list and selecting the desired seats. A showing can only be booked up to 15 minutes before it starts.
- R6 Staff can add new showings to the database by providing the required data.
- R7 Once a showing starts it is marked as "archived".
- R8 Archived showings are visible to staff, but not to customers.
- R9 Staff can cancel showings. When a show is cancelled all customers who booked tickets for it are notified via e-mail and the showing is then deleted.
- R10 Showings which took place a year ago or longer are automatically removed from the database.
- R11 When a showing is deleted its associated bookings are also deleted.

#### **Facts**

- F1 A showing consists of the title of the movie, its duration, the date date, the hall number and unique ID.
- F2 A hall consists of a number of rows, a number of seats per row and a unique hall number.
- F3 Only one person at a time can sit in a seat.

#### **Assumptions**

- A1 A web application is a good choice for implementing the desired functionality and all customers are able to use it.
- A2 Customers only provide e-mail addresses they can access.
- A3 Customers will stay up to date with the list of available showings.
- A4 Every booking is paid via an external service.
- A5 Staff will only add showings which take place in the future.

### 1.1.2 Contextdiagram

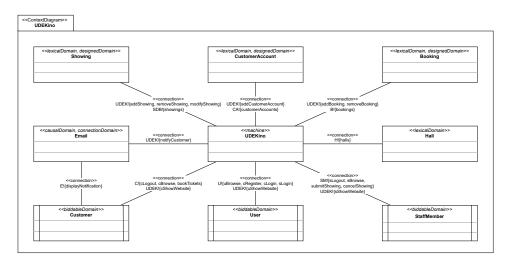


Figure 1.1: Contextdiagram

### 1.2 A2

We can derive the following problem diagrams

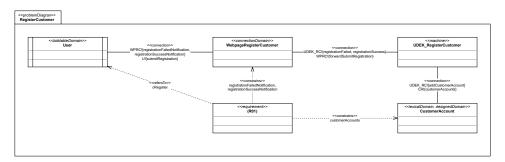


Figure 1.2: Problem diagram for R1

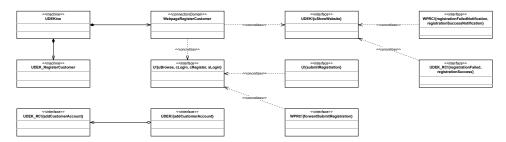


Figure 1.3: Mapping diagram for R1

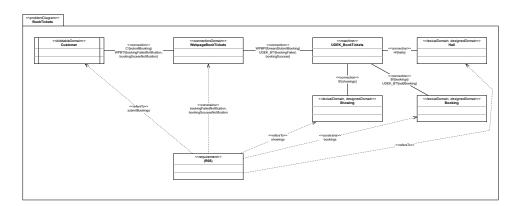


Figure 1.4: Problem diagram for R5

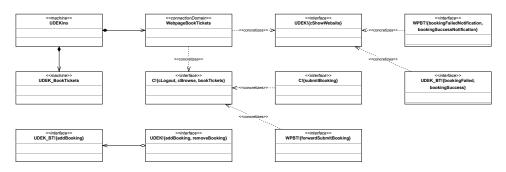


Figure 1.5: Mapping diagram for R5

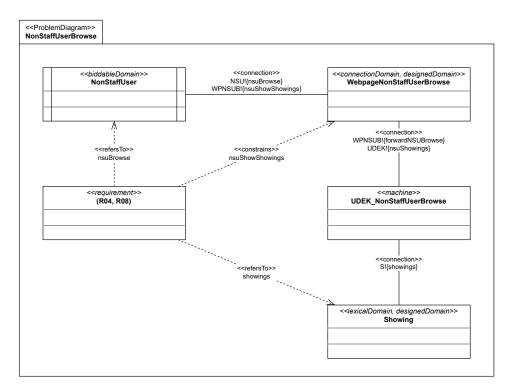


Figure 1.6: Problem diagram for R4 / R8  $\,$ 

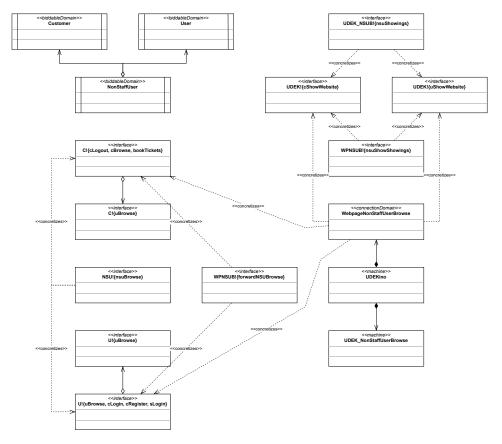


Figure 1.7: Mapping diagram for R4 / R8  $\,$ 



Figure 1.8: Problem diagram for R7

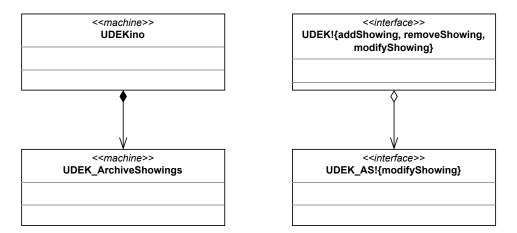


Figure 1.9: Mapping diagram for R7

#### **Frames**

- ullet R1 fits to update 2
- $\bullet$  R5 fits to update 2
- $\bullet~\mathrm{R4}$  / R8 fits to query 2
- R7 fits to simple transformation

