

Exercícios 8

5) Equações de movimento para um voo horizontal estabilizado com $C_{l_{br}} = C_{n_{da}} = C_{y_{da}} = 0$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{2} \rho S V_e^2 (C_{y_{\beta}} \beta + C_{y_{\dot{\alpha}}} \dot{\alpha}) + mg \sin \theta = 0 \\ C_{l_{\beta}} \beta + C_{l_{\dot{\alpha}}} \dot{\alpha} = 0 \\ C_{n_{\beta}} \beta + C_{n_{\dot{\alpha}}} \dot{\alpha} = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

Analisando

$$\Rightarrow \frac{L_r}{\beta_e} = - \frac{C_{np}}{C_{n_{dr}}} \Rightarrow \frac{L_r}{\beta_e} > 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \Delta_e \beta_e < 0 & \Rightarrow L_r < 0 \\ \Delta_e \beta_e > 0 & \Rightarrow L_r > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{L_a}{\beta_e} = - \frac{C_{lp}}{C_{e_{sa}}} \Rightarrow \frac{L_a}{\beta_e} < 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \Delta_e \beta_e < 0 & \Rightarrow L_a > 0 \\ \Delta_e \beta_e > 0 & \Rightarrow L_a < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sin \varphi_{\perp}}{\beta_e} = - \frac{1}{2 \operatorname{Im} g C_{n_{sr}}} \int e^{S V_e^2} (C_{n_{sr}} C_{y\beta} - C_{y_{sr}} C_{n_{\beta}}) > 0$$

$$\varphi_{\perp} = \arcsin \left(- \frac{\beta_e}{2 \operatorname{Im} g C_{n_{sr}}} \int e^{S V_e^2} (C_{n_{sr}} C_{y\beta} - C_{y_{sr}} C_{n_{\beta}}) \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{Si } \beta_e < 0 & \Rightarrow \varphi_{\perp} < 0 \\ \text{Si } \beta_e > 0 & \Rightarrow \varphi_{\perp} > 0 \end{cases}$$

Logo para $f_e < 0$

$L_r < 0 \Rightarrow$ pedal direito

$L_a > 0 \Rightarrow$ manche à esquerda

$\phi_1 < 0 \Rightarrow$ asa esquerda abaixada

6) Sem hipóteses simplificadoras

$$\frac{1}{2} I_e \dot{\phi}^2 (C_{\eta\beta} \beta + C_{\eta\dot{\alpha}} \dot{\alpha} + C_{\eta\dot{r}} \dot{r}) + mg \sin \phi_+ = 0$$

$$C_{l\beta} \beta + C_{l\dot{\alpha}} \dot{\alpha} + C_{l\dot{r}} \dot{r} = 0$$

$$C_{\eta\beta} \beta + C_{\eta\dot{\alpha}} \dot{\alpha} + C_{\eta\dot{r}} \dot{r} = 0$$

Escalonamento

$$\begin{bmatrix} mg & \frac{1}{2} \rho_e S V_e^2 C_{yda} & \frac{1}{2} \rho_e S V_e^2 C_{ydr} \\ 0 & C_{lda} & C_{ldr} \\ 0 & C_{nda} & C_{n dr} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \rho_e S V_e^2 C_{y\beta} \\ -C_{l\beta} \\ -C_{n\beta} \end{bmatrix}$$

Foyer :

$$\begin{aligned} & 2L \cdot \left(\frac{1}{C_{lda}} \right) \\ & 3L \cdot \left(\frac{1}{C_{nda}} \right) \\ & 1L \cdot \left(\frac{1}{mg} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & \frac{g_e S V_e^2 C_{yda}}{2mg} & \frac{g_e S V_e^2 C_{ydr}}{2mg} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{C_{ldr}}{C_{lda}} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{C_{nds}}{C_{nda}} \end{bmatrix} \approx \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{g_e S V_e^2 C_{y\beta\beta}}{2mg} \\ -\frac{C_{l\beta\beta}}{C_{lda}} \\ -\frac{C_{n\beta\beta}}{C_{nda}} \end{bmatrix}$$

Fazer: $3L \rightarrow 2L$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & \frac{g_e S V_e^2 C_{y\beta}}{2mg} & \frac{g_e S V_e^2 C_{y\beta}}{2mg} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{C_{L\beta}}{C_{L\alpha}} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{C_{n\beta}}{C_{n\alpha}} - \frac{C_{L\beta}}{C_{L\alpha}} \end{bmatrix} z = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{g_e S V_e^2 C_{y\beta}}{2mg} \\ -\frac{C_{L\beta}}{C_{L\alpha}} \\ -\frac{C_{n\beta}}{C_{n\alpha}} + \frac{C_{L\beta}}{C_{L\alpha}} \end{bmatrix}$$

Fayer: $3L \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \frac{C_{n\beta}}{C_{n\alpha}} - \frac{C_{L\beta}}{C_{L\alpha}} \end{pmatrix}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & \frac{g_e S V_e^2 C_{y_{\beta a}}}{2m g} & \frac{g_e S V_e^2 C_{y_{\beta r}}}{2m g} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{C_{l_{\beta r}}}{C_{l_{\beta a}}} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} - \frac{g_e S V_e^2 C_{y_{\beta \beta}}}{2m g} & & \\ & - \frac{C_{l_{\beta \beta}}}{C_{l_{\beta a}}} & \\ & & \left(\frac{C_{l_{\beta}} C_{n_{\beta a}} - C_{n_{\beta}} C_{l_{\beta a}}}{C_{n_{\beta r}} C_{l_{\beta a}} - C_{l_{\beta r}} C_{n_{\beta a}}} \right) \beta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$I_{\text{ayer}}: 3L \left(- \frac{C_{l_{\text{br}}}}{C_{l_{\text{ta}}}} \right) + 2L$$

$$3L \left(- \frac{\int_{\text{e}} S V_{\text{e}}^2 C_{y_{\text{br}}} }{2m_{\text{g}}} \right) + 1L$$

$$2L \left(- \frac{\int_{\text{e}} S V_{\text{e}}^2 C_{y_{\text{der}}} }{2m_{\text{g}}} \right) + 1L$$

