Análisis Factorial state.x77

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2022-05-18

Análisis Factorial

```
#1.- Lectura de la matriz de datos
x<-as.data.frame(state.x77)

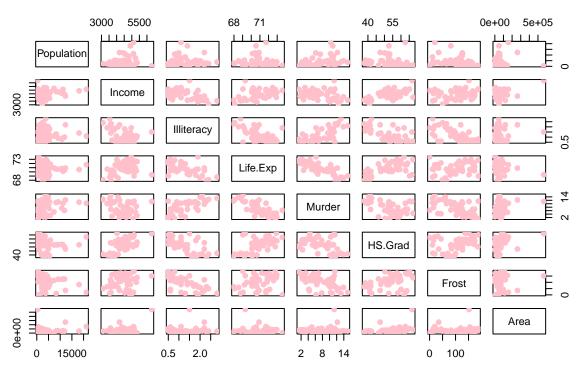
#2.- Quitar los espacios de los nombres
colnames(x) [4] = "Life.Exp"
colnames(x) [6] = "HS.Grad"

#3.- Separa n (estados) y p (variables)
n<-dim(x) [1]
p<-dim(x) [2]</pre>
```

#4.- Generación de un scater plot para la visualización de variables originales

```
pairs(x, col="pink", pch=19, main="matriz original")
```

matriz original



Transformación de algunas varibles

```
#1.- Aplicamos logaritmo para las columnas 1, 3 y 8
x[,1] <-log(x[,1])
colnames(x)[1] <-"Log-Population"

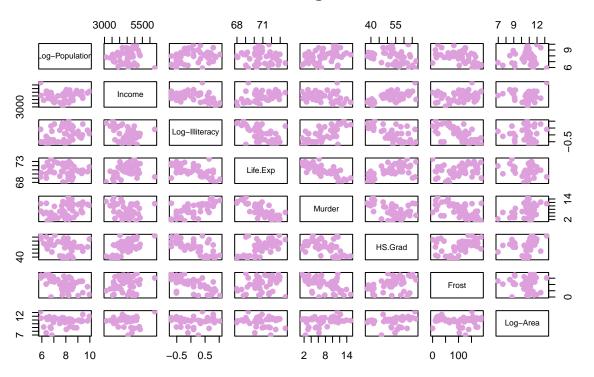
x[,3] <-log(x[,3])
colnames(x)[3] <-"Log-Illiteracy"

x[,8] <-log(x[,8])
colnames(x)[8] <-"Log-Area"</pre>
```

Gráfico scater para la visualización de la matriz original con 3 variables que se incluyeron

```
pairs(x,col="plum", pch=19, main="Matriz original")
```

Matriz original



Nota: Como las variables tiene diferentes unidades de medida, se va a implementar la matriz de correlaciones para estimar la matriz de carga

Reducción de la dimensionalidad

Análsis Factorial de Componentes Principales (PCFA)

