# Umansky & Dumont (2021) Analysis & Replication

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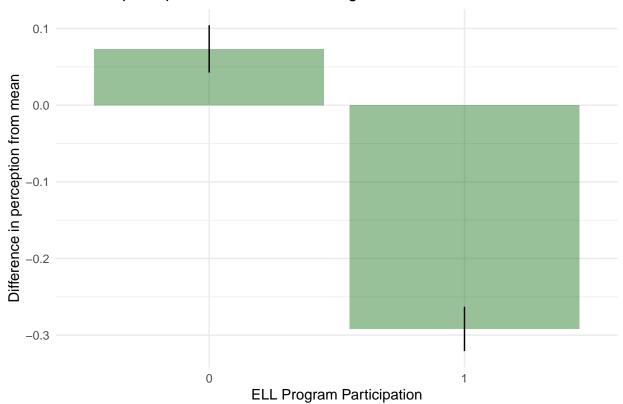
```
dat <- import(here("data","dumont_umansky_ECLSK.dta"))</pre>
```

#### A. Baseline differences (3 points)

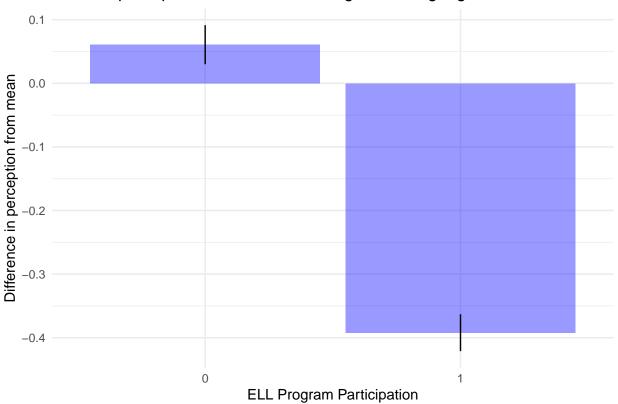
For the following tasks, give your best attempt at completing the analysis. If you are unable to conduct the programming or analysis, describe what you are attempting to do and what your results would mean.

A1 Present graphical and/or numerical evidence on whether teachers perceive students who are classified as ELs as having weaker language and mathematics skills in this data set. Describe the results of your assessment in 3-4 sentences. Should the evidence you have shared here be interpreted as a plausibly causal estimate of the effect of being classified as an EL student on teachers' perceptions of students' ability? In 1-2 sentences, answer why or why not.

## Teacher perception of student's kindergarten Math skills



## Teacher perception of student's kindergarten Language skills



```
#Naive ols estimation of the effect of EL status on teacher perception of students academic skills
#language skills
ols_lang <- lm(tlangk ~ elprgm,</pre>
              data=dat)
summary(ols_lang)
##
## lm(formula = tlangk ~ elprgm, data = dat)
##
## Residuals:
       Min
                  1Q
                      Median
                                    3Q
                                            Max
## -2.93727 -0.69388 0.08948 0.76093 1.54429
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.06071
                           0.03198
                                     1.898
                                             0.0578 .
               -0.45285
                           0.04260 -10.631
                                             <2e-16 ***
## elprgm
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.9831 on 2164 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.04964,
                                    Adjusted R-squared: 0.0492
```

## F-statistic: 113 on 1 and 2164 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = tmathk ~ elprgm, data = dat)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -3.1583 -0.6542 0.1479 0.8135 1.4845
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                           0.03203
                                     2.295
## (Intercept) 0.07350
                                             0.0218 *
## elprgm
              -0.36545
                           0.04266
                                   -8.567
                                             <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.9845 on 2164 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.03281,
                                   Adjusted R-squared: 0.03236
## F-statistic: 73.4 on 1 and 2164 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

For both language and math skills, teachers perceived multilingual students who participate in the ELL program as having lower ability. However, this should not be interpreted as causal; the causal inference assumptions are not met.

**A2** Are there other ways in which students classified as EL learners are different from other students who live in homes where a language other than English is predominantly spoken, but are not classified as ELs? Present a table with quantitative information summarizing this fact and describe how this motivates your analytic strategy in Section B in 3-4 sentences.

	0 (N=945)	1 (N=1221)	Total (N=2166)	p value
hisp				< 0.001
Mean (SD)	0.50 (0.50)	0.75(0.44)	0.64 (0.48)	
continuous measure of student's socioeconomic status				< 0.001
Mean (SD)	-0.21 (0.91)	-0.69 (0.68)	-0.48 (0.82)	
student chronically absent in kinder				0.025
Mean (SD)	0.13(0.33)	0.10(0.30)	0.11 (0.31)	
student's kinder executive functioning score 1: card sort				< 0.001
Mean (SD)	14.17(3.26)	12.97(3.89)	13.49(3.68)	
student is female				0.396
Mean (SD)	$0.51 \ (0.50)$	0.49(0.50)	$0.50 \ (0.50)$	
student attends school in a rural area				< 0.001
Mean (SD)	0.14 (0.34)	0.08(0.27)	$0.11 \ (0.31)$	
student's total EBRS score				< 0.001

	0 (N=945)	1 (N=1221)	Total (N=2166)	p value
Mean (SD)	13.41 (4.57)	10.79 (4.72)	11.94 (4.83)	< 0.001
student's total PreLAS score Mean (SD)	17.62 (3.32)	14.55 (4.89)	15.89 (4.54)	< 0.001

Students participating in the EL program differed significantly on the quantitative characteristics of proportion Hispanic/Latinx, socioeconomic status, proportion rural, and on executive functioning score. Because of these significant differences, we will match based on these covariates. We will also match based on the executive functioning assessment, as suggested by Umansky & Dumont. There is no significant difference between those who are chronically absent and by gender.