### 1.3 A3

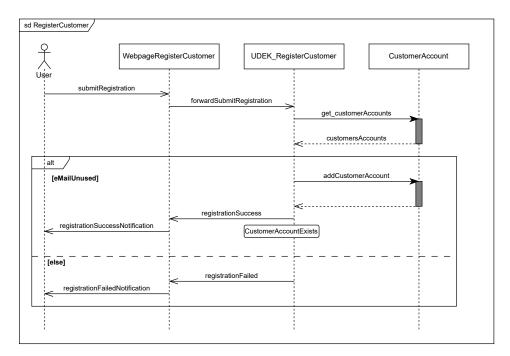


Figure 1.10: Sequence diagram for R1

#### S1a WebpageRegisterCustomer

When the WebpageRegisterCustomer recieves the command "submitRegistration", the command is forwarded to machine with "forwardSubmitRegistration". Results are recieved via commands "registrationFailed" or "registrationSuccess" and displayed to the User via "registrationFailedNotification" / "registrationSuccessNotification".

#### S1b UDEK\_RegisterCustomer

When the machine receives the command "fowardSubmitRegistration" the availability of the e-mail address is checked against existing Customer accounts in the Customer-Account database via "get\_customerAccounts". If the e-mail address is available, a new Customer account is created with the data from the forwarded request and added to the CustomerAccount database via "addCustomerAccount" and a confirmation is sent to the WebpageRegisterCustomer via "registrationSuccess". If the e-mail address is not available, account creation fails and a failure notification is sent to the WebpageRegisterCustomer via "registrationFailed".

#### S1c CustomerAccount

When the database receives the command "get\_customerAccounts", all Customer accounts are returned as the data "customerAccounts". When the database receives the command "addCustomerAccount", the Customer account is added.

$$(A2) \land (S1a) \land (S1b) \land (S1c) \implies (R1)$$

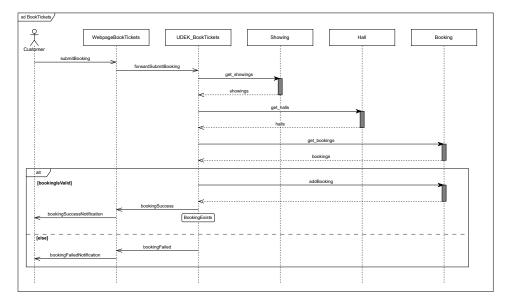


Figure 1.11: Sequence diagram for R5

#### S2a WebpageBookTickets

When the Webpage receives the command "submitBooking", the command is forwarded to the machine with the command "forwardSubmitBooking". Results are received via "bookingFailed" or "bookingSuccess" and displayed the the Customer via "bookingFailedNotification" / "bookingSuccessNotification"

- S2b UDEK\_BookTickets When the machine receives the command "forwardSubmit-Booking", the machine checks the availability of the desired showing and seats against the Showing database, Hall database and Booking database via "get\_showings", "get\_halls" and "get\_bookings". If the desired showing and seats exist, the showing begins in more than 15 minutes and the seats are not already booked, the booking is added to the Booking database via "addBooking" and a success notification is sent to the Webpage-BookTickets via "bookingSuccess". Otherwise the booking fails and the Webpage is notified of the failure via "bookingFailed".
- S2c **Showing** When the database receives the command "get\_showings", all showings are returned as the data "showings".
- S2d Hall When the database receives the command "get\_halls", all halls are returned as the data "halls".
- S2c **Booking** When the database receives the command "get\_bookings", all bookings are returned as the data "bookings". When the database receives the command "addBooking", the booking is added.

$$(F3) \wedge (S2a) \wedge (S2b) \wedge (S2c) \wedge (S2d) \wedge (S2e) \implies (R5)$$

