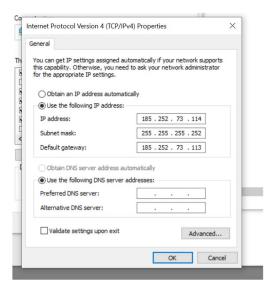
# Übungsprotokoll - NWT - Übung 02

Zu Beginn des Übungsprotokolls möchten wir hiermit erklären, dass die Übung am Freitag, den 28.04.23, nicht fertiggebracht wurde. Aus diesem Grund haben wir die Übung am Dienstag, den 02.05.23, nochmal selbstständig im SIN-Lab durchgeführt (eigenständig verkabelt, etc.). Aufgrund dessen, dass zu diesem Zeitpunkt auch eine andere Gruppe von unserem Jahrgang im Lab war, könnten wir die Pings untereinander durchführen, um die gegenseitige Erreichbarkeit zu testen.

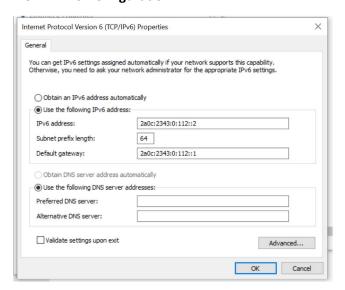
## 2.2 Konfigurieren der Adressen der PCs und Router laut Netzplan

In der folgenden Übung haben wir die PCs 4.1 und 4.2 benutzt, somit sind die Netze 4.x verwendet worden. Die IP-Konfiguration wird folgendermaßen vergeben: Klick auf "Network" in der Taskleiste -> "Network & Internet Settings" -> "Change adapter options" -> gewünschtes Netzwerk Interface auswählen, in diesem Fall Ethernet 2 -> "Properties" -> Doppelklick auf "Internet Protocol Version 4" bzw. "Internet Protocol Version 6" und folgende Fenster poppen auf: In diesen Fenstern ist folgende Konfiguration zu vergeben:

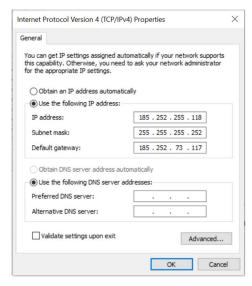
## PC 4.1 IPv4-Konfiguration



## PC 4.1 IPv6-Konfiguration



## PC 4.2 IPv4-Konfiguration

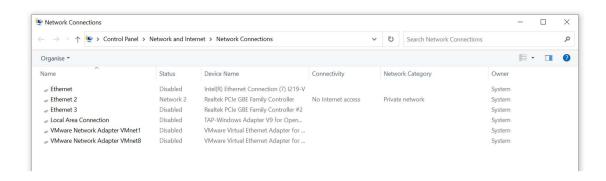


## PC 4.2 IPv6-Konfiguration

eral	
	ed automatically if your network supports this capability. network administrator for the appropriate IPv6 settings.
○ Obtain an IPv6 address aut	omatically
<ul> <li>Use the following IPv6 addr</li> </ul>	
IPv6 address:	2a0c:2343:0:116::2
Subnet prefix length:	64
Default gateway:	2a0c:2343:0:116::1
Obtain DNS server address	automatically.
Use the following DNS serve	
Preferred DNS server:	
Alternative DNS server:	
Validate settings upon exit	Advanced
validate settings upon exit	Advanced

Frage 1: Wie erkennt man nicht verbundene Interfaces in Windows PCs?

**Antwort 1**: Über den Ausführen-Dialog in Windows (Windows-Taste + R) ist Folgendes einzugeben "ncpa.cpl". Daraufhin werden alle Netzwerkverbindungen bzw. Netzwerkinterfaces angezeigt. Verbundene, nicht verbundene sowie deaktivierte Netzwerk-Interfaces können so erkannt werden. Meldungen wie z.B. "Not connected", "Network cable unplugged", "Enabled", "Disabled", "No Internet access" können somit eingesehen werden. So erkennt man nicht verbundene Interfaces in Windows PCs.



