

# Digital technology

Numbering systems

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# Numbering systems

## Calculations with binary numbers, addition

- In binary system addition is performed just like in decimal system
- E.g.:  $0+0=0$ ,  $1+0=1$ ,  $1+1=10$  (two),  $1+1+1=11$  (three) ja  $1+1+1+1=100$  (four)
- E.g.: Add numbers  $101011_2 + 100111_2$

# Calculation with binary numbers, addition

- If the state for addition is limited, e.g. accu (data storage) in microprocessor  
-> an overflow in addition occurs
- If overflow is to be observed
  - The information on this must be saved somewhere
  - Microprocessor overflow is observed in settling of state ticket. (**CARRY** bit) .
- E.g. reserved state for calculation 6 bits  $101011_2 + 100111_2$  -> overflow?

	1	0	1	0	1	1
+	1	0	0	1	1	1

1	0	1	0	0	1	0
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# Exercises

$A=1011_2$ ,  $B=0101_2$ ,  $C=1100_2$

4. Calculate

a)  $A+B$

b)  $C+B$

c)  $A+C$