# Introduction to Scikit-Learn (sklearn)

sklearn APIs are organized on the lines of our ML framework.

### **ML Framework** Scikit-learn Training data and Training data preprocessing Model subsumes Model loss function and Loss function optimization procedure Optimization Model selection and evaluation **Evaluation** Model inspection

## API design principles

## @sir, copied to 'DataPreprocessing' slide deck

sklearn APIs are well designed with the following principles:

- Consistency: All APIs share a simple and consistent interface.
- **Inspection**: The learnable parameters as well as hyperparameters of all estimator's are accessible directly via public instance variables.
- Nonproliferation of classes: Datasets are represented as Numpy arrays or Scipy sparse matrix instead of custom designed classes.
- Composition: Existing building blocks are reduced as much as possible.
- Sensible defaults values are used for parameters that enables quick baseline building.

## Types of sklearn objects slide deck

### **Transformers**

- transforms dataset
- transform() for transforming dataset.
- fit() learns parameters.
- fit\_transform() fits parameters and transform() the dataset.

#### **Estimators**

- Estimates model parameters based on training data and hyper parameters.
- fit() method

### **Predictors**

- Makes prediction on dataset
- predict() method that takes dataset as an input and returns predictions.
- score() method to measure quality of predictions.

**Data Preprocessing** 

**Training** 

Inference

### sklearn API

# @sir, copied to 'Data Preprocessing' slide deck Data API

Provides functionality for loading, generating and preprocessing the training and test data.

Module	Functionality
sklearn.datasets	Loading datasets - custom as well as popular reference dataset.
sklearn.preprocessing	Scaling, centering, normalization and binarization methods
sklearn.impute	Filling missing values
sklearn.feature_selection	Implements feature selection algorithms
sklearn.feature_extraction	Implements feature extraction from raw data.

### Model API

### Implements supervised and unsupervised models

### Regression

• sklearn.linear\_model
(linear, ridge, lasso
models)
sklearn.trees

### Classification

- sklearn.linear model
- sklearn.svm
- sklearn.trees
- sklearn.neighbors
- sklearn.naive\_bayes
- sklearn.multiclass

sklearn.multioutput implements multi-output classification and regression.

sklearn.cluster implements many popular clustering algorithms

### Model evaluation API

**sklearn.metrics** implements different metrics for model evaluation.

- Classification metrics
- Regression metrics
- Clustering metrics

### Model selection API

sklearn.model\_selection implements various model selection strategies like cross-validation, tuning hyper-parameters and plotting learning curves.

### Model inspection API

**sklearn.model\_inspection** includes tools for model inspection.

### Practical advice

- It is not possible to remember each and every sklearn API.
- Remember high level modules and API design principles.
- Use documentation for more information as follows:

```
1 import sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
2 ?LogisticRegression
```

- Keep the following links handy:
  - API reference
  - sklearn user guide
  - Worked examples for reference implementations