

Redux

- React = the data contained in the application; provides the views to display that state
- Redux = the views contained in the application; served to construct the application state
- react-redux is the library that combines React and Redux (glue between these)
 - `import { connect } from 'react-redux';`
- **Container** (aka “smart component”) is a react component that has a direct connection to the state managed by redux
- We want the most parent component that knows about a piece of state to be a container
- Components (aka “dumb components”) don’t care about when state changes
- **Reducers** - a function that returns a piece of the application’s state
 - Application can have many different pieces of state, so it can have many different reducers
 - Reducers produce the value of the state
 - `rootReducer` combines all reducers, where:
 - `{key is piece of state: [value is output of reducers, like a list of objects]}`

To call a separate function within JSX: `{this.function()}`

Key in map just needs to be a unique value

function **mapStateToProps**(state)

- This function is the glue between React and Redux
- The purpose of this is to take the application state as an argument
- Whatever is returned will show up as **props** inside of the Container class
- Whatever is returned (usually an object) will be set equal to `this.props`
- `return {propertyName: state.propertyName (this will be the value returned, like an array of objects)}`;
- Whenever state changes, the container will instantly **re-render**

`export default connect(mapStateToProps)(ContainerName);`

- `connect` takes a function and a component and produces a Container

mapDispatchToProps() allows us to pass through our action creator as a prop
bindActionCreators() function, we can wrap the action creator in our store's dispatch function, so that the action is properly dispatched to the store

Actions and Action Creators

- **Actions** are for changing state
- An action creator is a function that calls an action and returns an object
 - The action has a type that describes the type of action that was just triggered. The action can also have some data that further describes the data
- The action object is then sent to ALL the reducers in an application.
 - **Switch statement** is in a reducer which will go to a different line depending on the type of action. If the type matches, it will return `action.whatever`. Reducer doesn’t have to react to every action, in which case it will just return the current state.
- The reducer can change to return a different piece of state depending on what the action is. The new state is then sent to the application state, then causes container to re-render.
 - Once all reducers have processed the action (new state or current state), the news assembled state goes back to all containers.
 - Then the function `mapStateToProps` will re-render with updated state.
- **When the user triggers a new event, this is repeated: call action creator -> returns action -> action flows to reducers -> reducers assemble new state -> new state flows to containers**