Quick Start Guide for starting Soft-AP mode

Version	Date	Change list	Notes
V0.8	2022/11/21	Add example of 6G WPA3 configuration	
V0.7	2022/04/21	Add description about softAP cannot be started at 5G band	
		when NO_IR status is not cleared.	
V0.6	2021/10/12	Add AX description and hostapd.conf examples in appendix	
		for reference.	
V0.5	2021/06/02	Update ACS information	
V0.4	2021/06/01	Add command "chan_switch" usage	
V0.3	2020/11/24	Add VHT configuration of hostapd	
V0.2	2019/09/18	Add Realtek proprietary ACS (Automatic Channel Selection)	
V0.1		Initial version	



- (A) How to start Soft-AP mode:
- (1) Disable network management or other wireless tools, e.g. wpa_supplicant **P.S.** If now is in concurrent mode. The wlan0 interface used by STA mode still needs its wpa_supplicant. For more information, please refer the document "Realtek_WiFi_concurrent_mode_Introduction.doc"
 - (2) Uncompress the driver and then compile the driver ./make
 - **P.S.** If the driver uses CFG80211, there are several steps below need to do:
 - I. If the driver package is for single interface
 - 1. Uncomment the definition "//#define CONFIG_IOCTL_CFG80211" of the file "include/autoconf.h" to "#define CONFIG_IOCTL_CFG80211"
 - 2. If the Linux kernel version is greater than 3.2.0 (kernel>=3.2.0),user must uncomment the definition "//#define RTW_USE_CFG80211_STA_EVENT" of file include/autoconf.h to "#define RTW_USE_CFG80211_STA_EVENT"
 - II. If the driver package is for multiple interfaces
 - user should modify the definition in the "autoconf_xxx_yyy_linux.h" file but not "include/autoconf.h". The "xxx" is IC type and the "yyy" is interface type. For example, the IC type is RTL8192C and the interface type is USB, the file name is "autoconf_rtl8192c_usb_linux.h".
 - III. If the driver uses CFG80211 and the Linux kernel version >= 3.2.0, the SOFTAP must use the

"wpa_supplicant_8_jb_4.2_rtw_zzzzz.20130821.tar.gz" or
"wpa_supplicant_8_kk_4.4_rtw_zzzzz.20140220.tar.gz" package. In
contrast, the SOFTAP should use "wpa_supplicant_hostapd0.8_rtw_zzzzz.20130812.tar.gz" package for WEXT. The zzzz is version
number. If the driver using CFG80211 but kernel < 3.2.0,
wpa_supplicant are not available in driver package so far, and please
contact us.

(3) insmod 8192cu.ko

I. The default channel plan setting is worldwide (WW) and that means 5G band will be all NO_IR. With this setting, SoftAP mode cannot be started at 5G band until the NO_IR status is cleared. For more detail, please check with module or IC vendor.

(4) ifconfig wlan0 up

- (5) **ifconfig wlan0 192.168.0.1** (using the static ip for testing)
- (6) Compile SOFTAP, unpack wpa_supplicant_hostapd-0.8_rtw_20120803.zip in the folder (wpa_supplicant_hostapd-0.8\hostapd)

./make

(7) start hostapd daemon:

./hostapd rtl_hostapd.conf -B

- (B) Configure file for Soft-AP mode setting:
 - (1) rtl_hostapd.conf is the configure file for functions setting.
 - (2) The major variable setting in the rtl_hostapd.conf configure file,
 - (i) basic configuration interface=wlan0 ssid=rtwap

```
# channel 1-14 is 2.4 GHz; channel 36, 40, 44, 46, 48, 52, 56, 60, # 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 120, 124, 128, 132, 136, 140, 149, # 153, 157, 161 is 5GHz
```

The channels that are available for use in a particular country differ # according to the regulations of that country. channel=6

```
# Operation mode (a = IEEE 802.11a, b = IEEE 802.11b, g = IEEE # 802.11g, Default: IEEE 802.11b )
hw_mode=g
```

#If the wireless interface is included in a bridge, #an additional configuration parameter, bridge, is needed bridge=br0

```
# set "driver=rtl871xdrv" for WEXT, or "driver=nl80211" for # CFG80211
driver=nl80211
```

