

18. The input to this problem is a set of n gems. Each gem has a value in dollars and is either a ruby or an emerald. Let the sum of the values of the gems be L . The problem is to determine if it is possible to partition of the gems into two parts P and Q , such that each part has the same value, the number of rubies in P is equal to the number of rubies in Q , and the number of emeralds in P is equal to the number of emeralds in Q . Note that a partition means that every gem must be in exactly one of P or Q . Your algorithm should run in time polynomial in $n + L$.

19. The input to this problem consists of an ordered list of n words. The length of the i th word is w_i , that is the i th word takes up w_i spaces. (For simplicity assume that there are no spaces between words.) The goal is to break this ordered list of words into lines, this is called a layout. Note that you can not reorder the words. The length of a line is the sum of the lengths of the words on that line. The ideal line length is L . No line may be longer than L , although it may be shorter. The penalty for having a line of length K is $L - K$. *The total penalty is the **maximum** of the line penalties.* The problem is to find a layout that minimizes the total penalty. Give a polynomial time algorithm for this problem.