#1.- Calcular la matriz de medias y de correlaciones

Matriz de medias

```
mu<-colMeans(x)</pre>
mu
## Log-Population
                         Income Log-Illiteracy
                                                    Life.Exp
                                                                     Murder
##
    7.863443e+00
                   4.435800e+03
                                  3.128251e-02
                                                7.087860e+01
                                                               7.378000e+00
##
         HS.Grad
                          Frost
                                      Log-Area
    5.310800e+01
                   1.044600e+02
                                  1.066237e+01
#Matriz de correlaciones
R<-cor(x)
R.
##
                 Log-Population
                                      Income Log-Illiteracy
                                                             Life.Exp
                                                                          Murder
## Log-Population
                     1.00000000 0.034963788
                                                0.28371749 -0.1092630 0.3596542
                     0.03496379 1.000000000
                                               -0.35147773   0.3402553   -0.2300776
## Income
## Log-Illiteracy
                     0.28371749 -0.351477726
                                                1.00000000 -0.5699943 0.6947320
## Life.Exp
                    -0.10926301 0.340255339
                                               -0.56999432 1.0000000 -0.7808458
## Murder
                     0.35965424 -0.230077610
                                                0.69473198 -0.7808458 1.0000000
## HS.Grad
                    -0.32211720 0.619932323
                                               -0.66880911 0.5822162 -0.4879710
                    -0.45809012 0.226282179
                                               -0.67656232 0.2620680 -0.5388834
## Frost
## Log-Area
                     0.08541473 -0.007462068
                                               -0.05830524 -0.1086351 0.2963133
                    HS.Grad
                                  Frost
                                            Log-Area
## Log-Population -0.3221172 -0.45809012 0.085414734
## Income
                  ## Log-Illiteracy -0.6688091 -0.67656232 -0.058305240
## Life.Exp
                  0.5822162  0.26206801 -0.108635052
## Murder
                 -0.4879710 -0.53888344 0.296313252
## HS.Grad
                 1.0000000 0.36677970 0.196743429
## Frost
                  0.3667797 1.00000000 -0.021211992
## Log-Area
                  0.1967434 -0.02121199 1.000000000
```

2.- Reducción de la dimensionalidad mediante

Análisis factorial de componentes principales (PCFA)

1.- Calcular los valores y vectores propios.

```
eR<-eigen(R)
```

2.- Valores propios

```
eigen.val<-eR$values
eigen.val

## [1] 3.6796976 1.3201021 1.1357357 0.7517550 0.6168266 0.2578511 0.1366186
## [8] 0.1014132
```

3.- Vectores propios

```
eigen.vec<-eR$vectors
eigen.vec
##
               [,1]
                           [,2]
                                       [,3]
                                                  [,4]
                                                              [,5]
                                                                         [,6]
## [1,] -0.23393451 -0.41410075 0.50100922 0.2983839
                                                      0.58048485
                                                                   0.0969034
        0.27298977 -0.47608715 0.24689968 -0.6449631
                                                       0.09036625 -0.3002708
## [3,] -0.45555443 0.04116196 0.12258370 -0.1824471 -0.32684654 -0.6084112
## [4,] 0.39805075 -0.04655529 0.38842376 0.4191134 -0.26287696 -0.3565095
## [5,] -0.44229774 -0.27640285 -0.21639177 -0.2610739 0.02383706
                                                                   0.1803894
## [6,] 0.41916283 -0.36311753 -0.06807465 -0.1363534 -0.34015424
                                                                   0.3960855
        0.36358674 0.21893783 -0.37542494 -0.1299519 0.59896253 -0.3507630
## [8,] -0.03545293 -0.58464797 -0.57421867 0.4270918 -0.06252285 -0.3012063
##
              [,7]
## [1,] -0.1777562 -0.23622413
## [2,] 0.3285840 0.12483849
## [3,] -0.3268997 -0.39825363
## [4,] -0.3013983 0.47519991
## [5,] -0.4562245 0.60970476
## [6,] -0.4808140 -0.40675672
## [7,] -0.4202943 -0.06001175
## [8,] 0.2162424 -0.05831177
```

4.- Calcular la proporcion de variabilidad

```
prop.var<-eigen.val/sum(eigen.val)
prop.var

## [1] 0.45996220 0.16501277 0.14196697 0.09396938 0.07710332 0.03223139 0.01707733
## [8] 0.01267665</pre>
```

5.- Calcular la proporcion de variabilidad acumulada

```
prop.var.acum<-cumsum(eigen.val)/sum(eigen.val)
prop.var.acum
## [1] 0.4599622 0.6249750 0.7669419 0.8609113 0.9380146 0.9702460 0.9873233
## [8] 1.0000000</pre>
```