Die Gruppenrouter haben von uns in der Übung die Namen "GR40, "GR41" und "GR42" erhalten. "GR" steht hierbei für Gruppenrouter.

#### Testen der Verbindungen zwischen benachbarten Geräten:

Im Folgenden werden die Pings nur "einseitig" durchgeführt, also z.B. von PC 4.1 zu GR41, aber nicht von GR41 zu PC 4.1, da der Ping sowieso nur funktioniert, wenn bidirektionale Kommunikation möglich ist.

Ping PC 4.1 -> GR41 (IPv4)

Ping PC 4.1 -> GR41 (IPv6)

```
C:\Users\admin_SIN>ping 185.252.73.113

Pinging 185.252.73.113 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 185.252.73.113: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=255

Ping statistics for 185.252.73.113:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\Users\admin_SIN>
```

```
C:\Users\admin_SIN>ping 2a0c:2343:0:112::1

Pinging 2a0c:2343:0:112::1 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 2a0c:2343:0:112::1: time<1ms
Reply from 2a0c:2343:0:112::1: time<1ms
Reply from 2a0c:2343:0:112::1: time<1ms
Reply from 2a0c:2343:0:112::1: time<1ms
Ping statistics for 2a0c:2343:0:112::1:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\Users\admin_SIN>
```

## Ping GR41 -> GR40 (IPv4 und IPv6)

```
GR41#ping 185.252.73.121
Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 185.252.73.121, timeout is 2 seconds:
!!!!!
Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 1/1/4 ms
GR41#ping 2a0c:2343:0:120::1
Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 2A0C:2343:0:120::1, timeout is 2 seconds:
!!!!!
Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 1/1/4 ms
GR41#
```

## Ping GR40 -> GR42 (IPv4 und IPv6)

```
GR40#ping 185.252.73.126
Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 185.252.73.126, timeout is 2 seconds:
!!!!!
Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 1/1/4 ms
GR40#ping 2a0c:2343:0:124::2
Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 2a0c:2343:0:124::2, timeout is 2 seconds:
!!!!!
Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 1/1/4 ms
```

#### **Ping PC 4.2 -> GR42 (IPv4 und IPv6)**

```
C:\Users\admin_SIN>ping 185.252.73.117

Pinging 185.252.73.117 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 185.252.73.117: bytes=32 time<ns TIL=255
Ping statistics for 185.252.73.117:
Pockets: Senf = 1, Recelved 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate rule times in milit-seconds:
Minimum = 0ms, Moximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms
C:\Users\admin_SIN>ping 2a0c:2343:0:116::11

Pinging 2a0c:2343:0:116::11 time<ns
Reply from 2a0c:2343:0:116::11 time<ns
Repl
```

Somit ist jeweils für IPv4 und IPv6 getestet, dass die Kommunikation zwischen alle Nachbarn, also zwischen PC 4.1 und GR41, zwischen GR41 und GR40, zwischen GR40 und GR42 und zwischen GR42 und PC 4.2 funktioniert.

**Frage 2**: Wie weit kommt man, wenn man weiter entfernte Geräte pingen will? Warum ist das so?

Antwort 2: Grundsätzlich sollten alle Geräte, die sich im selben Netzwerk befinden, pingbar sein, sofern sie eine korrekte Netzwerkkonfiguration aufweisen und miteinander verbunden sind. Wenn man zum Beispiel von PC-41 (über GR41) auf GR40 pingen will, kommt der Ping-Request zwar beim Router GR40 an (Request wird gesendet von PC-41 im Netz 4.1 an das Default-Gateway (GR41). Daraufhin sendet GR41 den Request an GR40 über das direkt verbundene Netz 4.3 weiter). Jedoch kann der Router 40 keinen Ping-Reply zurücksenden, da im hierfür eine statische Route fehlt zum Quellnetzwerk fehlt. GR40 möchte den Reply zu PC41 zurücksenden, jedoch ist das Netz 4.1 nicht direkt verbunden, ein Default Gateway ist nicht vorhanden und eine Route zu diesem Netz ist ebenfalls nicht vorhanden. Dementsprechend schlägt der Ping fehl.

