

# Look at the data

Descriptive statistics Summaries of the data

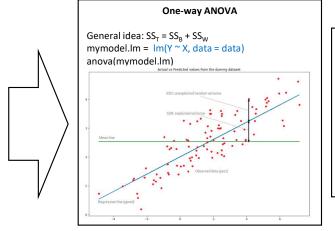
with(data, tappy(count, y, x, length)) with(data, tappy(count, y, x, summary)) with(data, tappy(count, y, x, sd)

#### Plot the data

library(ggplot2)

ggplot(detergent, aes(x=treatment, y=plates))+
geom\_jitter(shape = 4, width = 0.1)

- Y: numerical outcome
- X: categorical explanatory variable
- Z: categorical explanatory variable



# One-way ANOVA with blocking

mymodel = Ime(Y ~ X, random = ~ 1 | block, data = data)

Anova → anova(mymodel, type = «marginal»)

### Visualization of block structure

base = ggplot(InsectSprays, aes(x = spray, y = count)) +
 geom\_point(shape = 1, position = position\_jitter(width = 0.2, height = 0))
g1 = base + facet\_grid(~block)
G1

# Two-way ANOVA with repetitions: interactions

mymodel =  $Ime(Y \sim X*Z, random = ~1 | block, data = data)$ 

Interaction.plot→ with(data, interaction.plot(x, block, y))

Anova → anova(mymodel, type = «marginal»)

Visualization

library(ggplot2)

qplot(density, yield, data = turnip, facets = ~block, shape = gen, size = I(2))

# Split-plot design: hierarchical data

mymodel <- Ime(Y ~ X\*Z, random = ~ 1 | large.block/small.block, data = data)

Interaction.plot  $\rightarrow$  with(data, interaction.plot(x, block, y))

anova(mymodel, type = «marginal»)

Visulization

# **Model diagnostics**

Test the normality assumption:

- Graphical normality checking: qqPlot(resid(mymodel.lm)
- Testing for normality with shapiro-Wilk test: shapiro.test(resid(mymodel.lm)

Test the homoskedasticity assumption:

(do the residuals have equal variances): plot(data.lm, which = 1) Barlett's or Levene's test: leveneTest(y~x, data = data)



#If Data is not normal then 3 options: --> one-way ANOVA which requires normality but not equal variances oneway.test(y~x, data = data)

- # Transformation approach
- # Abandon normal distribution methods --> nonparametric, robust, bootstrap or exact methods
- # Dont care about non-normality --> in most cases not smart

If variances are not equal then 3 options: --> --> one-way ANOVA which requires normality but not equal variances oneway.test(weight~group, data = PlantGrowth)

- Transformation approach
- Use robust methods
- Perform a one-way ANOVA with adjustet degrees of freedom

#### Extract information

summary(mymodel)
fixef()

confint()

coef(mymodel)

ranef() predict()

## Pairwise comparisons

TukeyHSD --> HSD.test(mymodel.lm.lm, "x", group = TRUE, console = TRUE)
Multcomp --> summary(glht(mymodel.lm, mcp(y = "Dunnet")))

emmeans()

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