Estimación de la matriz de carga

Nota: se estima la matriz de carga usando los autovalores y autovectores

Se aplica la rotación varimax

Primera estimación de Lamda mayuscula

se calcula multiplicando la matriz de los

3 primeros autovectores por la matriz diagonal

formada por la raiz cuadrada de los primeros

3 autovalores

```
L.est.1<-eigen.vec[,1:3] %*% diag(sqrt(eigen.val[1:3]))</pre>
##
               [,1]
                           [,2]
                                       [,3]
## [1,] -0.44874575 -0.47578394 0.53393005
## [2,] 0.52366367 -0.54700365 0.26312322
## [3,] -0.87386900 0.04729332 0.13063856
## [4,]
        0.76356236 -0.05349003 0.41394671
## [5,] -0.84843932 -0.31757498 -0.23061066
## [6,]
        0.80406070 -0.41720642 -0.07254777
## [7,]
        0.69745163  0.25155014  -0.40009375
## [8,] -0.06800771 -0.67173536 -0.61195003
```

Rotación varimax

```
L.est.1.var<-varimax(L.est.1)</pre>
L.est.1.var
## $loadings
##
## Loadings:
##
        [,1]
               [,2]
                       [,3]
## [1,]
                       0.840
## [2,] 0.785 -0.106 0.121
## [3,] -0.665
                       0.583
        0.763 0.384 -0.168
## [4,]
## [5,] -0.573 -0.528 0.517
## [6,]
        0.825 -0.202 -0.323
## [7,] 0.281
                      -0.794
## [8,]
               -0.906
##
##
                   [,1] [,2]
                               [,3]
## SS loadings
                  2.744 1.300 2.091
## Proportion Var 0.343 0.163 0.261
```

```
## Cumulative Var 0.343 0.506 0.767
##
## $rotmat
## [,1] [,2] [,3]
## [1,] 0.7824398 0.1724744 -0.5983649
## [2,] -0.5274231 0.6944049 -0.4895169
## [3,] 0.3310784 0.6986089 0.6342970
```

Estimación de la matriz de los errores

```
#1.- Estimación de la matriz de perturbaciones
Psi.est.1<-diag(diag(R-as.matrix(L.est.1.var$loadings)%*% t(as.matrix(L.est.1.var$loadings))))
Psi.est.1
##
        [,1]
              [,2]
                    [,3]
                          [,4]
                                [,5]
                                     [,6]
                                           [,7]
## [3,] 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.2170499 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.000000 0.0000000
## [4,] 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.2427595 0.0000000 0.000000 0.0000000
## [5,] 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.1261156 0.000000 0.0000000
[,8]
## [1,] 0.0000000
## [2,] 0.0000000
## [3,] 0.0000000
## [4,] 0.0000000
## [5,] 0.0000000
## [6,] 0.0000000
## [7,] 0.0000000
## [8,] 0.1696637
```

2.- Se utiliza el método Análisis de factor principal (PFA)

para estimación de autovalores y autovectores

```
RP<-R-Psi.est.1
RP
##
               Log-Population
                                 Income Log-Illiteracy
                                                      Life.Exp
                                                                  Murder
## Log-Population
                   0.71282441 0.034963788
                                           0.28371749 -0.1092630 0.3596542
## Income
                   0.03496379 0.642670461
                                          ## Log-Illiteracy
                   0.28371749 -0.351477726
                                           0.78295012 -0.5699943 0.6947320
## Life.Exp
                                          -0.56999432  0.7572405  -0.7808458
                  -0.10926301 0.340255339
## Murder
                  0.35965424 -0.230077610
                                           0.69473198 -0.7808458 0.8738844
## HS.Grad
                  -0.32211720 0.619932323
                                          -0.66880911 0.5822162 -0.4879710
## Frost
                  -0.45809012 0.226282179
                                          -0.05830524 -0.1086351 0.2963133
                  0.08541473 -0.007462068
## Log-Area
                              Frost
                  HS.Grad
                                       Log-Area
## Log-Population -0.3221172 -0.45809012 0.085414734
## Income
```

Cálculo de la matriz de autovalores y autovectores

```
eRP<-eigen(RP)
```

Autovalores

```
eigen.val.RP<-eRP$values
eigen.val.RP

## [1] 3.46137648 1.10522195 0.88152416 0.48705680 0.35360597 0.02813553
## [7] -0.06758176 -0.11380367
```