Proof:

$$I_r = \beta \left(\frac{C_{lp} C_{n_{da}} - C_{np} C_{l_{da}}}{C_{n_{dr}} C_{l_{da}} - C_{n_{da}} C_{l_{dr}}} \right)$$

$$I_{da} = \beta \left(\frac{C_{np} C_{l_{dr}} - C_{lp} C_{n_{dr}}}{C_{n_{dr}} C_{l_{da}} - C_{n_{da}} C_{l_{dr}}} \right)$$

$$\sin \phi_1 = - \frac{g_e S V_e^2 \beta}{2 \omega g} \left(C_{yp} + \frac{(C_{lp} C_{n_{da}} - C_{np} C_{l_{da}}) C_{y_{dr}} + (C_{np} C_{l_{dr}} - C_{lp} C_{n_{dr}}) C_{y_{da}}}{C_{n_{dr}} C_{l_{da}} - C_{n_{da}} C_{l_{dr}}} \right)$$

8) Voo horizontal (não simétrico) com $C_{l_r} = C_{n_{\dot{\alpha}}} = C_{y_{\dot{\alpha}}} = 0$

$$\frac{1}{2} \rho V_e^2 (C_{y_{\beta}} \beta + C_{y_{\dot{r}}} \dot{r}) + mg \sin \theta = 0$$

$$C_{y_{\beta}} \beta + C_{y_{\dot{r}}} \dot{r} = 0$$

$$C_{n_{\beta}} \beta + C_{n_{\dot{r}}} \dot{r} + C_{n_F} = 0$$

i) $\beta = 0$

$$\frac{1}{2} \rho_e S V_e^2 C_{y_{\dot{\alpha}}} \dot{\alpha} + mg \sin \phi_1 = 0$$

$$C_{l_{\dot{\alpha}}} \dot{\alpha} = 0$$

$$C_{\eta_{\dot{\alpha}}} \dot{\alpha} + C_{\eta_F} = 0$$

terms

$$\Rightarrow \dot{\alpha} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\dot{\alpha}}{C_{\eta_F}} = - \frac{1}{C_{\eta_{\dot{\alpha}}}} \Rightarrow \frac{\dot{\alpha}}{C_{\eta_F}} > 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{If } C_{\eta_F} < 0 & \Rightarrow \dot{\alpha} < 0 \\ \text{If } C_{\eta_F} > 0 & \Rightarrow \dot{\alpha} > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \varphi_{\perp} = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{\rho_0 S V_e^2}{m g} C_{ydr} L_r = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\rho_0 S V_e^2}{m g} C_{ydr} \frac{C_{\eta_F}}{C_{\eta_{dr}}}$$

$$\frac{\sin \varphi_{\perp}}{C_{\eta_F}} < 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{Se } C_{\eta_F} < 0 \Rightarrow \varphi_{\perp} > 0 \\ \text{Se } C_{\eta_F} > 0 \Rightarrow \varphi_{\perp} < 0 \end{cases}$$

Logo para $C_{\eta_F} < 0$

$L_r = 0 \Rightarrow$ aleron ventro

$L_r < 0 \Rightarrow$ pedal da esquerda

$\phi_1 > 0 \Rightarrow$ asa divrita baixa

12) Para um voo curvilíneo horizontal sem os efeitos parasitas

$$l_{dr} = n_{da} = Y_{dr} = Y_{da} = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} N V_e \cos \varphi - Y_p \beta - q \sin \varphi = 0 \\ l_p \beta + l_r N + l_{da} \dot{\alpha} = 0 \\ n_p \beta + n_r N + n_{dr} l_r = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$i) \phi = 0$$

$$\frac{\beta}{\mathcal{N}} = \frac{V_e}{Y_\beta} < 0$$

$$\frac{L_r}{\mathcal{N}} = \frac{-\frac{\eta_\phi \beta}{\mathcal{N}} + \eta_n}{\eta_{L_r}} < 0$$

$$\frac{L_a}{\mathcal{N}} = \frac{-\frac{l_\beta \beta}{\mathcal{N}} + l_n}{l_{L_a}} > 0$$

• Se $N < 0$

$\beta < 0 \Rightarrow$ vento da esquerda

$\beta_r < 0 \Rightarrow$ pedal da direita

$\beta_a > 0 \Rightarrow$ manche à esquerda

• Se $N > 0$

$\beta > 0 \Rightarrow$ vento da direita

$\beta_r > 0 \Rightarrow$ pedal da esquerda

$\beta_a < 0 \Rightarrow$ manche à direita

ii) $\beta = 0$

$$\frac{\tan \phi}{\lambda} = \frac{V_e}{g} > 0$$

$$\frac{h_r}{\lambda} = - \frac{\eta_r}{\eta_{fr}} < 0$$

$$\frac{h_a}{\lambda} = - \frac{h_r}{h_{ra}} > 0$$

• $\Delta L > 0$

$\phi > 0 \Rightarrow$ asa direita abaixada

$L_r < 0 \Rightarrow$ pedal da direita

$L_a > 0 \Rightarrow$ manche à esquerda

• $\Delta L < 0$

$\phi < 0 \Rightarrow$ asa esquerda abaixada

$L_r > 0 \Rightarrow$ pedal da esquerda

$L_a < 0 \Rightarrow$ manche à direita