## Exercise 11d

Find the following indefinite integrals:

1. 
$$\int \sin^2 x \, dx$$

Sol

$$\int \sin^2 x \, dx = \int \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{2} \, dx$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \int dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \cos 2x \, dx$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} x - \frac{1}{4} \sin 2x + C$$

$$2. \ \frac{1}{\sec^2 4x} \, dx$$

Sol

$$\int \frac{1}{\sec^2 4x} dx = \int \cos^2 4x \, dx$$
$$= \int \frac{1 + \cos 8x}{2} \, dx$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \int dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \cos 8x \, dx$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} x + \frac{1}{16} \sin 8x + C$$

$$3. \int \cos^4 x \sin^3 x \, dx$$

Sol.

$$\int \cos^4 x \sin^3 x \, dx = \int \cos^4 x \sin^2 x \sin x \, dx$$

$$= \int \cos^4 x (1 - \cos^2 x) \sin x \, dx \qquad \text{(Let } u = \cos x, \, du = -\sin x \, dx)$$

$$= -\int u^4 (1 - u^2) du$$

$$= -\int (u^4 - u^6) du$$

$$= -\frac{1}{5} u^5 + \frac{1}{7} u^7 + C$$

$$= -\frac{1}{5} \cos^5 x + \frac{1}{7} \cos^7 x + C$$

$$4. \int \cos^2(3x-1) \, dx$$

Sol

$$\int \cos^2(3x - 1) dx = \int \frac{1 + \cos(6x - 2)}{2} dx$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \int dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \cos(6x - 2) dx$$
$$= \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{12} \sin(6x - 2) + C$$

5. 
$$\int \sin^3 \cos^2 x \, dx$$

Sol

$$\int \sin^3 \cos^2 x \, dx = \int \sin^2 \cos^2 x \sin x \, dx$$

$$= \int (1 - \cos^2 x) \cos^2 x \sin x \, dx \qquad \text{(Let } u = \cos x, \, du = -\sin x \, dx)$$

$$= -\int (1 - u^2) u^2 du$$

$$= -\int (u^2 - u^4) du$$

$$= -\frac{1}{3} u^3 + \frac{1}{5} u^5 + C$$

$$= -\frac{1}{3} \cos^3 x + \frac{1}{5} \cos^5 x + C$$

6.  $\int \sin^2 4x \cos 4x \, dx$ 

Sol

$$\int \sin^2 4x \cos 4x \, dx = \int (1 - \cos^2 4x) \cos 4x \, dx$$

$$= \int (\cos 4x - \cos^3 4x) \, dx$$

$$= \int \cos 4x \, dx - \int \cos^3 4x \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \sin 4x - \int \cos^2 4x \cos 4x \, dx + C'$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \sin 4x - \int (1 - \sin^2 4x) \cos 4x \, dx + C' \qquad \text{(Let } u = \sin 4x, \, du = 4 \cos 4x \, dx)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \sin 4x - \frac{1}{4} \int (1 - u^2) du + C'$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \sin 4x - \frac{1}{4} \left( u - \frac{1}{3} u^3 \right) + C'$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \sin 4x - \frac{1}{4} \sin 4x + \frac{1}{12} \sin^3 4x + C'$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} \sin^3 4x + C$$

7. 
$$\int \sin^3 \frac{x}{2} \, dx$$

Sol

$$\int \sin^3 \frac{x}{2} \, dx = \int \sin^2 \frac{x}{2} \sin \frac{x}{2} \, dx$$

$$= \int (1 - \cos^2 \frac{x}{2}) \sin \frac{x}{2} \, dx \qquad \text{(Let } u = \cos \frac{x}{2}, \, du = -\frac{1}{2} \sin \frac{x}{2} \, dx\text{)}$$

$$= -2 \int (1 - u^2) du$$

$$= 2 \int (u^2 - 1) du$$

$$= 2 \left(\frac{1}{3}u^3 - u\right) + C$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} \cos^3 \frac{x}{2} - 2 \cos \frac{x}{2} + C$$

8. 
$$\int \cos^3 x \, dx$$

Sol

$$\int \cos^3 x \, dx = \int \cos^2 x \cos x \, dx$$

$$= \int (1 - \sin^2 x) \cos x \, dx \qquad \text{(Let } u = \sin x, \, du = \cos x \, dx\text{)}$$

$$= \int (1 - u^2) du$$

$$= u - \frac{1}{3}u^3 + C$$

$$= \sin x - \frac{1}{3}\sin^3 x + C$$

9. 
$$\int 2x \sin^3 x^2 \, dx$$

Sol

$$\int 2x \sin^3 x^2 \, dx = \int 2x \sin^2 x^2 \sin x^2 \, dx$$

$$= \int 2x (1 - \cos^2 x^2) \sin x^2 \, dx \qquad \text{(Let } u = \cos x^2, \, du = -2x \sin x^2 \, dx)$$

$$= -\int (1 - u^2) du$$

$$= \int (u^2 - 1) du$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} u^3 - u + C$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 x^2 - \cos x^2 + C$$

10. 
$$\int \cos^4 x \, dx$$

Sol

$$\int \cos^4 x \, dx = \int \left(\frac{1 + \cos 2x}{2}\right)^2 \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \int (1 + 2\cos 2x + \cos^2 2x) \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \int dx + \frac{1}{2} \int \cos 2x \, dx + \frac{1}{4} \int \cos^2 2x \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} x + \frac{1}{4} \sin 2x + \frac{1}{8} \int (1 + \cos 4x) \, dx$$

$$= \frac{3}{8} x + \frac{1}{4} \sin 2x + \frac{1}{32} \sin 4x + C$$

$$11. \int (2-\sin x)^2 \, dx$$

Sol.

$$\int (2 - \sin x)^2 dx = \int (4 - 4\sin x + \sin^2 x) dx$$

$$= \int 4 dx - \int 4 \sin x dx + \int \sin^2 x dx$$

$$= 4x + 4\cos x + \frac{1}{2} \int (1 - \cos 2x) dx$$

$$= \frac{9}{2}x + 4\cos x - \frac{1}{4}\sin 2x + C$$

$$12. \int \sin^2 \frac{x}{2} \cos^2 \frac{x}{2} \, dx$$

Sol.

$$\int \sin^2 \frac{x}{2} \cos^2 \frac{x}{2} dx = \int \left(\sin \frac{x}{2} \cos \frac{x}{2}\right)^2 dx$$
$$= \frac{1}{4} \int \sin^2 x dx$$
$$= \frac{1}{8} \int (1 - \cos 2x) dx$$
$$= \frac{1}{8} x - \frac{1}{16} \sin 2x + C$$

$$13. \int \sin^4 ax \, dx$$

Sol.

$$\int \sin^4 ax \, dx = \int \left(\frac{1 - \cos 2ax}{2}\right)^2 \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \int (1 - 2\cos 2ax + \cos^2 2ax) \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \int dx - \frac{1}{2} \int \cos 2ax \, dx + \frac{1}{4} \int \cos^2 2ax \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} x - \frac{1}{4a} \sin 2ax + \frac{1}{8} \int (1 + \cos 4ax) \, dx$$

$$= \frac{3}{8} x - \frac{1}{4a} \sin 2ax + \frac{1}{32a} \sin 4ax + C$$