Center of Mass: kept at 0.93 meters • Head: 33.0 cm above Center of Mass • Lidar: 15.0 cm above Head • Kinect: 7.0 cm above Head Use "load data.py" to load the data in python. The file includes: "get joint()", "get lidar()", "get rgb()", "get depth()", "getIRCalib()", "getRGBCalib()", "getExtrinsics IR RGB()", "replay_lidar()", "replay_rgb()", "replay_depth()". The outputs of "get_lidar()", "get_rgb()", "get depth()" are arrays and each element is a dictionary with components described below. The length of the array is the number of measurements. The functions "replay lidar()", "replay rgb()", "replay depth()" can be used to visualize and understand the data. You can change the start frame, end frame, and interval of the reply functions (e.g., in line 58 of load data.py): for i in xrange(start frame, end frame, interval): • x['ts']: timestamps (Absolute time) x['head angles']: contains head and neck angles: array([[Neck angle], [Head angle]]) (useful) Hokuyo Lidar sensor: http://www.hokuyo-aut.jp/02sensor/07scanner/download/pdf/UTM-30LX spec en.pdf

- x['ts']: timestamps (Absolute time)
- x['delta_pose']: relative odometry between last reading [x, y, theta] (+x: forward, +y: left, +theta: counterclockwise rotation around z)
- x[scan']: $\frac{1\times1081}{}$ lidar scan data, range -135° to 135°.

Kinect v2 sensor: http://smeenk.com/kinect-field-of-view-comparison/



Camera data is provided only for training sets 0 and 3 and the test set.

DEPTH_* contains depth images in millimeters

Intrinsic and Extrinsic camera parameters are provided by the functions "getIRCalib()", "getRGBCalib()", "getExtrinsics_IR_RGB()". See the comments inside for details.

Contains implementations of the lidar scan to map correlation function and Bresenham's line rasterization algorithm, which is useful for determining the cells in an occupancy grid observed by a laser beam. The file also contains examples of how to use these two functions. You can consider obtaining a faster alternative to bresenham2D() by using cv2.drawContours() to obtain the cells corresponding to a whole lidar scan rather than individual rays.