```
%% Problem 1 Design servo-comp
% Input System
A = [0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 0; \ 0 \ 0 \ 1; \ 0 \ 39.2 \ 0 \ 0; \ 0 \ -49 \ 0 \ 0];
B = [0;0;1;-1];
C = [1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0]; D = 0;
% Get Az, Bz
Az = [0 \ 1.5 \ 0; \ -1.5 \ 0 \ 0; \ 0 \ 0]; Bz = ones(3,1);
Aaug = [A zeros(4,3); Bz*C Az]; Baug = [B; 0;0;0]; Caug = [C 0 0 0];
des poles = [-1 -2 -3 -4 -5 -6 -7];
KK = placePoles(Aaug, Baug, Caug, des poles);
Kx = KK(1:4)
Kz = KK(5:7)
% Check computed gains
Acl = [A-B*Kx, -B*Kz; Bz*C, Az]; Bcl = [0;0;0;0;0;-Bz];
Ccl = Caug; Dcl = D;
eig(Acl)
%% Problem 2 Linear Simulation
% % Plot using step3
% % R = sin(t), d = 0
% X = zeros(7,1); t = transpose(linspace(0,15,1001));
% R = \sin(t); d = 0;
% BclR = Bcl;
% Y = step3(Acl,BclR,Ccl,Dcl,t,X,R);
% plot(t,Y,t,R,'LineWidth',2);
% legend('r(t)','Ref(t)');
% ylim([-2,2]); grid on; title('Step3 Response Check: R = sin(t), d = 0');
% pause
% % R = 0, d = 10
% clf;
% BclD = [B; 0*Bz];
% d = 0*t + 10;
% Y = step3(Acl,BclD,Ccl,Dcl,t,X,d);
% plot(t,Y*100,t,d,'LineWidth',2);
% legend('r(t)*100','d(t)');
% ylim([-1,11]); grid on; title('Step3 Response Check: R = 0, d = 10');
% % pause
% % R = sin(t), d = 10
% clf;
% BclR = Bcl; BclD = [B; 0*Bz];
% BclRD = [BclR, BclD];
% DclRD = [0, 0];
% Ref = sin(1.5*t);
% d = 0*t + 10;
% Y = step3(Acl,BclRD,Ccl,DclRD,t,X,[Ref,d]);
% plot(t,Y, t,Ref, t,d, 'LineWidth',2);
% legend('r(t)','Ref(t)','d(t)');
% ylim([-2,11]); grid on; title('Step3 Response Check: R = sin(1.5*t), d = 10');
% % pause
%% Problem 3 Nonlinear Simulation
% m1 = 1.0kg
% m2 = 4.0kg
% L = 1.0m
X = zeros(4,1); % [x q dx dq]
Z = zeros(3,1);
dt = 100e-6; T_end = 15;
t = 0;
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```
d = 10;
N = (T \text{ end } / \text{ dt}) + 1;
DATA = zeros(N,4);
i = 1;
tic
while(t < T_end)</pre>
    Ref = sin(1.5*t);
    U = -Kz*Z - Kx*X;
    dX = GantryDynamics(X, U + d);
    dZ = Bz*(C*X - Ref) + Az*Z;
    X = X + dX * dt;
    Z = Z + dZ * dt;
    t = t + dt;
용
      if(mod(i,100) == 0)
용
          GantryDisplay(X, Ref);
    DATA(i,:) = [X(1), X(2), Ref, d];
    i = i+1;
end
toc
% t = [1:length(DATA)]' * dt; %#ok<NBRAK>
% DATAds = downsample(DATA,10); tds = downsample(t,10);
% plot(t,DATA, 'LineWidth',2);
% ylim([-2,11]);
% grid on;
% legend('x(t)','\theta(t)','Ref(t)','d(t)');
% title('Simulated Response of Servo-Comp Gantry System -- Ref = sin(1.5t), d = 10');
xlabel('Time (s)');
%% Problem 4 Design full-order observer
% Since we have input disturbance,
A5 = [A, B; zeros(1,5)]; B5 = [B;0]; C5 = [C 0];
des poles = [-3 -5 -5 -5 -5];
H = transpose(placePoles(A5',C5',C5,des poles))
% Open loop system
Aol = [A, zeros(4,5), zeros(4,3); H*C, A5-H*C5, zeros(5,3); Bz*C, zeros(3,5), Az];
Bol = [B;B;zeros(3,1)];
Col = [C, zeros(1,5), zeros(1,3)];
