### ACIT 3896 Assignment 1

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### **Alpha Sorting Raw Data:**

PS C:\User	s\Owner\Docu	ments\Python-Assig	nment\Assignment-1>	python .\alpha_testing.py
Size	Count	Median	Mean	StDev
16	10	0.087	0.089	0.008
32	10	0.248	0.242	0.017
64	10	0.581	0.608	0.061
128	10	2.132	2.367	0.432
256	10	8.933	8.886	0.994
512	10	37.999	37.183	2.484
1024	10	146.834	146.544	2.225
2048	10	576.744	590.168	44.953
4096	10	2307.242	2310.044	15.395
8192	10	9216.712	9224.905	51.891
16384	10	36751.177	36771.744	95.296
32768	10	142626.022	139134.832	7968.085
65536	10	515280.188	515482.254	1456.489

$x_1$	
16	0.087
32	0.248
64	0.581
128	2.132
256	8.886
512	37.183
1024	146.544
2048	590.168
4096	2310.44
8192	9224.905
16384	36771.744
32768	139134.832
65 536	515482.254

### **Bravo Sorting Raw Data:**

PS C:\Users\Owner\Documents\Python-Assignment\Assignment-1> python .\bravo_testing.py					
Size	Count	Median	Mean	StDev	
16	10	0.05	0.052	0.007	
32	10	0.078	0.078	0.002	
64	10	0.13	0.132	0.004	
128	10	0.232	0.233	0.004	
256	10	0.446	0.47	0.077	
512	10	0.971	1.069	0.218	
1024	10	1.731	1.899	0.308	
2048	10	3.87	3.896	0.635	
4096	10	6.956	7.303	0.768	
8192	10	15.095	14.903	0.783	
16384	10	29.465	29.307	1.189	
32768	10	57.029	56.426	2.904	
65536	10	113.995	115.3	2.589	
131072	10	247.56	261.299	56.183	
262144	10	457.019	456.469	8.924	
524288	10	910.878	912.857	12.026	
1048576	10	1833.585	1831.419	12.173	
2097152	10	3673.008	3676.336	27.889	
4194304	10	7322.595	7290.534	113.085	

$x_1$	
16	0.052
32	0.078
64	0.132
128	0.233
256	0.47
512	1.069
1024	1.899
2048	3.896
4096	7.303
8192	14.903
16384	29.307
32768	56.426
65 536	115.3
131 072	261.299
262144	456.469
524288	912.857
1048576	1831.419
2097152	3676.336
4194304	7290.534

### **Charlie sorting Raw Data:**

PS C:\Users\Ow	ner\Docume	nts\Python-Assignmen	t\Assignment-1> pyth	on .\charlie_testing.py
Size	Count	Median	Mean	StDev
10	10	0.077	0.079	0.007
20	10	0.664	0.663	0.005
30	10	3.29	3.703	0.692
40	10	13.246	12.918	0.916
50	10	36.085	35.901	1.672
60	10	85.669	86.824	5.104
70	10	196.595	195.558	3.606
80	10	396.146	396.304	6.464
90	10	745.25	744.545	9.307
100	10	1335.213	1332.306	10.57
110	10	2282.729	2285.819	20.87
120	10	3762.689	3759.908	20.746
130	10	5985.916	5992.9	22.373
140	10	9286.716	9283.569	45.145
150	10	14109.174	14107.611	41.678
160	10	20784.626	20809.166	98.314
170	10	30212.718	30217.893	105.475
180	10	43117.122	43107.306	103.494
190	10	60592.993	60589.996	140.394
200	10	83981.088	83991.306	175.926

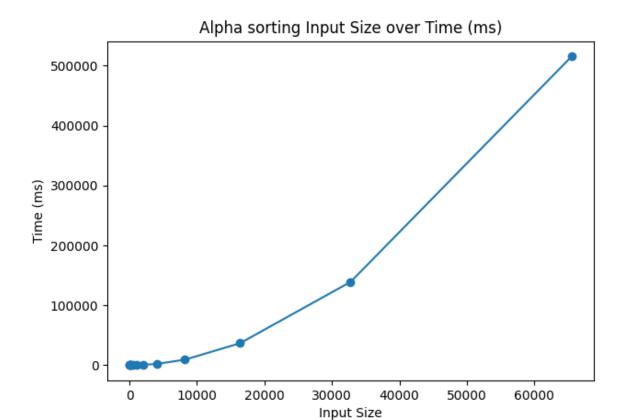
$x_2$	
10	0.079
20	0.663
30	3.703
40	12.918
50	35.901
60	86.824
70	195.558
80	396.304
90	744.545
100	1 332.306
110	2 285.819
120	3759.908
130	5 992.9
140	9 283.569
150	14107.611
160	20809.166
170	30217.893
180	43107.306
190	60589.996
200	83991.306

