

2. Fashion Forward: Inventory and Sales Metrics for a Clothing Brand

Business Overview:

Fashion Forward is a mid-sized clothing retailer specializing in seasonal collections, catering to diverse customer segments. Operating through a network of physical stores and an online shopping platform, the company aims to:

- Introduce new collections for each season (Spring, Summer, Fall, Winter).
- Analyze customer preferences to predict future trends.
- Maintain optimal inventory levels to avoid overstocking or stockouts.
- Drive engagement through marketing campaigns and seasonal sales.

Business Operations:

1. Product Management:

- Designing seasonal collections aligned with current fashion trends.
- Collaborating with suppliers for timely delivery of raw materials and finished goods.
- Managing inventory across warehouses and retail outlets.

2. Sales Channels:

- Physical stores with personalized shopping experiences.
- An e-commerce platform offering convenience and targeted promotions.

3. Customer Engagement:

- Seasonal campaigns offering discounts and exclusive previews.
- Loyalty programs rewarding repeat purchases and referrals.
- Personalized marketing based on purchase history and browsing behavior.

4. Revenue Streams:

- Direct sales through retail and e-commerce platforms.
- Limited-edition collections priced at a premium.
- Subscription services offering exclusive perks and early access to collections.

Data Warehouse Business Case:

Purpose of the Data Warehouse:

The data warehouse will serve as a centralized repository for Fashion Forward's operational data, enabling:

- Analysis of sales trends and inventory levels.
- Insights into customer preferences and purchasing behavior.

- Performance evaluation of seasonal collections and marketing campaigns.
- Enhanced forecasting for production and procurement planning.

Star Schema Design:

The data warehouse will utilize a star schema with the following dimensions and facts:

Fact Table:

- **Sales Fact Table:**
 - Sales_ID (Primary Key)
 - Product_ID (Foreign Key)
 - Store_ID (Foreign Key)
 - Customer_ID (Foreign Key)
 - Date_ID (Foreign Key)
 - Quantity Sold
 - Revenue
 - Discount Applied

Dimension Tables:

1. Product Dimension:

- Product_ID (Primary Key)
- Product_Name
- Category (e.g., Men's, Women's, Kids's)
- Collection (e.g., Spring 2024)
- Price

2. Store Dimension:

- Store_ID (Primary Key)
- Store_Name
- Location
- Region

3. Customer Dimension:

- Customer_ID (Primary Key)
- Customer_Name
- Email
- Loyalty_Tier
- Join_Date

4. Date Dimension:

- Date_ID (Primary Key)
- Date

- Day
- Month
- Year
- Quarter

Metadata for Data Warehouse:

1. Sales Fact Table:

- Grain: Each row represents a unique sales transaction.
- Source: Sales system (physical stores and online platform).
- Update Frequency: Daily.

2. Product Dimension:

- Grain: Each row represents a unique product.
- Source: Product management system.
- Update Frequency: Weekly or as products are introduced/updated.

3. Store Dimension:

- Grain: Each row represents a unique store.
- Source: Retail operations database.
- Update Frequency: Monthly.

4. Customer Dimension:

- Grain: Each row represents a unique customer.
- Source: CRM system.
- Update Frequency: Daily.

5. Date Dimension:

- Grain: Each row represents a unique date.
- Source: Calendar reference.
- Update Frequency: Static (preloaded).

Dashboard Lab Instructions:

1. Use the data warehouse to execute queries and extract data relevant to Fashion Forward's operations.
2. Analyze inventory levels, sales performance, and customer loyalty metrics.
3. Design a dashboard using tools like Tableau or Power BI, ensuring it:
 - Highlights key metrics such as revenue by collection, sales by region, and loyalty tier distribution.
 - Incorporates seasonal trends and their impact on sales.
 - Adheres to clean, consistent visual design principles.
4. Present the dashboard to stakeholders, summarizing the insights derived and recommendations for inventory and marketing strategies.

