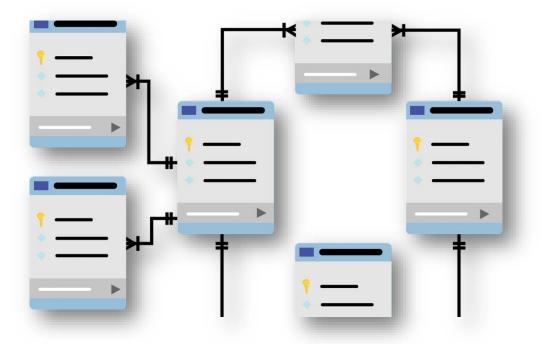
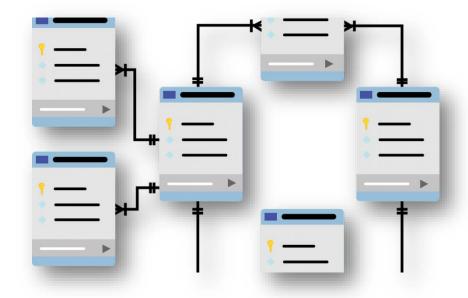


Entity-Relationship-Model



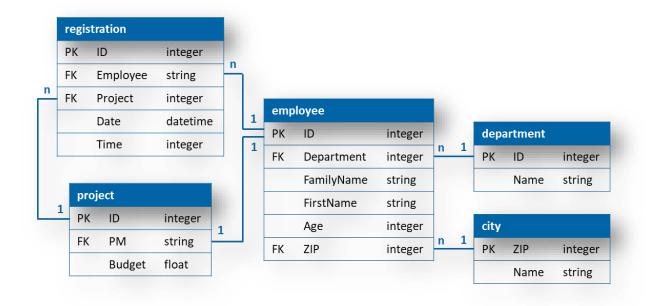


- The Model
- One-to-One
- One-to-Many
- Many-to-Many





- The Model
- One-to-One
- One-to-Many
- Many-to-Many





Tables are not very well suited for an overview of the database architecture

		employee			
ID	Department	FamilyName	FirstName	Age	ZIP
MN0345	1	Smith	John	52	8008
SE2376	2	Johnson	Peter	29	8006
SE8568	2	Winter	Winter Alice		9000
MN3785	1	Jones	Mary	24	3002
MN9448	2	McAlister	Peter	47	3004

amnlovaa

City				
ZIP Name				
3002	Bern			
3004	Bern			
8006	Zürich			
8008	Zürich			
9000	St.Gallen			

city

	8			
ID	Employee	Project	Date	Time
1001	SE2376	P870	2/4/17	8.25
1002	SE2376	P870	2/5/17	9.00
1003	SE2376	P870	2/6/17	7.75
1004	SE8568	P348	2/4/17	10.50
1005	SE8568	P348	2/6/17	9.75

registration

	project	t	depa	rtment
ID	PM	Budget	ID	Name
P870	MN3785	50′000	1	MN
P348	MN0345	120'000	2	SE
P101	MN0345	1′000		

When it comes to architecture, single records are not of interest. It is important what tables exist, what the records of each table look like, and what relationships between records exist.

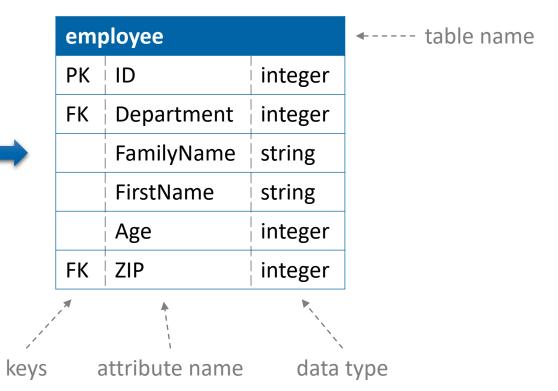


Entities

Each table becomes an entity

employee

ID	Department	FamilyName	FirstName	Age	ZIP
MN0345	1	Smith	Smith John		8008
SE2376	2	Johnson	Johnson Peter		8006
SE8568	2	Winter	Alice	32	9000
MN3785	1	Jones	Jones Mary		3002
MN9448	2	McAlister	Peter	47	3004





