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In [24]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Load the dataset
file_path = 'C:\\Users\\melha\\Downloads\\updated-hosital-data.csv'
data = pd.read_csv(file_path)

# Print the first few rows of the dataset to verify loading
print(data.head())

      date      patient_id patient_gender  patient_age  \
0  2020-03-20 08:47:01    145-39-5406           M         69
1  2020-06-15 11:29:36    316-34-3057           M          4
2  2020-06-20 09:13:13    897-46-3852           F         56
3  2020-02-04 22:34:29    358-31-9711           F         24
4  2020-09-04 17:48:27    289-26-0537           M          5

      patient_sat_score patient_first_inital patient_last_name  \
0              10.0           H         Glasspool
1              NaN           X         Methuen
2              9.0           P         Schubuser
3              8.0           U         Titcombe
4              NaN           Y         Gionettitti

      patient_race  patient_admin_flag  patient_waittime  \
0              White                False              39
1  Native American/Alaska Native          True              27
2              African American          True              55
3  Native American/Alaska Native          True              31
4              African American          False             10

      department_referral  Surgery Duration
0              NaN              132
1              NaN              122
2  General Practice              44
3  General Practice             136
4  Orthopedics              101

In [26]: # Format the date columns using pd.to_datetime() for accurate time-series analysis
data['date'] = pd.to_datetime(data['date'])
```

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In [28]: # Group admission data by day, week, and month
daily_admissions = data.groupby(data['date'].dt.date).size()
weekly_admissions = data.groupby(data['date'].dt.to_period('W')).size()
monthly_admissions = data.groupby(data['date'].dt.to_period('M')).size()

# Print the grouped data to verify
print("Daily Admissions:")
print(daily_admissions.head())
print("\nWeekly Admissions:")
print(weekly_admissions.head())
print("\nMonthly Admissions:")
print(monthly_admissions.head())

Daily Admissions:
date
2019-04-01    19
2019-04-02    13
2019-04-03    14
2019-04-04     9
2019-04-05    19
dtype: int64

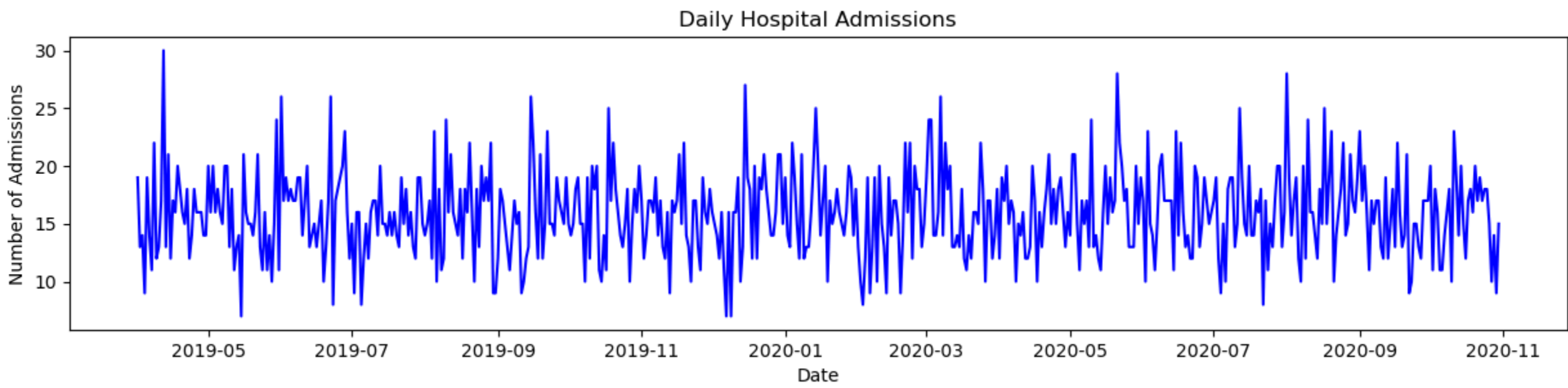
Weekly Admissions:
date
2019-04-01/2019-04-07    99
2019-04-08/2019-04-14   128
2019-04-15/2019-04-21   114
2019-04-22/2019-04-28   110
2019-04-29/2019-05-05   118
Freq: W-SUN, dtype: int64

Monthly Admissions:
date
2019-04    479
2019-05    480
2019-06    506
2019-07    464
2019-08    494
Freq: M, dtype: int64
```

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In [34]: plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))

