

- ① Design a control law so that the ball & beam system behaves like  $m_{ball} = 0.5^{kg}$ ,  $R_{ball} = 1^m$ ,  $m_{beam} = 4.8990kg$ ,  $L = 2.4746m$

$$Y = \frac{0.5}{s^2 + s + 0.5} R \longrightarrow \text{Controller Canonical:}$$

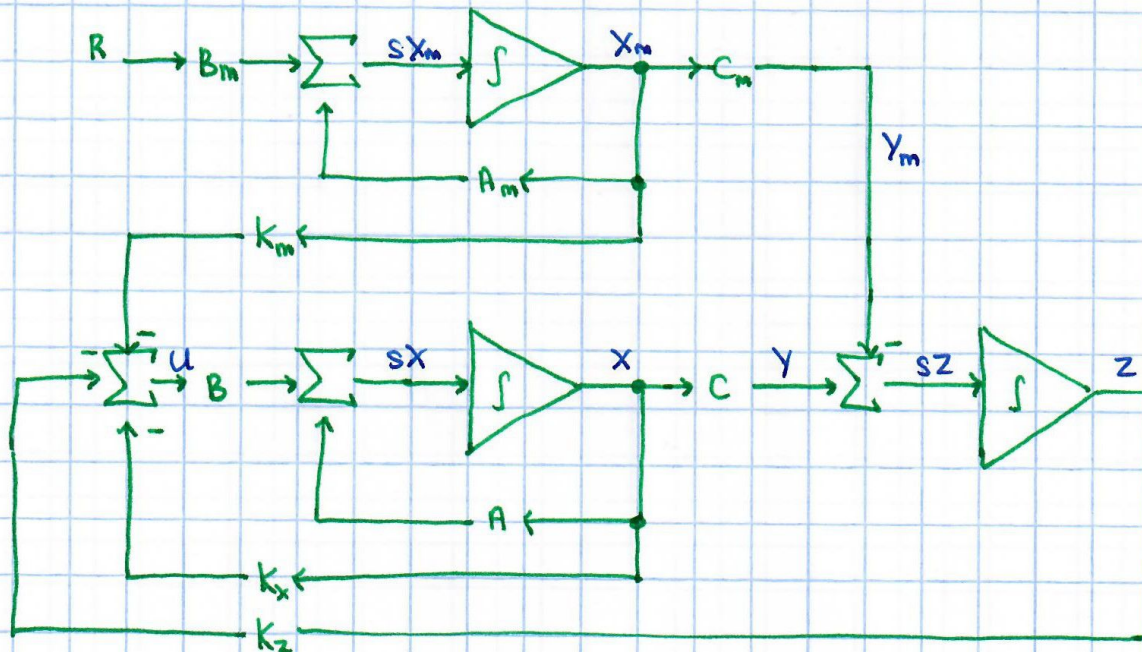
$$b_0 = 0, b_1 = 0, b_2 = 0.5$$

$$a_1 = 1, a_2 = 0.5$$

(1) Give a block diagram

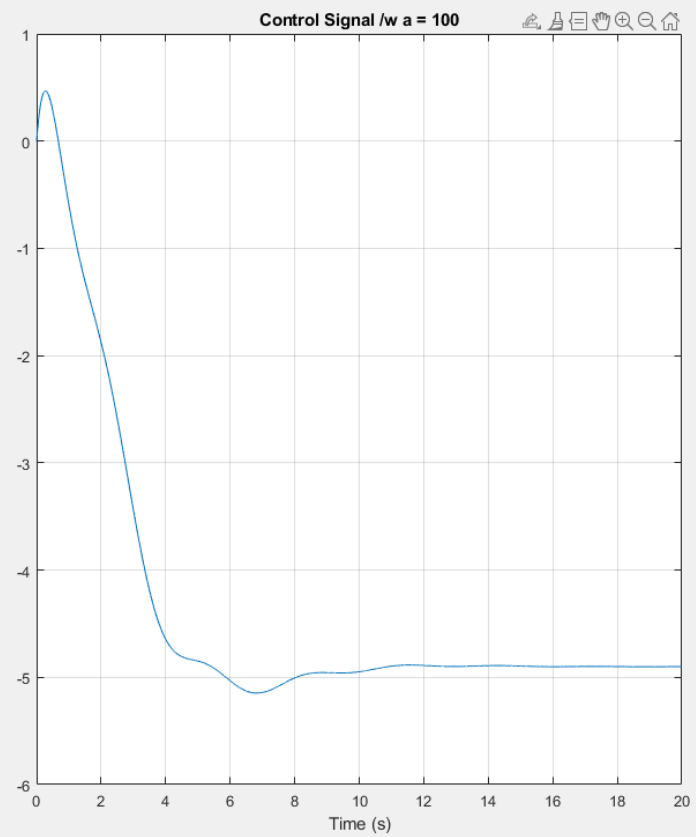
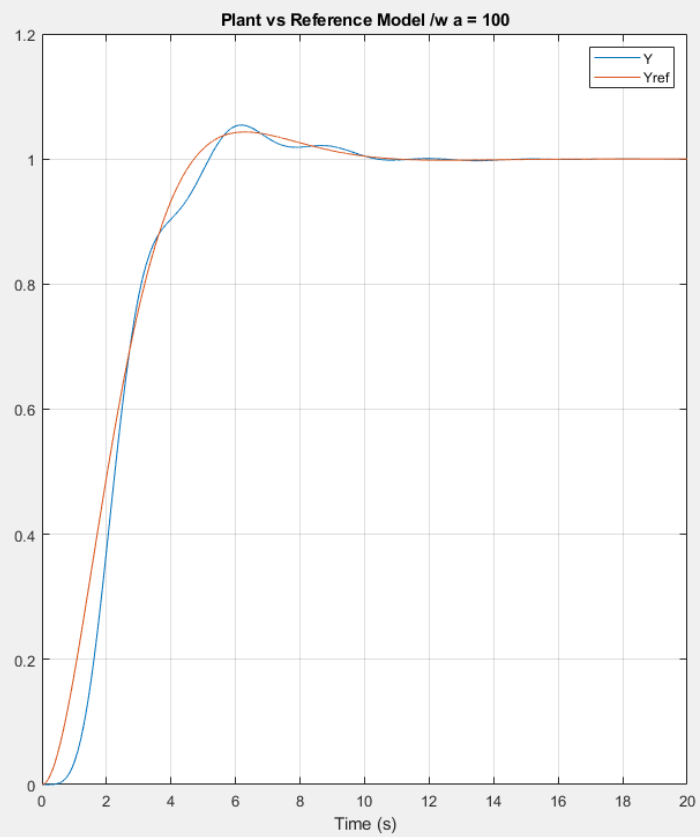
(2) Plot the step response for  $a = 100, 1000, 10,000$

I'll use LQR/LQT for servo-comp:



$$A_m = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -0.5 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, B_m = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_m = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



```
>> hw12
```

```
Kx =
```

```
    -21.8366    44.4984   -13.1420    14.9161
```

```
Kz =
```

```
   -10.0000
```

```
Kxm =
```

```
     6.9855     3.9188
```

```
ans =
```

```
   -0.3614 + 2.0983i
```

```
   -0.3614 - 2.0983i
```

```
   -2.2604 + 0.0000i
```