Entities

em	plo	yee

ID	Department	FamilyName	FirstName	Age	ZIP
MN0345	1	Smith	Smith John		8008
SE2376	2	Johnson	nnson Peter		8006
SE8568	2	Winter	Alice	32	9000
MN3785	1	Jones	Mary		3002
MN9448	2	McAlister	Peter	47	3004

CI	t	٧

ZIP	Name			
3002	Bern			
3004	Bern			
8006	Zürich			
8008	Zürich			
9000	St.Gallen			
3004 8006 8008	Bern Zürich Zürich			

registration

ID	Employee	Project	Date	Time
1001	SE2376	P870	2/4/17	8.25
1002	SE2376	P870	2/5/17	9.00
1003	SE2376	P870	2/6/17	7.75
1004	SE8568	P348	2/4/17	10.50
1005	SE8568	P348	2/6/17	9.75

	project	t	depa	rtment
ID	PM	Budget	ID	Name
P870	MN3785	50'000	1	MN
P348	MN0345	120'000	2	SE
P101	MN0345	1′000		

	project	ţ	depa	rtment
ID	PM	Budget	ID	Name
P870	MN3785	50'000	1	MN
P348	MN0345	120'000	2	SE
P101	MN0345	1′000		



Entities

employee				
PK	ID integer			
FK	Department	integer		
	FamilyName	string		
	FirstName string			
	Age	integer		
FK	ZIP	integer		

city

PK ZIP

Name

integer

string

registration			
PK	ID	integer	
FK	Employee	string	
FK	Project	integer	
	Date	datetime	
	Time	integer	

project			
PK	l ID	 integer	
FK	PM	string	
	Budget	l float	

department			
PK ID		integer	
	Name	string	



Relationships

Relationships are visualized as connecting lines between entities

em	ployee					
PK	ID	integer	n 1	dep	artment	
FK	Department	integer	11 1	PK	ID	intege
	FamilyName	string			Name	string
	FirstName	string				
	Age	integer				
FK	ZIP	integer				



Relationships

employee			
PK	ID	integer	
FK	Department	 integer	
	FamilyName	string	
	FirstName	string	
	Age	integer	
FK	ZIP	integer	

city		
PK	ZIP	integer
	Name	string

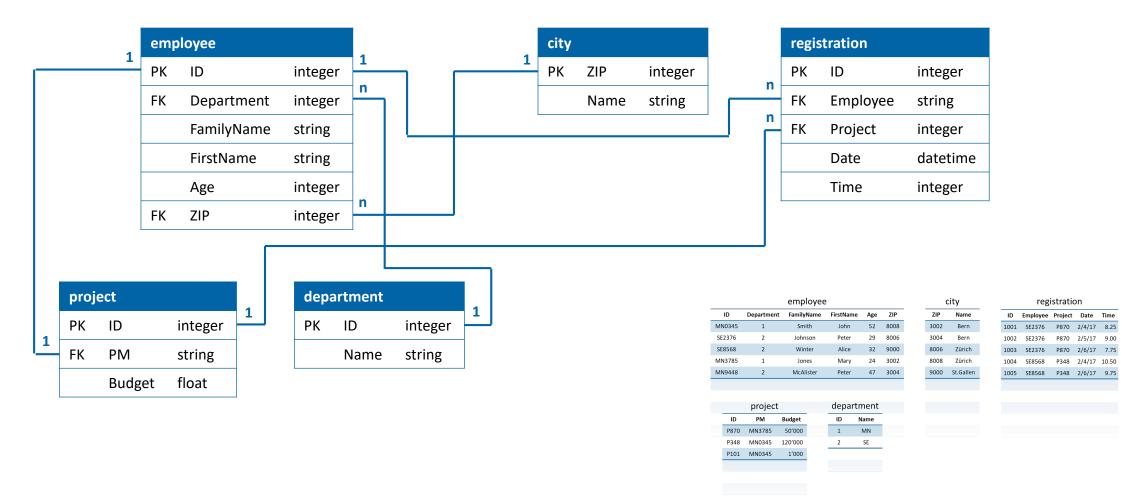
registration			
PK	ID	integer	
FK	Employee	string	
FK	Project	integer	
	Date	datetime	
	Time	integer	