(ii) security mode configuration

```
# This field is a bit field that can be used to enable WPA # (IEEE 802.11i/D3.0) # and/or WPA2 (full IEEE 802.11i/RSN):
```

```
# bit1 = IEEE 802.11i/RSN (WPA2) (dot11RSNAEnabled)
    wpa=2
    # wpa_passphrase=secret passphrase
    wpa_passphrase=87654321
    # Set of accepted key management algorithms
    # (WPA-PSK, WPA-EAP, or both).
    wpa_key_mgmt=WPA-PSK
    # Set of accepted cipher suites (encryption algorithms)
    # for pairwise keys
    wpa_pairwise=CCMP
(iii) IEEE 802.11n related configuration
    # ieee80211n: Whether IEEE 802.11n (HT) is enabled
    # 0 = disabled (default)
    #1 = enabled
    ieee80211n=1
    # ht_capab: HT capabilities (list of flags)
    # Supported channel width set: [HT40-] = both 20 MHz and 40 MHz
    # with secondary channel below the primary channel;
    # [HT40+] = both 20 MHz and 40 MHz with secondary channel upon
    # the primary channel
    # Note: There are limits on which channels can be used with HT40- and
    # HT40+.Following table shows the channels that may be available for
    # HT40- and HT40+ use per IEEE 802.11n Annex J:
    # freq
                 HT40-
                             HT40+
    # 2.4 GHz
                               1-7 (1-9 in Europe/Japan)
                   5-13
    # 5 GHz
                   40,48,56,64
                                 36,44,52,60
    # Short GI for 20 MHz: [SHORT-GI-20] (disabled if not set)
    # Short GI for 40 MHz: [SHORT-GI-40] (disabled if not set)
    ht_capab=[SHORT-GI-20][SHORT-GI-40][HT40+]
(iv) IEEE 802.11ac related configuration
    # ieee80211ac: Whether IEEE 802.11ac (VHT) is enabled
    # 0 = disabled (default)
```

#1 = enabled

Note: You will also need to enable WMM for full VHT functionality.

Note: hw_mode=a is used to specify that 5 GHz band is used with

VHT.

ieee80211ac=1

0 = 20 or 40 MHz operating Channel width

1 = 80 MHz channel width

2 = 160 MHz channel width

#3 = 80+80 MHz channel width

vht_oper_chwidth=1

center freq = 5 GHz + (5 * index)

So index 42 gives center freq 5.210 GHz

which is channel 42 in 5G band

You don't need to set this if you use 20/40MHz

vht_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=42

For example:

• VHT20

ieee80211ac=1

vht_oper_chwidth=0

VHT40

ieee80211ac=1

ht_capab=[HT40+]

vht_oper_chwidth=0

VHT80

ieee80211ac=1

ht_capab=[HT40+]

vht_oper_chwidth=1

vht_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=42

(v) IEEE 802.11ax related configuration

#ieee80211ax: Whether IEEE 802.11ax (HE) is enabled

0 = disabled (default)

#1 = enabled

ieee80211ax=1

(vi) Check the station connected to softap using hostapd_cli:

./hostapd_cli all_sta

- (vii) How to start WPS process as internal registrar?
 - 1. for PIN code = 12345670

./hostapd_cli wps_pin any 12345670

2. for PBC

./hostapd_cli wps_pbc

- (C) ACS (Automatic Channel Selection) in pure linux, you can choose **one** of hostapd ACS or realtek proprietary ACS.
- 1. How to use hostapd ACS (Driver version \geq 5.11)
 - a) Add compiler flag in your platform setting and rebuild the driver.EXTRA_CFLAGS += -DCONFIG_RTW_HOSTAPD_ACS
 - b) Enable ACS in hostapd build config file.

CONFIG_ACS=y

- c) The major variable setting in the rtl_hostapd.conf configure file
 - (i) hw mode configurationhw_mode = b or g or a
 - (ii) channel configuration # If CONFIG_ACS build option is enabled, the channel can be selected automatically at run time by setting channel=acs_survey or channel=0, both of which will enable the ACS survey based algorithm.

channel=0 or **channel**=acs_survey

2. Realtek driver has ability to switch to low interference channel (best channel) automatically. It relies on third party software to trigger Realtek proprietary ACS via proc filesystem.

How to use Realtek proprietary ACS (Driver version \geq 5.7)

- a) Add compiler flag in your platform setting and rebuild the driver EXTRA_CFLAGS += -DCONFIG_RTW_ACS
- b) Trigger ACS via proc filesystem When softAP was started, echo acs > /proc/net/rtl..../wlan0/survey_info, to trigger driver processing ACS mechanism to scan all supported channels.

After scan, driver switches to the best channel automatically.

