Assignment 2 - Twitter Sentiment Analysis

About the Problem:

Twitter sentiment analysis is an application of natural language processing in which the text data of tweets are analyzed and classified according to their polarity (*i.e. positive, negative, or neutral*). It can be used for a wide range of applications like monitoring people's opinions about various topics, predicting stock market trends based on tweets about certain companies, and so on.



Dataset:

For the Twitter sentiment analysis application, <u>Sentiment140</u> is a popular dataset. It consists of about 1.6 million tweets with their polarities and some other fields. In the dataset, the polarity of a tweet can be 0 (*negative*), or 2 (*neutral*), or 4 (*positive*).

In this assignment, you will use the Sentiment140 dataset, or just a fraction of it (depending on your resources).

Requirements:

In a notebook, write Python code where you:

- 1. Load the data, and keep tweets that are either positive or negative; i.e. discard "neutral" tweets.
- 2. Perform the necessary *text preprocessing* on the text of the tweets. (You will be asked which preprocessing steps you performed and why)
- 3. Build *two* models that classify tweets using word embeddings and long short-term memory (*LSTM*) such that:
 - Both models have *one* LSTM layer.
 - The first model uses *trainable word embeddings*.
 - The second model uses the *pre-trained Word2Vec embeddings*.
- 4. Train each model, evaluate its performance using the *accuracy*, and the *F1 score* and its macro average, and handle *overfitting* if it occurs.
 - (At least one of your models should reach an accuracy that is greater than **75%**)
- 5. Implement the functions "*predict*" and "*LSTM_forward*" *from scratch* such that:
 - The "predict" function takes a batch of examples and returns their predicted probabilities/classes. Firstly, it calls the trained embedding layer (of one of your models) on the batch, and extracts the masks produced with the embedding output as well. Then, it calls the "LSTM_forward" function on each example, and returns the outputs when the whole batch has been processed.
 - The "LSTM_forward" function performs the *forward propagation* of the LSTM and the final dense layer (using the same model's *trained weights*).

Note that:

- You will need to extract the weight matrices of the LSTM layer (and the bias vectors if they were used), in addition to the dense layer weights and bias, from the trained model. You can also store them in global variables so that they can be easily used by your functions.
- When applying forward propagation on an example of the batch, the "LSTM_forward" function should only consider timesteps whose corresponding inputs were not masked in that example.
- You are allowed to use ChatGPT to help you write the code of this requirement *only*. However, you must understand every part of that code, how it works, why it is needed, etc.
- 6. Test your functions by taking a small sample of the test data and feeding it to your "predict" function, then **compare the performance** (time and memory) **and outputs** to those of the model's "predict" method.
 - (If your "predict" function works correctly, it will predict the same classes as those predicted by "model.predict")

Deliverables:

You are required to submit **one zip file** containing only the following:

- Your notebook (.ipynb).
- Your code as (.py) file.
- A report *(.pdf)* containing the team members' names and IDs, the code with the output of each part, and *your insights and comments* on the results of requirements 4 and 6.

The zip file must follow this naming convention:

ID1_ID2_ID3_ID4_ID5_Group

Submission Remarks:

- The *minimum* number of students in a team *is 3* and the *maximum is 5*.
- All team members must understand every part of the code during the discussion.
- *No late submission* is allowed.
- *Plagiarism* is totally prohibited and *will not be tolerated*. If similarity between your code and any other source is detected, you will be assigned *ZERO* without argument, and no excuses will be accepted.
- A *penalty* will be *imposed for violating* any of the assignment rules.

Grading Criteria:

Data preparation and text preprocessing	1 mark
First model	1 mark
Second model	1.5 marks
Models' evaluation	1 mark
LSTM's forward propagation code and usage	1.5 marks
Total	6 marks