

# Calculus

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# Chapter 1

## Limits

### 1.1 Arithmetic Properties of Limits

If  $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x) = A$ ,  $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} g(x) = B$ , then:

(a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} (f(x) \pm g(x)) = \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x) \pm \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} g(x) = A \pm B$

(b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} (f(x) \cdot g(x)) = \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x) \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} g(x) = A \cdot B$

(c)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} \left[ \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \right] = \frac{\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x)}{\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} g(x)} = \frac{A}{B}, (B \neq 0)$

(d) If  $k$  is a constant, then  $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} k = k$

(e) If  $k$  is a constant, then  $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} k \cdot f(x) = k \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x) = kA$

(f) If  $n \in \mathbb{R}$ , and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x) > 0$ , then  $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} [f(x)]^n = \left[ \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x) \right]^n = A^n$

(g) If  $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x) = 0$ , then  $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} \frac{1}{f(x)} = \infty$

### Squeeze Theorem or Sandwich Rule

Near point  $x_0$ ,

If  $f(x) \leq g(x) \leq h(x)$

and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} h(x) = A$ ,

then  $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} g(x) = A$ .

1.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} 3x$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} 3x &= 3 \cdot 3 \\ &= 9 \quad \square \end{aligned}$$

2.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} (x^2 + 4x)$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} (x^2 + 4x) &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} x^2 + \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} 4x \\ &= (-1)^2 + 4(-1) \\ &= 1 - 4 \\ &= -3 \quad \square \end{aligned}$$

3.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (9 - x^2)$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} (9 - x^2) &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} 9 - \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} x^2 \\ &= 9 - 3^2 \\ &= 9 - 9 \\ &= 0 \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

4.  $\lim_{n \rightarrow -2} (x^2 - 2x + 1)$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{n \rightarrow -2} (x^2 - 2x + 1) &= \lim_{n \rightarrow -2} (x - 1)^2 \\ &= (-3)^2 \\ &= 9 \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

5.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -4} x^2(x + 2)$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow -4} x^2(x + 2) &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -4} x^2 \lim_{x \rightarrow -4} (x + 2) \\ &= (-4)^2 \cdot (-4 + 2) \\ &= 16 \cdot (-2) \\ &= -32 \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

6.  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 2} (h^2 - 4h + 4)$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{h \rightarrow 2} (h^2 - 4h + 4) &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 2} (h - 2)^2 \\ &= (2 - 2)^2 \\ &= 0 \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

7.  $\lim_{a \rightarrow -1} (a + 3)(a - 4)$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{a \rightarrow -1} (a + 3)(a - 4) &= \lim_{a \rightarrow -1} (a + 3) \lim_{a \rightarrow -1} (a - 4) \\ &= (-1 + 3) \cdot (-1 - 4) \\ &= 2 \cdot -5 \\ &= -10 \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

8.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 - 5}{x + 2}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 - 5}{x + 2} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 - 5}{x + 2} \\ &= \frac{3^2 - 5}{3 + 2} \\ &= \frac{4}{5} \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

9.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{(x+5)(x+3)}{x+3}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{(x+5)(x+3)}{x+3} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{(x+5)(x+3)}{x+3} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -3} (x+5) \\ &= -3 + 5 \\ &= 2 \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

10.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 + 5x}{x}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 + 5x}{x} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 + 5x}{x} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x(x+5)}{x} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (x+5) \\ &= 0 + 5 \\ &= 5 \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

11.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x^3 + 8}{x + 2}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x^3 + 8}{x + 2} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{(x+2)(x^2 - x + 4)}{x + 2} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} (x^2 - x + 4) \\ &= (-2)^2 - (-2) + 4 \\ &= 10 \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

12.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x^2 - 5x + 6}{x - 3}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x^2 - 5x + 6}{x - 3} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{(x-3)(x-2)}{x - 3} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} (x - 2) \\ &= 4 - 2 \\ &= 2 \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

13.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{3x}{x+2}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{3x}{x+2} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{3x}{x+2} \\ &= \frac{3(3)}{3+2} \\ &= \frac{9}{5} \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

14.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{x-5}{2x^2-9x-5}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{x-5}{2x^2-9x-5} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{x-5}{(2x+1)(x-5)} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 5} \frac{1}{2x+1} \\ &= \frac{1}{2(5)+1} \\ &= \frac{1}{11} \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

15.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x-1}{x^2+x-2}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x-1}{x^2+x-2} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x-1}{(x-1)(x+2)} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1}{x+2} \\ &= \frac{1}{1+2} \\ &= \frac{1}{3} \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