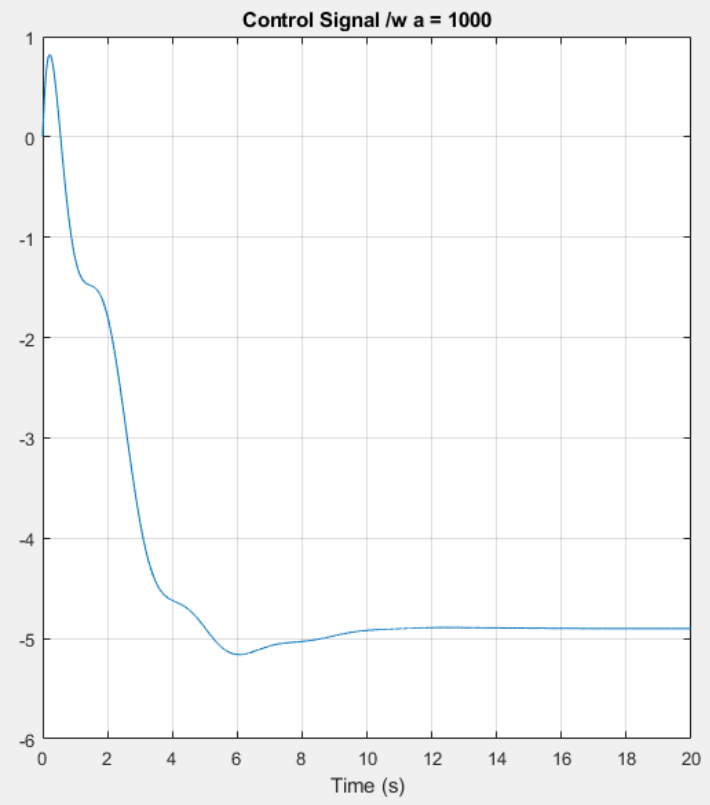
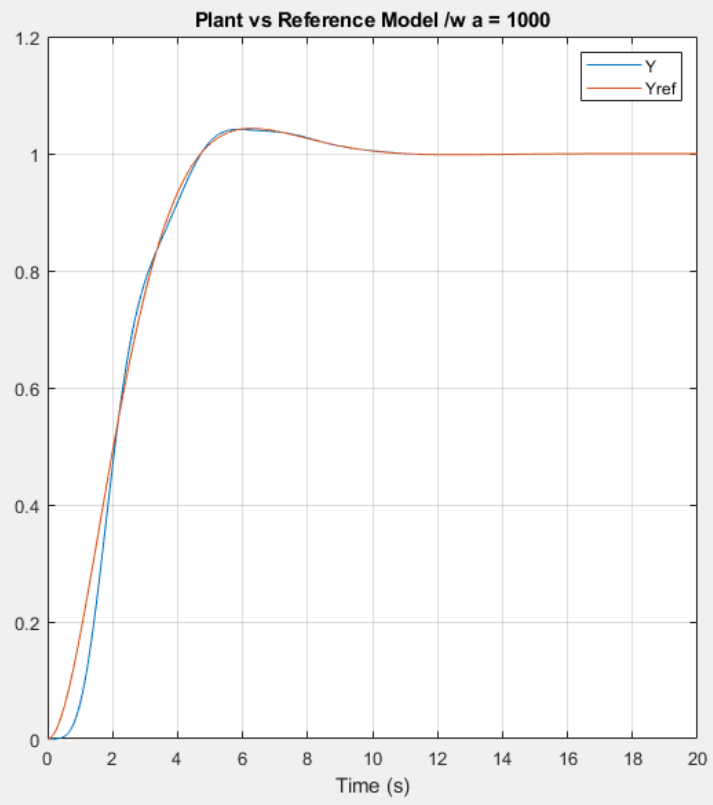
```
   -1.4916 + 0.7123i
```

```
   -1.4916 - 0.7123i
```

```
   -0.5000 + 0.5000i
```

```
   -0.5000 - 0.5000i
```

```
^^
```



```
>> hw12
```

```
Kx =
```

```
-46.1684    74.5725   -26.5484    19.3096
```

```
Kz =
```

```
-31.6228
```

```
Kxm =
```

```
18.4937    8.6785
```

```
ans =
```

```
-0.6186 + 2.4483i
```

```
-0.6186 - 2.4483i
```