The usage of survey_info

- (i) Driver processes ACS scan and then switch to the best channel.# echo acs > /proc/net/rtl.../wlan0/survey_info
- (ii) Driver processes normal scan.# echo 1 > /proc/net/rtl..../wlan0/survey_info
- (iii) Driver dumps all AP info from scan queue. # cat /proc/net/rtl..../wlan0/survey_info

(D) How to set Hidden SSID?

```
# Send empty SSID in beacons and ignore probe request frames that do not # specify full SSID, i.e., require stations to know SSID.
```

default: disabled (0)

1 = send empty (length=0) SSID in beacon and ignore probe request for

broadcast SSID

2 = clear SSID (ASCII 0), but keep the original length (this may be required

with some clients that do not support empty SSID) and ignore probe

requests for broadcast SSID

ignore_broadcast_ssid=0

(E) How to set MAC address ACL

Station MAC address -based authentication

Please note that this kind of access control requires a driver that uses

hostapd to take care of management frame processing and as such, this can be # used with driver=hostap or driver=nl80211, but not with driver=madwifi.

0 = accept unless in deny list, deny_mac_file is used to specify deny list.

1 = deny unless in accept list, accept_mac_file is used to specify deny list.

#macaddr_acl=1

Accept/deny lists are read from separate files (containing list of

MAC addresses, one per line). Use absolute path name to make sure that the

files can be read on SIGHUP configuration reloads.

accept_mac_file=/etc/hostapd.accept

deny_mac_file=/etc/hostapd.deny

(F) How to initiate channel switch announcement

* chan_switch <cs_count> <freq> [sec_channel_offset=] [center_freq1=]

[center_freq2=] [bandwidth=] [blocktx] [ht | vht]

- * sec_channel_offset Secondary channel offset for HT40
 - * 0 = HT40 disabled,
 - * -1 = HT40 enabled, secondary channel below primary,
 - * 1 = HT40 enabled, secondary channel above primary
- * center_freq1 Segment 0 center frequency in MHz, valid for both HT and VHT.
- * bandwidth Channel bandwidth in MHz (20, 40, 80, 160)

For example

VHT 80M (need ieee80211n=1 && ieee80211ac=1)

./hostapd_cli chan_switch 5 5200 sec_channel_offset=-1 bandwidth=80 center_freq1=5210 vht

HT 40M (need ieee80211n=1)

./hostapd_cli chan_switch 5 5180 sec_channel_offset=1 bandwidth=40 ht

20M depends on hostapd HT/VHT capability

./hostapd_cli chan_switch 5 5180

Note that:

- a. You can't chan_switch to VHT capability if hostapd.conf set ieee80211ac=0.
- b. You can't chan_switch to bandwidth=40 if hostapd.conf doesn't set ht_capab= [HT40-/+].
- c. P2P-GO can't chan_switch to DFS channel even if you enable DFS-master. (with RTK wpa_supplicant_8_O_8.x)
- (G) How to delete hostapd

rm /var/run/hostapd/wlan0

Appendix:

■ N mode AP at ch6@BW20 with open security

Configuration:

```
interface=wlan0
ssid=ht_ch6_bw20
hw_mode=g
channel=6
ieee80211n=1

driver=nl80211
beacon_int=100
```

Result:

```
$ cat /proc/net/rtl8852be/wlan0

AP Vendor Realtek
SSID=ht_ch6_bw20
sta's macaddr:00:e0:4c:0b:b1:d5
cur_channel=6, cur_bwmode=0(20MHz), cur_ch_offset=0
wireless_mode=0xd(B/G/N), rtsen=0, cts2slef=0 hw_rts_en=0
state=0x11, aid=0, macid=0
qos_en=1, ht_en=1, init_rate=0
bwmode=0, ch_offset=0, sgi_20m=1,sgi_40m=1
```

■ N mode AP at ch6@BW40 with open security

```
interface=wlan0
ssid=ht_ch6_bw40
hw_mode=g
channel=6
ieee80211n=1
ht_capab=[HT40-]
```

```
driver=nl80211
beacon_int=100
```

```
$ cat /proc/net/rtl8852be/wlan0

AP Vendor Realtek
SSID=ht_ch6_bw40
sta's macaddr:00:e0:4c:0b:b1:d5
cur_channel=6, cur_bwmode=1(40MHz), cur_ch_offset=0
wireless_mode=0xd(B/G/N), rtsen=0, cts2slef=0 hw_rts_en=0
state=0x11, aid=0, macid=0
qos_en=1, ht_en=1, init_rate=0
bwmode=0, ch_offset=0, sgi_20m=1,sgi_40m=1
```

Notes:

STA may not work at BW40 in your environment (still at 20MHz bandwidth). It is due to hostapd found overlap BSS nearby. You will see following message in hostapd log.

```
Found overlapping 20 MHz HT BSS: 2c:4d:54:6f:b7:60 freq=2412

Overlapping 20 MHz BSS is found

20/40 MHz operation not permitted on channel pri=6 sec=2 based on overlapping BSSes

Fallback to 20 MHz
```

Check list of neighboring BSSes (from scan) to see whether 40 MHz is allowed per IEEE Std 802.11-2012, 10.15.3.2.