### B. Replication and Extension (7 points)

For the following tasks, give your best attempt at completing the analysis. If you are unable to conduct the programming or analysis, describe what you are attempting to do and what your results would mean.

**B1.** Develop a formal model (an equation) that describes the probability that a student who lives in a home where a language other than English is predominantly spoken will be identified as an EL. Start with a basic model that defines EL-classification as a function of PreLAS score, EBRS score, SES, Rurality, Gender and Ethnicity (Hispanic/Latinx or not). From this starting probability, present a visual describing the region of common support for EL- and non-EL-classified students. Describe the substantive implications to your analytic strategy of this figure in 2-3 sentences.

For our analysis, we will use the following model:

```
elprgm = PreLAS + EBRS + kexecfunc1 + SES + rural + female + hisp
```

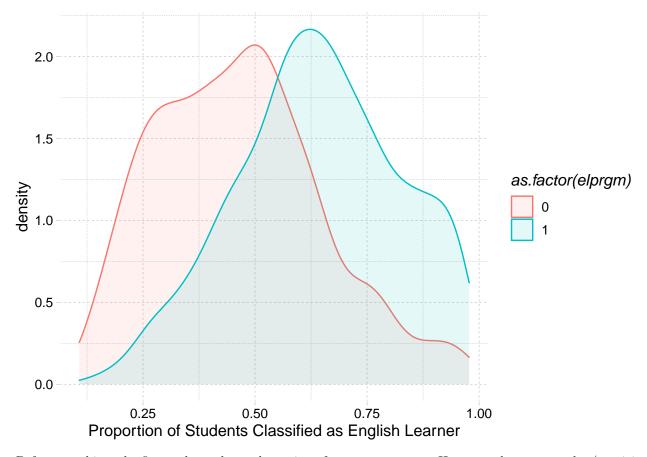
where elprgm is student participation in the EL program, PreLAS and EBRS are student's total scores from those two tests, kexecfunc1 is kindergarten executive function score, rural is student attending school in a rural area, female is student identifying as female, and hisp is student identifying as Hispanic/Latinx.

# 1. Fit logistic selection model estimating probability of participating in program, given covariates pscores <- feglm(elprgm ~ prelas + ebrs + ses + kexecfunc1 + rural + female + hisp, family=c("logit"), summary(pscores)

```
## GLM estimation, family = binomial(link = "logit"), Dep. Var.: elprgm
## Observations: 2,166
## Standard-errors: IID
                                      t value
                Estimate Std. Error
                                                Pr(>|t|)
                                     9.519736 < 2.2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
               3.046762
                           0.320047
## prelas
               -0.147814
                           0.016233 -9.105686 < 2.2e-16 ***
## ebrs
               -0.024275
                           0.012284 -1.976174 4.8135e-02 *
## ses
               -0.379779
                           0.071417 -5.317766 1.0505e-07 ***
## kexecfunc1
              -0.027185
                           0.014318 -1.898632 5.7613e-02 .
               -0.614306
                           0.156862 -3.916217 8.9949e-05 ***
## rural
## female
               -0.054920
                           0.095492 -0.575125 5.6521e-01
## hisp
                0.337650
                           0.114721 2.943230 3.2481e-03 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Log-Likelihood: -1,284.4
                              Adj. Pseudo R2: 0.129599
              BIC: 2,630.3
                                Squared Cor.: 0.182884
##
```

```
## p_score elprgm
## 1 0.7484722 1
## 2 0.3117790 0
## 3 0.4185726 0
## 4 0.6425941 0
## 5 0.7599968 1
## 6 0.4264998 1
```

```
# 3. Examine common support
ggplot(pscore_df, aes(p_score,fill = as.factor(elprgm), color = as.factor(elprgm))) +
   geom_density(alpha=0.1) +
   theme_pander(base_size = 12) +
   xlab("Proportion of Students Classified as English Learner")
```