## Konfiguration der Gruppenrouter

Beschreibung der Vorgehensweise zur Konfiguration der Router:

1. Verbinden mit den Routern via Serieller – Konsolenschnittstelle

## 2. Zurückstellen auf Werkseinstellungen mit folgenden Befehlen:

erase startup-config	Dieser Befehl löscht die "startup-config"
	(persistent gespeicherte Konfiguration)
	(alternativ kann auch write erase
	verwendet werden).
delete flash:vlan.dat	Da nach dem Löschen der Konfiguration die
	VLANs noch vorhanden sind, müssen diese
	extra aus dem Flash gelöscht werden.
reload	Dieser Befehl startet den Router neu,
	Einstellungen aus der Running-Config sind
	somit verloren.

<sup>\*</sup>Bei erstmaligen Start sollen keine Passwörter gesetzt werden, sondern direkt in den "normalen" Dialog gesprungen werden.

## 3. Konfigurieren der Interfaces:

Um ein interface zu konfigurieren muss wie folgt von dem "konfiguration mode" (configure terminal) in den "interface configuration mode" gewechselt werden:

## interface <interfacename/number>

Im "interface configuration mode" müssen folgende Konfigurationen vorgenommen werden:

ip address <ip-address> <mask></mask></ip-address>	IPv4 Adresse für das Interface mit
	zugehöriger Netzmaske
ipv6 address <ip-address>/<mask></mask></ip-address>	IPv6 Adresse für das Interface mit
	zugehöriger Netzmaske
ipv6 enable	
no shutdown	Bringt interface "up" (nur mit shutdown -
	down)

## 4. Konfigurieren globaler Einstellungen:

hostname GRxx	Setzt den hostname für den jeweiligen
	router.
ipv6 unicast-routing	Steht am Anfang der running/startup-config
	und aktiviert "unicast-routing"

## 5. Konfigurieren von OSPF

router ospf <number></number>	Router für IPv4
network <address> <inverted subnet<="" td=""><td>Verbindet ein Netzwerk mit einem "RIP"</td></inverted></address>	Verbindet ein Netzwerk mit einem "RIP"
mask> area <area-number></area-number>	Routing Prozess
router ospfv3 1	Router für IPv6
ipv6 ospf1 area <area-number></area-number>	Hinzufügen der ospf-area zu jedem
	interface im jeweiligen "interface
	configuration mode"

## **Dokumentation des Routings**

Gemäß der Aussage von Herrn Veichtlbauer müssen wir in der Übung, sofern diese nicht mehr am Freitag, den 28.04.23, abgeschlossen werden kann, die Pings zu PCO nicht mehr testen. Es reichen die Pings zu einer anderen Gruppe vollkommen aus, um die Erreichbarkeit zu testen.

Erreichbarkeit der Endsysteme untereinander:

## **Ping PC41 -> PC42 (IPv4)**

```
C:\Users\admin_SIN>ping 185.252.73.118

Pinging 185.252.73.118 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 185.252.73.118: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=125
Ping statistics for 185.252.73.118:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\Users\admin_SIN>_
```

**Ping PC41 -> PC42 (IPv6)** 

```
C:\Users\admin_SIN>ping 2a0c:2343:0:116::2

Pinging 2a0c:2343:0:116::2 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 2a0c:2343:0:116::2 time<1ms
Reply from 2a0c:2343:0:116::2 time<1ms
Reply from 2a0c:2343:0:116::2 time<1ms
Reply from 2a0c:2343:0:116::2 time<1ms

Ping statistics for 2a0c:2343:0:116::2

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\Users\admin_SIN>
```