■ AC mode AP at ch36@BW20 with open security

```
interface=wlan0
ssid=ac_ch36_bw20
hw_mode=a
channel=36
```

```
ieee80211n=1
ieee80211ac=1

driver=nl80211
beacon_int=100
```

```
$ cat /proc/net/rtl8852be/wlan0/ap_info

AP Vendor Realtek
SSID=ac_ch36_bw20
sta's macaddr:00:e0:4c:0b:b1:d5
cur_channel=36, cur_bwmode=0(20MHz), cur_ch_offset=0
wireless_mode=0x12(A/AC), rtsen=0, cts2slef=0 hw_rts_en=0
state=0x11, aid=0, macid=0
qos_en=1, ht_en=1, init_rate=0
bwmode=0, ch_offset=0, sgi_20m=1,sgi_40m=1
```

■ AC mode AP at ch36@BW40 with open security

Configuration:

```
interface=wlan0
ssid=ac_ch36_bw40
hw_mode=a
channel=36
ieee80211n=1
ht_capab=[HT40-][HT40+]
ieee80211ac=1

driver=nl80211
beacon_int=100
```

```
$ cat /proc/net/rtl8852be/wlan0/ap_info
AP Vendor Realtek
```

```
SSID=ac_ch36_bw40
sta's macaddr:00:e0:4c:0b:b1:d5
cur_channel=36, cur_bwmode=1(40MHz), cur_ch_offset=1
wireless_mode=0x12(A/AC), rtsen=0, cts2slef=0 hw_rts_en=0
state=0x11, aid=0, macid=0
qos_en=1, ht_en=1, init_rate=0
bwmode=1, ch_offset=1, sgi_20m=1,sgi_40m=1
```

■ AC mode AP at ch36@BW80 with open security

Configuration:

```
interface=wlan0
ssid=ac_ch36_bw80
hw_mode=a
channel=36
ieee80211n=1
ht_capab=[HT40-][HT40+]

ieee80211ac=1
vht_oper_chwidth=1
vht_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=42

driver=nl80211
beacon_int=100
```

```
$ cat /proc/net/rtl8852be/wlan0/ap_info

AP Vendor Realtek
SSID=ac_ch36_bw80
sta's macaddr:00:e0:4c:0b:b1:d5
cur_channel=36, cur_bwmode=2(80MHz), cur_ch_offset=1
wireless_mode=0x12(A/AC), rtsen=0, cts2slef=0 hw_rts_en=0
state=0x11, aid=0, macid=0
qos_en=1, ht_en=1, init_rate=0
bwmode=2, ch_offset=1, sgi_20m=1,sgi_40m=1
```

■ AX mode AP at ch36@BW80 with open security

Configuration:

```
interface=wlan0
ssid=ax_ch36_bw80
hw_mode=a
channel=36
ieee80211n=1
ht_capab=[HT40-][HT40+]

ieee80211ac=1
vht_oper_chwidth=1
vht_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=42

ieee80211ax=1

driver=nl80211
beacon_int=100
```

Result:

```
$ cat /proc/net/rtl8852be/wlan0/ap_info

AP Vendor Realtek
SSID=ax_ch36_bw80
sta's macaddr:00:e0:4c:0b:b1:d5
cur_channel=36, cur_bwmode=2(80MHz), cur_ch_offset=1
wireless_mode=0x22(A/AX), rtsen=0, cts2slef=0 hw_rts_en=0
state=0x11, aid=0, macid=0
qos_en=1, ht_en=1, init_rate=0
bwmode=2, ch_offset=1, sgi_20m=1,sgi_40m=1
```

