Wilfrid Laurier University

Assignment 2 Sudoku CSP

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CP468: Artificial Intelligence

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```
7 8 5 | 4 3 9 | 1 2 6
6 1 2 | 8 7 5 | 3 4 9
4 9 3 | 6 2 1 | 5 7 8
8 5 7 | 9 4 3 | 2 6 1
261 | 758 | 934
9 3 4 | 1 6 2 | 7 8 5
5 7 8 | 3 9 4 | 6 1 2
1 2 6 | 5 8 7 | 4 9 3
3 4 9 | 2 1 6 | 8 5 7
Arc Queue Size: 0
SOLVED
a0 - x
a1 - x
a2 - [5]
a3 – x
a4 - [3]
a5 - [9]
a6 - x
a7 – x
a8 - [6]
```

```
TZ
11
10
9
8
7
6
5
4
3
2
1
0
7 8 5 | 4 3 9 | 1 2 6
     | 8 7 5 | 3 4 9
6 1 2
4 9 3
     | 6 2 1 | 5 7 8
8 5 7
     | 9 4 3
              | 2 6 1
2 6 1
                 9 3 4
      7 5 8
9 3 4 | 1 6 2 | 7 8 5
5 7 8
     3 9 4
                 6 1 2
       | 5 8 7
1 2 6
                 4 9 3
```

```
import ast
from func import *
from queue import Queue
File: sudoku.py
Project: AI Project Repo
Purpose:
______
Program Description:
 This program solves a sudoku puzzle giving in the format
 of a 2d array. The program reads the first puzzle from the
 txt file and attempts to solve it.
Group: 14
Email: rusi1550@mylaurier.ca
Version 2022-11-09
#Default Sudoku Board
board = [
   [7, 8, 0, 4, 0, 0, 1, 2, 0],
   [6, 0, 0, 0, 7, 5, 0, 0, 9], [0, 0, 0, 6, 0, 1, 0, 7, 8],
    [0, 0, 7, 0, 4, 0, 2, 6, 0],
    [0, 0, 1, 0, 5, 0, 9, 3, 0],
    [9, 0, 4, 0, 6, 0, 0, 0, 5],
    [0, 7, 0, 3, 0, 0, 0, 1, 2],
    [1, 2, 0, 0, 0, 7, 4, 0, 0],
   [0, 4, 9, 2, 0, 6, 0, 0, 7]
]
with open('/Users/schoolaccount/Documents/GitHub/AI Project Repo/Assignment 2/sudoku.txt') as
f:
   temp = []
   x = f.readlines()
   for lines in x:
       if lines != '\n' and lines[0] != '#':
           w = ast.literal_eval(lines)
           w = [int(x) for x in w]
           temp.append(w)
       else:
           break
   print(print board(temp))
   board = temp
# Variables - All zero's, Constraints - Rules of Game, Domains - All possible scenario's
arc = Queue()
domain = {}
# Populate domain and arc queue
createDomain(board, domain)
#printDomain(domain)
createArcQueue(domain, arc)
AC3(arc, domain, board)
# If the queue is empty the puzzle is solved
if arc.qsize() == 0:
   print board(board)
```

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print("Arc Queue Size: ",arc.qsize())
  print("SOLVED")
else:
    # Finish solving the board
    backtrack(board, 0, 0)
  printDomain(domain)

print_board(board)

print("WAS NOT SOLVED - Backtracking...")

#printArc(arc)
printDomain(domain)
```

```
from copy import deepcopy
from queue import Queue
File: func.py
Project: AI_Project_Repo
Purpose:
Program Description:
 This is a file for our functions. This helps keep the main file
 readable.
Group: 14
Email: rusi1550@mylaurier.ca
Version 2022-11-09
abc = {'a': 0, 'b': 1, 'c': 2, 'd': 3, 'e': 4, 'f': 5, 'g': 6, 'h': 7, 'i': 8}
# Help Print the board
def print board(b):
   for i in range(len(b)):
       if i % 3 == 0 and i != 0:
           print("- - - - - - - - ")
       for j in range(len(b[0])):
           if j % 3 == 0 and j != 0:
               print(" | ", end="")
           if j == 8:
              print(b[i][j])
               print(str(b[i][j]) + " ", end="")
#Create a domain for each empty cell
def createDomain(board, q):
   abc = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'h', 'i']
   for x, letter in zip(board, abc):
       count = 0
       for y in x:
           if y == 0:
               q[f"{letter}{count}] = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
               q[f"{letter}{count}"] = "x"
           count += 1
# This function creates a queue of arcs the are
# required for the sudoku puzzle
def createArcQueue(domain, arc):
   abc = {'a': 0, 'b': 1, 'c':2, 'd':3, 'e':4, 'f':5, 'g':6, 'h':7, 'i':8}
   for i in domain:
        # Check for arcs only in empty squares
       if domain[i] != 'x':
           # Row Consistency
           row = abc[i[0]]
           for x in range(9):
               if x != int(i[1]):
                   arc.put([i, (row, x)])
            # Colum Consistency
            col = int(i[1])
            for y in range(9):
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if y != abc[i[0]]:
                    arc.put([i, (y, col)])
            # Box Consistency
            quadY = abc[i[0]] - abc[i[0]] % 3
            quadX = int(i[1]) - int(i[1]) % 3
            for y in range(3):
                for x in range(3):
                    if (quadX + x) != int(i[1]) or (quadY + y) != abc[i[0]]:
                        arc.put([i, (quadY + y, quadX + x)])
    return
# the AC3 algorithm
def AC3(arc, domain, board):
   B = True
    c = 0
   isTrue = True
    while not arc.empty() and c < 10000 and isTrue:</pre>
        isTrue = revise(arc, domain, board)
        c += 1
    return B
def revise(arc, domain, board):
    B = True
    temp = arc.get()
    # Display the queue size in terminal
   print(arc.qsize())
    # If the cell number is in the domain of the empty cell remove it from
    # it's domain
    if board[temp[1][0]][temp[1][1]] in domain[temp[0]]:
        domain[temp[0]].remove(board[temp[1][0]][temp[1][1]])
    # If the empty cell has a domain of zero that means the board is not solvable
    # and return false
    if len(domain[temp[0]]) == 0:
       B = False
    # If domain is one then the cell is solved
    if len(domain[temp[0]]) == 1:
        s = temp[0]
        board[abc[s[0]]][int(s[1])] = domain[temp[0]][0]
    # If the domain is 2 or more then an arc between the points is still needed
    if len(domain[temp[0]]) >= 2:
        arc.put(temp)
    return B
def backtrack(board, row, col):
    if (row == 8 and col == 9):
       return True
    if col == 9:
        row += 1
        col = 0
    if board[row][col] > 0:
        return backtrack(board, row, col + 1)
```

```
for num in range(1, 10):
        if check(board, row, col, num):
            board[row][col] = num
            if backtrack(board, row, col + 1):
                return True
        board[row][col] = 0
    return False
def check(board, row, col, num):
    for x in range(9):
        if board[row][x] == num:
            return False
    for x in range(9):
        if board[x][col] == num:
            return False
    quadX = row - row % 3
    quadY = col - col % 3
    for i in range(3):
        for j in range(3):
            if board[i + quadX][j + quadY] == num:
                return False
    return True
# Some helper print functions mostly used for debugging
def printDomain(domain):
    for i in domain:
        print(i, "-", domain[i])
def printArc(arc):
    tmp = arc
    while not tmp.empty():
       print(tmp.get())
```