## Ping PC42 -> PC41 (IPv4 & IPv6)

```
C:\Users\admin_SIN>ping 185.252.73.114

Pinging 185.252.73.114 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 185.252.73.114: bytes=32 time<ns TTL=125
Ping statistics for 185.252.73.114: bytes=32 time<ns TTL=125
Ping statistics for 185.252.73.114: bytes=32 time<ns TTL=125
Ping statistics for 185.252.73.114: bytes=30 time<ns TTL=125

Ping statistics for 185.252.73.114: bytes=30 time<ns TTL=125

Ping statistics for 185.252.73.114: bytes=30 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\Users\admin_SIN>ping 2a0c:2343:0:112::2: time<ns
Reply from 2a0c:2343:0:112::2: time<ns
Reply
```

Zwei ausgewählte Pings zu PCs anderer Gruppen (PC81 & PC82).

#### **Ping PC41 -> PC81**

```
C:\Users\admin_SIN>ping 185.252.73.178

Pinging 185.252.73.178 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 185.252.73.178: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=124
Ping statistics for 185.252.73.178:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms

C:\Users\admin_SIN>ping 2a0c:2343:0:176::2

Pinging 2a0c:2343:0:176::2 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 2a0c:2343:0:176::2: time=1ms
```

#### **Ping PC41 -> PC82**

```
C:\Users\admin_SIN>ping 185.252.73.182

Pinging 185.252.73.182 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 185.252.73.182: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=124
Ping statistics for 185.252.73.182:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms

C:\Users\admin_SIN>ping 2a0c:2343:0:180::2

Pinging 2a0c:2343:0:180::2 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 2a0c:2343:0:180::2: time=1ms
Reply from 2a0c:2343:0:180::2: time=1ms
Reply from 2a0c:2343:0:180::2: time=1ms
Reply from 2a0c:2343:0:180::2: time=1ms
Ping statistics for 2a0c:2343:0:180::2:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 1ms

C:\Users\admin_SIN>
```

### **Ping PC42 -> PC81**

```
C:\Users\admin_SINptng 185.252.73.178

Pinging 185.252.73.178 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 185.252.73.178: bytes=32 time=1ns Til=124
Ping statistics for 185.252.73.178:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in millti-seconds:
Minimum = 1ns, Maximum = 1ns, Average = 1ns

C:\Users\admin_SINping 2a0c:2343:0:176::2: time=1ns
Reply from 2a0c:2343:0:176::2: time=1ns
Reply from 2a0c:2343:0:176::2: time=1ns
Reply from 2a0c:2343:0:176::2: time=1ns
Reply from 2a0c:2343:0:176::2: time=1ns
Ping statistics for 2a0c:2343:0:176::2: time=1ns
Ping statistics for 2a0c:2343:0:176::2: maceins
```

### **Ping PC42 -> PC82**

## Anzeigen weiterer Informationen auf den Gruppenroutern:

Vorab wird der folgende Output der Befehle allgemein beschrieben:

**Show ip route**: Zeigt die IPv4-Routingtabelle des Routers an. **Show ipv6 route**: Zeigt IPv6-Routingtabelle des Routers an.

**Show ip(v6) ospf neighbor**: Zeigt die OSPF-Neighbor-Beziehungen des Routers an, einschließlich der Router-ID des Nachbarn, der Priorität, des Status, der Zeit seit der letzten Aktivität und der IP-Adresse des Nachbarn.

Show ip(v6) protocols: Dieser Befehl gibt verschiedene Informationen aus, einschließlich der Routing-Protokolle, die auf dem Router ausgeführt werden und deren Konfigurationseinstellungen. z. B. Router-ID, Routing-Protokolle, Schnittstellen, Netze, Verteilungsliste, Automatische Summarisierung, Metrik-Berechnung

