

CCS2300 - Data Structures and Algorithms

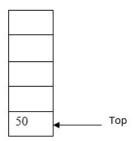
Tutorial 1 - Stacks

Question 1

a) Consider the following Stack and draw the Stack frames after executing each statement given below.

int
$$a = 22$$
, $b = 44$;

- i) theStack.push(2);
- ii) theStack.push(a);
- iii) the Stack.push(a + b);
- iv) theStack.pop();
- v) theStack.push(b);
- vi) theStack.push(a -b);



Question 2

Consider the stackX class given below.

int top
int maxSize
int stackArr[]

StackX(int size)
void push(int no)
int pop()
boolean isEmpty()
boolean isFull()
int getCount()

- i) Implement isEmpty() and isFull() methods of the stack class.
- ii) Implement getCount() method to return the no of items in the stack.

Question 3

Constructor of the stack class is implemented as follows,

```
public StackX()
{
    stArr = new double[10];
    maxSize = 10;
    top = -1;
}
```

- i) Mention one disadvantage of having the above constructor.
- ii) Rewrite the constructor to avoid the disadvantage mentioned above.

Question 4

- i. A stack class has already been implemented with push(), pop() and peek() methods. It is
 - a. used to store characters. Write a code segment to insert following characters to a 'myStack' object created from the stack class.

- ii. Write code segment to display all the values in a stack by removing them.
- iii. What is the result of section ii) above?

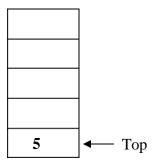
Question 5

Fill in the following blanks.

i)	Most popular data structure is
ii)	The process of retrieving the element at the top of a stack without removing it is called
iii)	A stack can be implemented usingor
iv)	In a stack, if the "top" pointer is equal -1, then the stack is
v)	The time complexity of the push and pop operations on a stack implementation are; push -
	and pop -

Question 6

Consider the initial stack frame of a stack given below.



Below stack frames are obtained after executing three operations one after another to the above stack frame. Write down the operations.

