Almost Union-Find

I hope you know the beautiful Union-Find structure. In this problem, you're to implement something similar, but not identical. The data structure you need to write is also a collection of disjoint sets, supporting 3 operations:

1 p q Union the sets containing p and q. If p and q are already in the same set, ignore this command.

2 p q Move p to the set containing q. If p and q are already in the same set, ignore this command

3 p Return the number of elements and the sum of elements in the set containing p.

Initially, the collection contains n sets: $\{1\}, \{2\}, \{3\}, \dots, \{n\}$.

As an example, consider the sequence of operations in sample input 1 below.

- Initially: $\{1\}, \{2\}, \{3\}, \{4\}, \{5\}$
- Collection after operation 1 1 2: $\{1, 2\}, \{3\}, \{4\}, \{5\}$
- Collection after operation 2 3 4: $\{1,2\},\{3,4\},\{5\}$ (we omit the empty set that is produced when taking out 3 from {3})
- Collection after operation 1 3 5: $\{1,2\}$, $\{3,4,5\}$
- Collection after operation 2 4 1: $\{1, 2, 4\}, \{3, 5\}$

Input

There are several test cases. Each test case begins with a line containing two integers n and m ($1 \le n, m \le 100\,000$), the number of integers, and the number of commands. Each of the next m lines contains a command. For every operation, $1 \le p, q \le n$. The input is terminated by end-of-file (EOF). There are at most 20 cases, and the size of the input file does not exceed 5 MB.

Output

For each type-3 command, output 2 integers: the number of elements and the sum of elements.

Sample Input 1

2 8



Sample Output 1 3 12 3 7

Problem ID: almostunionfinc CPU Time limit: 4 seconds Memory limit: 1024 MB

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