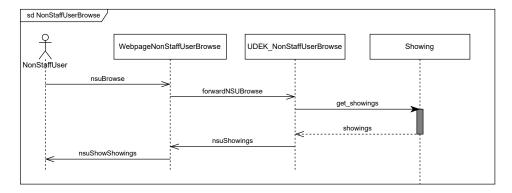


Figure 1.12: Sequence diagram for R4/R8

- S3a WebpageNonStaffUserBrowse When the Webpage receives the command "nsuBrowse", the command is forwarded to the machine with the command "forwardNSUBrowse". Results are received via "nsuShowings" and displayed to NonStaffUser via "nsuShowShowings".
- S3b **UDEK\_NonStaffUserBrowse** When the machine receives the command "forwardNSUB-rowse", the machine gets all showings from the Showing database via "get\_showings". All non-archived showings are send/transfered to the Webpage via "nsuShowings".
- S3c **Showing** When the database receives the command "get\_showings", all showings are returned data as "showings"

$$(S3a) \wedge (S3b) \wedge (S3c) \implies (R4) \wedge (R8)$$

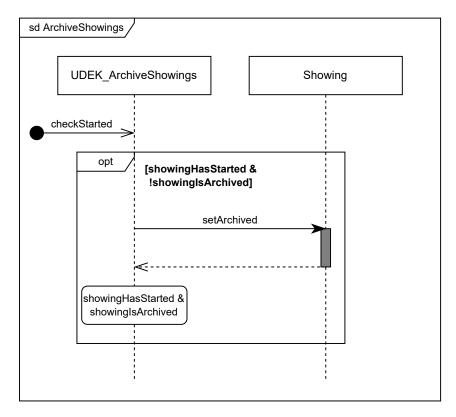


Figure 1.13: Sequence diagram for R7

- S4a **UDEK\_ArchiveShowings** When receiving the command "checkStarted", all showings which have already started, and are not yet marked as archived, are marked as archived using the command "setArchived".
- S4b **Showing** When receiving the command "setArchived", all showings which have already started, and are not yet marked as archived, are marked as archived.

$$(S4a) \wedge (S4b) \implies (R7)$$

## 1.4 A4

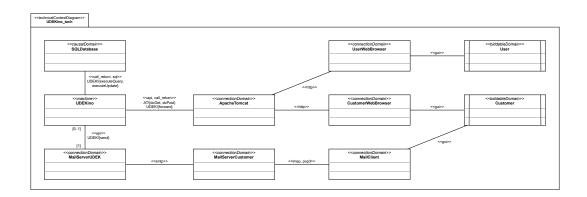


Figure 1.14: Technical Context Diagram

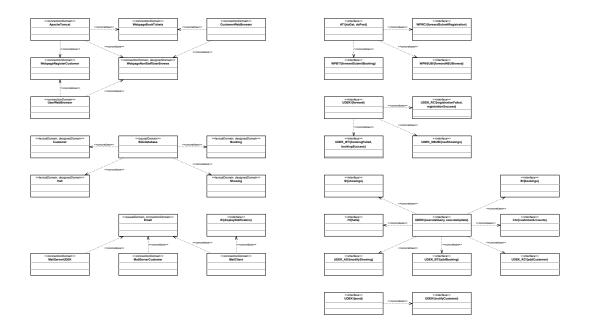


Figure 1.15: Mapping Diagram of the TCD  $\,$ 

#### 1.5 A5

#### 1.5.1 RegisterCustomer

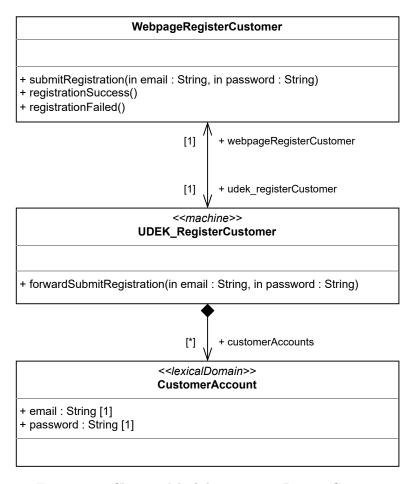


Figure 1.16: Class model of the operation RegisterCustomer

Name: forwardSubmitRegistration

**Description:** Creates a new Customer Account with the supplied e-mail address and password and adds it to the database and then sends a success notification to the webpage, or sends a failure notification to the webpage

#### **OCL** constraint:

#### 1.5.2 NonStaffUserBrowse

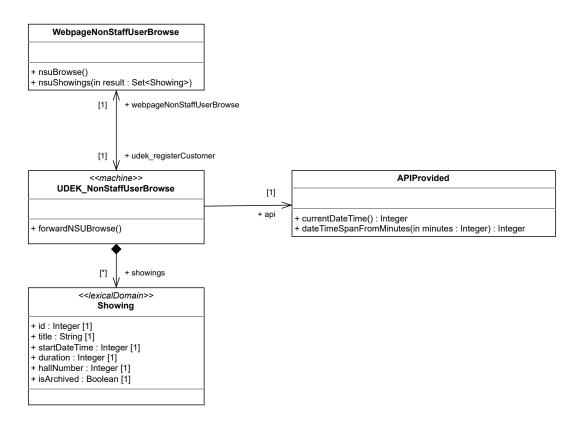


Figure 1.17: Class model of the operation NonStaffUserBrowse

Name: forwardNSUBrowse

**Description:** sends a set containing all showings which are not archived to the webpage **OCL constraint:** 

```
context UDEK_NonStaffUserBrowse
inv:
```