16.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x-1}{x^2+x-2}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x-1}{x^2+x-2} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x-1}{(x-1)(x+2)} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{1}{x+2} \\ &= \frac{1}{4+2} \\ &= \frac{1}{6} \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

17.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x-2}{x^2-4}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x-2}{x^2-4} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x-2}{(x+2)(x-2)} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{1}{x+2} \\ &= \infty \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

18.  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x^2h+3h}{h}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x^2h+3h}{h} &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h(2x^2+3)}{h} \\ &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (2x^2+3) \\ &= 2x^2+3 \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

19.  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(2+h)^2-4}{h}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(2+h)^2-4}{h} &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{[(2+h)+2][(2+h)-2]}{h} \\ &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(4+h)h}{h} \\ &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (4+h) \\ &= 4+0 \\ &= 4 \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

20.  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1+h)^3-1}{h}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1+h)^3-1}{h} &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{[(1+h)-1][(1+h)^2+(1+h)+1]}{h} \\ &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h(1+2h+h^2+1+h+1)}{h} \\ &= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} (h^2+3h+3) \\ &= (0)^2+3(0)+3 \\ &= 3 \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

21.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} 2x(x^2-4)$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} 2x(x^2-4) &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} 2x(x^2-4) \\ &= -2(-1)^2[(-1)^2-4] \\ &= -2(-3) \\ &= 6 \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

22.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2+2}{x+1}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2+2}{x+1} &= \frac{3^2+2}{3+1} \\ &= \frac{11}{4} \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

23.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (x^2-3x+5)$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (x^2-3x+5) &= 2^2-3(2)+5 \\ &= 3 \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

24.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2x^2+1}{3x^2+4x-1}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2x^2+1}{3x^2+4x-1} &= \frac{2(1)^2+1}{3(1)^2+4(1)-1} \\ &= \frac{3}{6} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

25.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2-5x+6}{x^2-9}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2-5x+6}{x^2-9} &= \frac{(x-3)(x-2)}{(x+3)(x-3)} \\ &= \frac{x-2}{x+3} \\ &= \frac{1-2}{1+3} \\ &= -\frac{1}{4} \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

26.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^3+1}{x+1}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^3+1}{x+1} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{(x+1)(x^2-x+1)}{x+1} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} (x^2-x+1) \\ &= (-1)^2 - (-1) + 1 \\ &= 3 \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

27.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3-1}{x-1}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3-1}{x-1} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x-1)(x^2+x+1)}{x-1} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (x^2+x+1) \\ &= 1^2 + 1 + 1 \\ &= 3 \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

28.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x^3+3x^2}{x^3}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2x^3+3x^2}{x^3} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{2x^3}{x^3} + \frac{3x^2}{x^3} \right) \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( 2 + \frac{3}{x} \right) \\ &= 2 \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

29.  $\lim_{k \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x-k)^2-2kx^3}{x(x+k)}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{k \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x-k)^2-2kx^3}{x(x+k)} &= \frac{(x-0)^2-2(0)(x^3)}{x(x+0)} \\ &= \frac{x^2}{x^2} \\ &= 1 \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

30.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2-2x+5}{x^2+7}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2-2x+5}{x^2+7} &= \frac{(1)^2-2(1)+5}{(1)^2+7} \\ &= \frac{4}{8} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

31.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x^4-16}{x^3-2}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x^4-16}{x^3-2} &= \frac{(-2)^4-16}{(-2)^3-2} \\ &= \frac{16-16}{-8-2} \\ &= \frac{0}{-10} \\ &= 0 \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

32.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x-1}{x^2-1}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x-1}{x^2-1} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x-1}{(x-1)(x+1)} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1}{x+1} \\ &= \frac{1}{1+1} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

33.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+x}-1}{x}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+x}-1}{x} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(\sqrt{1+x}-1)(\sqrt{1+x}+1)}{x(\sqrt{1+x}+1)} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1+x-1}{x(\sqrt{1+x}+1)} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{x(\sqrt{1+x}+1)} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x}+1} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+0}+1} \\ &= \frac{1}{2}\end{aligned}$$

34.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2+4}{x^2+1}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2+4}{x^2+1} &= \frac{(2)^2+4}{(2)^2+1} \\ &= \frac{8}{5}\end{aligned}$$

35.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2+3x+2}{x^2+2}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2+3x+2}{x^2+2} &= \frac{(0)^2+3(0)+2}{(0)^2+2} \\ &= \frac{2}{2} \\ &= 1 \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

