G. Pape

runit - a UNIX init scheme with service supervision

How to install runit

<u>Upgrading from previous versions of runit</u>

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Runlevels

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A collection of run scripts

The runit program

The runit-init program

The sv program

The runsvdir program

The runsvchdir program

The runsv program

The sylogd program

The chpst program

The utmpset program

runit is a cross-platform Unix init scheme with service supervision, a replacement for <u>sysvinit</u>, and other init schemes. It runs on **GNU/Linux**, ***BSD**, **MacOSX**, **Solaris**, and can easily be adapted to other Unix operating systems. If *runit* runs for you on any other operating system, please <u>let me know</u>.

runit is discussed on the supervision@list.skarnet.org> mailing list. Please contact this list and not me privately.

To subscribe send an empty email to subscribe@list.skarnet.org.

Mailing list archives are available at <u>skarnet.org</u>, and <u>gmane.org</u>.

The program <u>runit</u> is intended to run as Unix process no 1, it is automatically started by the <u>runit-init</u>/sbin/init-replacement if this is started by the kernel.

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<u>runit</u> performs the system's *booting*, *running* and *shutting down* in **three stages**:

• Stage 1:

runit starts /etc/runit/1 and waits for it to terminate. The system's one time initialization tasks are done here. /etc/runit/1 has full control over /dev/console to be able to start an emergency shell in case the one time initialization tasks fail.

• Stage 2:

runit starts /etc/runit/2 which should not return until the system is going to halt or reboot; if it crashes, it will be restarted. Normally, /etc/runit/2 runs runsvdir. In Stage 2 runit optionally handles the INT signal (ctrl-alt-del keyboard request on Linux/i386).

• **Stage 3:**

If *runit* is told to halt or reboot the system, or Stage 2 returns without errors, it terminates Stage 2 if it is running, and runs /etc/runit/3. The systems tasks to shutdown and halt or reboot are done here.

These are working examples for Debian sarge: /etc/runit/2, /etc/runit/2, /etc/runit/2, /etc/runit/2.

The program <u>runit-init</u> is intended to replace /sbin/init. The command <u>init</u> o tells *runit* to halt the system, and <u>init</u> 6 to reboot. <u>Runlevels</u> are handled through the <u>runsvdir</u> and <u>runsvchdir</u> programs. Service <u>dependencies</u> are resolved automatically.

runit is optimized for reliability and small size. The amount of code in process no 1 should be minimal.

See <u>How to install runit</u> for installing *runit*, and <u>How to replace init</u> for configuring *runit* to run as process no 1. See <u>How to use with current init</u> if you want to use *runit* without replacing the current init scheme. Please read the list of Frequently asked questions with answers.

If *runit* on Linux is compiled and linked with the <u>dietlibc</u>, it yields in a statically linked runit binary of 8.5k size and this ps axuw output on my system:

```
USER PID %CPU %MEM VSZ RSS TTY STAT START TIME COMMAND root 1 0.0 0.0 20 16 ? S 2002 0:02 runit
```

I recommend doing this; for instructions, see <u>How to use dietlibc</u>.

The following distributions are known to include or package *runit*:

- <u>Debian GNU/Linux</u> (as alternative init scheme)
- FreeBSD
- OpenBSD
- NetBSD
- Ubuntu (as alternative init scheme)
- Gentoo
- Linux from Scratch
- Finnix
- SME server
- Linux-VServer
- T2
- GoboLinux
- Dragora GNU/Linux (as default init scheme)

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- ArchLinux
- OpenSDE
- Zinux Linux (as default init scheme)
- deepOfix Mail Server (as default init scheme)
- <u>Void Linux</u> (as default init scheme)
- Artix Linux (as default init scheme)

If you know of more distributions, please <u>let me know</u>.