#### 1.5.3 BookTickets

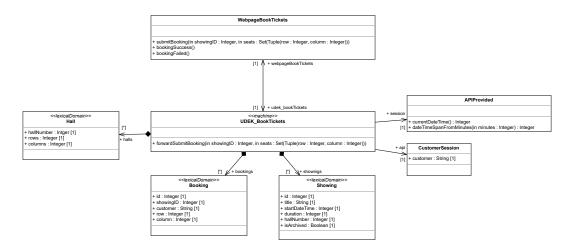


Figure 1.18: Class model of the operation BookTickets

Name: forwardBookTickets

**Description:** tries to book the requested seat and sends a notification whether the booking succeeded to the webpage.

#### **OCL** constraint:

```
s : Tuple(row : Integer, column : Integer)
                  | bookings->one(
                     b : Booking
                          | b.showingID = showingID
                             and b.customer = session.customer
17
                             and b.row = s.row
                             and b.column = s.column
19
                  )
      in let bookingIsValid : Boolean =
          seats->forAll(
23
              seat : Tuple(row : Integer, column : Integer)
                  | 1 <= row and 1 <= column
                      and showings->one(
                         showing: Showing
27
                             | showing.showingID = showingID
                                 and showing.startDateTime >=
29
                                    api.currentDateTime() +
                                    api.dateTimeFromMinutes(15)
                                 and halls->one(
30
                                     hall: Hall
31
                                         | hall.hallNumber =
                                            showing.hallNumber
                                            and seat.row <=
33
                                                hall.rows
                                            and seat.column <=
34
                                                hall.columns
                                 )
35
                      ) and not bookings@pre->exists(
36
                         booking : Booking
                             | booking.showingID = showingID
38
                                 and booking.row = seat.row
39
                                 and booking.column = seat.column
                      )
      in let BookingsSizeCheck : Boolean =
          bookings->size() = bookings@pre->size() + seats->size()
      in
          if bookingIsValid
          then BookingExists and BookingsSizeCheck and
              webpageBookTickets^bookingSuccess()
          else webpageBookTickets^bookingFailed()
```

**Remarks**: CustomerSession contains session data of the logged in customer who sent the request.

#### 1.5.4 ArchiveShowings

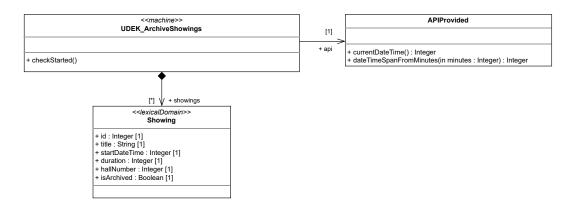


Figure 1.19: Class model of the operation ArchiveShowings

Name: checkStarted

**Description:** sets all showings which have already started as archived.

OCL constraint:

### 1.6 A6

```
Examples of a life-cycle using the math-environment:  LC_{User} = (RegisterCustomer|NonStaffuserBrowse)^* \\ LC_{Customer} = (Browse^+; [Book])^* \\ LC_{NonStaffUser} = (NonStaffuserBrowse)^* \\ LC_{UDEKino} = (||_{i=1}^n LC_{User_i})||(||_{j=1}^m LC_{Customer_j})||(||_{k=1}^l LC_{NonStaffUser_k})||ArchiveShowings^*
```

## 2 Design

- 2.1 D1
- 2.2 D2
- 2.3 D3
- 2.4 D4

State diagrams with tikZ:

