

$$\{X_1, \dots, X_n\} \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} f(x; \theta) \longrightarrow \bar{X}_n = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$$

$$\mu = E(X)$$

$\uparrow$

$$E\{\bar{X}_n\} = \mu$$

$$\text{Var}(\bar{X}_n) = \frac{\text{Var}(X)}{n}$$

$$n \gg 0 \Rightarrow \bar{X}_n \sim N\left(\mu, \frac{\text{Var}(X)}{n}\right)$$

Fact: FW:  $\sum_{i=1}^n t(X_i)$

$$\{X_1, \dots, X_n\} \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \text{Bern}(\theta) \quad T_n = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i \quad t(x) = x$$

$$X_1 \sim f(x; \theta) = \frac{1}{\mathbb{1}_{\{0,1\}}} \theta^x (1-\theta)^{1-x} = h(x; \theta) e^{w(\theta) t(x)}$$

$$\underline{X} \sim f(\underline{x}; \theta) = \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{\mathbb{1}_{\{0,1\}}} \theta^{x_i} (1-\theta)^{1-x_i}$$

$$= \left( \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{\mathbb{1}_{\{0,1\}}} \right) \theta^{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i} (1-\theta)^{n - \sum_{i=1}^n x_i}$$

$\uparrow h(\underline{x})$

$$= h(\underline{x}) \underbrace{(1-\theta)^n \left( \frac{\theta}{1-\theta} \right)^{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i}}_{g(T_n; \theta)}$$

$$\underline{X} = \{x_1, \dots, x_n\} \stackrel{\text{iid}}{\sim} \text{Unif}(0, \theta)$$

$$\underline{T}_n = ? \text{ m.f. ?}$$

$$X_1 \sim f(x; \theta) = \frac{1}{\theta} \mathbb{1}_{[0, \theta]}^{(x)} \stackrel{!}{=} \frac{1}{\theta}$$

$$\underline{X} \sim f(\underline{x}; \theta) = \frac{1}{\theta^n} \mathbb{1}_{[0, \theta]^n}^{(\underline{x})} \stackrel{!}{=} \frac{1}{\theta^n}$$

$$\prod_{i=1}^n \mathbb{1}_{[0, \theta]}^{(x_i)} = \begin{cases} 1 & \Leftrightarrow X_{(1)}(\bar{x}) = \min\{x_1, \dots, x_n\} \geq 0 \\ 0 & \text{en otro caso} \end{cases}$$

$$X_{(1)}(\bar{x}) = \min\{x_1, \dots, x_n\} \geq 0 \quad \& \quad \&$$

$$X_{(n)}(\bar{x}) = \max\{x_1, \dots, x_n\} \leq \theta$$

$$= \mathbb{1}_{\{X_{(1)}(\bar{x}) \geq 0\}} \mathbb{1}_{\{X_{(n)} \leq \theta\}}$$

$$\underline{X} \sim f(\underline{x}; \theta) = \underbrace{\mathbb{1}_{\{X_{(1)} \geq 0\}}^{(\underline{x})}}_{h(\underline{x})} \underbrace{\mathbb{1}_{\{X_{(n)} \leq \theta\}}^{(\underline{x})}}_{g(T_n; \theta)} \frac{1}{\theta^n}$$

$$X \sim \text{Geom}(\theta)$$

$$f(x; \theta) = \mathbb{1}_{\{n\}}^{(x)} \theta (1-\theta)^{x-1} = \mathbb{1}_{\{n\}}^{(x)} \frac{\theta}{1-\theta} (1-\theta)^x$$

$$= \underbrace{\mathbb{1}_{\{n\}}^{(x)}}_{h(x)} \underbrace{\frac{\theta}{1-\theta}}_{c(\theta)} \exp\left\{x \ln(1-\theta)\right\}$$

$$t(x) = x$$

$\{x_1, \dots, x_n\} \stackrel{iid}{\sim} \text{Geom}(\theta)$

$$\underline{T_n = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i}$$

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$\{x_1=1, x_2=1, x_3=0\}$   $X \sim \text{Bern}(\theta)$

$$f(x; \theta) = \theta^x (1-\theta)^{1-x}$$

$$\begin{aligned} L(\theta) &= f(x_1=1, \theta) f(x_2=1, \theta) f(x_3=0, \theta) \\ &= \theta^1 (1-\theta)^0 \quad \theta^1 (1-\theta)^0 \quad \theta^0 (1-\theta)^1 \end{aligned}$$

$$L(\theta) = \theta^2 - \theta^3$$

$$\frac{L(\theta = 1/2)}{L(\theta = 2/3)} = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3}{\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^3} = 0.88 \leq 1$$

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## Métodos Momentos:

$$\underline{X} = \{X_1, \dots, X_n\} \stackrel{iid}{\sim} \text{Bern}(\theta)$$

$$\mu_1(\theta) = E(X) = \theta$$

$$\mu_1(\underline{X}) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i = \bar{X}_n$$

$$\mu_1 = \mu_1 \Rightarrow \hat{\theta}_n = \bar{X}_n$$

$$\underline{\text{Normal}}: \{X_1, \dots, X_n\} \stackrel{iid}{\sim} N(\underbrace{\mu}_{\theta}, \sigma^2)$$

$$\mu_1(\theta) = E(X) = \mu$$

$$\mu_2(\theta) = E(X^2) = \sigma^2 + \mu^2$$

$$\mu_1 = \bar{X}_n$$

$$\mu_2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2 = \frac{n-1}{n} S_n^2 + \bar{X}_n^2$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{n-1}{n} S_n^2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X}_n)^2 = \left( \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2 \right) - \bar{X}_n^2$$

$$\mu_1 = \mu_1 \Rightarrow \boxed{\tilde{\mu}_n = \bar{X}_n}$$

$$\mu_2 = \mu_2 \Rightarrow \sigma^2 + \mu^2 = \frac{n-1}{n} S_n^2 + \bar{X}_n^2$$

$$\sigma^2 + \cancel{\bar{X}_n^2} = \frac{n-1}{n} S_n^2 + \cancel{\bar{X}_n^2}$$

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{n-1}{n} S_n^2 - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{X}_n)^2$$

$$X \sim \text{Unif}(0, \theta)$$

$$\{X_1, \dots, X_n\} \stackrel{iid}{\sim} \text{Unif}(\theta) \quad T_n = X_{(n)}$$

$$\mu_1(\theta) = \frac{\theta}{2}$$

$$\mu_1 = \bar{X}_n$$

$$\mu_1 = \mu_1 \Rightarrow \frac{\theta}{2} = \bar{X}_n$$

$$\boxed{\tilde{\theta}_n = 2 \bar{X}_n}$$

$$f(x, \theta)$$

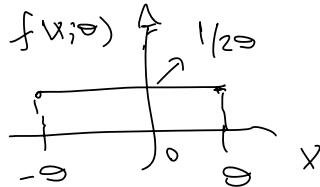


$$f(x, \theta) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\theta} & \text{if } x \in (0, \theta) \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$X \sim \text{Unif}(\underbrace{-\theta}_a, \underbrace{\theta}_b)$$

$$E(X) = 0 = \mu_1(\theta)$$

$$\theta \in \mathbb{R}$$



$$\boxed{E(X^2) = \frac{\theta^2}{3} = \mu_2(\theta)} \quad \mu_2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2$$

$$\mu_2 = \mu_2 = \frac{\frac{\theta^2}{3} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2}{\left( \hat{\theta}_n = \sqrt{\frac{3}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2} \right)}$$