HD107S LED SERIES SPECIFICIFATION

INTEGRATED LIGHT SOURCE INTELLIGENT CONTROL SMD LED (Double line transmission)

Document No.: SPC/HD107SLED

Model No.: HD107S

Description: 5.5x5.0x1.6mm Intelligent control SMD LED





1. General description

HD107S is a two-wire transmission channel three (RGB) driving intelligent control circuit and the light emitting circuit in one of the LED light source control. Products containing a signal decoding module, data buffer, a built-in constant current circuit and RC oscillator; CMOS, low voltage, low power consumption; 256 level grayscale PWM adjustment and 32 brightness adjustment; use the double output, Data and synchronization of the CLK signal, connected in series each wafer output action synchronization.

2. Main FeatuApplicationsreApplications

Full-color module, Flexible led Strip, Rigid led strip

LED decorative lighting, LED Panel a variety of electronic products, electrical equipment

3. Main Feature

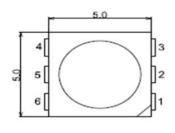
- Top SMD internal integrated high quality external control line serial cascade constant current IC, 5V application;
- Control circuit and the RGB chip integrated in SMD 5050 components, to form a complete external control pixel, make the color mix uniformity and consistency;
 - The two-wire synchronous control;
 - The three RGB output control, 8Bit (256) color; 5Bit (32) to adjust the brightness;
 - The three constant current drive, self detection function specific signal
 - The maximum frequency of 30MHZ serial data input.PWM:27KHZ
- The double data transmission, built-in support uninterrupted oscillation PWM output, can maintain a static image.

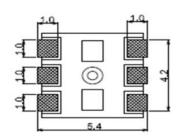
4. Product Naming

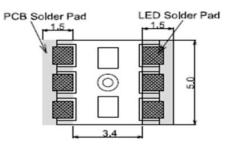
HD107S mean white surface ,12-14ma/channel ,without capacitor intergrated in 5050 (standard version)

HD107S-B mean black surface, 12-14ma/channel, without capacitor intergrated in 5050

5. Mechanical Dimensions:





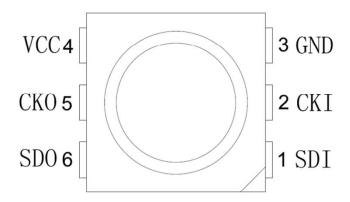




Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2. Tolerance is ±0.1mm unless otherwise noted

6. Pin Configuration:



Item	Symbol	Pin Name	Function description
1	SDI	Data Input	control signal Input data
2	CKI	CLK Input	control signal Input Clock data
3	GND	Ground	The signal and power supply and grounding
4	VCC	Power	power supply pin
5	СКО	CLK Output	control signal output Clock data
6	SDO	Data Input	control signal output data

7. RGB chip characteristic parameters

Color	Wavelength(nm)	Brightness(mcd)	Lumen(lm)
Red	620-630	400-700	1.0-2.0
Green	515-530	1000-1500	4.0-5.0
Blue	460-475	300-500	1.0-1.5

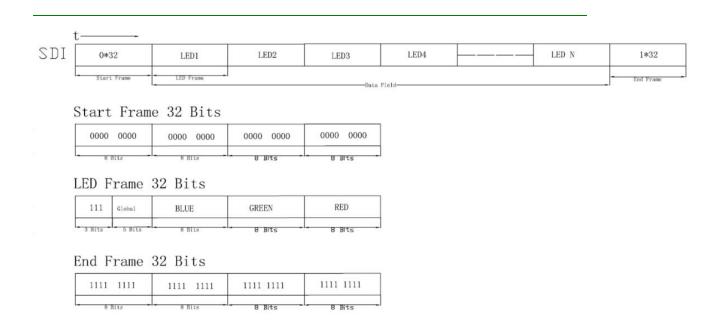
8. Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C,VSS=0V):

Parameter	Symbol	Range	Unit
Power supply voltage VDD		- 0.5∼+5.5	V
Logic input voltage	V _{IN}	-0.3~VDD+0.3	V
Working temperature	Topt	-20~+80	$^{\circ}$
Storage temperature	Tstg	-50~+125	$^{\circ}$
ESD pressure	Vesd	4K	V