Dol = 0;
%% Problem 5 Simulate
Kxe = [Kx, 0];
Acl = [A, -B*Kxe, -B*Kz; H*C, A5-H*C5-B5*Kxe, -B5*Kz; Bz*C, zeros(3,5), Az];
Bcl = [zeros(4,1); zeros(5,1); -Bz]; Ccl = Col; Dcl = Dol;
% % R = \sin(1.5t), d = 0
% X = zeros(12,1); t = transpose(linspace(0,15,1001));
% R = \sin(1.5*t); d = 0;
% BclR = Bcl;
% Y = step3(Acl,BclR,Ccl,Dcl,t,X,R);
```

```
% plot(t,Y,t,R,'LineWidth',2);
% legend('r(t)','Ref(t)');
% ylim([-2,2]); grid on; title('Step3 Response Using Full-State Observer Check: R =
sin(t), d = 0');
% R = 0, d = 10
% X = zeros(12,1); t = transpose(linspace(0,15,1001));
% R = 0; d = 0*t + 10;
% BclD = [B;B5;zeros(3,1)];
% Y = step3(Acl,BclD,Ccl,Dcl,t,X,d);
% plot(t,10*Y,t,d,'LineWidth',2);
% legend('10*r(t)','Ref(t)');
% ylim([-2,11]); grid on; title('Step3 Response Using Full-State Observer Check: R =
0, d = 10');
%% Problem 6 Nonlinear sim
% % First using actual states
% X = zeros(4,1); % [x q dx dq]
% Xe = zeros(5,1);
% Z = zeros(3,1);
% dt = 100e-6; T end = 15;
% t = 0;
% d = 10;
% N = (T end / dt) + 1;
% DATA = zeros(N,4);
% i = 1;
% tic
% while(t < T end)
용
     Ref = sin(1.5*t);
읒
     U = -Kz*Z - Kx*X;
용
ջ
용
      dX = GantryDynamics(X, U + d);
용
      dXe = A5*Xe + B5*U + H*(C*X - C5*Xe);
용
      dZ = Bz*(C*X - Ref) + Az*Z;
용
     X = X + dX * dt;
읒
      z = z + dz * dt;
용
용
      t = t + dt;
용
응 응
       if(mod(i,100)==0)
응 응
            GantryDisplay(X, Ref);
응 응
용
용
     DATA(i,:) = [X(1), X(2), Ref, d];
ջ
용
      i = i+1;
% end
% t = [1:length(DATA)]' * dt; %#ok<NBRAK>
% DATAds = downsample(DATA,10); tds = downsample(t,10);
% plot(t,DATA, 'LineWidth',2);
% ylim([-2,11]);
% grid on;
% legend('x(t)','\theta(t)','Ref(t)','d(t)');
% title('Simulated Response of Servo-Comp Gantry System Using Actual States -- Ref =
sin(1.5t), d = 10'); xlabel('Time (s)');
```

```
% Now using estimated states
X = zeros(4,1); % [x q dx dq]
Xe = zeros(5,1);
Z = zeros(3,1);
dt = 100e-6; T_end = 15;
t = 0;
d = 10;
N = (T_end / dt) + 1;
DATA = zeros(N,4);
i = 1;
tic
while(t < T end)</pre>
    Ref = sin(1.5*t);
용
      if t<1.5
용
          U = -Kz*Z - Kx*X;
용
      else
용
          U = -Kz*Z - Kxe*Xe;
용
      end
    U = -Kz*Z - Kxe*Xe;
    dX = GantryDynamics(X, U + d);
    dXe = A5*Xe + B5*U + H*(C*X - C5*Xe);
    dZ = Bz*(C*X - Ref) + Az*Z;
    X = X + dX * dt;
    Xe = Xe + dXe * dt;
    z = z + dz * dt;
    t = t + dt;
용
      if(mod(i,100)==0)
용
          GantryDisplay(X, Ref);
      end
    DATA(i,:) = [X(1), X(2), Ref, d];
    i = i+1;
end
toc
t = [1:length(DATA)]' * dt; %#ok<NBRAK>
DATAds = downsample(DATA, 10); tds = downsample(t, 10);
plot(t,DATA, 'LineWidth',2);
ylim([-2,11]);
grid on;
legend('x(t)',' \\ \\ theta(t)',' \\ Ref(t)',' \\ d(t)');
title('Simulated Response of Servo-Comp Gantry System Using Estimated States -- Ref =
sin(1.5t), d = 10'); xlabel('Time (s)');
```