Before matching, the figure above shows the region of common support. However, the two samples (participating in the EL program or not) are different on other characteristics as explained earlier, so we will try to increase the region of common support by matching below.

```
# 1. Generate matches
matched <- matchit(elprgm ~ prelas + ebrs + kexecfunc1 + ses + rural + female + hisp, method="nearest",</pre>
                   discard="both", data=dat)
# Create dataframe from matched data
df_match <- match.data(matched)</pre>
# Dimensions of dataframe
dim(df_match) #compared to 2166 x 16
## [1] 1689
              18
## 2. Examine common support (post-match)
ggplot(df_match, aes(distance,fill = as.factor(elprgm), color = as.factor(elprgm))) +
        geom_density(alpha=0.1) +
        theme_pander(base_size = 16) +
        xlab("Proportion of Students Classified as English Learner")
   2.0
    1.5
density
0.0
                                                                 as.factor(elprgm)
                                                                      0
   0.5
    0.0
               0.25
                              0.50
                                            0.75
                                                          1.00
Proportion of Students Classified as English Learner
## 3. Examine quality of matches, descriptively
summary(matched) # see slide 29 to interpret quality of matches
##
## Call:
## matchit(formula = elprgm ~ prelas + ebrs + kexecfunc1 + ses +
```

```
rural + female + hisp, data = dat, method = "nearest", discard = "both",
##
##
       replace = T)
##
## Summary of Balance for All Data:
              Means Treated Means Control Std. Mean Diff. Var. Ratio eCDF Mean
                                    0.4650
## distance
                      0.6401
                                                     0.9628
                                                                 0.9571
                                                                            0.2521
## prelas
                     14.5479
                                   17.6201
                                                    -0.6277
                                                                 2.1724
                                                                            0.1463
## ebrs
                                                                 1.0710
                     10.7944
                                   13.4127
                                                    -0.5541
                                                                           0.1247
## kexecfunc1
                     12.9689
                                   14.1704
                                                    -0.3086
                                                                 1.4280
                                                                            0.0667
## ses
                                                                 0.5679
                     -0.6864
                                   -0.2113
                                                    -0.6945
                                                                           0.1306
## rural
                      0.0811
                                    0.1376
                                                    -0.2069
                                                                           0.0565
## female
                      0.4906
                                    0.5090
                                                    -0.0368
                                                                            0.0184
## hisp
                      0.7461
                                    0.5005
                                                     0.5642
                                                                           0.2456
##
              eCDF Max
## distance
                0.4057
## prelas
                0.3523
## ebrs
                0.2395
## kexecfunc1
                0.1194
## ses
                0.2612
## rural
                0.0565
## female
                0.0184
## hisp
                0.2456
##
##
## Summary of Balance for Matched Data:
              Means Treated Means Control Std. Mean Diff. Var. Ratio eCDF Mean
## distance
                      0.6401
                                    0.6401
                                                    -0.0000
                                                                 0.9969
                                                                            0.0011
                     14.5479
                                   14.7740
                                                    -0.0462
                                                                 0.9619
                                                                            0.0188
## prelas
## ebrs
                     10.7944
                                   11.0524
                                                    -0.0546
                                                                 0.9639
                                                                           0.0131
## kexecfunc1
                     12.9689
                                   12.6749
                                                     0.0755
                                                                 0.9678
                                                                           0.0178
## ses
                     -0.6864
                                   -0.7216
                                                     0.0514
                                                                 1.0803
                                                                           0.0116
## rural
                      0.0811
                                    0.0590
                                                     0.0810
                                                                           0.0221
## female
                      0.4906
                                    0.4742
                                                     0.0328
                                                                            0.0164
                      0.7461
                                    0.7576
                                                    -0.0263
                                                                            0.0115
## hisp
              eCDF Max Std. Pair Dist.
## distance
                0.0131
                                 0.0040
## prelas
                0.0541
                                 0.3414
## ebrs
                0.0401
                                 0.8939
## kexecfunc1
                0.0598
                                 0.9085
## ses
                0.0328
                                 0.7772
## rural
                0.0221
                                 0.4171
## female
                0.0164
                                 0.9961
                0.0115
## hisp
                                 0.5758
##
## Percent Balance Improvement:
              Std. Mean Diff. Var. Ratio eCDF Mean eCDF Max
##
## distance
                         100.0
                                      92.9
                                                99.6
                                                          96.8
## prelas
                          92.6
                                      95.0
                                                87.2
                                                          84.7
## ebrs
                          90.1
                                     46.5
                                                89.5
                                                          83.2
                                      90.8
## kexecfunc1
                          75.5
                                                73.3
                                                          49.9
## ses
                          92.6
                                     86.4
                                                91.1
                                                          87.5
## rural
                          60.9
                                                60.9
                                                          60.9
## female
                          11.0
                                                11.0
                                                          11.0
## hisp
                          95.3
                                                95.3
                                                          95.3
```

```
##
## Sample Sizes:
                  Control Treated
##
## All
                   945.
                              1221
## Matched (ESS)
                   255.68
                              1221
## Matched
                              1221
                   468.
## Unmatched
                   473.
                                 0
## Discarded
                                 0
                     4.
```

