Locating Your Home

An In-Depth Analysis on Housing Locations and Prices in Kings County, WA

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Summary

- Business Problem
- Data
- Methods
- Results
- Conclusions

Business Problem

- Real Estate Agency looking to understand the Kings County Housing Market based on location
- Clientele are Washington out-of-state looking for general advice on where to potentially buy a house
- Most are targeting a vacation home



Data

- Kings County, Washington Housing Sales Data between May 2014 -May 2015
 - Price
 - Latitude, Longitude
 - Waterfront
 - View
- National Historical Geographic Information System (NHGIS)
 Census Data
 - Population, Education, Age,
 Income etc

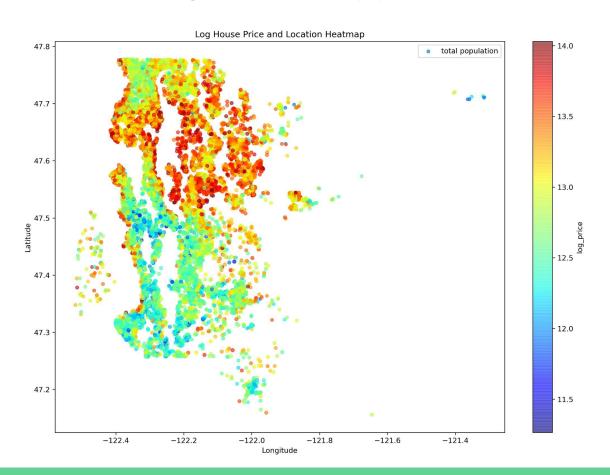




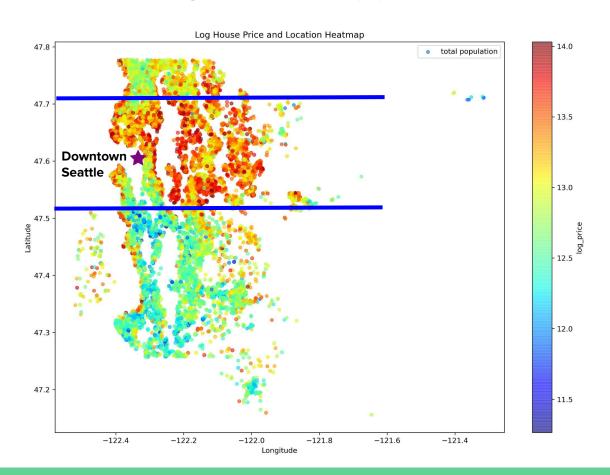
Methods

Prepare & Explore Data			Clean Data		d Model & Check Assumptions		ture Optimization terate on Models
1.	Explore and confirm main tables to use	1. 2.	Examine data quality Observe	1.	Prepare select features for regression	1.	Learn from any errors from first model
2. 3.	Join disparate data sources Data		skewed distributions that may affect	2. 3.	modeling Build our model Conduct due	2.	Optimized the features for the model
S.	exploration!	3.	overall analysis Remove outliers	σ.	diligence that our data is well prepared for model building	3.	Repeat step 3

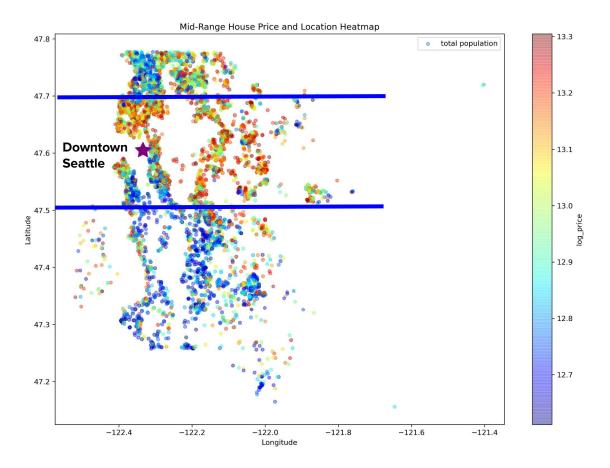
Results - Log House Price(\$) and Location



Results - Log House Price(\$) and Location



Results - Mid-Range House Prices (\$400k-\$600k) and Location



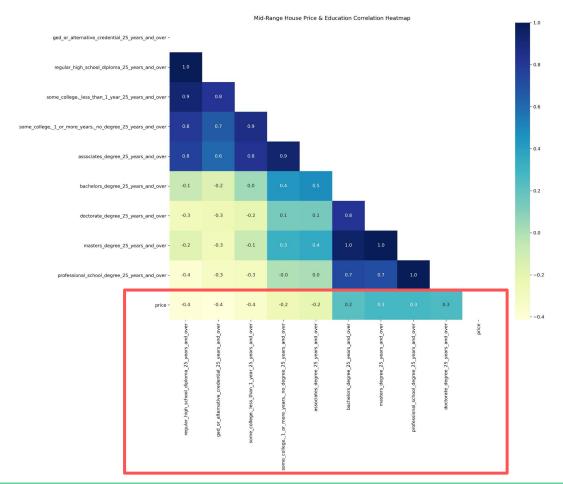
Results - Waterfront and View

~13k Total Houses

Waterfront	% of Houses	
No	99.6%	
Yes	0.03%	

View Rating	% of Houses
О	92.1%
1	1.3%
2	3.9%
3	1.8%
4	0.8%

Results - Education and House Price Correlation Heatmap



Summary of Features

- Distance from Downtown Seattle (km)
- Regional Price Differences shaped by latitude and longitude coordinates
- Whether the property has a waterfront
- A rating (0-4) of how good the view a property has
- Education level demographic

Model Results

 $R^2 = 0.457$

Feature	Coefficient	P-Value
Intercept	4.882 x 10 ⁵	0.000
GED or Alternative 25 Yrs & Older	-259.3984	0.000
Masters Degree 25 Yrs & Older	22.6175	0.000
Waterfront	2.161 x 10 ⁴	0.424
Distance from downtown (km)	-221.0116	0.218
View	8.383 x 10 ⁴	0.000
Price Region	7.041 × 10 ⁴	0.000

Model Results

 $R^2 = 0.447$

Feature	Coefficient	P-Value
Intercept	5.007 x 10 ⁵	0.000
GED or Alternative 25 Yrs & Older	-263.8356	0.000
Masters Degree 25 Yrs & Older	23.2083	0.000
View	8.49 x 10 ⁴	0.000
Price Region	6.591 x 10 ⁴	0.000

Conclusions

- A house without regard to the provided features is expected to have a house price of \$500,700
- The quality of the view can increase the price of a house by \$84,900
- Buying a house within the specified region of 45.5 and 47.7
 latitude can also increase the price of a house by \$65,910

Next Steps

- Experiment with logarithmic and exponential transformations of the provided features to observe any increase in our R²
- View the house price changes over time in regards to changing demographics
 - o GDP
 - Income
 - Supply of Housing
 - Unemployment
 - Age
 - Education

Source: https://core.ac.uk/download/pdf/46712962.pdf

Thank You!

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