#### GR40 - show ip route

```
GROOM-thow in route

Codesil - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIF, M - mobile, B - BGP

Codesil - local, C - connected, S - static, R - RIF, M - mobile, B - BGP

D - RIGBB, EX - EIGBF external, Q - oSFF, IA - oSFF inter area

NI - OSFF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSFF NSSA external type 2

EI - OSFF external type 1, N2 - OSFF NSSA external type 2

i - IS-15, su - IS-15 summary, II - IS-15 level-1, L2 - IS-15 level-2

ia - IS-15, su - IS-15 summary, II - IS-15 level-1, L2 - IS-15 level-2

ia - IS-15, su - IS-15 summary, II - IS-15 level-1, L2 - IS-15 level-2

ia - IS-15, su - IS-15 summary, II - IS-15 level-1, L2 - IS-15 level-2

ia - IS-15, su - IS-15 summary, II - IS-15 level-1, L2 - IS-15 level-2

a - application route

+ replicated route, * - next hop override, p - overrides from PfR

Gateway of last resort is not set

185.252.0.0/16 is variably submetted, 12 submets, 3 masks

185.252.73.4/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0

IS-252.73.12/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1

IS-252.73.12/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1

IS-252.73.12/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/2

IS-252.73.12/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0

IS-252.73.12/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0

IS-252.73.18/32 is directl
```

#### GR40 - show ipv6 route

## GR40 - show ip(v6) ospf neighbor

### GR40 - show ip protocols

```
GR40#show ip protocols
*** IP Routing is NSF aware ***
Routing Protocol is "application"
    Sending updates every 0 seconds
Invalid after 0 seconds, hold down 0, flushed after 0
Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
    Maximum path: 32
Routing for Networks:
Routing Information Sources:
Gateway Distance
Distance: (default is 4)
                                                                                                 Last Update
  outing Protocol is "ospf 1"
    Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set Router ID 185.252.73.4

Number of areas in this router is 1. 1 normal 0 stub 0 nssa Maximum path: 4

Routing for Networks:

185.252.73.0 0.0.0.15 area 0

185.252.73.120 0.0.0.3 area 0

185.252.73.124 0.0.0.3 area 0

Routing Information Sources:
     Routing Information Sources:
          Gateway Distance
185.252.73.126 110
185.252.73.121 110
185.252.73.189 110
185.252.73.190 110
185.252.73.186 110
                                                                                                   Last Update
                                                                                                 01:13:42
01:06:15
                                                                                                 01:13:52
00:18:19
     Distance: (default is 110)
GR40#show ipv6 protocols
IPv6 Routing Protocol is "connected"
IPv6 Routing Protocol is "application"
IPv6 Routing Protocol is "ND"
IPv6 Routing Protocol is "ospf 1"
Router ID 185.252.73.4
Number of areas: 1 normal, 0 stub, 0 nssa
Interfaces (Area 0):
GigabitEthernet0/2
GigabitEthernet0/1
           GigabitEthernet0/1
           GigabitEthernet0/0
     Redistribution:
           None
 GR40#
```

### GR41 - show ip route

```
GR41#show ip route
Codes: L - local C - consected, S - static, R - RID, M - mobile, B - BGP
Codes: L - local C - consected, S - static, R - RID, M - mobile, B - BGP
N - GRF RSSA external type 1, N - OSFF RSSA external type 2
RI - OSFF external type 1, N - OSFF RSSA external type 2
RI - OSFF external type 1, N - OSFF RSSA external type 2
I - 15-15, su - 15-15 summary, LI - 15-15 sevel-1, L2 - 15-15 level-2
ia - 15-15, inter area, * - candidate default, U - per-user static route
o - OSB, P - periodic downloaded static route, H - NRRP, I - LISF
a - application route
+ replicated route, * - next hop override, p - overrides from PfR
Gateway of last resort is not set

185.252.0.0/16 is variably submetted, 10 submets, 3 manks

185.252.73.112/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
C 185.252.73.112/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/1
D 185.252.73.112/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
C 185.252.73.112/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
D 185.252.73.122/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
D 185.252.73.1892/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0
D 185.252.73.18
```