project			
PK	l ID	 integer	
FK	PM	string	
	Budget	l float	

department			
PK ID		integer	
	Name	string	

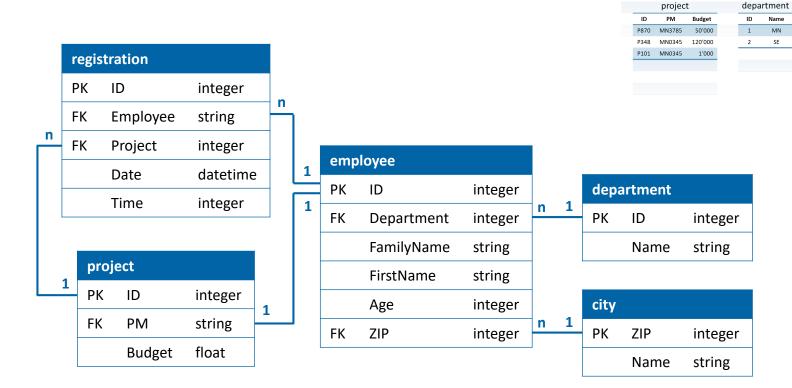


Relationships





Relationships



employee					
ID	Department	FamilyName	FirstName	Age	ZIP
MN0345	1	Smith	John	52	8008
SE2376	2	Johnson	Peter	29	8006
SE8568	2	Winter	Alice	32	9000
MN3785	1	Jones	Mary	24	3002
MN9448	2	McAlister	Peter	47	3004

city			
ZIP	Name		
3002	Bern		
3004	Bern		
8006	Zürich		
8008	Zürich		
9000	St.Gallen		

ID	Employee	Project	Date	Time
1001	SE2376	P870	2/4/17	8.2
1002	SE2376	P870	2/5/17	9.0
1003	SE2376	P870	2/6/17	7.7
1004	SE8568	P348	2/4/17	10.5
1005	SE8568	P348	2/6/17	9.7

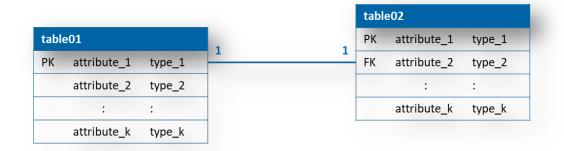
registration

There are three types of relationships:

- One-to-One
- One-to-Many
- Many-to-Many



- The Model
- One-to-One
- One-to-Many
- Many-to-Many

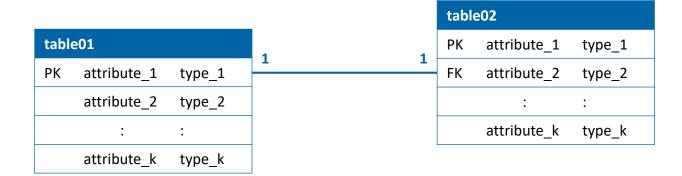




One-to-One

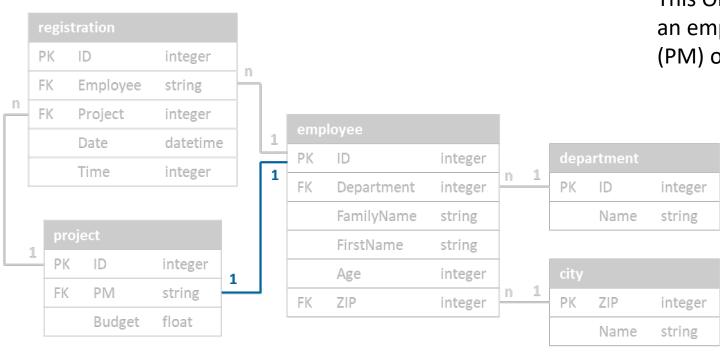
The most simple relationship

The One-to-One relationship describes a connection between two records, which can occur only once. This means the relationship is in both directions limited to a single record.





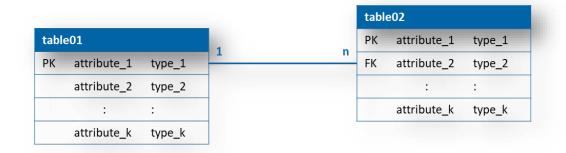
1-to-1



This One-to-One relationship actually means an employee can be the project manager (PM) of only on single project.