9. The electrical parameters (unless otherwise specified, TA=-20 \sim +70 $\,^\circ\! C$, VDD=4.5 \sim 5.5V,VSS=0V):

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Test conditions
The chip	VDD		5.0	5.3	V	
supply Voltage						
The biggest LED	I omax			20	mA	
output current						
The clock high level	TCLKH			>30	ns	
width						
The clock low level	TCLKL			>30	ns	
width						
Data set up time	TSETUP			>10	ns	
The frequency	FPWM		26		KHZ	
of PWM						
Static power	IDD		1		mA	
consumption						

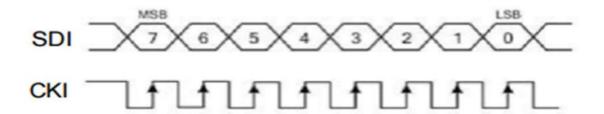
(1) Series data structure



(2) 256 level gray level:

Data	Duty Circle
MSBLSB	
0000 0000	0/256
0000 0001	1/256
0000 0010	2/256
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
1111 1101	253/256
1111 1110	254/256
1111 1111	255/256

(3) PWM input / output signal relationship:



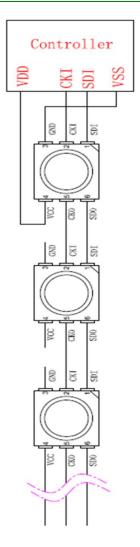
(4) 5-Bit (level 32) brightness adjustment (simultaneous control of OUTR\OUTG\OUTB three port current):

Data	Duty Circle
MSBLSB	
00000	0/31
00001	1/31
00010	2/31
-	-
-	-
-	-
-	-
11101	29/31
11110	30/31
11111	31/31

(5) Refresh Rate:

Frame rate (=1/(64+(32* points)) *CKI (cycle) unit: frames per second) Such as: 1024 points, CKI frequency is 5MHZ, is =30 frames per second frame rate.

11. The typical application circuit:

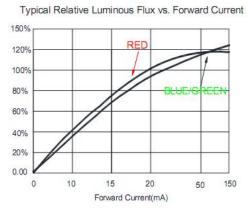


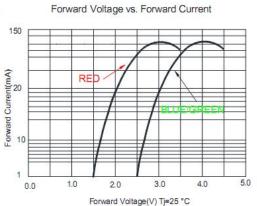
In the practical application circuit, the signal input and output pins of the IC signal input and output pins should be connected to the signal input and output terminals. In addition, in order to make the IC chip is more stable, even the capacitance between beads is essential back;

Application: used for soft lamp strip or hard light, lamp beads transmission distance is short, suggested in signal in time the clock line input and output end of each connected in series protection resistors, R1=R0 of about 500 ohms.

Application: for module or general special-shaped products, lamp beads transmission distance is long, because of different wire and transmission distance, in the signal in time clock at both ends of the line on grounding protection resistance will be slightly different; to the actual use of fixed;

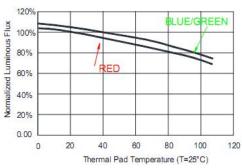
12. Standard LED Performance Graph:

