22-short-lnk-app video

Stateless Functional Components

- we are now going to learn an alternative way to make components
- lets create an example in client/main.js
- right here the function we just defined acts like a render() method

```
const MyComponent= () =>{
}
```

so we just use the return, and also imported React

```
import { Meteor } from 'meteor/meteor';
import ReactDom from 'react-dom';
import { Tracker } from 'meteor/tracker';
import { routes, onAuthChange } from '../imports/routes/routes';
import '../imports/startup/simple-schema-configuration.js';
Tracker.autorun(()=>{
  const isAuthenticated = !!Meteor.userId();
  onAuthChange(isAuthenticated);
});
//stateless functional component
import React from 'react';
const MyComponent= () =>{
  return(
    <div>
      <h1>MyComponent is here!</h1>
    </div>
  );
}
Meteor.startup(()=>{
  ReactDom.render(<MyComponent/>, document.getElementById('app'));
});
```

- since this is a stateless componenet we dont have access to state, but we do have access to props
- so lets pass a string to MyComponent and we would pass it in the function as a props argument

```
import { Meteor } from 'meteor/meteor';
import ReactDom from 'react-dom';
import { Tracker } from 'meteor/tracker';
import { routes, onAuthChange } from '../imports/routes/routes';
import '../imports/startup/simple-schema-configuration.js';
Tracker.autorun(()=>{
  const isAuthenticated = !!Meteor.userId();
  onAuthChange(isAuthenticated);
});
//stateless functional component
import React from 'react';
const MyComponent= (props) =>{
  return(
    <div>
      <h1>MyComponent is here! {props.name}</h1>
    </div>
  );
}
Meteor.startup(()=>{
  ReactDom.render(<MyComponent name="Mike"/>, document.getElementById('app'));
});
```

- this would be called a presentational component which means that it's only job to display something very basic to the screen on the other hand
- LinksList component is a container component, it is more complex because it has a state
- so we would you these presentational components because they are much faster than es6 class components it is also a lot easier to read and maintain
- lets change back the main/client.js how it was before

```
import { Meteor } from 'meteor/meteor';
import ReactDom from 'react-dom';
import { Tracker } from 'meteor/tracker';
```

```
import { routes, onAuthChange } from '../imports/routes/routes';
import '../imports/startup/simple-schema-configuration.js';

Tracker.autorun(()=>{
    const isAuthenticated = !!Meteor.userId();
    onAuthChange(isAuthenticated);
});

Meteor.startup(()=>{
    ReactDom.render(routes, document.getElementById('app'));
});
```

- so now lets change the Link component so it becomes a presentational component
- and this is how Link.js should look like now

```
import React from 'react';
import { Accounts } from 'meteor/accounts-base'
import { Meteor } from 'meteor/meteor';
import { Links } from '../api/links';
import LinksList from './LinksList';
import PrivateHeader from './PrivateHeader';
import AddLink from './AddLink';
export default () => {
    return (
        <div>
            <PrivateHeader title="Your Links"/>
            <LinksList/>;
            <AddLink/>
        </div>
    );
}
```

- we are now going to change PrivateHeader Component
- we are going to define a const variable because we are going to use propTypes
- and also we changed the function on the button to a shorthand arrow function
- and at the bottom we export it our component

now we are going to change the NotFound.js Component to a presentational component

```
import React from 'react';

export default ()=>{
    return NotFound Component here;
}
```