- The Model
- One-to-One
- One-to-Many
- Many-to-Many

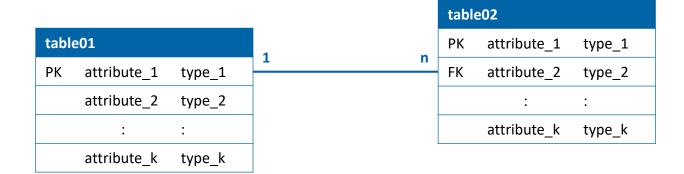




One-to-Many

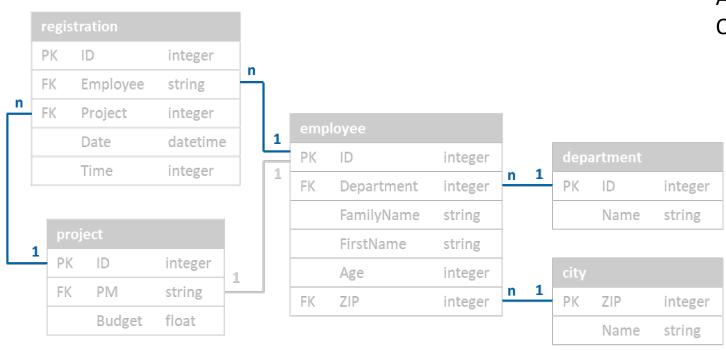
The most common relationship

In a One-to-Many relationship, the record containing the FK as an attribute is linked only to one record of the related table (only one value per attribute is allowed). On the other hand, the record who's PK is used in the other table as a FK can be linked to many records in that table.





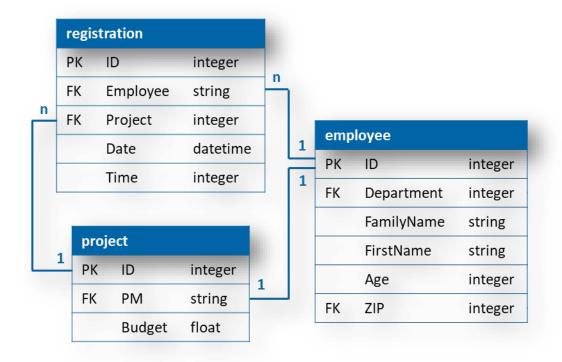
1-to-Many



Almost every look-up works with a One-to-Many relationship.



- The Model
- One-to-One
- One-to-Many
- Many-to-Many

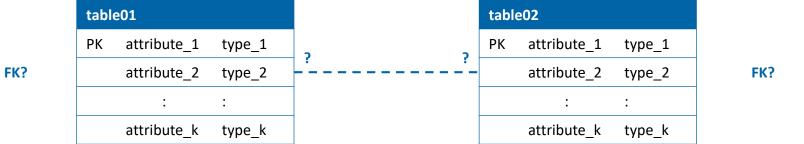




Many-to-Many

The most interesting relationship

Many-to-Many relationships seem to be impossible in a relational database satisfying 1NF (one value per attribute). However, there is a simple but very effective way to establish Many-to-Many relationships in a relational database.

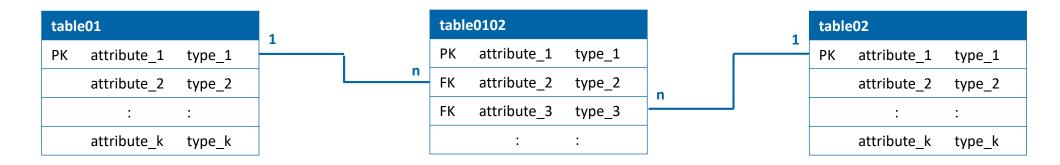




Many-to-Many

The most interesting relationship

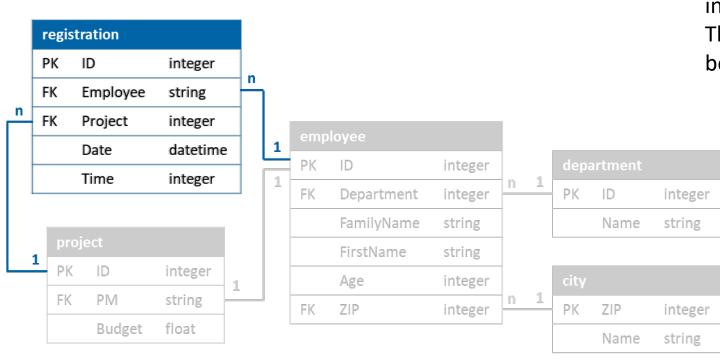




junction table



1-to-Many



Many-to-Many relationships manifest in additional tables.

These so-called junction tables can become very large.