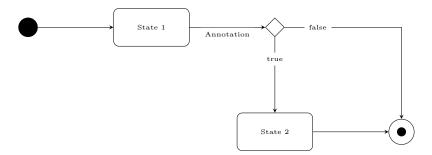


Figure 2.1: Zustandsdiagramm Person 1

# 3 Implementation & Testing

- 3.1 I
- 3.2 T1
- 3.3 T2
- 3.4 T3

## 4 Glossary

Table 4.1: Glossary

Name	Type	Description	Source
A	Турс	Bescription	Bource
addBooking	phenomenon	the machine adds a new booking	CD
	phonomon	to the bookings database	02
addBooking	message	contains a showing ID and seats	SD R5
addCustomerAccount	phenomenon	the machine adds a new cus-	CD
		tomer to the customer accounts	
		database	
addCustomerAccount	message	contains an e-mail address and a	SD R1
		password	
addShowing	phenomenon	the machine adds a new show-	CD
		ing to the customer accounts	
		database	
APIProvided	class	a class containing various aux-	Class Model
		iliary functions provided by the	
	1 11	runtime environment	C1 M 1 1
api	class call name	an instance of the APIProvided	Class Model
AnashaTamaat	connection domain	class An Open Source JSP and	TCD
ApacheTomcat	connection domain	An Open Source JSP and Servlet Container from the	TCD
		Apache Foundation.	
В		Apache Foundation.	
Booking	lexical domain, de-	a database containing the book-	CD
Booming	signed domain	ings made by customers	CB
Booking	object	the database containing all book-	SD R5
		ings	
Booking	class	a record representing a booking	Class Model
		of a seat for a showing	
BookingExists	state predicate	given booking exists within the	SD R5
		Booking database	
bookingFailed	phenomenon	the machine notifies the webpage	PD R5
		that a booking has failed	
bookingFailed	message	informs the WebpageBookTick-	SD R5
		ets that the booking failed	
bookingFailed()	method	displays a notification to the cus-	Class Model
1 1: 17:1 1N ::0 ::	1	tomer that the booking failed	DD Dr
bookingFailedNotification	phenomenon	the webpage displays a notifica-	PD R5
		tion to the customer that a book-	
bookingFailedNotification	mossago	ing has failed informs the user that the book-	SD R5
bookingranedivolineation	message	ing failed	വെ വര
		1118 101100	

Table 4.1: Glossary

Name	Type	Description	Source
bookingIsValid	guard	showing with ID contained in re-	SD R5
0	O	quest exists and starts in more	
		than 15 minutes and the seats	
		contained in the request exist in	
		the showing's hall and are not al-	
		ready booked	
bookings	phenomenon	the bookings database provides	CD
9	•	the bookings data to the machine	
bookings	class call name	the database of bookings	Class Model
bookings	message	all bookings in the Booking	PD R5
	0	database	
bookingSuccess	phenomenon	the machine notifies the webpage	PD R5
G	•	that a booking has succeeded	
bookingSuccess	message	informs the WebpageBookTick-	SD R5
G	0	ets that the booking was success-	
		ful	
bookingSuccess()	method	displays a notification to the	Class Model
9 ()		customer that the booking suc-	
		ceeded	
bookingSuccessNotification	phenomenon	the webpage displays a notifica-	PD R5
	•	tion to the customer that a book-	
		ing has succeeded	
bookingSuccessNotification	message	informs the Customer that the	SD R5
	0	booking was successful	
bookTickets	phenomenon	a customer books tickets for a	CD
		showing	
C			I.
cBrowse	phenomenon	a customer browses available	CD
		showings	
checkStarted	found message	a prompt for the	SD R7
		UDEK_ArchiveShowings ma-	
		chine to mark all showings which	
		have already started and are not	
		marked as archived, as archived	
checkStarted()	methods	archives all showings that start	Class Model
		in 15 minutes or less (or already	
		have started)	
cLogin	phenomenon	a user attempts to log into a cus-	CD
		tomer account	
cLogout	phenomenon	a customer attempts to log out	CD
column	attribute	the column of the booked seat	Class Model
column	parameter	the column of the seat that is to	Class Model
		be booked	
columns	attribute	the number of columns of seats	Class Model
		the cinema hall contains	
cRegister	phenomenon	a user attempts to create cus-	CD
		tomer account on UDEKino	
			O.D.
cShowWebsite	phenomenon	the machine shows a website to	CD

Table 4.1: Glossary

Name	Type	: Glossary  Description	Source
currentDateTime()	auxiliary function	returns the current time in unix	Class Model
V	Ť	epoch time	
Customer	biddable domain	a customer of UDEKino; a user	CD. TCD
		who has logged into a customer	
		account	
Customer	actor	a customer who wishes to book	SD R5
		tickets	
customer	attribute	the e-mail address of the cus-	Class Model
		tomer who made the booking	
customer	attribute	the e-mail of the session's cus-	Class Model
		tomer	
CustomerAccountExists	state predicate	the customer account with the	SD R1
		given e-mail address and pass-	
		word exists within the Customer-	
		Account database	
${\it customerAccounts}$	phenomenon	the customerAccounts database	CD
		provides the customerAccounts	
		data to the machine	CD D4
$\operatorname{customerAccounts}$	message	all customer accounts in the Cus-	SD R1
		tomerAccount database	GD.
CustomerAccount	lexical domain, de-	a database containing customer	CD
	signed domain	accounts	C1 3.5 1.1
CustomerAccount	class	a record representing a Customer	Class Model
	class call name	account the database of CustomerAc-	Class Model
customerAccounts	ciass can name		Class Model
CustomerSession	class	an auxiliary class containing	Class Model
Customersession	Class	auxiliary functions and data of a	Class Model
		logged in Customer's session	
CustomerWebBrowser	connection domain	Web browser used by a logged in	TCD
Customer Webbrowser	connection domain	customer, e.g. Mozilla Firefox.	TOD
CustomerAccount	object	the database of customer acc-	SD R1
Castomerricoant	object	counts	SD Iti
D			<u> </u>
displayNotification	phenomenon	the customer's e-mail client dis-	CD
	r	plays a notification e-mail to the	
		customer	
dateTimeSpanFromMinutes	auxiliary function	returns the parameter minutes as	Class Model
(in minutes : Integer)	·	unix epoch time	
doGet	technical phe-	A procedure called by the	TCD
	nomenon	Jakarta Servlet container in	
		which the machine can handle an	
		incoming HTTP GET request.	
		(See forward.)	
doPost	technical phe-	A procedure called by the	TCD
	nomenon	Jakarta Servlet container in	
		which the machine can handle an	
		incoming HTTP POST request.	
		(See forward.)	