### GR41 - show ipv6 route

```
HAMI-Show inv6 route

HYPO Bouting Table - default - 12 entries
Codes: C - Connocted, L - Local, S - Static, U - Per-user Static route
B - BGP, R - RIP, H - NIRP, II - ISIS LI

12 - ISIS L2, IA - ISIS interarea, IS - ISIS summary, D - EIGRP
EX - EIGRP external, ND - ND Default, NDP - ND Prefix, DCE - Destination
NDE - Redirect, RL - RPL, O - OSPF Intra, OI - OSPF Inter
OEL - OSPF OST, DCE - OSPF ENT, ON I - OSPF INSA ext 1

ORZ OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

20 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

20 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

21 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

22 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

23 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

24 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

25 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

26 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

27 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

28 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

29 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

20 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

21 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

22 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

23 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

24 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

25 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

26 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

27 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

28 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

29 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

20 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

22 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

23 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

24 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

25 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

26 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

27 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

28 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

28 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

29 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Application

20 OSPF NESS ext 2, a - Ap
```

#### GR41 – show ip ospf neighbor

```
GR41#show ip ospf neighbor

Neighbor ID Pri State Dead Time Address Interface
185.252.73.4 1 FULL/DR 00:00:36 185.252.73.121 GigabitEthernet0/0
GR41#show ipv6 ospf neighbor

OSPFv3 Router with ID (185.252.73.121) (Process ID 1)

Neighbor ID Pri State Dead Time Interface ID Interface
185.252.73.4 1 FULL/BDR 00:00:36 4 GigabitEthernet0/0
GR41#
```

#### **GR41** – show ip protocols

```
GR41#show ip protocols

*** IP Routing is NSF aware ***

Routing Protocol is "application"

Sending updates every 0 seconds

Invalid after 0 seconds, hold down 0, flushed after 0
Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
Maximum path: 32

Routing for Networks:
Routing Information Sources:
Gateway Distance Last Update
Distance: (default is 4)

Routing Protocol is "ospf 1"
Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
Router ID 185.252.73.121
Number of areas in this router is 1. 1 normal 0 stub 0 nssa
Maximum path: 4

Routing for Networks:
185.252.73.112 0.0.0.3 area 0

Routing Information Sources:
Gateway Distance Last Update
185.252.73.126 110 00:51:21
185.252.73.189 110 00:51:21
185.252.73.190 110 00:03:29
185.252.73.186 110 00:48:10
Distance: (default is 110)

GR41#
GR41#show ipv6 protocols
IPv6 Routing Protocol is "connected"
IPv6 Routing Protocol is "sopf 1"
Router ID 185.252.73.121
Number of areas: 1 normal, 0 stub, 0 nssa
Interfaces (Area 0):
GigabitEthernet0/0
Redistribution:
None
GR41#
```

#### GR42 - show ip route

```
GMA2/Ashow ip route
Codes: L. local, C. connected, S. - static, R. - RIF, M. - mobile, B. - BGF
Codes: L. local, C. - connected, S. - static, R. - RIF, M. - mobile, B. - BGF
Codes: L. local, C. - connected, S. - static, R. - RIF, M. - mobile, B. - BGF
N. - OSFF NSA external type 1, E2 - OSFF external type 2
E1 - OSFF external type 1, E2 - OSFF external type 2, m. - CMF
n. MAT, Ni - NAT inside, No. - NAT outside, Md. - NAT DIS
1 15-15, su. - 15-15 summary, il. 15-15 level-1, L2 - 15-15 level-2
H. NIRE, G. NIBER registered, S. - MED registration nummary
O. - OUR, F. - periodic downloaded static route, 1 - LISF
a. - application route
+ - replicated route, 4 - next hop override, p. - overrides from PFR
Gateway of last resort is not set
185.252, 0.0/16 is variably subnetted, 11 subnets, 3 masks
0 185.252, 73.10/28
110/2] via 185.252.73.125, 01:06:42, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
185.252.73.112/30
110/3] via 185.252.73.125, 00:59:14, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
185.252.73.112/32 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
185.252.73.112/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
185.252.73.12/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
185.252.73.12/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
185.252.73.12/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
185.252.73.16/30 is directly connected, GigabitEthernet0/0/0
185.252.73.18/30 is directly connected, GigabitEther
```