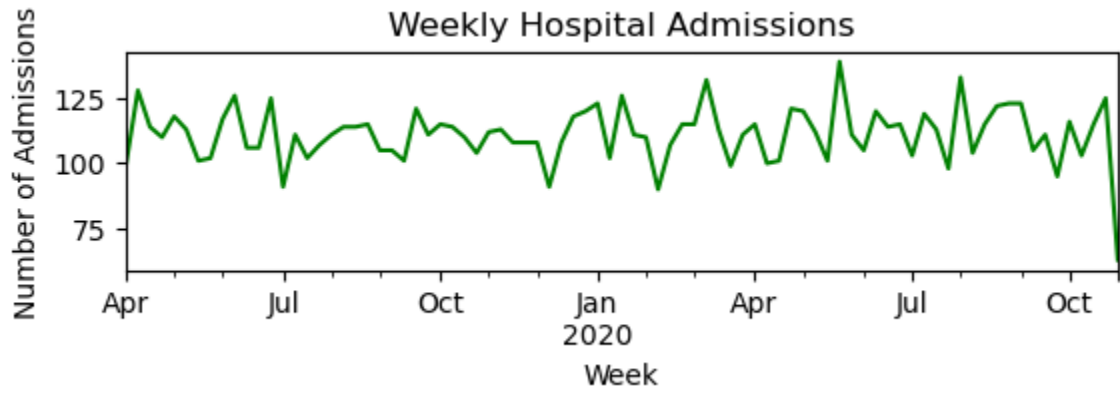
# Daily admissions line plot
plt.subplot(3, 1, 1)
daily_admissions.plot(kind='line', color='blue')
plt.title('Daily Hospital Admissions')
plt.xlabel('Date')
plt.ylabel('Number of Admissions')
```

Out[34]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Number of Admissions')



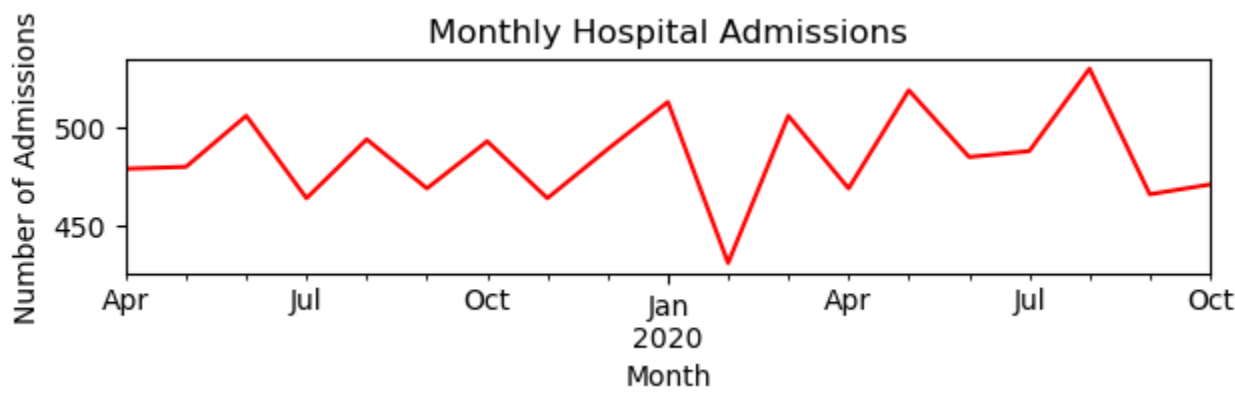
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In [44]: # Weekly admissions line plot
plt.subplot(3, 1, 2)
weekly_admissions.plot(kind='line', color='green')
plt.title('Weekly Hospital Admissions')
plt.xlabel('Week')
plt.ylabel('Number of Admissions')
```

Out[44]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Number of Admissions')



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In [38]: # Monthly admissions line plot
plt.subplot(3, 1, 3)
monthly_admissions.plot(kind='line', color='red')
plt.title('Monthly Hospital Admissions')
plt.xlabel('Month')
plt.ylabel('Number of Admissions')

plt.tight_layout()
plt.savefig("admission_trends.png")
plt.show()
```



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In [32]: # Analyze and report on seasonal patterns and peak admission periods
peak_daily_admission = daily_admissions.idxmax(), daily_admissions.max()
peak_weekly_admission = weekly_admissions.idxmax(), weekly_admissions.max()
peak_monthly_admission = monthly_admissions.idxmax(), monthly_admissions.max()

print("Admission Trends Analysis:")
print(f"Peak Daily Admission: {peak_daily_admission}")
print(f"Peak Weekly Admission: {peak_weekly_admission}")
print(f"Peak Monthly Admission: {peak_monthly_admission}")
```

