Course: CSC707, Automata, Computability and Computational Theory

Homework 3: Self-reduction and Approximability.

**Submission:** Use Wolfware **File Format:** LaTeX and PDF

Due Date: 2:00 A.M. (EST), Thursday, February 18, 2010

- 1. Provide any feedback/questions you may have on this homework (optional).
- 2. Using LaTeX is required.

My points: 8.25 out of 10

## 1. Approximability:

(a) If  $P \neq NP$ , then for any constant  $c \geq 1$ , there is no polynomial-time c-approximation algorithm for a general Traveling Salesman Problem. (Hint: Show that HAM-CYCLE can be solved in polynomial time. Also, see the additional hint in the lecture slides.)

**Theorem 1** If  $P \neq NP$ , then for any constant  $c \geq 1$ , there is no polynomial-time c-approximation algorithm for a general Traveling Salesman Problem.

-0.5 Pt: I must clearly state the theorem I want to prove.

## Solution: Proof.

- i. We first prove that HAM-CYCLE problem can be solved by using the c-approximation algorithm for a general Traveling Salesman Problem. Given a undirected and unweighted graph G, we can create a complete graph G' of G by adding missing edges and assign weight to each edge. For the edges in G, we assign 1 for the weight. For the edges not in G, we assign c \* |V| + 1 for the weight. This reduction can be done in polynomial time (O(|V| \* |E|)). (-1 Pt: Since  $|E| = O(|V|^2)$ , the reduction is  $O(n^3)$ ) Using the c-approximation algorithm for TSP, we can get a TSP tour of weight W. If W > c \* |V|, then we know this tour pick at least one edge that is not in G (since every edge in G is assigned weight of 1) and G does not have HAM-CYCLE. Otherwise, G has a HAM-CYCLE.
  - ii. Since the reduction from HAM-CYCLE to TSP is in polynomial time, if there exists a polynomial-time c-approximation algorithm for a general Traveling Salesman Problem, HAM-CYCLE

can be solved in polynomial time. We already know that HAM-CYCLE  $\in NP$ -0.25 Pt: HAM-CYCLE is NP-complete problem. If it can be solved in polynomial time, then P=NP, which contradicts with out our assumption that  $P\neq NP$ . Thus, there is no polynomial-time c-approximation algorithm for a general Traveling Salesman Problem.