In the summary of balance, we see that the standard mean difference decreases for the the matched data.

```
#Estimate of EL status on Teacher perception of students' language skills using nearest neighbor matchi
psmatch_lang <- lm(tlangk ~ elprgm + prelas + ebrs + kexecfunc1+ ses+ rural + female + hisp,
             data=df_match,
             weights=weights)
#Estimate of EL status on Teacher perception of students' math skills using nearest neighbor matching
psmatch_math <- lm(tmathk ~ elprgm + prelas + ebrs + kexecfunc1 + ses + rural + female + hisp,
             data=df_match,
             weights=weights)
summary(psmatch_lang)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = tlangk ~ elprgm + prelas + ebrs + kexecfunc1 + ses +
      rural + female + hisp, data = df_match, weights = weights)
##
##
## Weighted Residuals:
               1Q Median
                               3Q
## -3.1387 -0.5438 0.0588 0.5985 3.1642
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -2.144357
                          0.113218 -18.940 < 2e-16 ***
                          0.047400 -1.382 0.16727
## elprgm
              -0.065489
              -0.001142
                          0.005118 -0.223 0.82338
## prelas
## ebrs
               0.105994
                          0.005390 19.664 < 2e-16 ***
                                    5.385 8.29e-08 ***
## kexecfunc1
              0.030730
                          0.005707
## ses
               0.036266
                          0.036312
                                    0.999 0.31807
                          0.080697 -0.856 0.39230
## rural
              -0.069051
## female
               0.138029
                          0.042521
                                    3.246 0.00119 **
                                   6.036 1.93e-09 ***
               0.340997
                          0.056489
## hisp
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.8695 on 1680 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2803, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2768
```

## F-statistic: 81.77 on 8 and 1680 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

#### summary(psmatch\_math)

```
##
## lm(formula = tmathk ~ elprgm + prelas + ebrs + kexecfunc1 + ses +
      rural + female + hisp, data = df_match, weights = weights)
##
## Weighted Residuals:
##
      Min
              1Q Median
                            3Q
                                   Max
## -3.6069 -0.5671 0.0797 0.6850 3.1753
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -1.568497
                        0.122358 -12.819 < 2e-16 ***
             ## elprgm
## prelas
             -0.005660 0.005531 -1.023 0.306324
## ebrs
             ## kexecfunc1 0.023865 0.006168 3.869 0.000113 ***
## ses
             0.047197 0.039243
                                1.203 0.229267
## rural
            ## female
             0.092594
                        0.045954 2.015 0.044069 *
                        0.061049 4.099 4.35e-05 ***
              0.250247
## hisp
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.9397 on 1680 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1612, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1572
## F-statistic: 40.37 on 8 and 1680 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
# Estimate confidence intervals
confint(psmatch_lang)
                   2.5 %
                             97.5 %
## (Intercept) -2.36642140 -1.922293300
             -0.15845805 0.027479243
## elprgm
## prelas
             -0.01118048 0.008895551
## ebrs
             0.09542163 0.116566254
## kexecfunc1 0.01953630 0.041923874
## ses
             -0.03495529 0.107486487
## rural
             -0.22732915 0.089227228
## female
            0.05462894 0.221428522
## hisp
             0.23020050 0.451794172
confint(psmatch_math)
##
                   2.5 %
                              97.5 %
## (Intercept) -1.808487390 -1.328507429
             -0.136419960 0.064526966
## elprgm
## prelas
             -0.016508049 0.005188601
## ebrs
             0.070941692 0.093793201
## kexecfunc1 0.011767369 0.035962163
```

-0.029773186 0.124167088

## ses

```
## rural -0.214502692 0.127607431
## female 0.002461917 0.182726254
## hisp 0.130506432 0.369988069
```

In a matched sample of students who had nearly identical language proficiency scores, executive functioning score, rurality, Gender and Ethnicity (Hispanic/Latinx or not) and were equally likely to be labelled as EL on these observable conditions, the effect of being classified as EL to **decrease** teacher perception of student's language skills scores by 0.065 scale score points [95% CI: -0.16, 0.03] and to **decrease** teacher perception of student's math skills scores by 0.035 scale score points [95% CI: -0.13, 0.06]. However, both of these effects are **not statistically significant**. To the extent that students' classification as English Learner is based entirely on these characteristics, we can interpret this a credibly causal estimate of the effect of EL status on teacher perception of students' academic skills among Multilingual Students, purged of observable variable bias.