Autovectores

```
eigen.vec.RP<-eRP$vectors
eigen.val.RP

## [1] 3.46137648 1.10522195 0.88152416 0.48705680 0.35360597 0.02813553
## [7] -0.06758176 -0.11380367
```

Proporción de variabilidad

```
prop.var.RP<-eigen.val.RP/ sum(eigen.val.RP)
prop.var.RP

## [1] 0.564152306 0.180134556 0.143675179 0.079382934 0.057632455
## [6] 0.004585668 -0.011014811 -0.018548286</pre>
```

Proporción de variabilidad acumulada

```
prop.var.RP.acum<-cumsum(eigen.val.RP)/ sum(eigen.val.RP)
prop.var.RP.acum

## [1] 0.5641523 0.7442869 0.8879620 0.9673450 1.0249774 1.0295631 1.0185483
## [8] 1.0000000</pre>
```

Estimación de la matriz de cargas, con rotación varimax

```
L.est.2<-eigen.vec.RP[,1:3] %*% diag(sqrt(eigen.val.RP[1:3]))
L.est.2</pre>
```

```
## [,1] [,2] [,3]
## [1,] -0.42621819 -0.27609775  0.56228420
## [2,]  0.48528446 -0.36092954  0.32467098
## [3,] -0.84791581  0.08163995  0.10816670
## [4,]  0.73812189  0.02688907  0.36866093
## [5,] -0.84699944 -0.34227865 -0.12211117
## [6,]  0.78817342 -0.40399024  0.04935203
## [7,]  0.66112453  0.12457105 -0.40191996
## [8,] -0.06868291 -0.77165602 -0.36531090
```

Rotacion varimax

```
L.est.2.var<-varimax(L.est.2)
```

Estimación de la matriz de covarianzas de los errores

```
Psi.est.2<-diag(diag(R-as.matrix(L.est.2.var$loadings))/*% t(as.matrix(L.est.2.var$loadings))))
Psi.est.2
##
     [,1]
         [,2]
             [,3]
                 [,4]
                     [,5]
                          [,6]
                              [,7]
## [4,] 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.3185422 0.0000000 0.0000000 0.0000000
##
## [1,] 0.0000000
## [2,] 0.0000000
## [3,] 0.0000000
## [4,] 0.000000
## [5,] 0.0000000
## [6,] 0.0000000
## [7,] 0.0000000
## [8,] 0.2663776
```