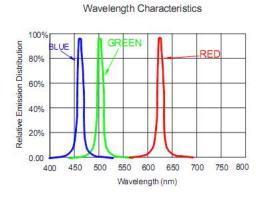


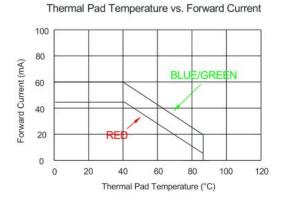


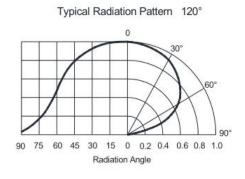
120% BLUE/GREEN 100% 80%

Thermal Pad Temperature vs. Relative Light Output

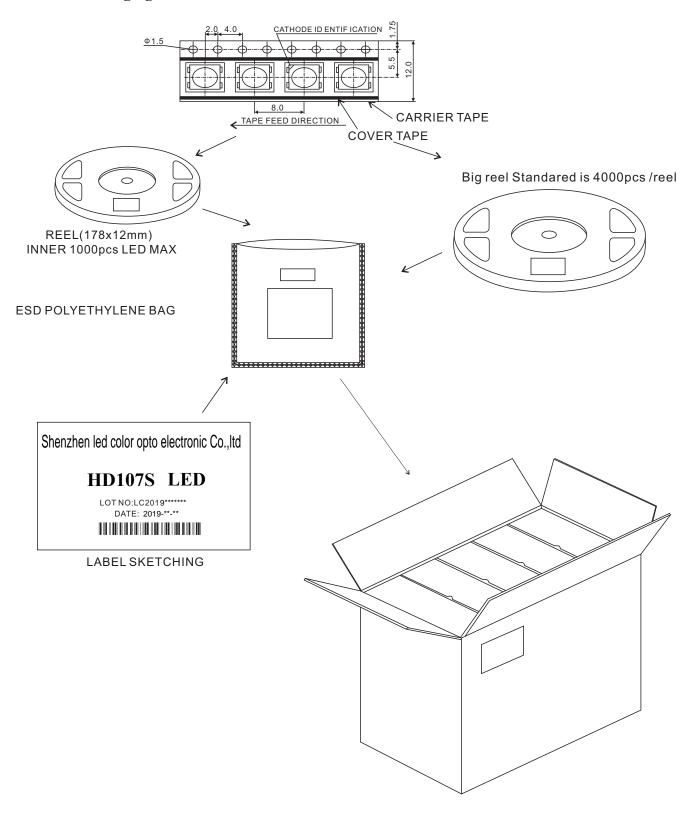








13. Packaging Standard:



The reel pack is applied in SMD LED. The LEDs are packed in cardboard boxes after packaging in normal or anti-electrostatic bags, cardboard boxes will be used to protect the LEDs from mechanical shocks during transportation. The boxes are not water resistant and therefore must be kept away from water and moisture.

14. Reliability test

No.	Test Project	Test Condition	Guideline	Judgm
				ent
1	Thermal shock	100±5° C ~ -40° C±	MIL-STD-202G	0/22
		5° C		
		30min~30min 300cycles		
2	High temperature	$Ta = +100^{\circ} \text{ C } 1000 \text{hrs}$	JEITA ED-4701	0/22
	storage		200 201	
3	Low temperature	$Ta = -40^{\circ} \text{ C } 1000 \text{hrs}$	JEITA ED-4701	0/22
	storage		200 202	
4	High temperature and	Ta=60° C RH=90%	JEITA ED-4701	0/22
	humidity	1000hrs	100 103	
	Storage			
5	Temperature cycle	-55° C~25° C~100° C~25° C	JEITA ED-4701	0/22
		30min~5min~30min~5min	100 105	
		100 cycles		
6	Resistance to soldering	Tsld = 260° C, 10 sec. 3	JEITA ED-4701	0/22
	heat	times	300 301	
7	Normal temperature	25° C, IF: Typical current,	JESD22-A	0/22
	lifespan	1000hrs	108D	
	test			

Failure criterion

Term	Symbol	Test Condition	Judgment Standard	
			Min	Max
light intensity	IV	DC=5V, typical	Initial data	
		current of	X0.7	
		specification		
Resistance to		DC=5V, typical	No dead li	ghts or
soldering heat		current of	obvious damage	
		specification		

15.1 Dust & Cleaning

The LED use silicone glue to package the 5050 Surface, silicone surface can protect optical properties and improved anti-aging properties. However, silicone is a softer material and prone to attract dust. While a minimal amount of dust and debris on the LED will not cause significant reduction in illumination. We still need to avoid dust falling on the LED surface. After open the bags it must be used immediately.

When you use trichloroethylene or acetone to clean, sometimes the LED surface will dissolve.

Avoid using organic solvent, it is recommended that isopropyl be used as a solvent for cleaning the LEDs. When using other solvents, it should be confirmed beforehand whether the solvents will dissolve the package and the resin of not.

Do not clean the LEDs by the ultrasonic. When it is absolutely necessary, the influence as ultrasonic cleaning on the LEDs depends on factors such as ultrasonic power. Baking time and assembled condition.

Before cleaning, a pre-test should be done to confirm whether any damage to the LEDs will occur.