**B2.** Construct a Coarsened Exact Matching (CEM) algorithm similar to Umansky and Dumont (see Class 8 Lecture) that relies on the following matching variables: (1) prelas, (2) ebrs, (3) ses, (4) rural, (5) female and (6) hisp. Variables 1-3 are continuous. You should decide whether you will follow Umansky and Dumont's choices for cutpoints or select other reasonable cutpoint values. Variables 4-6 are dichomotous and you should insist on exact matches for these categories. Write 1-2 paragraphs describing the identification strategy (remember this is different from your estimation strategy), its accompanying assumptions, your matching procedures and the resulting number of excluded sample members.

```
#Coarsened Exact Matching
#Step 1. Define coarsened bins of covariates within which to match
# Create coarsened forPreLAS variable
prelas_quints <- quantcut(dat$prelas, 5)</pre>
table(prelas quints)
## prelas_quints
    [0,13] (13,16] (16,18] (18,20)
                                           20
##
       455
                440
                                 251
                                          468
                         552
#Create coarsened for EBRS
ebrs_quints <- quantcut(dat$ebrs, 5)</pre>
table(ebrs_quints)
  ebrs quints
##
     [0,7]
             (7,11] (11,14] (14,17] (17,20]
##
       471
                465
                         435
                                 526
                                          269
#Create bins for kexecfunc1 - median 15
summary(dat$kexecfunc1)
##
      Min. 1st Qu.
                     Median
                                Mean 3rd Qu.
                                                 Max.
##
      0.00
              13.00
                      15.00
                               13.49
                                        16.00
                                                18.00
#Create coarsened for SES
ses_quints <- quantcut(dat$ses, 5)</pre>
table(ses_quints)
## ses_quints
## [-2.33, -1.12] (-1.12, -0.84] (-0.84, -0.52]
                                                 (-0.52, 0.14]
                                                                  (0.14, 2.44]
##
              438
                             429
                                            435
                                                           431
                                                                          433
```

```
cem <- matchit(elprgm ~ prelas_quints + ebrs_quints + ses_quints + kexecfunc1 + rural + female + hisp,</pre>
               cutpoints = list(kexecfunc1 = 15),
               method="cem",
               data=dat)
# Create dataframe from matched data
df_cem <- match.data(cem)</pre>
# Dimensions of dataframe
dim(df_cem)
## [1] 829
table(df_cem$elprgm)
##
##
     0
         1
## 373 456
summary(cem)
##
## Call:
## matchit(formula = elprgm ~ prelas_quints + ebrs_quints + ses_quints +
       kexecfunc1 + rural + female + hisp, data = dat, method = "cem",
##
##
       cutpoints = list(kexecfunc1 = 15))
##
## Summary of Balance for All Data:
##
                            Means Treated Means Control Std. Mean Diff. Var. Ratio
## prelas_quints[0,13]
                                   0.3071
                                                  0.0847
                                                                  0.4823
## prelas_quints(13,16]
                                   0.2555
                                                  0.1354
                                                                  0.2753
## prelas_quints(16,18]
                                   0.2383
                                                  0.2762
                                                                 -0.0889
## prelas_quints(18,20)
                                   0.0876
                                                  0.1524
                                                                  -0.2290
## prelas_quints20
                                                                  -0.7627
                                   0.1114
                                                  0.3513
## ebrs_quints[0,7]
                                   0.2752
                                                  0.1429
                                                                  0.2963
## ebrs_quints(7,11]
                                                  0.1566
                                                                  0.2350
                                   0.2596
## ebrs_quints(11,14]
                                   0.2007
                                                  0.2011
                                                                  -0.0010
## ebrs_quints(14,17]
                                   0.1974
                                                  0.3016
                                                                  -0.2618
## ebrs_quints(17,20]
                                   0.0672
                                                  0.1979
                                                                  -0.5223
## ses_quints[-2.33,-1.12]
                                   0.2514
                                                  0.1386
                                                                  0.2600
## ses_quints(-1.12,-0.84]
                                   0.2432
                                                  0.1397
                                                                  0.2414
## ses_quints(-0.84, -0.52]
                                   0.2170
                                                  0.1799
                                                                  0.0901
## ses_quints(-0.52,0.14]
                                   0.1777
                                                  0.2265
                                                                  -0.1275
## ses_quints(0.14,2.44]
                                   0.1106
                                                  0.3153
                                                                  -0.6530
## kexecfunc1
                                                                  -0.3086
                                                                               1.428
                                  12.9689
                                                 14.1704
## rural
                                   0.0811
                                                  0.1376
                                                                  -0.2069
## female
                                   0.4906
                                                  0.5090
                                                                  -0.0368
                                   0.7461
                                                  0.5005
                                                                  0.5642
## hisp
                            eCDF Mean eCDF Max
##
## prelas_quints[0,13]
                               0.2225
                                        0.2225
## prelas_quints(13,16]
                               0.1201
                                        0.1201
## prelas_quints(16,18]
                               0.0379
                                        0.0379
```