Obtencion de los scores de ambos métodos

PCFA

```
FS.est.1<-scale(x)%*% as.matrix(L.est.1.var$loadings)
FS.est.1
##
                         [,1]
                                       [,2]
                                                   [,3]
                  -5.84072356 -1.3993671511 4.0008109
## Alabama
## Alaska
                   2.12443806 -3.6163397014 -1.3435941
## Arizona
                  -0.77245459 -1.1030150088 1.7864181
## Arkansas
                  -4.26961555 -0.1287634469 1.8680205
## California
                  1.57843978 -1.6386262821 3.0959757
```

```
## Colorado
                  3.35619481 -0.5747409714 -1.9955520
## Connecticut
                  2.96609993 2.5265114588 -1.0120520
## Delaware
                  0.15111765 2.2707877284 -1.3473631
## Florida
                 -0.91278118 -0.8518787165
                                          3.2141818
## Georgia
                 -5.10406769 -1.5374188978
                                           3.5972606
## Hawaii
                  1.68679592 2.0782245763 0.6972161
## Idaho
                  1.93931571 0.0374520725 -2.6403015
                  0.36572803 -0.9730363911 1.3246992
## Illinois
## Indiana
                  0.69870165
                             0.1740586327 -0.1660034
## Iowa
                  3.77325852  0.8634090197 -2.4308546
## Kansas
                  3.22079390 0.2206198504 -1.7333568
## Kentucky
                 -3.97957229 -0.1711842990 1.8581455
## Louisiana
                 -6.15095874 -1.1449716511 4.2193388
## Maine
                  0.38912287  0.9352663421 -2.8385772
## Maryland
                  0.54556931 0.6481615589 0.7313943
## Massachusetts
                  1.95531363
                             1.9508870989 -0.0699601
## Michigan
                  0.06109118 -0.8995742724 1.1610156
## Minnesota
                  3.83625590 0.7199310360 -2.2609012
                 -6.73875213 -1.1336057288 3.0124928
## Mississippi
## Missouri
                 -0.63621057 -0.5673516660 0.5606479
## Montana
                  1.70022911 -0.7530855537 -2.9827203
## Nebraska
                  3.31393569 0.5702899251 -2.6630094
## Nevada
                  1.83953234 -2.1624547546 -2.8632403
## New Hampshire
                  1.76672303 1.8835104424 -3.2522623
## New Jersey
                  1.23076573 1.5154423999 0.6483326
## New Mexico
                 -2.42369795 -1.2184859435
                                          0.1095350
## New York
                 -0.55160991 -0.8431042602
                                           2.9025469
## North Carolina -4.53932589 -0.7126552652
                                           2.8168209
## North Dakota
                  3.26810535 1.0664889529 -3.5180166
## Ohio
                  0.67643704 -0.0394642439
                                          0.5816740
## Oklahoma
                 -0.43628926 0.0293430043
                                          0.2108486
## Oregon
                  2.64633236 -0.0126633017 -0.6563722
## Pennsylvania
                 -0.06313819
                             0.0425262164
                                          0.8538298
## Rhode Island
                  0.25059508 4.0533333045 -1.3779994
## South Carolina -6.20030464 -0.7067780563
                                          3.0142562
                  ## South Dakota
## Tennessee
                 -3.75602365 -0.3764569265
                                          2.4225536
## Texas
                 -2.74825842 -2.0176142597 4.0126966
## Utah
                  3.40911641 0.2638533973 -3.0642167
## Vermont
                  1.26368503 1.7670538099 -3.5748058
## Virginia
                 -1.45435214 -0.4332714574 1.8388594
## Washington
                  2.95298764 0.0002978623 -0.1436737
## West Virginia -3.41599674 0.5649932020 0.5132111
## Wisconsin
                  1.92267355 -0.8906222579 -3.6087703
## Wyoming
```

PFA

```
FS.est.2<-scale(x)%*% as.matrix (L.est.2.var$loadings)
FS.est.2

## [,1] [,2] [,3]
## Alabama -5.69766092 -1.133005866 3.9030908
```