runit in use: I replaced *sysvinit* successfully with *runit* on several server systems and a laptop running Debian/GNU Linux sarge, woody, and potato. Here is an example:

```
# strings /proc/1/exe | grep Id
$Id: runit.c,v 1.7 2002/02/13 09:59:52 pape Exp $
# uptime
 11:59:13 up 365 days, 23:22, 3 users, load average: 0.01, 0.02, 0.00
# ps axuw | head -n20
                                     VSZ RSS TTY
                                                               STAT START
               PID %CPU %MEM
                                                                                  TIME COMMAND
USER
                                       20 16 ?
                                                                        2002
root
                1 0.0 0.0
                                                               S
                                                                                  0:07 runit
                 2 0.0 0.0
                                      0 0 ?
                                                                        2002
                                                                                  0:00 [keventd]
root
                3 0.0 0.0
                                      0 0 ?
                                                                        2002
                                                             SWN
                                                                                  0:51 [ksoftirgd CPU0]
root
                4 0.0 0.0
                                      0 0 ?
                                                             SW
                                                                        2002 144:38 [kswapd]
root
               5 0.0 0.0 0 0 ?
6 0.0 0.0 0 0 ?
                                                             SW
                                                                        2002
                                                                                0:08 [bdflush]
root
                                                            SW
                                                                        2002
root
                                                                                 7:24 [kupdated]
                                                            S
S
               168 0.0 0.0 1652 168 ?
                                                                        2002
                                                                                0:27 /usr/sbin/cron
root
            174 0.0 0.0 36 24 ? S 2002 1:06 runsvdir /var/
176 0.0 0.0 20 20 ? S 2002 0:00 runsv qmail-se
177 0.0 0.0 20 20 ? S 2002 0:00 runsv getty-5
178 0.0 0.0 20 20 ? S 2002 0:00 runsv getty-4
179 0.0 0.0 20 20 ? S 2002 0:00 runsv getty-3
180 0.0 0.0 20 20 ? S 2002 0:00 runsv getty-3
180 0.0 0.0 20 20 ? S 2002 0:00 runsv getty-2
182 0.0 0.0 20 20 ? S 2002 0:00 runsv socklog-
183 0.0 0.0 1256 4 tty5 S 2002 0:00 /sbin/getty 38
184 0.0 0.0 1256 4 tty3 S 2002 0:00 getty 38400 tt
185 0.0 0.0 20 20 ? S 2002 0:00 runsv socklog-
186 0.0 0.0 20 20 ? S 2002 0:00 runsv socklog-
186 0.0 0.0 1256 4 tty4 S 2002 0:00 getty 38400 tt
187 0.0 0.0 1256 4 tty4 S 2002 0:00 getty 38400 tt
               174 0.0 0.0
root
                                    36
                                            24 ?
                                                                        2002
                                                                                 1:06 runsvdir /var/service lo
                                                                                0:00 runsv qmail-send
root
root
root
root
root
                                                                                 0:00 runsv socklog-unix
root
                                                                                 0:00 /sbin/getty 38400 tty5 1
root
                                                                                  0:00 getty 38400 tty3 linux
root
                                                                                  0:00 runsv socklog-klog
root
root
root
                                                                                  0:00 getty 38400 tty4 linux
# pstree
runit-+-bdflush
         -cron
         -gcache
         -keventd
         -ksoftirqd CPU0
         -kswapd
         -kupdated
         -runsvdir-+-runsv-+-multilog
                                    -qmail-send-+-qmail-clean
                                                     |-qmail-lspawn
                                                       -qmail-rspawn---qmail-remote
                         -4*[runsv---getty]
                         -2*[runsv-+-multilog]
                                       `-socklog]
                         -runsv-+-multilog
                                    `-sshd-+-sshd---sshd---bash---bash---pstree
                                             `-sshd---sshd---rsync
                         -runsv---clockspeed
                         -runsv-+-dnscache
                                   `-multilog
                         -runsv---apache-ssl-+-9*[apache-ssl]
```

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-qcache

```
-4*[multilog]
-7*[runsv-+-multilog]
-tcpserver]
-4*[runsv-+-multilog]
-tinydns]
-runsv---uncat
-2*[runsv-+-multilog]
-tcpsvd]
-runsv-+-svlogd
-tcpsvd-+-smtpfront-qmail
-smtpfront-qmail---qmail-queue
-runsv-+-svlogd
-tcpsvd---bincimap-up---bincimapd
```

See http://smarden.org/runit/ for recent informations.

Related links:

- minit a small yet feature-complete init
- svscan as process 1 by Paul Jarc
- <u>sysvinit</u> source code
- FreeBSD's init CVS repository
- NetBSD's init CVS repository
- OpenBSD's init CVS repository
- Linux Boot Scripts by Richard Gooch

Gerrit Pape <pape@smarden.org>

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