0.0647

0.0647

## prelas\_quints(18,20)

```
## prelas_quints20
                               0.2399
                                         0.2399
## ebrs_quints[0,7]
                               0.1323
                                         0.1323
## ebrs quints(7,11]
                               0.1030
                                         0.1030
## ebrs_quints(11,14]
                               0.0004
                                         0.0004
## ebrs_quints(14,17]
                               0.1042
                                         0.1042
## ebrs quints(17,20]
                               0.1307
                                         0.1307
## ses quints[-2.33,-1.12]
                               0.1128
                                         0.1128
## ses_quints(-1.12,-0.84]
                               0.1036
                                         0.1036
## ses_quints(-0.84,-0.52]
                               0.0371
                                         0.0371
## ses_quints(-0.52,0.14]
                               0.0487
                                         0.0487
## ses_quints(0.14,2.44]
                               0.2048
                                         0.2048
## kexecfunc1
                               0.0667
                                         0.1194
## rural
                               0.0565
                                         0.0565
## female
                               0.0184
                                         0.0184
                               0.2456
## hisp
                                         0.2456
##
##
  Summary of Balance for Matched Data:
##
                            Means Treated Means Control Std. Mean Diff. Var. Ratio
## prelas quints[0,13]
                                    0.2961
                                                   0.2961
                                                                   -0.0000
## prelas_quints(13,16]
                                    0.1754
                                                   0.1754
                                                                  -0.0000
## prelas_quints(16,18]
                                    0.3026
                                                   0.3026
                                                                   -0.0000
## prelas_quints(18,20)
                                    0.0680
                                                   0.0680
                                                                   -0.0000
## prelas quints20
                                    0.1579
                                                   0.1579
                                                                   -0.0000
## ebrs_quints[0,7]
                                    0.2829
                                                   0.2829
                                                                   -0.0000
## ebrs_quints(7,11]
                                    0.2346
                                                   0.2346
                                                                   -0.0000
## ebrs_quints(11,14]
                                    0.1535
                                                   0.1535
                                                                   0.0000
## ebrs_quints(14,17]
                                    0.2544
                                                   0.2544
                                                                   -0.0000
## ebrs_quints(17,20]
                                    0.0746
                                                   0.0746
                                                                   -0.0000
## ses_quints[-2.33,-1.12]
                                    0.2939
                                                   0.2939
                                                                   -0.0000
## ses_quints(-1.12,-0.84]
                                    0.1930
                                                   0.1930
                                                                   -0.0000
## ses_quints(-0.84,-0.52]
                                    0.2193
                                                   0.2193
                                                                   -0.0000
## ses_quints(-0.52,0.14]
                                    0.1579
                                                   0.1579
                                                                   0.0000
## ses_quints(0.14,2.44]
                                    0.1360
                                                   0.1360
                                                                   -0.0000
## kexecfunc1
                                   13.4825
                                                 13.4922
                                                                   -0.0025
                                                                               0.9788
## rural
                                    0.0132
                                                  0.0132
                                                                   -0.0000
## female
                                    0.4890
                                                   0.4890
                                                                   -0.0000
## hisp
                                    0.7675
                                                   0.7675
                                                                   -0.0000
##
                            eCDF Mean eCDF Max Std. Pair Dist.
## prelas_quints[0,13]
                               0.0000
                                         0.0000
                                                          0.0000
## prelas quints(13,16]
                               0.0000
                                         0.0000
                                                          0.0000
## prelas_quints(16,18]
                               0.0000
                                         0.0000
                                                          0.0000
## prelas_quints(18,20)
                               0.0000
                                         0.0000
                                                          0.0000
## prelas_quints20
                               0.0000
                                         0.0000
                                                          0.0000
## ebrs_quints[0,7]
                               0.0000
                                         0.0000
                                                          0.0000
## ebrs_quints(7,11]
                               0.0000
                                         0.0000
                                                          0.0000
## ebrs_quints(11,14]
                               0.0000
                                         0.0000
                                                          0.0000
## ebrs_quints(14,17]
                               0.0000
                                         0.0000
                                                          0.0000
## ebrs_quints(17,20]
                               0.0000
                                         0.0000
                                                          0.0000
## ses_quints[-2.33,-1.12]
                               0.0000
                                         0.0000
                                                          0.0000
## ses_quints(-1.12,-0.84]
                               0.0000
                                         0.0000
                                                          0.0000
## ses quints(-0.84, -0.52]
                               0.0000
                                         0.0000
                                                          0.0000
                                                          0.0000
## ses_quints(-0.52,0.14]
                               0.0000
                                         0.0000
## ses_quints(0.14,2.44]
                               0.0000
                                         0.0000
                                                          0.0000
```

```
## kexecfunc1
                                0.0015
                                          0.0164
                                                           0.0286
## rural
                                0.0000
                                          0.0000
                                                           0.0000
## female
                                0.0000
                                          0.0000
                                                           0.0000
                                0.0000
                                                           0.0000
## hisp
                                          0.0000
##
## Percent Balance Improvement:
                             Std. Mean Diff. Var. Ratio eCDF Mean eCDF Max
##
## prelas_quints[0,13]
                                                              100.0
                                        100.0
                                                                        100.0
  prelas_quints(13,16]
                                        100.0
                                                              100.0
                                                                        100.0
## prelas_quints(16,18]
                                        100.0
                                                              100.0
                                                                        100.0
## prelas_quints(18,20)
                                        100.0
                                                              100.0
                                                                        100.0
## prelas_quints20
                                                              100.0
                                        100.0
                                                                        100.0
## ebrs_quints[0,7]
                                        100.0
                                                              100.0
                                                                        100.0
## ebrs_quints(7,11]
                                        100.0
                                                              100.0
                                                                        100.0
## ebrs_quints(11,14]
                                        100.0
                                                              100.0
                                                                        100.0
## ebrs_quints(14,17]
                                        100.0
                                                              100.0
                                                                        100.0
## ebrs_quints(17,20]
                                        100.0
                                                              100.0
                                                                        100.0
## ses quints [-2.33, -1.12]
                                        100.0
                                                              100.0
                                                                        100.0
## ses_quints(-1.12,-0.84]
                                                              100.0
                                        100.0
                                                                        100.0
## ses quints(-0.84, -0.52]
                                        100.0
                                                              100.0
                                                                        100.0
## ses_quints(-0.52,0.14]
                                        100.0
                                                              100.0
                                                                        100.0
## ses quints(0.14,2.44]
                                        100.0
                                                              100.0
                                                                        100.0
## kexecfunc1
                                        99.2
                                                       94
                                                               97.7
                                                                         86.3
## rural
                                        100.0
                                                              100.0
                                                                        100.0
## female
                                        100.0
                                                              100.0
                                                                        100.0
## hisp
                                        100.0
                                                              100.0
                                                                        100.0
##
## Sample Sizes:
##
                  Control Treated
## All
                   945.
                              1221
## Matched (ESS)
                   175.69
                               456
## Matched
                   373.
                               456
                               765
## Unmatched
                   572.
## Discarded
                     0.
                                 0
```