Table 4.1: Glossary

Name	Type	Description	Source
duration	attribute	the duration of the movie that is	Class Model
		to be shown	
E			
Email	causal domain, con-	an e-mail service offering to de-	CD
	nection domain	liver e-mails	
eMailUnused	guard	the e-mail contained in the reg-	SD R1
		istration request is not contained	
		in customerAccounts	
executeQuery	technical phe-	A procedure the machine can call	TCD
	nomenon	to query the contents of a SQL	
		database.	
executeUpdate	technical phe-	A procedure the machine can call	TCD
	nomenon	to manipulate a SQL database.	
F			
forward	technical phe-	An assortment of procedures and	TCD
	nomenon	manipulable resources the ma-	
		chine can use to prepare HTTP	
		responses which are then sent by	
		the Jakarta Servlet container.	
forwardNSUBrowse	phenomenon	the website sends a request for a	PD R4 / R8
		list of upcoming showings to the	
		machine	
forwardNSUBrowse()	method	the machine handles the browse	Class Model
4 12777		request	GD D 1 /s
forwardNSUBrowse	message	a request for the machine to	SD R4/8
		send a list of available, i.e., non-	
6 10 1 10	1	archived, showings	DD D*
forwardSubmitBooking	phenomenon	the webpage forwards a request	PD R5
6 10 1 10	() 1 1	to book tickets to the machine	C1 3.5 1.1
forward Submit Registration	method	the machine handles the registra-	Class Model
		tion request: it creates a new ac-	
		count if possible and sends a sta-	
f 10.1 'AD 1'		tus notification to the webpage	SD R5
forward Submit Booking	message	contains the showing ID and the	SD R5
former dCuloreitDe elvir e	mathad	desired seats	Class Model
forward Submit Booking	method	tries to book the given seat for the given showing and informs	Class Model
		the webpage of the success or	
		failure afterwards	
forwardSubmitRegistration	nhenomenon	the webpage forwards a request	PD R1
101 ward Submitting Isti at IOII	Phonomonon	to register a customer account to	110 101
		the machine	
${\color{red} forward Submit Registration}$	message	a request from the WebpageReg-	SD R1
101 ar as as militiog is it allon		isterCustomer to register a new	22 101
		customer account, containing an	
		e-mail address and a password	
G		P 332 32 4	I
get_bookings	message	contains all messages in the	SD R5
		Booking database	
	i		l .

Table 4.1: Glossary

Name	Type	Description	Source
get_customerAccounts	message	returns all customer accounts in	SD R1
		the CustomerAccount database	
get_halls	message	returns all halls in the Hall	SD R5
		database	
get_showings	message	returns all showings in the Show-	SD R5, 4/8, 7
		ing database	
gui	technical phe-	The web browser renders a web-	TCD
	nomenon	page.	
H			
Hall	object	the database containing the cin-	SD R5
	v	ema halls	
Hall	class	a record representing a cinema	Class Model
		hall	
hallNumber	attribute	the number of the hall the show-	Class Model
		ing will take place in	
halls	phenomenon	the halls database provides the	CD
		halls data to the machine	
halls	message	all halls in the Hall database	SD R5
halls	class call name	the database of cinema halls	Class Model
Hall	lexical domain	a database containing the cinema	CD
		halls, provided by the cinema op-	
		erator	
http	technical phe-	The Hypertext Transfer Proto-	TCD
	nomenon	col. A client-server protocol for	
		requesting and providing data,	
		like webpages, over the internet.	
I			
id	attribute	the unique id of the showing	Class Model
id	attribute	the unique ID of the booking	Class Model
imap	technical phe-	Internet Message Access Proto-	TCD
	nomenon	col	
isArchived	attribute	indicates whether the showing is	Class Model
		archived	
J			
K			T
<b>-</b>			
L	11.0	T.C. 1. C.	T - C
LC_User	life-cycle	Life-cycle for one user	LC
LC_Customer	life-cycle	Life-cycle for one logged in cus-	LC
7.037.0.05	110	tomer	
LC_NonStaffUser	life-cycle	Life-cycle for one user who is not	LC
I O HDELY	1:0	logged in as staff	T.C.
LC_UDEKino	life-cycle	Combined life-cycle (all users,	LC
		customers and internal opera-	
7. /r		tions)	
MailCliant	1	41- C4 2 T2 M -1 1 4	TOD
MailClient	connection domain	the Customer's E-Mail client	TCD
MailServerCustomer MailServerCustomer	connection domain	the customer's E-Mail server	TCD
MailServerUDEK	connection domain	the system's E-Mail server	TCD