■ AX mode AP at ch36@BW80 with WPA2 security

```
interface=wlan0
ssid=ax_ch36_bw80
```

```
hw_mode=a
channel=36
ieee80211n=1
ht_capab=[HT40-][HT40+]

ieee80211ac=1
vht_oper_chwidth=1
vht_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=42

ieee80211ax=1

wpa=2
wpa_passphrase=12345678
wpa_key_mgmt=WPA-PSK
wpa_pairwise=CCMP

driver=nl80211
beacon_int=100
```

```
$ cat /proc/net/rtl8852be/wlan0/ap_info

AP Vendor Realtek
SSID=ax_ch36_bw80
sta's macaddr:00:e0:4c:0b:b1:d5
cur_channel=36, cur_bwmode=2(80MHz), cur_ch_offset=1
wireless_mode=0x22(A/AX), rtsen=0, cts2slef=0 hw_rts_en=0
state=0x11, aid=0, macid=0
qos_en=1, ht_en=1, init_rate=0
bwmode=2, ch_offset=1, sgi_20m=1,sgi_40m=1
```

■ AX mode AP at ch36@BW80 with WPA3 security

```
interface=wlan0
ssid=ax_ch36_bw80
hw_mode=a
```

```
channel=36
ieee80211n=1
ht_capab=[HT40-][HT40+]
ieee80211ac=1
vht oper chwidth=1
vht_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=42
ieee80211ax=1
auth algs=3
ieee80211w=2
wpa=2
wpa passphrase=12345678
wpa_key_mgmt=SAE
wpa pairwise=CCMP
rsn_pairwise=CCMP
driver=nl80211
beacon_int=100
```

```
$ cat /proc/net/rtl8852be/wlan0/ap_info

AP Vendor Realtek

SSID=ap_5G_HE_bw80_wpa3

sta's macaddr:00:e0:4c:0b:b1:d5

cur_channel=36, cur_bwmode=2(80MHz), cur_ch_offset=1

wireless_mode=0x22(A/AX), rtsen=0, cts2slef=0 hw_rts_en=0

state=0x11, aid=0, macid=0

qos_en=1, ht_en=1, init_rate=0

bwmode=2, ch_offset=1, sgi_20m=1,sgi_40m=1

ampdu_enable = 0

agg_enable_bitmap=0, candidate_tid_bitmap=0

ldpc_cap=0x3, stbc_cap=0x0, beamform_cap=0x0

VHT or HE IE is configured by upper layer: True

vht_en=1, vht_sgi_80m=1
```

```
vht_ldpc_cap=0x3, vht_stbc_cap=0x3, vht_beamform_cap=0x2
vht_mcs_map=0xfffa, vht_highest_rate=0xb3, vht_ampdu_len=7
```

■ AX mode AP at 6G ch65@BW80 with WPA3 security Require linunx kernel v5.10 ,hostapd 2.9 and above

Configuration:

```
interface=wlan0
ssid=ax_ch65_bw80
hw mode=a
channel=65
ieee80211ax=1
op class=133
he_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=71
## To PASS hostapd check
he 6ghz max ampdu len exp=3
he_6ghz_max_mpdu=0
he_6ghz_tx_ant_pat=0
he_6ghz_rx_ant_pat=0
auth algs=3
ieee80211w=2
wpa=2
wpa_passphrase=12345678
wpa_key_mgmt=SAE
wpa_pairwise=CCMP
rsn_pairwise=CCMP
driver=nl80211
beacon_int=100
```

```
$ cat /proc/net/rtl8852ce/wlan0/ap_info
AP Vendor Realtek
SSID=ax_ch65_bw80
sta's macaddr:e0:0a:f6:b0:6e:6d
```

```
cur channel=65, cur bwmode=2(80MHz), cur ch offset=1
wireless mode=0x22(A/AX), rtsen=0, cts2slef=0 hw rts en=0
state=0x11, aid=0, macid=0
qos en=0, ht en=0, init rate=0
bwmode=2, ch offset=1, sgi 20m=0,sgi 40m=0
ampdu enable = 0
agg enable bitmap=0, candidate tid bitmap=0
ldpc cap=0x3, stbc cap=0x3, beamform cap=0x0
VHT or HE IE is configured by upper layer : True
vht en=0, vht sgi 80m=1
vht ldpc cap=0x3, vht stbc cap=0x3, vht beamform cap=0x2
vht_mcs_map=0xfffa, vht_highest_rate=0xb3, vht_ampdu_len=7
vht cap=N/A
he en=1 VHT or HE IE is configured by upper layer : True
vht_en=1, vht_sgi_80m=1
vht ldpc cap=0x3, vht stbc cap=0x3, vht beamform cap=0x2
vht_mcs_map=0xfffa, vht_highest_rate=0xb3, vht_ampdu_len=7
```