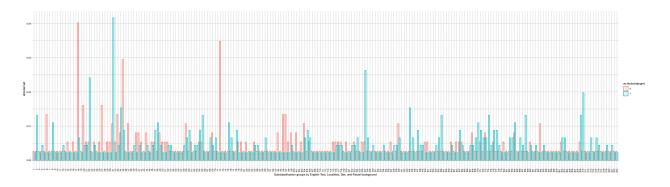
In this analysis, we decided to utilize Coarsened exact matching (CEM) strategy to reduce observed variable bias by removing from the sample and subsequent estimation any individuals in EL group who cannot be matched with individuals in the non EL group. Further, for each observed variable, we chose number of bins based on prior knowledge about our data and match our sample within each bin. Following Umansky and Dumont's strategy, we binned PreLAS, EBRS and SES into quintiles, executive function score into halves, and forced exact match for rurality, gender and ethnicity (Hispanic or Not). Matching by quintiles has been shown to eliminate more than 90% of bias (Umansky & Dumont, 2021). Using this CEM procedure, we lost 572 sample from non EL group and 765 sample from EL group. In total, we excluded 1337 sample from our pre-matched dataset.

**B3.** Assess the quality of your matches by looking at the region of common support in your newly matched sample. Assess the quality of your matches by comparing baseline variable values in the treated and nontreated conditions. Provide a summary assessment of the quality of your matches, the extent to which you have accomplished balance, and the impact your matching has had on your sample as it relates to both variance and generalizability. Do you think you should try different matching criteria to achieve a better result? Why or why not (it is not necessary at this point to actually conduct multiple re-matching procedures, just assess whether they would be valuable)?

```
##
                      Variable Means Treated Means Control Std. Mean Diff
## 1
          prelas_quints[0,13]
                                        0.296
                                                                      0.000
                                                       0.296
         prelas_quints(13,16]
                                                                      0.000
## 2
                                        0.175
                                                       0.175
         prelas_quints(16,18]
                                                                      0.000
## 3
                                        0.303
                                                       0.303
## 4
         prelas_quints(18,20)
                                        0.068
                                                       0.068
                                                                      0.000
## 5
              prelas_quints20
                                                                      0.000
                                        0.158
                                                       0.158
             ebrs_quints[0,7]
                                                                      0.000
## 6
                                        0.283
                                                       0.283
## 7
            ebrs_quints(7,11]
                                                                      0.000
                                        0.235
                                                       0.235
## 8
           ebrs_quints(11,14]
                                        0.154
                                                       0.154
                                                                      0.000
## 9
           ebrs quints(14,17]
                                        0.254
                                                       0.254
                                                                      0.000
## 10
           ebrs_quints(17,20]
                                        0.075
                                                       0.075
                                                                      0.000
## 11 ses quints[-2.33,-1.12]
                                        0.294
                                                       0.294
                                                                      0.000
## 12 ses_quints(-1.12,-0.84]
                                        0.193
                                                       0.193
                                                                      0.000
## 13 ses_quints(-0.84,-0.52]
                                        0.219
                                                       0.219
                                                                      0.000
       ses_quints(-0.52,0.14]
                                                                      0.000
## 14
                                        0.158
                                                       0.158
## 15
        ses_quints(0.14,2.44]
                                        0.136
                                                       0.136
                                                                      0.000
## 16
                    kexecfunc1
                                       13.482
                                                                     -0.003
                                                      13.492
## 17
                                        0.013
                                                                      0.000
                         rural
                                                       0.013
                                                                      0.000
## 18
                        female
                                        0.489
                                                       0.489
## 19
                          hisp
                                        0.768
                                                       0.768
                                                                      0.000
```

```
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'elprgm'. You can override using the
## '.groups' argument.
```

```
xlab("Subclassification groups by English Test, Localities, Sex, and Racial background")+
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, vjust = 0.5, hjust=1))
p
```