### **Delta sorting Raw Data:**

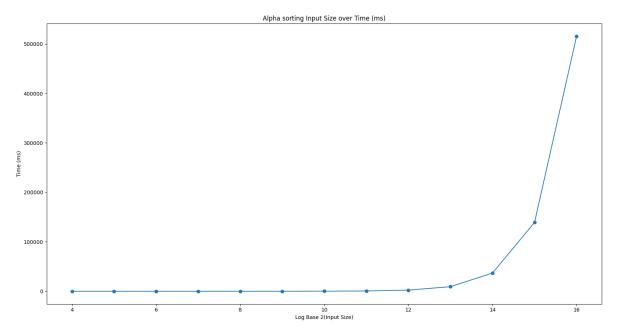
<u>,                                      </u>	<u> </u>				
PS C:\Users\Owner\Documents\Python-Assignment\Assignment-1> python .\delta_testing.py					
Size	Count	Median	Mean	StDev	
2	10	0.013	0.015	0.006	
4	10	0.018	0.019	0.002	
8	10	0.033	0.034	0.003	
16	10	0.1	0.104	0.011	
32	10	0.354	0.382	0.055	
64	10	1.528	1.553	0.216	
128	10	8.643	8.421	1.709	
256	10	40.341	40.934	3.324	
512	10	223.115	223.845	26.074	
1024	10	1294.57	1306.56	54.578	
2048	10	8366.483	8461.372	389.171	
4096	10	61465.688	61462.496	1120.304	
8192	10	461100.872	461133.86	7356.492	

$x_1$	<b>❸</b> y <sub>1</sub>
2	0.015
4	0.019
8	0.034
16	0.104
32	0.382
64	1.553
128	8.421
256	40.934
512	223.845
1024	1306.56
2048	8 461.372
4096	61 462.496
8192	461133.86

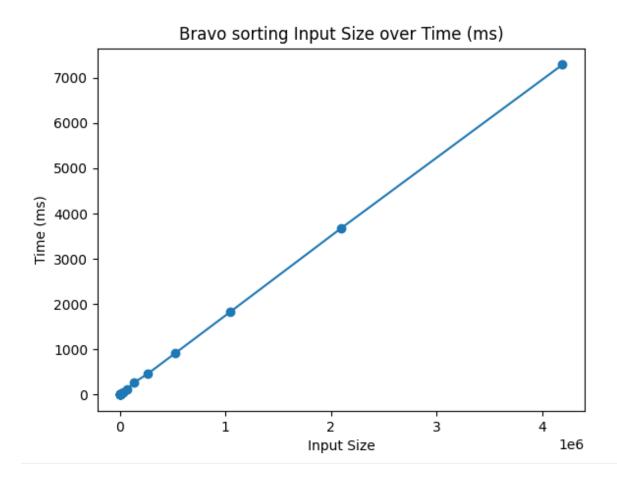
#### Visualization:



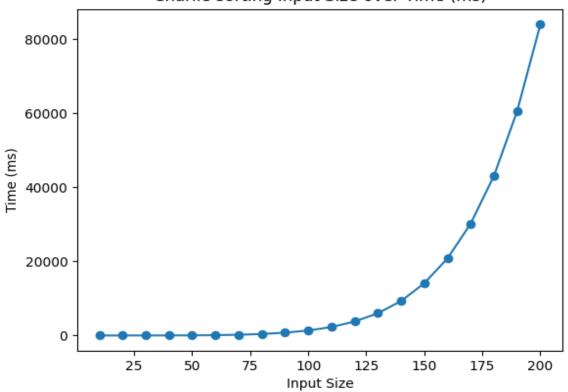
Note: For this first algorithm I attempted to graph the x axis using log base 2(Input Size) however when doing that I ended up with the following graph:



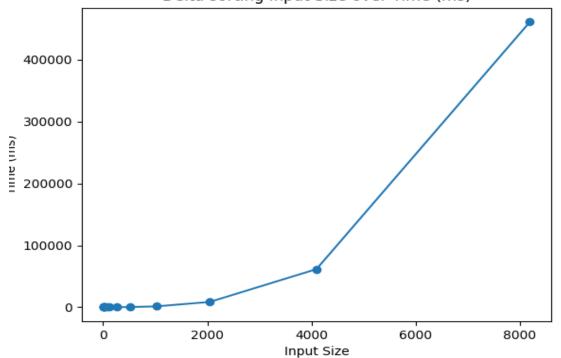
I concluded that this data type wasn't helpful in determining the final mathematical calculation for the slope and was less helpful for visualizing the data. The first graph has more condensed points when at the beginning it gives an estimate of what the slope looks like in between data sizes whereas the second graph doesn't.





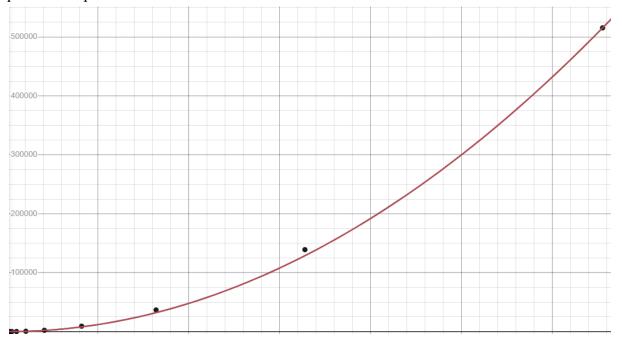


#### Delta sorting Input Size over Time (ms)



#### Alpha Hypothesis and Conjecture:

My hypothesis for the alpha sorting method is: It looks like it takes around 0.00012\*n^2. The proof for my hypothesis can be seen in the following graph which shows the data points compared to a line of 0.00012\*n^2.