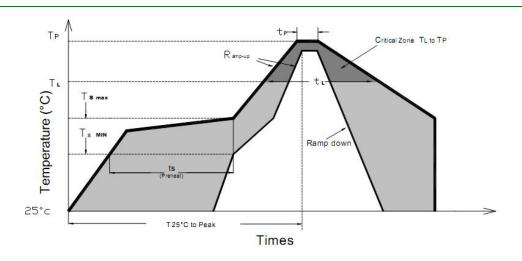
15.2 Dehumidification

LED COLOR smart led are moisture sensitive components, In IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020 MSL Level is 6. No Matter the Package bag is open or not ,The LED must do dehumidification in the oven for 24 hours at 70 degree before use and used within 4 hours, otherwise it need to be dehumidified again

15.3 Reflow Soldering Characteristics

In our Test, LED Color comfirm those smart led are compatible with JEDEC J-STD-020C,Customers are required to follow the soldering temperature profile recommended by the solder paste manufacturer used.

Please note that this general guideline may not apply to all PCB design and reflow soldering equipment configurations.



Profile Feature	Lead-Based Solder	Lead-Free Solder
Average Ramp-Up Rate (Ts max to Tp)	3 °C/second max.	
Preheat: Temperature Min (Ts min)	100℃	150℃
Preheat: Temperature Min (Ts max)	150℃	200℃
Preheat: Time (ts min to ts max)	60-120 seconds	60-180 seconds
Time Maintained Above: Temperature (T L)	183 ℃	217 ℃
Time Maintained Above: Time (t L)	60-150 seconds	60-150 seconds
Peak/Classification Temperature (T P)	215 ℃ ℃	238 ℃ ℃
Time Within 5°C °C of Actual Peak	<10 seconds	<10 seconds
Temperature (tp)		
Ramp-Down Rate	6 °C/second max	6 °C/second max
Time 25 °C °C to Peak Temperature	<6 minutes max	<6 minutes max

Note: All temperatures refer to topside of the package, measured on the package body surface.

15.4 Anti-static and surge protection for IC devices

Static electricity and surges can damage the LED products of IC devices, so appropriate protective measures must be taken;

The signal input and output ports of IC devices must be connected in series with protective resistors to prevent product failure due to surge or electrostatic shock ports;

In order to protect the LED products of IC devices, whenever you encounter LEDs, wear anti-static straps, anti-static straps and anti-static gloves.

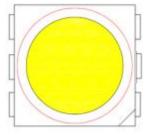
All devices and equipment must be grounded

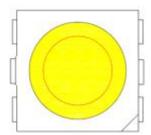
It is recommended that each product be tested before shipment for relevant electrical tests to select defective products due to static electricity.

In the design of the circuit, consideration should be given to eliminating the surge to the LED

15.5 Other requirements

SMT nozzle requirements: (red circle refers to the inside diameter of the nozzle)



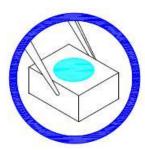


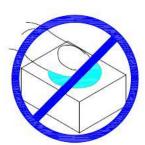
OK (the inside diameter of the nozzle is larger than the light-emitting area of the lamp)

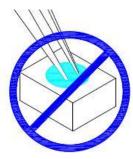
NG (the inside diameter of the nozzle is smaller than the lighting area of the lamp)

Pressing the colloid surface will affect the reliability of LED because the LED is advanced silicone-gel. And therefore precautions should be taken to avoid the strong pressure on the component. It's proper to make the LED be used in safe condition when using a suction nozzle. Silicon packing with soft and elastic, it greatly reduces thermal stresses and unable to bear external mechanical forces. Therefore, preventive measures should be taken in process of manually handling.

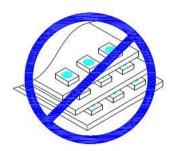
① Clip the LED from its side. Neither directly touch the gel surface with the hand or sharp instrument, it may damage its internal circuit.







2 Not to be double stacked, it may damage its internal circuit.



3 Can not be stored in or applied in the acidic sites of PH<7.



Modify Records

Item NO.	Rev. No.	Modify Content Summary	Signature	Date
HD107S RGB	01	Initial Document	Andy Zhu	2019-07-10