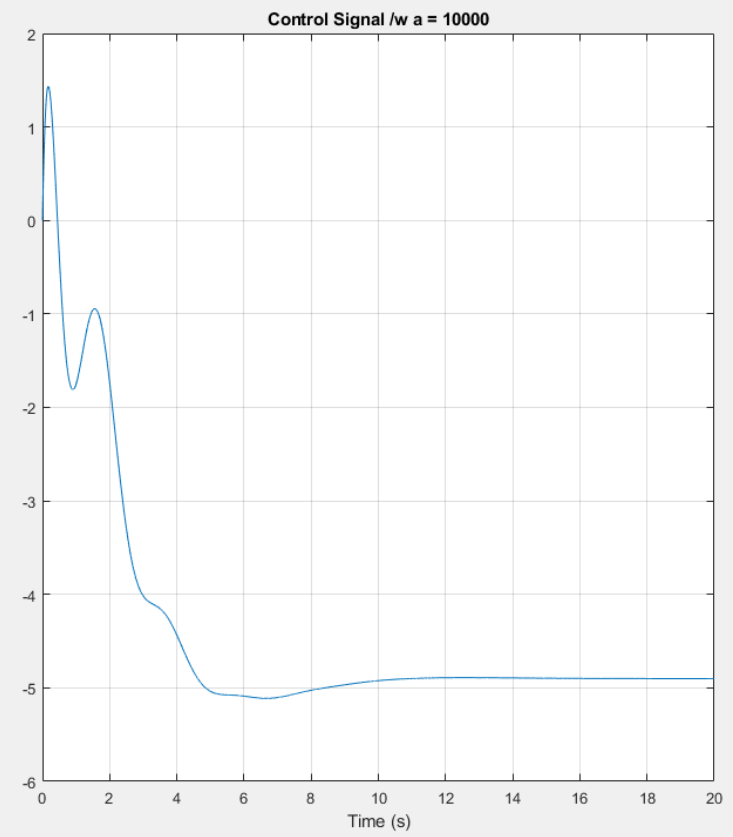
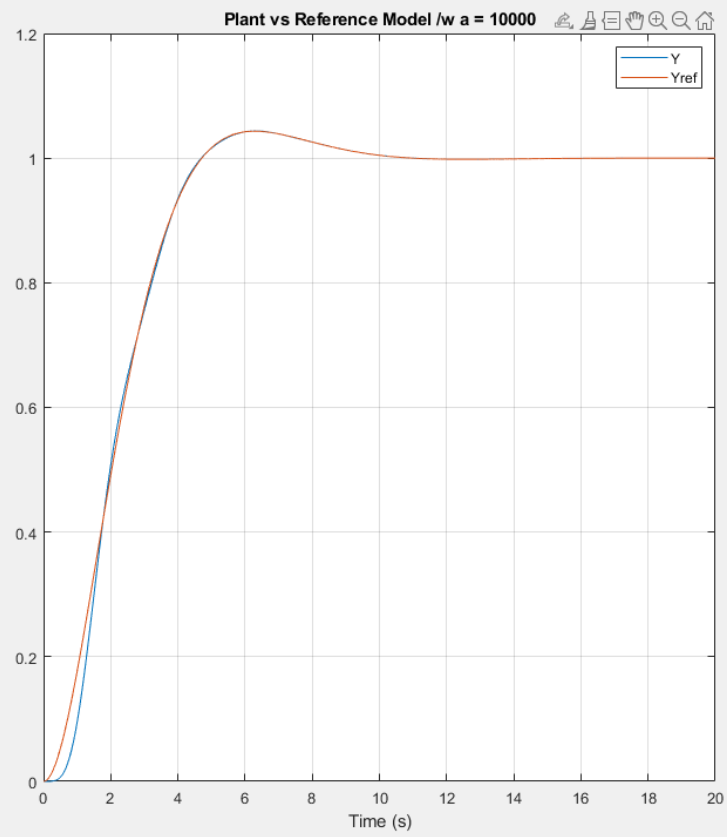
```
-2.6247 + 0.0000i
```

```
-1.9310 + 1.2497i
```

```
-1.9310 - 1.2497i
```

```
-0.5000 + 0.5000i
```

```
-0.5000 - 0.5000i
```



```
>> hw12
```

```
Kx =
```

```
-108.9701  121.9114  -54.0329   24.6891
```

```
Kz =
```

```
-100.0000
```

```
Kxm =
```

```
48.4817   19.2179
```

```
ans =
```

```
-0.8805 + 2.9917i
```

```
-0.8805 - 2.9917i
```

```
-3.1769 + 0.0000i
```

```
-2.4689 + 1.7225i
```

```
-2.4689 - 1.7225i
```

```
-0.5000 + 0.5000i
```

```
-0.5000 - 0.5000i
```

```

%% Reference model
Am = [0 1; -0.5 -1]; Bm = [0; 1]; Cm = [0.5 0];

%% System
mball = 0.5; Rball = 1; mbeam = 4.8990; L = 2.4746;
[A,B] = linearizedBeamBall(mball,Rball,mbeam,L);
C = [1 0 0 0]; D = 0;

%% Augmented system /w servo-compensation
Aaug = [A, zeros(4,3); C, 0, -Cm; zeros(2,5), Am]; Baug = [B;zeros(3,1)];
Caug = [zeros(1,4), 1, zeros(1,2)];
% return

%% LQR to find Kx and Kxm
a = 1e4;
Q = a*Caug'*Caug; R = 1;
K = lqr(Aaug,Baug,Q,R);
Kx = K([1:4])
Kz = K(5)
Kxm = K([6:7])

% % Check eigen-values of plant vs reference model
eig(Aaug - Baug*K)
% return

%% Linear simulation
Acl = Aaug - Baug*K; Bcl = [zeros(4,1); 0; Bm];
Ccl = [C,0,0,0; zeros(1,4),0,Cm]; Dcl = [0;0];

Tend = 20;
t = linspace(0,Tend,10001);
G = ss(Acl,Bcl,Ccl,Dcl);
Gu = ss(Acl,Bcl,K,0);
Y = step(G,t);
U = step(Gu,t);

subplot(1,2,1);
plot(t,Y);
grid on;
legend('Y','Yref');
title_txt = ['Plant vs Reference Model /w a = ',num2str(a)];
xlabel('Time (s)'); title(title_txt);

subplot(1,2,2);
plot(t,U);
grid on;
title_txt = ['Control Signal /w a = ',num2str(a)];
xlabel('Time (s)'); title(title_txt);

```