Table 4.1: Glossary

Name	Type	Description	Source
minutes	parameter	the minutes to be converted to	Class Model
		unix epoch time	
modifyShowing	phenomenon	the machine modifies a showing	CD
v		in the showings database	
N			
NonStaffUser	biddable domain	either of Customer or User	PD R4 / R8
NonStaffUser	actor	a user who is not logged in as	SD R4/8
		staff and wishes to browse avail-	,
		able showings	
notifyCustomer	phenomenon	the machine notifies the cus-	CD
		tomer via e-mail	
nsuBrowse	phenomenon	either of cBrowse or uBrowse	PD R4 / R8
nsuBrowse	message	a request for the WebpageNon-	SD R4/8
		StaffUserBrowse to display avail-	,
		able showings	
nsuBrowse()	method	the user requests a list of avail-	Class Model
V		able showings on the webpage	
nsuShowings	phenomenon	the machine sends a list of up-	PD R4 / R8
0		coming showings to be displayed	,
		by the website	
nsuShowings	message	contains available, i.e., non-	SD R4/8
		archived, showings	,
nsuShowings()	method	the machine sends a set of avail-	Class Model
9 (/		able showings to the webpage	
nsuShowShowings	phenomenon	the website displays a list of up-	PD R4 / R8
<u> </u>		coming showings to the user	,
nsuShowShowings	message	a rendition of available, i.e., non-	SD R4/8
		archived, showings	,
0	I	-	I
P		I	
pop3	technical phe-	Post Office Protocol - Version 3	
	nomenon		
Q	ı	1	1
R	ı	1	ı
registrationFailed	phenomenon	the machine notifies the webpage	PD R1
~	-	that the registration has failed	
registrationFailed	message	informs the WebpageRegister-	SD R1
		Customer that account creation	
		has failed	
registrationFailed()	method	the webpage is notified that the	Class Model
· ·		registration was successful	
registrationFailedNotification	nphenomenon	the webpage displays a to the	PD R1
	•	user that the registration has	
		failed	
registrationFailedNotification	nmessage	informs the user that account	SD R1
		creation has succeeded	
		crownon non nucceded	

Table 4.1: Glossary

Name	Type	Description	Source
registrationSuccess	phenomenon	the machine notifies the web-	PD R1
		page that the registration has	
		succeeded	
registrationSuccess	message	informs the WebpageRegister-	SD R1
		Customer that account registra-	
		tion has succeeded	
registrationSuccess()	method	the webpage is notified that the	Class Model
		registration was unsuccessful	
registrationSuccessNotifica	iqphenomenon	the webpage displays a notifica-	PD R1
		tion to the user that the registra-	
		tion has succeeded	
registrationSuccessNotifica	iomessage	informs the User that account	SD R1
		creation has succeeded	
removeBooking	phenomenon	the machine removes a booking	CD
		from the bookings database	
removeCustomer	phenomenon	the machine removes a customer	CD
		from the customers database	
removeShowing	phenomenon	the machine removes a showing	CD
		from the showings database	
row	attribute	the row of the booked seat	Class Model
row	parameter	the row of the seat that is to be	Class Model
		booked	
rows	attribute	the number of rows of seats the	Class Model
		cinema hall contains	
result	parameter	the set of available showings	Class Model
S	1	9	
sBrowse	phenomenon	a staff member browses available	CD
		showings	
sCancelShowing	phenomenon	a staff member attempts to can-	CD
<u> </u>		cel a showing	
send	technical phe-	the machine sends an e-mail	TCD
	nomenon		
session	class call name	the request's session	Class Model
setArchived	message	contains the ID of the showing	SD R7
		which is to be marked as archived	
Showing	lexical domain, de-	a database containing the cinema	CD
~	signed domain	showings	
Showing	object	the database containing the	SD R5, 4/8, 7
		showings	
Showing	class	a record representing a showing	Class Model
ShowingHasStarted	guard / state pred-	whether the showing in question	SD R7
	icate	has already started, i.e., its start-	
		ing date and time lies in the past	
showingID	attribute	the ID of the showing of the	Class Model
~		booking	
showingID	parameter	the ID of the showing that is to	Class Model
	_	be booked	
	1		1
ShowingIsArchived	guard / state pred-	whether the showing in question	SD R7