36.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2-2x+1}{x^2-1}$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2-2x+1}{x^2-1} &= \frac{(x-1)^2}{(x-1)(x+1)} \\ &= \frac{x-1}{x+1} \\ &= \frac{1-1}{1+1} \\ &= 0 \quad \square\end{aligned}$$

$$a^n - b^n = (a - b)(a^{n-1} + a^{n-2}b + \cdots + ab^{n-2} + b^{n-1})$$

**Proof.**

$$\begin{aligned} (a - b)(a^{n-1} + a^{n-2}b + \cdots + ab^{n-2} + b^{n-1}) &= (a - b) \left( \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} a^{n-k-1} b^k \right) \\ &= a \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} a^{n-k-1} b^k - b \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} a^{n-k-1} b^k \\ &= \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} a^{n-k} b^k - \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} a^{n-k-1} b^{k+1} \\ &= a^n + \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} a^{n-k} b^k - \sum_{l=0}^{n-2} a^{n-l-1} b^{l+1} - b^n \\ &= a^n + \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} a^{n-k} b^k - \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} a^{n-k} b^k - b^n \quad (l = k - 1) \\ &= a^n - b^n \quad \square \end{aligned}$$

$$37. \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{x^n - a^n}{x - a} \quad (n \in \mathbb{N})$$

**Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{x^n - a^n}{x - a} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{(x - a)(x^{n-1} + x^{n-2}a + \cdots + xa^{n-2} + a^{n-1})}{(x - a)} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow a} (x^{n-1} + x^{n-2}a + \cdots + xa^{n-2} + a^{n-1}) \\ &= a^{n-1} + a^{n-2}a + \cdots + a^{n-2}a + a^{n-1} \\ &= a^{n-1} + a^{n-1} + \cdots + a^{n-1} \\ &= na^{n-1} \quad \square \end{aligned}$$

$$38. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (3x^2 - 6x + 5)$$

$$39. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2x^2 - 1}{3x^3 - 6x^2 + 5}$$

$$40. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 - 4x + 3}$$

$$41. \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^2 - 5x + 6}{7x^2 - 22x + 3}$$

$$42. \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x^3 - 2x^2 - 2x + 4}{x^3 + x^2 - 10x + 8}$$

$$43. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^4 + 2x^2 - 3}{x^2 - 3x + 2}$$

$$44. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1 - \sqrt[4]{x}}{1 - \sqrt[3]{x}}$$

$$45. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt[n]{1+x} - 1}{x} \quad (n \in \mathbb{W})$$

$$46. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2 - \sqrt{x+3}}{x^2 - 1}$$

$$47. \lim_{x \rightarrow 16} \frac{\sqrt[4]{x} - 2}{\sqrt{x} - 4}$$

$$48. \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (x^2 + 3x - 1)$$

$$49. \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^2 + 2}{x^2 + x + 3}$$

$$50. \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^3 + 1}{x^2 - 1}$$

$$51. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^5 - x^4}{x^3 - x}$$

$$52. \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{x^2 + ax - 2a^2}{x^2 - a^2}, a \neq 0$$

$$53. \lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{\sqrt{3x-a} - \sqrt{x+a}}{x-a}$$

$$54. \text{ Given that } f(x) = x^2 - 3x, \text{ find } \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

$$55. \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \sqrt{2x^2 + 1}$$

$$56. \lim_{x \rightarrow 7} \frac{x^2 \sqrt{x+2}}{x^2 + 14}$$

$$57. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{3x+4} - 2}{x}$$

$$58. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$59. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1}{x-1}$$

$$60. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{4x-3}{x^2-5x+4}$$

$$61. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x^3 - 4x^2 + 2}{7x^3 + 5x^2 - 3}$$

$$62. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} x^2$$

$$63. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x^2 - 2x - 1}{2x^3 - x^2 + 5}$$

$$64. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^2} (1 + 2 + 3 + \cdots + n)$$

$$65. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[ \frac{1+2+3+\cdots+n}{n+2} - \frac{n}{2} \right]$$

$$66. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[ \frac{1}{1 \cdot 2} + \frac{1}{2 \cdot 3} + \cdots + \frac{1}{n(n+1)} \right]$$

$$67. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5x^3+4x^2-6x+2}{8x^3-7x^2+4x-1}$$

$$68. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^4-2x^3+x^2+3}{x^5-x^4+1}$$

$$69. \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3-8x^2+4x-1}{x^2-6x+3}$$

$$70. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt{x^4+1} - x^2)$$