

## Test Instruction



### **Test Overview**

Test consists of 6 programming problems:

- 2 Logic problems
- 1 SQL problem
- 1 Statistical test problem
- 2 Basic machine learning problems

Test duration is 48 Hours

The expected output of each problem is a **function in R/Python** (SQL Script on SQL Problem) or at least **pseudocode** in english.

Each problem has different score, it will be appeared in problem title.





# Test Problem





### 1. Valid Anagram (score: 15)

Given two strings s and t, write a function to determine if t is an anagram of s.

#### **Example 1:**

**Input:** *s* = "anagram", *t* = "nagaram"

Output: true

#### **Example 2:**

**Input:** s = "cat", t = "car"

Output: false

#### Note:

You may assume the string contains only lowercase alphabets.

#### Follow up:

What if the inputs contain unicode characters? How would you adapt your solution to such case?



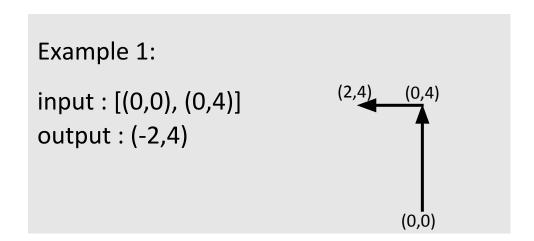


## 2. Confused Driver (score: 25)

Truck driver carries secret package through desert.

He was instructed to go to a checkpoint then turn left as long as half of the first journey (from start to the checkpoint)

Help the driver to get the coordinate of the endpoint directly



Write a function

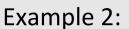
input : [(x1,y1), (x2,y,2)]

output : (x3,y3)

(x1,y1) = start coordinate

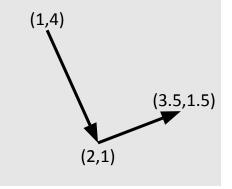
(x2,y2) = checkpoint coordinate

(x3,y3) = endpoint coordinate



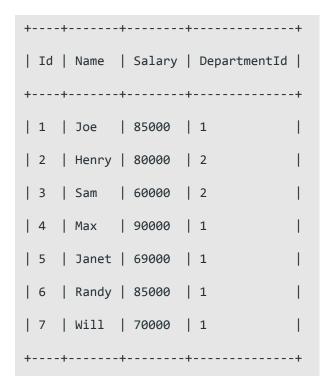
input : [(1,4), (2,1)]

output: (3.5,1.5)





### 3. Top Three Salary on each Dept (score: 20)



Employee Table

| Id  | ++<br>  Name |
|-----|--------------|
| 1 2 |              |

Department Table

The Employee table holds all employees. Every employee has an Id, and there is also a column for the department Id.

The Department table holds all departments of the company.

Write a SQL query to find employees who earn the top three salaries in each of the department. For the above tables, your SQL query should return the following rows (order of rows does not matter).

| Department |           | Salary |
|------------|-----------|--------|
| +<br>  IT  | <br>  Max | 90000  |
| IT         | Randy     | 85000  |
| IT         | Joe       | 85000  |
| Sales      | Henry     | 80000  |
| Sales      | Sam       | 60000  |





### 4. Two sample t-test for Equal Means (score: 15)

Given two array of numbers which represent sample of two sample. Write a function to determine if two population means are equal.

input: Two array of numbers

output: Test Statistic & decision whether two population means are equal

5. Entropy in decision tree (Score: 10)

A decision tree is built top-down from a root node and involves partitioning the data into subsets that contain instances with similar values (homogeneous). One of algorithms for partitioning data is using **ID3**. **ID3** using entropy for calculate homogeneity of sample.

Create a function to calculate **entropy** of weather and play football from the following table.

Notes:

Input: [['rainy','no'], ['rainy','no'], ['overcast,'yes'], ...]

**Calculate:** E(Weather, Play Football)

**Output:** Entropy score

| Play Football |  |
|---------------|--|
| No            |  |
| No            |  |
| Yes           |  |
| Yes           |  |
| Yes           |  |
| Yes           |  |
| No            |  |
| No            |  |
| No            |  |
| Yes           |  |
| No            |  |
|               |  |





### 6. Gradient Descent (Score: 15)

Create a function to compute local minimum and number of gradient descents steps from function  $f(x) = X^5 - 3X^3 - 2X^2 + 10$  with initial X=0.1;