The R-squared value for this line is  $R^2 = 0.9995$ . With this data and R-squared value we can be confident that with scaling this value will hold up to a very high accuracy based on our current data. With this taking the conjecture of attempting to find the run time over 48 hours we can reverse plug into our formula having 48 hours = 172800000 milliseconds. With this if we plug  $172800000=0.00012*n^2$  we can rearrange this to be n=sqrt(172800000/0.00012). Solving this equation we get that n=1200000.

#### **Bravo Hypothesis and Conjecture:**

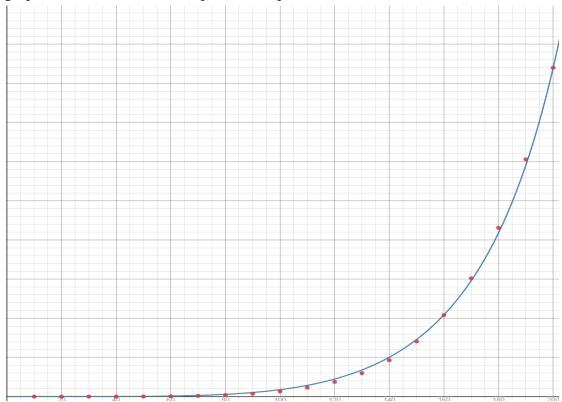
My hypothesis for the bravo sorting method is: It looks to take around 0.001735\*n. The proof for my hypothesis can be seen in the following graph which shows the data points compared to a line of 0.001735\*n.



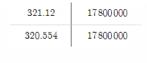
The R-squared value for this line was  $R^2 = 1$ . With this data and the R-squared value we can be extremely confident that this will hold up with larger data points. With this taking the conjecture of attempting to find the run time over 48 hours we can reverse plug into our formula having 48 hours = 172800000 milliseconds. With this if we plug 172800000=0.001735\*n we can rearrange this to be n=172800000/0.001735. Solving this equation we get that n=99596541786.7.

#### **Charlie Hypothesis and Conjecture:**

My hypothesis for the bravo sorting method is: It looks to take around 2^0.075n+0.00000016n^5. The proof for my hypothesis can be seen in the following graph which shows the data points compared to a line of 2^0.075n+0.00000016n^5.



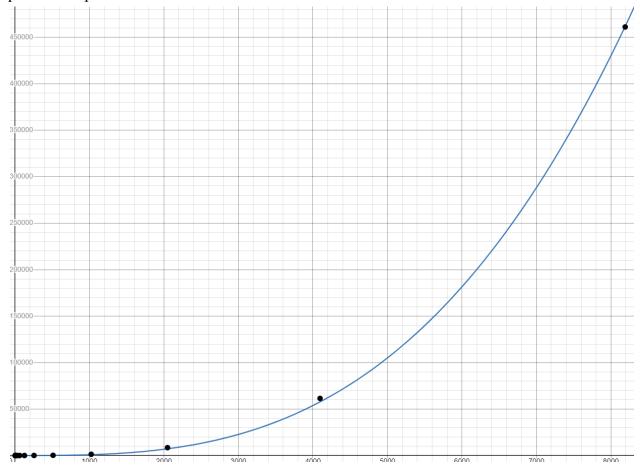
Since this required two variables I wasn't able to calculate the R-squared value for this line. However based on its accuracy to the points I am confident in saying that this will hold up as data gets larger. With this taking the conjecture of attempting to find the run time over 48 hours we can reverse plug into our formula having 48 hours = 172800000 milliseconds. With this if we plug  $172800000=2^{\circ}0.075n+0.00000016n^{\circ}5$  we can rearrange this to be n=log base 2(172800000)/0.075 we can do this because as n approaches a very large number  $n^{\circ}5$  can be discarded as it will not affect the value much. Solving this equation we get that n = 321.138318739. As additional proof that my conjecture is true I plugged in what would be the value given my function and it came to  $\sim 320.5$ .





#### **Delta sorting Hypothesis and Conjecture:**

My hypothesis for the bravo sorting method is: It looks to take around 0.00000084n<sup>3</sup>. The proof for my hypothesis can be seen in the following graph which shows the data points compared to a line of 0.00000084n<sup>3</sup>.



The R-squared value for this line was  $R^2 = 0.9999$ . With this data and the R-squared value we can be extremely confident that this will hold up with larger data points. With this taking the conjecture of attempting to find the run time over 48 hours we can reverse plug into our formula having 48 hours = 172800000 milliseconds. With this if we plug 172800000=0.00000084n<sup>3</sup> we can rearrange this to be n=cuberoot(172800000/0.00000084). Solving this equation we get that n=59032.