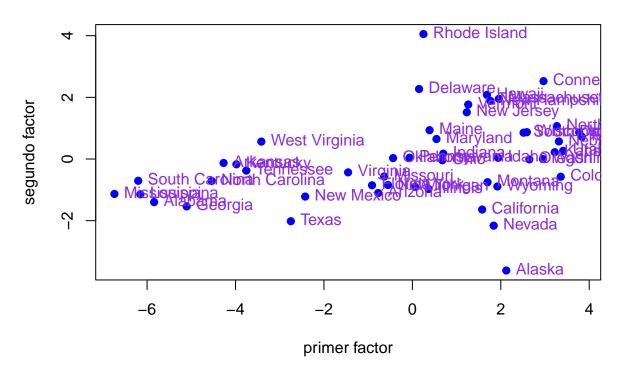
```
## Alaska
                  1.77921500 -3.310049553 -1.2425530
## Arizona
                 -0.80948635 -1.007423566
                                         1.6833688
## Arkansas
                 -4.04451164 -0.036340306
                                          1.8899610
## California
                  1.28900772 -1.589528660
                                          2.7938220
## Colorado
                  3.21256763 -0.645092519 -1.9103448
## Connecticut
                             2.291700954 -1.1152442
                  2.85639977
## Delaware
                  0.22491218 2.168332191 -1.3109174
## Florida
                 -1.04778981 -0.760012075 2.9630979
## Georgia
                 -5.04193484 -1.243399542
                                          3.4848855
## Hawaii
                  1.64548810 1.848120424
                                          0.5487863
## Idaho
                  1.99602286 -0.067186945 -2.4442739
## Illinois
                  0.17329771 -0.870927790 1.1838509
## Indiana
                  ## Iowa
                  3.70915552  0.657976435  -2.3698485
## Kansas
                             0.071725764 -1.6894853
                  3.13617617
## Kentucky
                 -3.82119443 -0.051170443
                                          1.8492550
## Louisiana
                 -5.97309240 -0.880509145
                                          4.1021292
## Maine
                  0.58567717
                              0.845398887 -2.6098620
                             0.650876372 0.5867974
## Maryland
                  0.40855637
## Massachusetts
                  1.91021424
                             1.761365924 -0.1964750
## Michigan
                 -0.07208772 -0.823049544 1.0671998
## Minnesota
                  3.74953682 0.518054623 -2.2104937
                 -6.45121865 -0.852611917 3.0320154
## Mississippi
## Missouri
                 -0.64446964 -0.519762510 0.5472506
## Montana
                  1.72574501 -0.752576236 -2.7507980
## Nebraska
                  3.28773039 0.392513546 -2.5439122
## Nevada
                  1.69672312 -1.994626548 -2.6292009
## New Hampshire
                  1.87991014 1.704867403 -3.0632652
## New Jersey
                  1.10782292 1.425042094
                                         0.4638907
## New Mexico
                 -2.26112419 -1.086582245
                                          0.2653217
## New York
                 -0.72255151 -0.744949928
                                          2.6624378
## North Carolina -4.42441540 -0.513264749
                                          2.7372284
## North Dakota
                 ## Ohio
                  0.59453054 -0.051780182
                                          0.4905274
## Oklahoma
                 -0.36512462
                             0.000708499
                                          0.2244101
                  2.56050584 -0.129810062 -0.6934180
## Oregon
## Pennsylvania
                 -0.10451900 0.054229408 0.7553645
## Rhode Island
                  0.40356926
                             3.785456289 -1.3760426
## South Carolina -5.98815271 -0.435831413
                                          2.9745853
## South Dakota
                  ## Tennessee
                 -3.63769564 -0.249263663
                                          2.3593673
## Texas
                 -2.80670233 -1.827474308 3.8156526
## Utah
                  3.44131011 0.069209103 -2.8669774
## Vermont
                             1.580578146 -3.3086066
                  1.44160727
## Virginia
                 -1.50774364 -0.328200587 1.7151967
                  2.81601549 -0.109025242 -0.2503494
## Washington
## West Virginia -3.18525955
                             0.632647668 0.5745805
## Wisconsin
                  2.55487697
                             0.699000994 -1.5141208
## Wyoming
                  1.92835024 -0.866073018 -3.3204601
```

Graficamos ambos scores

```
par(mfrow=c(2,1))
```

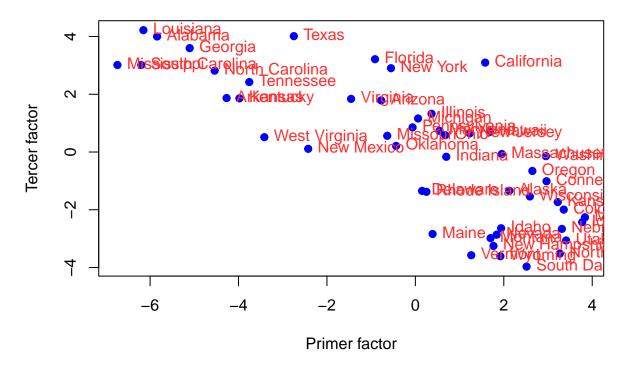
Factor I y II

scores con factor I y II con PCFA



Factor I y III

scores con factor I y III con PCFA



Factor II y III

scores con factor II y III con PCFA

