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一、【實驗目的】：

透過設計 C 語言程式設計，控制七段顯示器的邏輯以及 keyboard 的輸入。

二、【遭遇的問題】：

沒有問題。

三、【解決方法】：

1. 按下 R 鍵, random產生一組四位數字(每個數字範圍 1~9), 並顯示在 7-segment 上。

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "NUC100Series.h"
#include "MCU_init.h"
#include "SYS_init.h"
#include "Seven_Segment.h"
#include "Scankey.h"

int arr[4];
int bin[5][5];

void Display_7seg()
{
    int i = 0;
    for(i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
        CloseSevenSegment();
        ShowSevenSegment(3 - i, arr[i]);
        CLK_SysTickDelay(5000);
    }
    return;
}

void Init_GPIO() {
    GPIO_SetMode(PC, BIT12, GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT);
    GPIO_SetMode(PC, BIT13, GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT);
    GPIO_SetMode(PC, BIT14, GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT);
    GPIO_SetMode(PC, BIT15, GPIO_MODE_OUTPUT);
    PC12 = PC13 = PC14 = PC15 = 1;
    return;
}
```

```

void showBin(int dig) {
    if(dig < 0) return;
    PC12 = bin[dig][0] ^ 1;
    PC13 = bin[dig][1] ^ 1;
    PC14 = bin[dig][2] ^ 1;
    PC15 = bin[dig][3] ^ 1;
    return;
}

void storeBin() {
    int i = 0, currentDigit = 0, idx = 0, idx2 = 3, j = 0;
    for(i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
        currentDigit = arr[i];
        idx2 = 3;
        for (j = 0; j < 4; j++) {
            bin[idx][j] = 0;
        }
        while (currentDigit) {
            bin[idx][idx2--] = currentDigit & 1;
            currentDigit >>= 1;
        }
        idx++;
    }
    return;
}

int main(void)
{
    uint16_t i, j;
    long long seed = 0, currentNumber = 0, segNumber = 0;
    int showDig = -1;
    int keyPressed = 0;

    SYS_Init();

    OpenSevenSegment();
    OpenKeyPad();
    Init_GPIO();

    while(1) {
        Display_7seg(segNumber);
        showBin(showDig);
        seed++;
        seed %= (long long)1e18;
        srand(seed);

        i=ScanKey();

        if (i == 9 && !keyPressed) {
            for(j = 0; j < 4; j++) {
                arr[j] = rand() % 9 + 1;
            }
            storeBin();
            keyPressed = 1;
        } else if (i == 0) {
            keyPressed = 0;
        } else if (i > 4) {
            PC12 = PC13 = PC14 = PC15 = 1;
        } else {
            showDig = 4 - i;
        }
    }
}

```

## 2. 鍵盤輸入一組三位數 (輸入超過三個數字的話只顯示最新的三位數)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "NUC100Series.h"
#include "MCU_init.h"
#include "SYS_init.h"
#include "Seven_Segment.h"
#include "Scankey.h"

int arr[3] = {-1, -1, -1};

void Display_7seg()
{
    int i = 0;
    for(i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
        CloseSevenSegment();
        if(arr[i] != -1) {
            ShowSevenSegment(2 - i, arr[i]);
        }
        CLK_SysTickDelay(5000);
    }

    return;
}

void del() {
    int i = 0;
    for(i = 2; i >= 1; i--) {
        arr[i] = arr[i - 1];
    }
    arr[0] = -1;
    return;
}

void cls() {
    int i;
    for(i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
        arr[i] = -1;
    }
    return;
}

void input(int num) {
    int i = 0;
    for(i = 0; i < 2; i++) {
        arr[i] = arr[i + 1];
    }
    arr[2] = num;
}
```

```
int main(void)
{
    uint16_t i;
    int currentNumber = 0;
    int keyPressed = -1;

    SYS_Init();

    OpenSevenSegment();
    OpenKeyPad();

    while(1) {
        Display_7seg();
        i=ScanKey();

        if( i == 0 ) {
            keyPressed = 0;
            continue;
        }

        if(keyPressed) {
            continue;
        }

        keyPressed = 1;

        if( i == 7 ) {
            del();
        } else if( i == 8 ) {
            cls();
        } else {
            input(i);
        }
    }
}
```

四、【未能解決的問題】：

沒有未能解決的問題。