Table 4.1: Glossary

Name	Type	Description	Source
showings	phenomenon	the showings database provides	CD
		the showings data to the machine	
showings	message	contains all showings in the	SD R5, 4/8, 7
		Showing database	
showings	class call name	the database of Showings	Class Model
sLogin	phenomenon	a user attempts to log in as a staff	CD
		member	
sLogout	phenomenon	a staff member attempts to log	CD
		out	
SMTP	technical phe-	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol	TCD
	nomenon		
sShowWebsite	phenomenon	the machine shows a website to	CD
C. C. I	1.11.11.1	the staff member	CD
StaffMember	biddable domain	a member of cinema staff; a user	CD
L LD L TE		who has logged in as staff	C1 N. 1.1
startDateTime	attribute	the date and time the showing	Class Model
		will start at in unix epoch time	DD Dr
submitBooking	phenomenon	the customer selects the tickets	PD R5
		they wish to book and hits the	
		submit button	SD R5
submitBooking	message	contains the showing ID and desired seats	SD Ka
submitBooking(in	method	forwards the booking request to	Class Model
showingID : Integer,	method	the machine	Class Model
in row : Integer, in		the machine	
column : Integer, in			
submitRegistration	phenomenon	the user submits a request to	PD R1
SubminifedBibliation	phenomenon	register a new customer account,	1 10 101
		containing an e-mail address and	
		a password	
submitRegistration	message	a request from the user to regis-	SD R1
		ter a new customer account, con-	
		taining an e-mail address and a	
		password	
submitRegistration(in	method	the method with which the user	Class Model
email: String, in pass-		submits the registration form	
word : String)			
submitShowing	phenomenon	a staff member submits a new	CD
		showing to the machine for entry	
		into the database	
T			
U			
uBrowse	phenomenon	a user browses available showings	CD
UDEKino	machine	the machine to be developed	CD, TCD
UDEK_ArchiveShowings	machine	the sub-machine responsible for	PD R7
		automatically archiving show-	
		ings once they have begun	

Table 4.1: Glossary

Name	Type	: Glossary  Description	Source
UDEK_ArchiveShowings	object	the sub-machine responsible for	SD R7
o D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D		archiving showings which have	52 10
		already started	
UDEK_ArchiveShowings	class	the machine class	Class Model
UDEK_BookTickets	machine	the sub-machine responsible for	PD R5
		customer booking tickets	
UDEK_BookTickets	object	the machine responsible for the	SD R5
	v	booking of tickets	
UDEK_BookTickets	class	the machine class	Class Model
udek_bookTickets	class call name	the machine class intance	Class Model
UDEK_NonStaffUserBrows	e machine	the sub-machine responsible for	PD R4 / R8
		registered and non-registered	,
		customers browsing upcoming	
		showings	
UDEK_NonStaffUserBrows		the machine class	Class Model
udek_NonStaffUserBrowse	class call name	the instance of the machine class	Class Model
		the webpage belongs to	
UDEK_RegisterCustomer	machine	the sub-machine responsible for	PD R1
		customer account registration	
UDEK_RegisterCustomer	object	the machine responsible for cus-	SD R1
		tomer account registration	
UDEK_RegisterCustomer	class	the machine class	Class Model
udek_registerCustomer	class call name	the instance of the machine class	Class Model
		the webpage belongs to	
User	biddable domain	a user of the application who is	CD, TCD
		not logged in	
UserWebBrowser	connection domain	Web browser used by a user who	TCD
		is not logged in, e.g. Mozilla	
		Firefox.	CD Dee
User	actor	a user of who wishes to register	SD R??
CI TIT I	1	a new customer account	CD
uShowWebsite	phenomenon	the machine shows a website to	CD
37		the user	
V		I	
W			
	connection domain,	a webpage via which a customer	PD R5
WebpageBookTickets	-	can book tickets	LD U9
WebpageBookTickets	designed domain object	the webpage for booking tickets	SD R5
WebpageBookTickets WebpageBookTickets	class	the class of the webpage for the	Class Model
webpagebook rickets	CIASS	booking of tickets	Class Model
webpageBookTickets	class call name	the webpage via which the re-	Class Model
wenhagenook rickets	crass can name	quest was sent	Otass Middel
WebpageNonStaffUserBrow	seconnection domain	a webpage via which a user can	PD R4 / R8
1100pagerionotanoserbrow	designed domain	browse upcoming showings	10101/10
WebpageNonStaffUserBrow		the webpage for NonStaffUsers	SD R4/8
1100pagerionotanoserbrow	parajeco	to browse available showings	55 104/0
WebpageNonStaffUserBrow	sælass	the class representing the web-	Class Model
Webpagerionstaneserbrow	DØ1000	page for browsing showings	Class Middel
		Lego for promping phowings	

Table 4.1: Glossary

Name	Type	Description	Source		
webpageNonStaffUserBrows	eclass call name	the webpage instance whose re-	Class Model		
		quest is currently being handled			
WebpageRegisterCustomer	connection domain,	a webpage via which a user can	PD R1		
	designed domain	register a new customer account			
WebpageRegisterCustomer	object	the webpage for registering a new	SD R1		
		customer account			
WebpageRegisterCustomer	class	the class of the webpage for cus-	Class Model		
		tomer registration			
webpageRegisterCustomer	class call name	the instance of the registration	Class Model		
		webpage class whose request is			
		currently being handled			
X					
Y					
$\mathbf{Z}$	Z				