#### GR42 – show ipv6 route

```
GRA2#show ipv6 route

7 Pr06 Routing Tabout default - 12 entries

Codes: - constead, L - Local, S - Static, U - Fer-user Static route

Bodg, R - RiP, H - NHRP, Il - ISIS L1

12 - ISIS L2, IA - ISIS interarea, IS - ISIS summary, D - EIGRP

EX - EIGRP external, ND - ND Default, NUP, ND Profix, DCE - Destination

NDr - Redirect, RL - RFL, O - OSFF Intra, OI - OSFF Intra

OEI - OSFF ext, OEZ - OSFF ext, ON I - OSFF Intra

OEZ - OSFF NSSA ext 2, a - Application, m - OMP

0 2AOC:2343:1764 [107]

via FR80:1242:66FFFFR84:FEB2, GigabitEthernet0/0/0

2 AOC:2343:1764 [107]

via FR80:1242:66FFFFR84:FEB2, GigabitEthernet0/0/0

C 2AOC:2343:01:16::1/128 [0/0]

via GigabitEthernet0/0/1, directly connected

L 2AOC:2343:01:126::1/46 [10/2]

via FR80:1242:66FFFFR84:FEB2, GigabitEthernet0/0/0

C 2AOC:2343:01:124::1/64 [10/0]

via GigabitEthernet0/0/0, directly connected

L 2AOC:2343:01:124::1/64 [10/0]

via GigabitEthernet0/0/0, receive

2 2AOC:2343:01:124::1/64 [10/0]

via GigabitEthernet0/0/0, receive

2 2AOC:2343:01:124::1/64 [10/0]

via FR80::242:66FF:FE84:FEB2, GigabitEthernet0/0/0

2 AOC:2343:01:104:144 [10/1]

via FR80::242:66FF:FE84:FEB2, GigabitEthernet0/0/0

2 AOC:2343:01:104:1044 [10/1]

Via NUID: Feceive
```

#### GR42 - show opsf neighbor

```
GR42#show ip ospf neighbor
Neighbor ID
185.252.73.4
                                       Dead Time
                                                    Address
                                                                     Interface
                     FULL/BDR
                                                    185.252.73.125 GigabitEthernet0/0/0
GR42#show ipv6 ospf neighbor
Neighbor ID
                      State
                                       Dead Time
                                                                     Interface
                                                    Interface ID
                      FULL/BDR
                                       00:00:31
                                                                     GigabitEthernet0/0/0
185.252.73.4
```

### **GR42** – show ip protocols

```
GR42#show ip protocols

**** IP Routing is NSF aware ***

Routing Protocol is "application"
Sending updates every 0 seconds
Invalid after 0 seconds, hold down 0, flushed after 0
Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
Maximum path: 32
Routing for Networks:
Routing Information Sources:
Gateway Distance Last Update
Distance: (default is 4)

Routing Protocol is "ospf 1"
Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
Router ID 185.252.73.126

Number of areas in this router is 1. 1 normal 0 stub 0 nssa
Maximum path: 4
Routing for Networks:
185.252.73.116 0.0.0.3 area 0
185.252.73.124 0.0.0.3 area 0
Routing Information Sources:
Gateway Distance Last Update
185.252.73.121 10 01:01:20
185.252.73.121 110 01:01:20
185.252.73.129 110 01:08:48
185.252.73.189 110 01:08:48
185.252.73.186 110 00:13:25
185.252.73.186 110 00:13:25
185.252.73.186 110 00:13:25
185.252.73.186 110 00:58:11
Distance: (default is 110)

GR42#show ipv6 protocols
IPv6 Routing Protocol is "connected"
IPv6 Routing Protocol is "application"
IPv6 Routing Protocol is "sospf 1"
Router ID 185.252.73.126
Number of areas: 1 normal, 0 stub, 0 nssa
Interfaces (Area 0):
GigabitEthernet0/0/0
Redistribution:
None
GR42#
```