#### 1. Data

I have chosen a dataset from <u>Kaggle.com about air pollution</u> which contains Air quality index (AQI) values which means number of pollutants from cities across the world. I have chosen a column called "Ozone AQI value". I chose 190 values just randomly selecting cells.

#### 2. Hypothesis

In kaggle there were histograms of each value and it looked normally distributed. The significance level would be 2.5%.

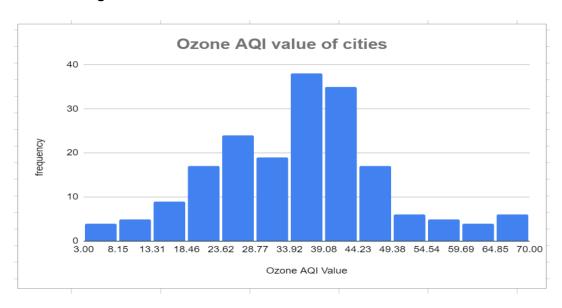
### 3. Measures of Location, Dispersion and Skewness

Mean	35.616
Median	37.000
St.dev	13.509
Skewness	-0.307

I have calculated skewness and it shows a minus number which means it is negatively skewed.

I believe that this data is normally distributed because it is close to zero.

#### 4. Histogram



The bucket size is 5.15.

According to the histogram the bars do not fully look symmetric, somewhere there are gaps, somewhere it is small. I would say that they are moderately symmetric and this data could be normally distributed.

Left		Right	Frequency	Percentage
	22.107	49.125	135	0.7105
	8.598	62.634	176	0.9263
	-4.911	76.143	190	1.0000

This percentage that I obtained is slightly higher but it is close to the original percentages. So, I believe that based on that it might be normally distributed.

# 5. Chi-squared test

8.15 13.3		Observed	standardized inte	ervals (z-scores)			Expected		
	lcb	ucb	frequency	lcb	ucb	P(Z <lcb)< th=""><th>P(Z<ucb)< th=""><th>frequency</th><th></th></ucb)<></th></lcb)<>	P(Z <ucb)< th=""><th>frequency</th><th></th></ucb)<>	frequency	
	3	8.15	4		-2.033	0.000	0.021	3.995	
	8.15	13.31	5	-2.033	-1.651	0.021	0.049	5.385	
	13.31	18.46	9	-1.651	-1.270	0.049	0.102	10.008	
	18.46	23.62	17	-1.270	-0.888	0.102	0.187	16.193	
	23.62	28.77	24	-0.888	-0.507	0.187	0.306	22.573	
	28.77	33.92	19	-0.507	-0.126	0.306	0.450	27.320	
	33.92	39.08	38	-0.126	0.256	0.450	0.601	28.720	
	39.08	44.23	35	0.256	0.638	0.601	0.738	26.075	
	44.23	49.38	17	0.638	1.019	0.738	0.846	20.451	
	49.38	54.54	6	1.019	1.401	0.846	0.919	13.964	
	54.54	59.69	5	1.401	1.782	0.919	0.963	8.214	
	59.69	64.85	4	1.782	2.164	0.963	0.985	4.207	
	64.85	70	7	2.164		0.985	1.000	2.894	
			190					190	

After combining cells:

О	Е	(O-E)^2/E
9	9.380	0.015
9	10.008	0.102
17	16.193	0.040
24	22.573	0.090
19	27.320	2.534
38	28.720	2.998
35	26.075	3.055
17	20.451	0.582
6	13.964	4.542
5	8.214	1.258
11	7.101	2.141
190	190.000	17.357

## 6. Conclusion

2.5% 17.53 R33 <q37 accept="" hypothesis<="" th="" the=""><th>Sig.level</th><th>Critical Value</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></q37>	Sig.level	Critical Value			
	2.5%	17.53	R33 <q37< th=""><th colspan="2">Accept the hypothesis</th></q37<>	Accept the hypothesis	

Degree of freedom is 8. So according to the Chi-square distribution table I found the intersection, which showed that Critical Value is 17.53. I accept the hypothesis because the test statistic was slightly lower than Critical Value (17.357<17.53).