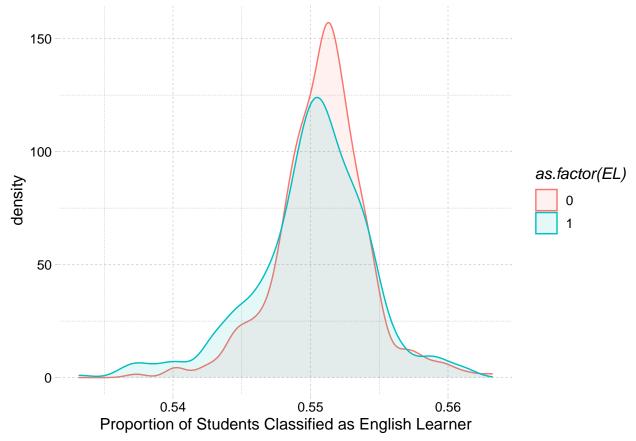


### #ggsave("p.pdf", width = 30, height = 8, units = "in")

```
pscores2 <- feglm(elprgm ~ prelas + ebrs + kexecfunc1 + ses + rural + female + hisp,
family=c("logit"),
weights = df_cem$weights,
data=df_cem)

df2 <- data.frame(p_scores=predict(pscores2, type="response"),
EL = df_cem$elprgm)

ggplot(df2, aes(p_scores,fill = as.factor(EL), color = as.factor(EL))) +
    geom_density(alpha=0.1) +
    theme_pander(base_size = 12) +
    xlab("Proportion of Students Classified as English Learner")</pre>
```



In the summary of balance for matched data above, the Std. Mean diff are essentially zeros. This means we have forced control and treatment groups to be identical within bins (for continuous covariates) or exact (for binary covariates). The region of common support of the newly matched sample, as shown in the summary and the density plot above, covered 76% of the analytic sample (710+936)/(710+936+235+285)). The proportion of control/treatment in the matched sample is quite similar to the proportion in the pre-matched full sample. The matched sample has less students from rural, slightly lower proportion of female students in both control and treatment groups. However, compared to the full sample, the matched sample has a higher proportion of Hispanic students in treatment group and lower proportion in control group. Also, students in the matched sample generally have lower SES, and lower basesline scores of preLas and ebrs.

If we have better idea about the empirical cutoff points of SES, preLas, and ebrs for the US students at this age, we could try using that instead of using quintiles points to match. This could benefit us in terms of substantive meaning.

Table 2: Comparison of OLS, PSM and CEM estimates of Effect of EL Status on Teacher Perceptions of Students'academic Skills, Among Multilingual Students

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	OLS	OLS	PSM	PSM	CEM	CEM
	Language	Math	Language	Math	Language	Math
EL status	-0.453***	-0.365***	-0.065	-0.036	-0.101	-0.087
	(0.043)	(0.043)	(0.047)	(0.051)	(0.058)	(0.062)
Num.Obs.	2166	2166	1689	1689	829	829

<sup>\*</sup> p < 0.05, \*\* p < 0.01, \*\*\* p < 0.001

**B4.** Using your newly matched sample, estimate the average treatment effect of EL classification on teachers' perceptions of students' math and language ability in your newly matched sample. If you decide to do B5, present these results and associated discussion along with the rest of your results in B5. If you do not, answer the rest of the prompt with just the CEM results. Present your CEM results and compare them to your results in A1 in a table and an accompanying write-up as you would report these in an academic paper in 1-2 paragraphs.

Table 2 footnotes Model 3-6 match on English proficiency & Executive functioning score, SES, Rurality, Gender, and Ethnicity. Model 5-6 use narrower bins. The english proficiency variables were matched by sample distribution quantile while the executive functioning measure was matched by sample distribution halves. All CEM and PSM estimates are double-robust.

We further implement Coarsened Exact Matching to compare student with EL status and non EL status within more restricted similarity of characteristics (region of common support) to avoid estimation bias. Although the effect of EL status on teacher perception of students kindergarten academic skill is still not significant, the downwardly biased perceptions of their students' abilities as a direct result of EL label were understated in the propensity score matching (nearest-neighbor) sample. Using CEM, we found a 0.101 scale point decreased on teacher perception id EL students' language score and a 0.084 scale point decreased on teacher perception of EL students' math score.

**B5.** (OPTIONAL) Conduct a robustness check by estimating the causal effect of EL classification on teacher perceptions of student skills by using a propensity score matching approach (or another approach from the matching family if you choose). Share information on the quality of these matches and any additional assumptions associated with this approach. Present these results alongside your results in B4 in an accompanying table(s) and write-up as you would report these in an academic paper in 2-3 paragraphs.

**B6.**Write a discussion paragraph in which you present the substantive conclusions (and limitations) of your results about the effects of EL classification on teacher perception of student skills in Kindergarten.