```
n= 2 prod=
     2 [[2]]
n= 3 prod=
    3 [[3]]
n= 4 prod=
    4 [[4], [2, 2]]
n= 5 prod=
    6 [[3, 2]]
n= 6 prod=
    9 [[3, 3]]
    12 [[4, 3], [3, 2, 2]]
n= 7 prod=
    18 [[3, 3, 2]]
27 [[3, 3, 3]]
36 [[4, 3, 3], [3, 3, 2, 2]]
54 [[3, 3, 3, 2]]
n= 8 prod=
n= 9 prod=
n= 10 prod=
n= 11 prod=
    34 [[3, 3, 3, 3]]
108 [[4, 3, 3, 3], [3, 3, 3, 2, 2]]
162 [[3, 3, 3, 3, 2]]
243 [[3, 3, 3, 3, 3], [3, 3, 3, 3, 2, 2]]
486 [[3, 3, 3, 3, 3], [3, 3, 3, 3, 2, 2]]
n= 12 prod=
n= 13 prod=
n= 14 prod=
n= 15 prod=
n= 16 prod=
n= 17 prod=
    729 [[3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3]]
972 [[4, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3], [3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 2, 2]]
n= 18 prod=
n= 19 prod=
n= 20 prod=
    1458 [[3, <mark>3</mark>, 3, 3, 3, 3, 2]]
    2187 [[3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3]]
n= 21 prod=
    2916 [[4, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3], [3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 2, 2]]
n= 22 prod=
    n= 23 prod=
n= 24 prod=
n= 25 prod=
n= 26 prod=
n= 27 prod=
n= 28 prod= 26244 [[4, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3], [3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 2, 2]]
n= 29 prod= 39366 [[3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3]
n= 30 prod= 59049 [[3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3]
n= 32 prod= 118098 [[3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3]]
```

Ramblings: P(N) -> N

- a '1' is never good (except n=1)

 The wastes '1' of the sum and doesn't increase the product
- 9 smaller factors should be preferred $(x \le h-2) \ge [x] \times [n-x] = n = \sum [x-2] \times [n-x]$ $T[x] \times [n-x] = nx-x^2$ $T[x-2] \times [n-x] = (2x-q) \cdot (n-x) = 2nx-2x^2-4n+4x$ $= 2(nx-x^2)+4(-n+x) \stackrel{?}{=} nx-x^2$ $= 2(nx-x^2)+4(-n+x) = 4n-4x = 4(n-x)$ $= 2(nx-x^2) = 4(-n+x) = 4n-4x = 4(n-x)$ = 4(n-x) = 4(n-x)
- Every neNt can be reduced using 1,2,3 & 9 $n = 1 \rightarrow 9 \rightarrow 1$ $n = 2 \rightarrow 9 \rightarrow 2$ (2 is the only option left) $n = 3 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 3$ $n = 4 \rightarrow 9 \rightarrow 4$ $n = 5 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2$ $n = 5 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2$ $n = 5 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2$ $n = 5 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 2$

Given
$$n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$
, $x \in [1, n-1]$, $y \in [1, x-1]$
 $[x, n-x]$ $[x] = n$

 $T_1 = \chi(n-x) = nx - x^2 | x \le n-1$ Becomes maximal for:

$$(x \le n-2) \ge (x + n - x) = n = \sum (x-3,3,n-x)$$

$$||(x < n-x)| = nx - x^2 = x(n-x)$$

$$||(x < n-x)| = 3((x-3)(n-x)) = 3(nx - x^2 - 3n + 3x)$$

$$= 3(x(n-x) + 3(-n+x)) = 3x(n-x) + 9(-n+x)$$

$$||(x < n-x)| + 9(-n+x) = 3x(n-x) + 9(-n+x)$$

$$||(x < n-x)| + 9(-n+x) = 3x(n-x) + 9(-n+x)$$

$$||(x < n-x)| + 9(-n+x) = 3x(n-x) + 9(-n+x)$$

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$$||(x < n-x)| + 9(-n+x) = 3x(n-x) + 9(-n+x)$$

$$||(x < n-x)| + 9(-n$$